

**ELS PUBLISHING**

**PRACTICE EXAMS**

**QUESTION BANK**

**20 EXAMS**

**1600 QUESTIONS**

**THIS QUESTION BANK IS COMPILED FROM  
2014-2015 JOURNALS BETWEEN 21-35+5**

**THIS QUESTION BANK IS DEDICATED TO MY STUDENTS.  
LOVE YOU ALL 😊😊**

**Y.K.**

## PRACTICE EXAM 21

1-8. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. Access into the city centre was ..... by the police after the bomb blasts.  
A) warned  
B) arrested  
C) restricted  
D) surrounded  
E) suspected
2. Melinda ..... crept through the house as she didn't want to wake her young children.  
A) poorly  
B) sleepily  
C) weakly  
D) silently  
E) vaguely
3. Alexander the Great crossed the Euphrates by finding a place where it was ..... enough to allow them to get across without needing a boat.  
A) shallow  
B) hollow  
C) broad  
D) straight  
E) cautious
4. Alyssa had to provide written ..... from her professor before she was allowed to enter the archives.  
A) relevance  
B) arrangement  
C) permission  
D) discussion  
E) reaction
5. A German scientist has claimed that he ..... nothing but water, mixed with fruit juice, and sunlight.  
A) lives on  
B) finds out  
C) eats away  
D) grows up  
E) puts down

6. While the Spanish ..... the Americas, the Portuguese finally ..... a way into the Indian Ocean.

A) explored / have been found  
B) have explored / were finding  
C) had been exploring / have found  
D) were explored / had been found  
E) were exploring / found

7. In Bavaria, caves along the valley of the Danube ..... fossil relics of some of the earliest human ancestors that ..... Europe.

A) are producing / have entered  
B) have produced / entered  
C) produce / having entered  
D) produced / to have entered  
E) will produce / will have entered

8. Once the new Metro lines ....., it ..... much easier to get around the city.

A) are completed / would be  
B) have completed / is  
C) completed / is going to be  
D) will be completed / has been  
E) have been completed / will be

9-15. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

9. As Melike had dedicated so many years ..... playing the viola, she was shocked when the conservatory turned her .....

A) for / across  
B) at / out  
C) to / down  
D) towards / on  
E) from / in

10. Glass is made ..... sand that has been heated ..... a temperature of 550 degrees Celsius.

- A) with / up                      B) of / on  
C) out / in                        D) from / to  
E) for / by

11. W.B. Yeats once wrote that Byzantium was no place for the old, and interestingly, today's Istanbul has a population sixty-five percent ..... is under the age of 35.

- A) of which                        B) for what  
C) in that                         D) wherever  
E) whenever

12. .... than 5% of all paperwork filed in the average office is ever seen again by anyone.

- A) Rather                         B) The fewer  
C) So much                       D) Less  
E) The most

13. Timothy may be the laziest student in the class, but the others are not especially hardworking, .....

- A) as well as                      B) neither  
C) either                         D) too  
E) though

14. Corals are rapidly disappearing from the Caribbean, and this may mean disaster ..... action is taken immediately.

- A) provided that                B) unless  
C) if only                         D) as if  
E) what if

15. In Istanbul it is always a good idea to have a big water storage tank ..... the water is cut off without notice.

- A) whichever                    B) despite  
C) in case                        D) while  
E) until

16-20. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

Newgrange is a tomb and one of the most famous of all Irish prehistoric sites. It was originally built in around 3200 BC. This makes it over 600 years (16) ..... the Great Pyramid of Giza in Egypt. It (17) ..... lost for (18) ..... centuries, until the late 1600s, when people looking for building stone uncovered it, and described it as a cave. It (19) ..... between 1962 and 1975, (20) ..... the supervision of the archaeologist Brian O'Kelly.

16.

- A) as old as  
B) older than  
C) the oldest  
D) too old  
E) so old that

17.

- A) resembled                    B) restored  
C) regarded                      D) replaced  
E) remained

18.

- A) many                         B) much  
C) any                            D) each  
E) plenty

19.

- A) has been restored  
B) restored  
C) was restored  
D) would restore  
E) had restored

20.

- A) of                                B) for  
C) into                            D) under  
E) among

## DISKAYS

21-28. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

21. .... unless you have a job or some savings.
- A) Freelance writers do not usually earn much money
  - B) You must have a lot of talent
  - C) My advice is that you ought not to be a freelance photographer
  - D) You had better take a holiday
  - E) You used to work day and night
22. I would rather you didn't bother me with details .....
- A) until you have finished the whole project
  - B) they are not very interesting anyway
  - C) as they are so important
  - D) that they are not vital to the success of the project
  - E) unless you used to do so
23. ...., yet as soon as he got married, he became a model husband.
- A) Ian could have got any job he wanted
  - B) Sean never used to do any cleaning or washing-up
  - C) Dan would rather work and save money than go to parties all the time
  - D) Mary may have thought that Bill was the right man for her
  - E) Harry is glad that he didn't marry Sam
24. When we walked into the arrivals lounge, we were disappointed .....
- A) unless it had been such a long flight
  - B) since the weather was almost perfect
  - C) such as there were a lot of people waiting
  - D) who had been waiting for us for hours
  - E) that there was no one there to meet us
25. We had been travelling through rebel-held territory for two days .....
- A) after we left it in a hurry
  - B) which doesn't seem any different
  - C) even if they don't attack
  - D) that we had no idea
  - E) before we realized it
26. The prime minister's speech was interrupted .....
- A) whenever he has spoken about his plans for the economy
  - B) by people who started throwing tomatoes and eggs at him
  - C) that they didn't like what was being said
  - D) while it was not a very popular topic
  - E) the moment he mentions the new tax system
27. When booking a holiday in advance, you should be sure to find out ....
- A) though you have insurance
  - B) that the weather would have been good
  - C) if the plane had been cancelled
  - D) only if you get good value for your money
  - E) if the travel agent is reliable
28. .... is the combination of long hours and low pay.
- A) Whenever you decide to become a teacher
  - B) What generally drives people out of nursing
  - C) Whoever recommended nursing to me didn't tell me
  - D) Whatever you decide on as a career
  - E) When Ellen began her training as a nurse

29-34. sorularda verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

29. In 1923, the name of the town of Thelmessos was changed to Fethiye in memory of Fethi Bey, who had been killed during the War of Independence.

- A) Fethi Bey'in Kurtuluş Savaşı'nda ölümünden sonra, onun anısını yaşatmak için Thelmessos kasabasının adı 1923'te Fethiye oldu.
- B) 1923'te, Thelmessos kasabası Kurtuluş Savaşı sırasında öldürülen Fethi Bey'in anısına Fethiye adını aldı.
- C) Kurtuluş Savaşı sırasında öldürülen Fethi Bey'i yad etmek için, Thelmessos kasabasına 1923'te Fethiye adı verildi.
- D) Kurtuluş Savaşı sırasında öldürülen Fethi Bey'in anısına, Thelmessos kasabasının adı 1923'te Fethiye olarak değiştirildi.
- E) 1923'te, Thelmessos kasabasına Fethiye adı, Kurtuluş Savaşı sırasında öldürülen Fethi Bey'i yad etmek için verilmiştir.

30. A German study claimed that bath toys could harbour about four million germs thriving at room temperature.

- A) Bir Alman araştırması, yaklaşık dört milyon mikrobun oda ısısında gelişip, banyo oyuncaklarında barınabileceğini öne sürmektedir.
- B) Almanya'da yapılan bir araştırmaya göre, banyo oyuncaklarında oda ısısında ortaya çıkan dört milyon mikrop bulunmaktadır.
- C) Banyo oyuncaklarında oda ısısında gelişen en az dört milyon mikrobun bulunabileceği bir Alman araştırması sonucunda kanıtlanmıştır.
- D) Bir Alman araştırması, banyo oyuncaklarının oda ısısında gelişen yaklaşık dört milyon mikrop barındırabildiğini öne sürmüştür.
- E) Bir Alman araştırmasında belirtildiğine göre, oda ısısında bulunan banyo oyuncakları yaklaşık dört milyon mikrop barındırabilmektedir.

31. Acoustic guitar strings produce different sounds by vibrating at frequencies which depend on the degree of tension in the string.

- A) Akustik gitarda belli bir sıklıkta titreşen bir teldeki gerginlik derecesi, farklı seslerin ortaya çıkmasını sağlar.
- B) Akustik gitar telleri, teldeki gerginlik derecesine bağlı olan sıklıklarda titreşerek farklı sesler üretir.
- C) Akustik gitarda farklı titreşimlerde seslerin üretilmesi, tellerin gerginlik derecesine bağlıdır.
- D) Akustik gitarda, titreşen teldeki gerginlik derecesine bağlı olarak belli sıklıklarda farklı sesler oluşur.
- E) Titreşen teldeki gerginlik derecesi akustik gitar tellerinin farklı sesler üretmesine neden olur.

32. Officials said tens of thousands of people had to move out of their homes in the Philippines in the face of an imminent eruption of the Mayon volcano.

- A) Filipinler'de yetkililer, Mayon yanardağında yakında olması beklenen bir patlamaya karşı onbinlerce insanın evlerini terketmek zorunda kaldığını söyledi.
- B) Yetkililerin belirttiğine göre, Mayon yanardağının yakında patlama olasılığı, Filipinler'de onbinlerce insanın evlerini terketmek zorunda bırakmıştır.
- C) Mayon yanardağında yakında meydana gelebilecek bir patlama, Filipinler'de onbinlerce insanın evlerini terketmek zorunda bırakacaktır.
- D) Filipinli yetkililer, onbinlerce insanın evlerini terketmek zorunda kalmasının nedenini Mayon yanardağında meydana gelebilecek bir patlama olarak açıklamıştır.
- E) Yetkililer yakında Mayon yanardağında olabilecek bir patlama nedeniyle Filipinler'de onbinlerce evi boşaltmak zorunda kaldıklarını söyledi.

33. Sylvia Plath was a great poet, but she is better known for her largely autobiographical novel *The Bell Jar*.

- A) Her ne kadar büyük bir şair olsa da, Sylvia Plath esas olarak, otobiyografisini yazdığı *Sırça Fanus* ile tanınmaktadır.
- B) Sylvia Plath otobiyografik romanı *Sırça Fanus* ile tanınmıştır, oysa o aynı zamanda çok iyi bir şairdir.
- C) *Sırça Fanus* ile otobiyografik roman yazarı olarak tanınan Sylvia Plath, aslında büyük bir şairdi.
- D) Sylvia Plath, büyük bir şairdi, ancak o daha çok, büyük ölçüde otobiyografik olan romanı *Sırça Fanus* ile tanınır.
- E) *Sırça Fanus*, büyük bir şair olan Sylvia Plath'ın otobiyografisini yazdığı çok bilinen bir romanıdır.

34. Since a computer engineer devised a solution that merged the four software programs, the company staff has been able to work more efficiently.

- A) Bir bilgisayar mühendisi dört yazılım programını birleştirmeyi başarinca, şirket personelinin veriminde artış görülmüştür.
- B) Dört yazılım programını birleştiren bir çözüm bulan bir bilgisayar mühendisi, şirketteki personelin verimini daha da artırmıştır.
- C) Şirket çalışanlarının verimi, ancak bir bilgisayar mühendisinin dört yazılım programını birleştirmesinden sonra artmıştır.
- D) Şirket personelinin verimini artırabilmek için, bir bilgisayar mühendisi dört yazılım programını birleştirmiştir.
- E) Bir bilgisayar mühendisi dört yazılım programını birleştiren bir çözüm bulduğundan beri, şirket personeli daha verimli çalışabilmektedir.

35-40. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

35. Mozart'ın, J.S. Bach'ın müziğinden çok etkilendiği ve piyano konçertolarından birini onun anısına bestelediğine dair söylentiler vardır.

- A) There are speculations that, upon first hearing J.S. Bach's music, Mozart composed a piano concerto to show how deeply he had been affected.
- B) Mozart is said to have been affected deeply by the music of J.S. Bach, and devoted one of his piano concertos to his memory.
- C) There are speculations that Mozart was deeply affected by the music of J.S. Bach, and composed one of his piano concertos in remembrance of him.
- D) It is speculated that Mozart composed one of his piano concertos especially for J.S. Bach, since he was deeply affected by his music.
- E) Since Mozart was profoundly affected by the music of J.S. Bach, one of his piano concertos is said to have been composed in his memory.

36. Bir grup araştırmacı tarafından tasarlanan yeni uçağın, iklim değişikliğinin azalmasına katkı sağlayabileceği düşünülmektedir.

- A) The new aircraft designed by a group of researchers is expected to slow down the pace of climatic change.
- B) A team of researchers believe that their new aircraft design will help to stop the effects of climate change.
- C) It is thought that the new aircraft designed by a team of researchers could make a contribution to curbing climate change.
- D) A team of researchers are expected to contribute to controlling climate change by designing a new aircraft.
- E) Climate change will decline if the contributing researchers manage to create the new aircraft which they have recently designed.

37. Alamut Kalesi öyle ustaca yapılmıştı ki, onun ele geçirilmesini son derece zorlaştıran sadece bir tane geçilebilir yapay girişi vardı.

- A) Alamut Fortress was built so skilfully that there was only one passable artificial entrance, making seizing it extremely difficult.
- B) The well-built Alamut Fortress was accessible through only one artificial entrance, so it was almost impossible to capture.
- C) Seizing Alamut Fortress was quite difficult due to its having only one passable entrance, which was artificial but skilfully built.
- D) Having just a single entrance, which was masterfully constructed of artificial materials, made Alamut Fortress inaccessible.
- E) In order to make it impossible to reach, Alamut Fortress was built in a very skilful way, with just one passable entrance.

38. Çoğunlukla doğdukları günün adı verilen Şerpa erkeklerinin isimleri arasında olağanüstü bir benzerlik bulunmaktadır.

- A) Sherpa men, who are generally named after the day on which they are born, have remarkably similar names.
- B) Sherpa men are generally named after the day on which they are born, which explains the great similarity among their names.
- C) The names of male Sherpas have strong similarities because the men are mostly named after the day on which they are born.
- D) There is an extraordinary similarity among the names of male Sherpas, who are mostly named after the day on which they are born.
- E) Male Sherpas, whose names are remarkably similar, are usually named after the day on which they are born.

39. Dalyan, özel çevre koruma bölgesinde yer almasıydı bugüne dek doğal güzelliğini koruyamazdı.

- A) Dalyan has been able to maintain its natural beauty because it has been given special environmental protection.
- B) If Dalyan weren't in an area of special environmental protection, it couldn't have maintained its natural beauty until today.
- C) Dalyan will be able to maintain its natural beauty so long as it is located in an area of special environmental protection.
- D) Even if the area around Dalyan had special environmental protection, it couldn't have maintained its natural beauty up to now.
- E) Dalyan would keep its natural beauty even if it were not located in an area of special environmental protection.

40. Yazar John Grogan'ın köpeğinin maceralarını anlatan *Marley ve Ben*, sevginin, hoşgörünün ve özverinin anlamını sorgulamaktadır.

- A) Author John Grogan tells about his dog in *Marley & Me*, which examines the meaning of love, tolerance, and self-sacrifice.
- B) Author John Grogan's book *Marley & Me* tells the story of his dog while examining the meaning of love, tolerance, and self-sacrifice.
- C) *Marley & Me*, which examines the meaning of love, tolerance, and self-sacrifice, is about the adventures of author John Grogan's dog.
- D) In his book *Marley & Me*, author John Grogan tells the story of his dog and also examines the meaning of love, tolerance, and self-sacrifice.
- E) *Marley & Me*, which tells about the adventures of author John Grogan's dog, examines the meaning of love, tolerance, and self-sacrifice.



**41-43. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

I had arrived at the Durwards' home only the evening before, and the following day there was enough uneasiness reported for Mr. Durward to feel obliged to go early to his factory. His elder daughter, Miss Durward, was absent, and, as the morning wore on, his younger daughter, Mrs. Greenshaw, could no longer disguise her anxiety for her sister. She made more and more sewing mistakes, and even wondered aloud if she ought to send for her son Tom to be taken home from his playground in the woods. In normal circumstances, I would always have offered my services to find and escort Miss Durward home—but this was no normal visit, as I had, in fact, come to ask Mrs. Greenshaw, who was a young widow, for her hand in marriage.

- 41. We learn from the passage that the narrator has come to the Durwards' home to .....**
- A) ask Mr. Durward for a job
  - B) reveal Mrs. Greenshaw's husband's death
  - C) find out where Miss Durward is
  - D) learn why Mr. Durward is feeling so uneasy
  - E) propose to Mrs. Greenshaw
- 42. According to the passage, Mrs. Greenshaw is worried because .....**
- A) she has been left alone with the narrator
  - B) her older sister is missing
  - C) she keeps making errors while sewing
  - D) she needs to find a disguise quickly
  - E) her father is in danger at the factory
- 43. The narrator of the passage implies that he is .....**
- A) very critical of Mrs. Greenshaw's sewing
  - B) not at all concerned about Miss Durward
  - C) a business colleague of Mr. Durward's
  - D) not going to try to find Miss Durward
  - E) actually deeply in love with Miss Durward

**44-46. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

The Pythia was the priestess who met with the Oracle of Apollo at Delphi. As a result, she was given an importance unusual for a woman in male-dominated ancient Greek society. The Delphic oracle was established in the 8th century BC, and its last recorded response was given in 393 AD, when emperor Theodosius I had non-Christian temples closed. During this period, the Delphic oracle was the most respected in Greece. It is often said that the Pythia gave incomprehensible prophesies in a hysterical state. But this has been challenged by scholars, who show the ancient sources to uniformly represent the Pythia speaking intelligibly.

- 44. We understand from the passage that the Pythia was .....**
- A) thought to be the equal of Apollo
  - B) not always a female priest
  - C) seen as more important than many other ancient Greek women
  - D) the only oracle in ancient Greece
  - E) the most powerful person in Greece for centuries
- 45. As can be understood from the passage, Theodosius I .....**
- A) killed the Pythia
  - B) was a hysterical man
  - C) lived near Delphi
  - D) supported Christianity
  - E) believed in Apollo
- 46. We can conclude from the passage that the sources studied by scholars show that the Pythia .....**
- A) spoke in a way that could be understood
  - B) was a scholar before becoming an oracle
  - C) charged a high fee for her services
  - D) could only be understood by scholars of the time
  - E) was opposed to the male domination of Greek society

47-49. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

The Lost Gardens of Heligan in Cornwall is one of the most popular botanical gardens in Britain. It was originally part of the Tremayne family estate. After World War I, it fell into a state of neglect until Tim Smit and a group of fellow enthusiasts decided to restore the garden to its former glory. Their attempt proved an outstanding success, revitalizing not only the gardens, but also the local economy by providing jobs for locals. The gardens are in the 19th-century Gardenesque style, with areas of different characters and designs. There is now a collection of massive rhododendrons and camellias, a series of lakes fed by a 100-year-old water-powered pump, flower and vegetable gardens, an Italian garden, and a wild area—"The Jungle"—filled with sub-tropical tree ferns.

47. We can infer from the passage that the Lost Gardens of Heligan .....

- A) has been purchased by Tim Smit
- B) was destroyed by fighting during World War I
- C) is located in a forest in Cornwall
- D) used to be the private property of a family
- E) has been left alone since World War I

48. We understand from the passage that the gardens .....

- A) are the largest in Cornwall but not in Britain
- B) were neglected by Tim Smit for many years
- C) no longer use the Gardenesque style
- D) are in an area where the unemployment rate is very high
- E) benefited the locals in terms of employment

49. It is clear from the passage that the Lost Gardens of Heligan .....

- A) was first created in the 19th century
- B) connects to the sea for its water
- C) contains various types of gardens
- D) requires little staff for its maintenance
- E) was designed by an Italian gardener

50-52. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

A Brazilian theatre company is performing a gloomy play on São Paulo's filthy River Tietê. *BR-3* tells the story of a poor working family who move from the capital Brasilia to Brasilia. They later leave for the remote jungle city of Brasília. The two-and-a-half-hour play uses a group of boats and the riverbank as its stage. The audience follow the performance along the river in a three-deck boat. The Tietê, which cuts through the north of the world's third-largest city, is oily and full of garbage and industrial pollution. During hot nights, the smell of the river becomes unbearable. Before the actors were brought to the river, they were given vaccinations for hepatitis, tetanus, and malaria. The audience think it is an amazing experience.

50. We learn from the passage that Brasília .....

- A) is used as the setting of various plays
- B) is situated on a polluted river
- C) is not near any other city
- D) is Brazil's most industrialized city
- E) has a large immigrant population

51. It is implied in the passage that the River Tietê .....

- A) goes through the middle of Brasília
- B) is nowhere near human habitation
- C) is used for public transportation
- D) doesn't smell on cold nights
- E) is considered to be a health risk

52. We can conclude from the passage that the play *BR-3* .....

- A) was written by a working-class person
- B) is set in some of the largest cities in the world
- C) is a depressing play
- D) has a very complex plot
- E) hasn't been very popular with audiences

53-55. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

According to a recent survey, almost three-quarters of Japanese in their 20s and 30s have no motivation when it comes to their jobs, and half would quit if they had the chance. This indicates a great change in attitudes to work in Japan, which was once world-famous for workers who were prepared to sacrifice themselves for the good of their companies. The young workers say they would be more enthusiastic about their jobs if they were given more pay and a chance to express their individuality. Japan's years of rapid economic growth ended with the collapse of the economy in the early 1990s. In the difficulties that followed, firms became much more willing to reduce their workforces. Therefore, workers began to feel less loyalty to their companies.

53. According to the passage, Japanese companies .....

- A) are facing mass resignations by the young
- B) don't like employing young workers
- C) are to blame for their workers' change in attitudes
- D) are going to let their workers be more individual
- E) have investigated why their young workers are unhappy

54. It is understood from the passage that young workers in Japan .....

- A) don't tend to stay in their jobs for very long
- B) feel that their salaries are too low
- C) would like to have their own businesses
- D) want to do what is best for their companies
- E) will soon be paid more for their work

55. We learn from the passage that, in Japan in the past, .....

- A) companies never fired any of their workers
- B) workers put their firms before their personal interests
- C) the economy was one of the strongest in the world
- D) employees were unable to resign from their jobs
- E) the people didn't have any feelings of individuality

56-60. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın olan seçeneği bulunuz.

56. Even though he has been turned down for three jobs, he remains optimistic about the future.

- A) It is surprising that he is so optimistic after he was turned down for three jobs.
- B) Because all three places that he applied to refused him, he is no longer positive about the future.
- C) He believes that the three jobs he was unable to get were not important for his future.
- D) After being turned down for three jobs, he is beginning to feel doubtful about his future.
- E) He thinks his future will be bright in spite of being rejected by three possible employers.

57. We needn't have paid for a guidebook to the temple, as they gave us a free one when we bought our tickets.

- A) Included in the ticket price was a guidebook to the temple, so it was not actually necessary for us to buy one.
- B) Though we were given a free guidebook to the temple when we bought our tickets, we didn't need it as we already had one.
- C) If we had taken the free guidebook to the temple offered with our tickets, we wouldn't have later on had to buy one.
- D) We didn't buy a guidebook to the temple, as we thought one would come free with the tickets we bought.
- E) The guidebook offered to us for free with our tickets to the temple was inferior to the one we had already bought.

58. Seldom is the weather so cold in May.

- A) It is not unusual to have cold weather in May.
- B) Normally the weather is warmer than this in May.
- C) This is the coldest May I have experienced
- D) Since it is May, I wish the weather was warmer.
- E) Now that it is May, we can expect warmer weather.

59. Zimbabwe needs to improve its image in order to attract tourists.

- A) Zimbabwe is a popular tourist destination despite its image.
- B) Tourists will not go to Zimbabwe unless its image is improved.
- C) The name Zimbabwe brings a certain image to people's minds.
- D) Except for its image, Zimbabwe is a popular tourist destination.
- E) Zimbabwe needs a better infrastructure in order to be popular with tourists.

60. After World War II, the Marshall Plan was implemented in order to assist with Europe's reconstruction.

- A) The Marshall Plan helped rebuild Europe after World War II.
- B) World War II was finally brought to an end thanks to the Marshall Plan.
- C) Because of the Marshall Plan, Europe needed help in reconstruction after World War II.
- D) The Marshall Plan was put into practice at the end of World War II to help rebuild Europe.
- E) Having asked for the Marshall Plan to be carried out, Europe was able to reconstruct at the end of World War II.

61-65 sorularda, boş bırakılan yere parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

61. A study in the most populous state of India on girls' participation in classroom interaction shows how teachers unconsciously perpetuate gender discrimination. The fact that it is unconscious makes it more insidious. For instance, teachers instinctively tend to help girls when they are solving maths problems, but not boys. ....

- A) This erodes a girl's already low self-esteem
- B) Obviously, this makes the boys jealous
- C) Since girls are more intelligent, they do not actually need help
- D) This means that girls get better marks than boys
- E) The boys quickly get left behind

62. Horses and their relatives, donkeys and mules, have always been among the most widely used beasts of burden. .... Teams of donkeys as early as 4000 B.C. pulled the chariots of the Kings of Sumeria to the battle fields, and Israelite princes used mules both for pulling chariots and for riding. Horses, from the time of the Romans till the invention of the steam engine, were the principle means of transport in Europe and Asia.

- A) They were first used for trading
- B) Mules are one of the most sure-footed animals known over rough mountain trails
- C) These animals were first used to help in warfare
- D) In roadless mountain areas in the developing countries, mule trains are still common
- E) The first buses and trams were pulled by horses

## DISKRS

63. The future is finally looking bright for Australia's wool farmers. .... This drop in the national stockpile, as well as stocks held by farmers and brokers, suggests that supplies will be the lowest in a decade by the end of the season.

- A) This is a continuation of the way the market for Australian wool has always been
- B) Unless the situation improves soon, most of the farmers will go out of business
- C) If it was not for the country's wool business, the entire economy would probably collapse
- D) World demand for Australia's wool is increasing, and stocks are shrinking fast
- E) Wool has properties that simply cannot be matched by synthetic fibres

64. .... They encountered all of the same problems we have today. Like us, they could not figure out what to do about the terrible situation in the world. However, they were clever enough to turn their power over to humans who were foolish enough to think they could solve the problems. Meanwhile, the cat relaxed, lost power and became totally dependent on people for food and shelter.

- A) Ogden Nash had a great deal of literary company when he wrote disparagingly about cats
- B) According to Runyon, cats are like women and women are like cats in many respects
- C) Mark Twain humorously questioned the cat's intelligence in several books
- D) William Faulkner, in "The Reivers", wrote that the world was at one time ruled by cats
- E) The great poet T.S. Eliot was one of the most famous cat lovers in modern English literature

65. .... This famous scene was the reason that Alfred Hitchcock did the film *Psycho* in black and white. According to the director, it was much too bloody to be done in colour. Although it lasted just 45 seconds, the scene took seven days and seventy different camera set-ups to complete. Obviously it was worth the effort as the film became one of Hollywood's greatest successes and is now considered a classic.

- A) In 1960, Norman Bates, portrayed by Anthony Perkins, repeatedly stabbed Janet Leigh in the shower
- B) The amount of blood and violence seen in Hollywood films has increased greatly in the last 40 years
- C) The first feature-length colour film was actually the animated film *Fantasia*, produced by Disney
- D) According to one survey, Hitchcock, despite not making a film in ages, is the most popular director
- E) The film *The Elephant Man* was produced in black and white for various reasons

66-70 sorularda, verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

66. After an exhausting day at work, you have been invited by some colleagues out for a drink. You are tired and just want to go home and relax. Not wanting to seem unfriendly, but hoping not to go out with everyone, you say:

- A) Actually, I think going out for a drink is a waste of money.
- B) Thanks, but I think I'll just go home and put my feet up.
- C) Why don't you come to my house and relax?
- D) I'll only go if you are paying since I don't have any money.
- E) Since we are together all day, I don't see why we should be together in the evenings as well.

67. In New York, you get a taxi and tell the driver your destination, a fairly well-known hotel, but he tells you he does not know where it is. Shocked that a taxi driver can know so little, but not wanting to waste money driving around aimlessly, you say a little irritably:

- A) Drive around a little bit and maybe we will see it.
- B) Perhaps we could ask a policeman.
- C) Never mind. You'll know when you get me there.
- D) You know, London taxi drivers have to pass a very strict exam before they go on the streets.
- E) Hurry up and let's get there; I haven't got all day.

68. You run into an old friend on the street whom you have not seen for some time. You know that his elderly mother, to whom he is quite attached, has been seriously ill. Not wishing to upset him, but wanting to know how she is, you ask indirectly and carefully:

- A) How old is your mother anyway?
- B) Your mother is remarkably fit for an old woman, isn't she?
- C) How is everything at home?
- D) Shouldn't you put your mother into an old people's home?
- E) Have you had much trouble with your mother lately?

69. You are the captain of an amateur football team, and though the team played unusually well, you have just lost an important match. Wanting to encourage the players, who are feeling down after the loss, you say:

- A) If some of you had tried harder, we would have won.
- B) I've never been so discouraged in my life.
- C) I don't know how many times I've told you not to argue with the referee.
- D) You all played your hearts out, but the other side was luckier. That's all.
- E) Well done everyone. I was amazed that we managed to win.

70. Your older sister has just come back from a year in England and is now virtually fluent in English. Envyng her and hoping to do the same thing, you ask for her advice, saying:

- A) Can you give me some English lessons in your spare time?
- B) Now that you've finished enjoying yourself, don't you think it is time to get a proper job?
- C) You must not have studied very hard since your English is no better than when you left.
- D) You may think your English is good, but mine would be better if I had the time to study.
- E) Would you give me some tips on what to do so that I get the chance to go to England?

71-75. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

71. Alvin:

- Oh dear, you're crying! What's wrong?

Tommy:

- .....

Alvin:

- She must be around here. Let's go to the store manager to ask him to make an announcement, shall we?

Tommy:

- Okay.

- A) I've lost my mummy.
- B) I dropped my car under that shelf, and I can't reach it.
- C) I want that bar of chocolate.
- D) My mummy won't buy me any candy!
- E) My sister took my teddy bear!

72. Mr Biggs:

- Has the fax from New York arrived yet?

Elaine:

- No, there haven't been any faxes all morning.

Mr Biggs:

- .....

Elaine:

- Of course, Sir, if it is that important.

- A) Open your eyes! It's right there on the fax machine!
- B) Well, I guess we can forget about that deal then.
- C) Americans are so inefficient; they should have been in touch yesterday.
- D) I'll be in a meeting, but you can interrupt me if anything comes through.
- E) Are you sure you sent our fax to them?

73. Clare:

- I've heard your boyfriend is a great swimmer.

Susan:

- .....

Clare:

- You must be excited.

Susan:

- Not really. If he makes it, I won't see him for a long time.

- A) He's not as good as he thinks he is.
- B) That's right, and we're going to the Bahamas together so that he can train.
- C) Yes, in fact, he is in the Olympic trials.
- D) He's even going to be on TV in an international race tomorrow.
- E) He's going to teach me to swim as well.

74. Nick:

- .....

Sheila:

- Actually, I'm trying not to think about it. I don't want to be thirty.

Nick:

- Come on, don't make such a big deal out of a little number.

Sheila:

- That's easy for you to say. You won't be thirty for another four years.

- A) Have you decided where you'd like to go for dinner on your birthday yet?
- B) I find it hard to believe that you're so many years younger than I am.
- C) It's strange to think that this time next week we'll both be in our thirties.
- D) When I was your age, I was still looking forward to having birthday parties.
- E) Do you have any idea how many people are coming on the company picnic?

75. Ron:

- Have you got any two-bedroom flats for rent?

Agent:

- We have several, starting at £200 per week.

Ron:

- .....

Agent:

- Not really. This is one of London's most fashionable suburbs.

- A) That sounds quite reasonable.
- B) Isn't that a little expensive?
- C) What is the discount for pensioners?
- D) How about something cheaper?
- E) Why is everything so expensive here?

76-80. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okundugunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

76. (I) One activity, and this a special delight to him, was amateur theatricals that carried on Charles Dickens' love of the stage. (II) The qualities that made up Charles Dickens' genius as a writer did not depend on formal education for development. (III) Dickens had a reporter's eye for the details of daily life and a mimic's ear for the subtleties of common speech. (IV) Further, he had the artist's ability to select what he needed from these raw materials of observation. (V) And finally, he knew how to shape them into works of enduring literature.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

77. (I) An unusual experiment in adult education has been carried out since the 1970s in underdeveloped countries by the Fujitsu Company, a Japanese manufacturer of computers. (II) Computers have proved to be valuable educational tools. (III) The company has sent teams into many areas of the Far East. (IV) These teams are teaching people to use computers. (V) Apart from the basic goal of raising adult educational levels, the company hopes to improve economic progress without the need for industrialisation.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

78. (I) Honey captures the essence of time and place. (II) For honey is nectar harvested by bees from flowers growing close to their hive. (III) Bees process the nectar and fan it with their wings to reduce its water content, then seal the

concentrate in a wax comb. (IV) The beekeeper uncaps the comb, pours out the honey, strains and pots it. (V) Honey that solidifies in the fridge is said to be mixed with sugar.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

79. (I) Jim Henson can be credited with many accomplishments. (II) He had the most profound influence on children of any entertainer of his time. (III) He adapted the ancient art of puppetry to the most modern of mediums, to the television, transforming both. (IV) It came as a shock when he died at such an early age. (V) But Henson's greatest achievement was broader than any of these: through his work, he helped sustain the qualities of fancifulness and consideration, which have been so threatened in our age.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

80. (I) The modern balloon dates from 1783, when two kinds of lighter-than-air methods of flight were introduced within a brief interval. (II) First came the hot-air balloon, making use of the fact that hot air is lighter than cold. (III) As balloons became larger, they were able to ascend into regions where the intense cold caused some passengers to die. (IV) A balloon went aloft, filled only with hot air, which was replenished in flight from a brazier slung beneath it. (V) A few months later, a balloon filled with hydrogen gas lifted a daring French airman into the air.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V



## PRACTICE EXAM 22

1-8. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. The ..... for high-quality drinking water comes from people's awareness of how unclean their water actually is.

- A) demand                      B) consumption  
C) lack                            D) routine  
E) responsibility

2. During the petrol crisis, people ..... extremely long lines while waiting to fill their cars up.

- A) wasted                        B) presented  
C) matched                      D) faced  
E) consumed

3. Willis is a very ..... person who tries to do everything carefully so as not to offend or harm anybody.

- A) virtual                        B) rapid  
C) tangible                       D) actual  
E) tactful

4. Brainwashing aims to make prisoners change their beliefs and behaviors and, ....., to alter their personalities so that they are completely obedient.

- A) effortlessly                B) fluently  
C) thickly                        D) eventually  
E) wisely

5. Amelia ..... one of the entries in her diary, as she didn't want anyone else to ever read it.

- A) crossed out                B) wrote back  
C) drew back                 D) ran down  
E) ate into

6. Rajiv Gandhi ..... by a suicide bomber when he ..... in an election.

- A) had been assassinated / campaigned  
B) was assassinated / was campaigning  
C) has been assassinated / has campaigned  
D) assassinated / had been campaigning  
E) would assassinate / had campaigned

7. We ..... to go all the way back to Isparta if you ..... your wallet in the hotel room.

- A) won't be forced / won't have left  
B) haven't been forced / won't leave  
C) hadn't been forced / didn't leave  
D) weren't forced / wouldn't leave  
E) wouldn't be forced / hadn't left

8. Due to global warming, Lake Chad ..... smaller, and already it ..... to only 5% of its former size.

- A) has been getting / was shrunk  
B) will get / will have shrunk  
C) is getting / has shrunk  
D) gets / was shrinking  
E) has got / shrinks

9-15. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

9. Can we pay ..... this ..... cheque as we haven't got much cash?

- A) with / in                      B) out of / to  
C) from / over                 D) off / on  
E) for / by

10. It has become quite popular for girls to get Henna tattoos ..... the summer since they are temporary and disappear ..... a few weeks.

- A) after / to                      B) on / by  
C) until / from                  D) during / within  
E) with / near

11. Although she didn't sleep very well last night, the patient looks ..... this morning.

- A) much more                      B) such a good  
C) as well as                      D) so much  
E) far better

12. .... better known for his novels and studies of myths, Robert Graves was also a poet who advocated "pure" impersonal poetry.

- A) Although                      B) In spite of  
C) Even so                        D) As if  
E) Since

13. They didn't buy that house because it is a long way from any schools; ....., it needs a fortune spending on it.

- A) nevertheless                B) regardless  
C) whereas                        D) furthermore  
E) on the other hand

14. Because my car is very old and ..... a little unreliable, I usually take the train when travelling long distances.

- A) however                        B) though  
C) therefore                        D) while  
E) owing to

15. W. Somerset Maugham wrote ..... short stories, which have been collected together into four separate volumes.

- A) hardly any                      B) a great deal of  
C) a few                              D) any more  
E) a good many

16-20. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

Norway's capital, Oslo, is the most expensive city in the world, (16) ..... revealed in a recent report. The annual survey ranked Oslo, Copenhagen and Tokyo (17) ..... the three most expensive cities, but London (18) ..... Oslo down to the number two spot if rents had been factored into the equation. Oslo workers need to work 18 minutes to pay for a local Big Mac, (19) ..... on the other end of the scale, Nairobi employees need to (20) ..... 181 minutes to enjoy the same imported junk-food meal.

16.

- A) so has                              B) as is  
C) nor was                            D) either  
E) none

17.

- A) beyond                            B) like  
C) across                              D) as  
E) upon

18.

- A) has pushed  
B) will be pushing  
C) pushed  
D) will push  
E) would have pushed

19.

- A) so                                      B) thus  
C) yet                                    D) as  
E) for

20.

- A) put in                                B) sort out  
C) take along                        D) do up  
E) run over

21-28. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

21. The further down the coast you walk, .....
- A) although there is a tram that comes along every 5 minutes
  - B) it will help you to lose a little bit of weight
  - C) which is the best way of getting around town
  - D) the less likely you are to find somewhere to stay
  - E) you should reach the public beach quite soon
22. Having been in the British Museum for more than a hundred years now, .....
- A) the Egyptian government is demanding the return of the Rosetta Stone
  - B) the bronze religious art of Benin should be returned to Nigeria
  - C) administrators are considering refusing the request
  - D) a separate building was constructed for the British Library
  - E) Bram Stoker got information for his novel *Dracula* there
23. ...., many able students won't be able to go on into higher education.
- A) Only if there is a reform of the examination system
  - B) Unless they had offered full or half scholarships
  - C) Without an increase in the number of universities
  - D) For fear that their final score was far too low
  - E) Due to the many new departments opening up
24. ...., but the difference between them is only slight.
- A) Elmyr de Hory sold a forged painting to a Chicago art dealer
  - B) Hawaii is the newest of the fifty American states
  - C) Croatian and Bosnian are separate languages
  - D) The River Tagus cuts roughly through the centre of Portugal
  - E) Kadıköy in Istanbul was once known as Khaikedon
25. Since James has never used a proper library before, .....
- A) he doesn't know how to locate the books he wants
  - B) he used to buy the books he needed from bookshops
  - C) he's now studying philosophy and will have to read a lot
  - D) he only once forgot to bring his overdue books back
  - E) he comes from a small town with few opportunities
26. John Lydon's autobiography, *No Irish, No Blacks, No Dogs*, is entitled thus .....
- A) who once used the stage name Johnny Rotten
  - B) but his stage persona was a composite of music hall characters and Laurence Olivier's Richard III
  - C) for although it reached No.1 in the music charts the press refused to recognize its existence
  - D) so as to highlight discrimination he both witnessed and experienced
  - E) documenting his sudden rise to fame in the music world
27. In Adeline Yen Mah's autobiography, she recalls .....
- A) though we are only given one side of the story
  - B) having been treated badly when she was a child
  - C) if she was trapped in an unhappy marriage
  - D) as she had grown up and been schooled in China
  - E) that it has become a bestseller in many countries
28. .... until you are sure that it will continue to grow.
- A) You would probably look better with longer hair
  - B) Be careful if you go to the barber's for a shave
  - C) Your flower seems to beginning to dry up
  - D) The pumpkin on your terrace has finally ripened
  - E) I don't think you should invest in this company

29-34. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

29. Much of the quartz that is used in the manufacture of optical devices is produced synthetically.

- A) Yapay olarak üretilen kuvars daha çok optik cihazların yapımında kullanılmaktadır.
- B) Çoğunlukla optik cihazların yapımı için kullanılan kuvars, yapay olarak da üretilmektedir.
- C) Optik cihazların yapımında kullanılan kuvarsın çoğu yapay olarak üretilmektedir.
- D) Yapay kuvarsın en yaygın kullanıldığı alan, optik cihazlardır.
- E) Optik cihazların yapımında kullanılmak üzere yapay kuvars üretilmektedir.

30. The first hydrogen bomb, which was tested in November 1952, was developed by a group of American scientists that included Edward Teller.

- A) İlk hidrojen bombasını, Edward Teller'in da içinde olduğu Amerikalı bir grup bilim adamı geliştirmiş ve 1952 Kasım'ında da ilk kez test etmiştir.
- B) 1952 Kasım'ında test edilen ilk hidrojen bombası, Edward Teller'in da içinde olduğu Amerikalı bir grup bilim adamı tarafından geliştirilmiştir.
- C) Edward Teller'in yönetiminde Amerikalı bir grup bilim adamı tarafından geliştirilen hidrojen bombası ilk kez Kasım 1952'de test edildi.
- D) Kasım 1952'de hidrojen bombasını ilk kez test eden Amerikalı bilim adamları grubuna Edward Teller, daha sonraki bir dönemde katılmıştır.
- E) İlk hidrojen bombası, 1952 Kasım'ında test edilmişse de geliştirilmesi Edward Teller'in öncülüğünde Amerikalı bir grup bilim adamının çabalarıyla olmuştur.

31. The lemon tree is much less hardy for cold than the orange tree and the area of its cultivation is therefore more restricted.

- A) Portakal ağacının yetiştiği her yerde limon ağacı yetişmeyebilir çünkü limon ağacı soğuğa karşı o kadar dayanıklı değildir.
- B) Limon ağacının yetiştirilebileceği yerlerin portakal ağacına göre daha kısıtlı olmasının nedeni, onun soğuğa karşı daha az dayanıklı olmasıdır.
- C) Limon ağacı soğuğa karşı portakal ağacı kadar dayanıklı değildir; bu nedenle limon ağacının yetiştirilebileceği yerler çok kısıtlıdır.
- D) Limon ağacı soğuğa karşı portakal ağacından çok daha az dayanıklıdır ve bu nedenle yetiştirildiği yerler daha kısıtlıdır.
- E) Limon ağacı, portakal ağacına göre, soğuktan daha çok etkilendiği için çok az sayıda yerde yetiştirilebilmektedir.

32. Scientific estimates suggest that there are about 75,000 types of seashells on the Earth.

- A) Dünyada yaklaşık 75 000 deniz kabuğu türü olduğu, bilim insanlarınca yapılmış yalnızca bir tahminidir.
- B) Bilim insanları, dünyada yaklaşık 75 000 deniz kabuğu türü olduğunu tahmin etmektedirler.
- C) Bilimsel tahminler, dünyada yaklaşık 75 000 deniz kabuğu türü olduğunu söylemektedir.
- D) Dünyada yaklaşık 75 000 deniz kabuğu türü olduğu bilimsel bir tahmindir.
- E) Bilim insanlarının tahminlerine göre, dünyada yaklaşık 75 000 deniz kabuğu türü vardır.

33. William S. Porter, who wrote under the name O. Henry, was one of the most prolific and influential short-story writers of the 20th century.

- A) 20. yüzyılın en üretken ve etkin öykü yazarlarından biri olan William S. Porter, O. Henry adı altında yazmıştır.
- B) O. Henry adıyla yazan William S. Porter, 20. yüzyılın en üretken ve etkin öykü yazarlarından biriydi.
- C) Asıl adı William S. Porter olan O. Henry, 20. yüzyılda yaşamış çok üretken ve etkin bir öykü yazarıdır.
- D) 20. yüzyılın üretken ve etkin öykü yazarlarından biri, O. Henry takma adıyla yazmış olan William S. Porter'dir.
- E) 20. yüzyılın en üretken ve etkin öykü yazarlarından olan O. Henry'nin asıl adı William S. Porter idi.

34. Generally harmless to humans, spiders feed almost entirely on insects.

- A) Sadece böcekle beslenen örümcekler, genellikle insanlar için zararsızdır.
- B) İnsana zarar vermeyen örümcek türleri genellikle sadece böcekle beslenenlerdir.
- C) Tümüyle böcekle beslenen örümcekler aslında insanlara pek zarar vermezler.
- D) İnsanlar için pek zararlı olmayan örümceklerin neredeyse tek besini böceklerdir.
- E) Genel olarak insanlar için zararsız olan örümcekler, neredeyse tümüyle böcekle beslenirler.

35-40. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

35. Tavuskuşunun tüyleri, desen ve renk bakımından o kadar güzeldir ki, eski çağlardan beri insanlar kendilerini bunlarla süslemektedir.

- A) So beautiful are the peacock's feathers in pattern as well as colour that people since ancient times have adorned themselves with them.
- B) Both the pattern and the colour of peacock feathers are beautiful, and people have been adorning themselves with them since ancient times.
- C) In ancient times, people thought the peacock's feathers' pattern and colour so beautiful that they would adorn themselves with them.
- D) Were it not for the beauty of the pattern and colour of peacock feathers, even people in ancient times would hardly have adorned themselves with them.
- E) It was not only the pattern but also the colour of beautiful peacock feathers that led people in ancient times to adorn themselves with them.

36. Daha önceki filmlerle kıyaslandığında, son yıllarda ülkemizde çok başarılı filmler üretilmiştir.

- A) The earlier films produced in our country ought to be compared with the very successful ones of the last few years.
- B) The very successful films which have been produced in recent years in our country cannot be compared to the earlier ones.
- C) Compared with the earlier ones, very successful films have been produced in our country in recent years.
- D) In earlier years, our country produced very successful films that were comparable to the ones produced recently.
- E) The films that were produced in our country earlier were not as successful as the ones produced recently.

37. Vücutun ihtiyaç duyduğundan daha fazla vitamin almanın bir yararı yok çünkü vücut fazlalığı atar.

- A) Taking vitamins to excess results in the accumulation of the vitamins in the body, which is no good for it.
- B) The body gets used to taking in more vitamins than it needs, and disposes of the excess.
- C) The body does not need excess vitamins, so it disposes of the ones it doesn't use.
- D) Because the body disposes of excess vitamins, you'd better take them in moderate amounts.
- E) It's no use taking more vitamins than the body needs because the body disposes of the excess.

38. Bataklıklarda oluşan çürümüş bitki kütlesi olan turba, kömürün oluşumundaki ilk aşamadır.

- A) Before decayed vegetable matter forms coal, it forms peat in swamps.
- B) Peat, the initial stage in the development of coal, is composed of decayed vegetable matter in swamps.
- C) Peat, a solid form of decayed vegetable matter formed in swamps, is also the raw material from which coal is formed.
- D) A mass of decayed vegetable matter formed in swamps, peat is the first stage in the formation of coal.
- E) Formed from clumps of decomposing vegetation, peat is the initial base material from which coal is formed.

39. Sekiz dili akıcı biçimde konuşabilen piyanist Rubinstein, I. Dünya Savaşı sırasında Londra'da, askeri çevirmen olarak hizmet etmiştir.

- A) The pianist Rubinstein, who spoke eight languages fluently, served as a military interpreter in London during World War I.
- B) The pianist Rubinstein could speak eight languages fluently, so he worked as a translator in London during World War I.
- C) During World War I, Rubinstein, who had been a pianist, used the eight languages he spoke well in his work as a translator.
- D) Rubinstein, who spoke eight languages well, worked as a pianist and, during World War I, as a translator for the army.
- E) The fact that the pianist Rubinstein could speak eight languages enabled him to aid the military working as an interpreter during World War I.

40. Uzay araştırmalarının önemli bir nedeni, insanoğlunun dünya, güneş sistemi ve evren hakkındaki bilgilerini genişletmektir.

- A) Man has extended his knowledge about the Earth, the solar system and the universe by exploring space.
- B) A principal reason for the exploration of space is to extend man's knowledge about the Earth, the solar system and the universe.
- C) Space exploration is one way that man can extend his knowledge of the Earth, the solar system and the universe.
- D) Space exploration is carried out in order for us to gain a greater understanding of the Earth, the solar system and the universe.
- E) The most significant reason for space travel is to broaden man's understanding about the Earth, the solar system and the universe.

**41-43. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

Anders Celsius was born in 1701 in Uppsala, Sweden, where he succeeded his father as professor of astronomy in 1730. It was there that in 1741 he built Sweden's first observatory, to which he was appointed director. He devised the Celsius scale of temperature in 1742. One of the major scientific questions during his lifetime was of the shape of the Earth. Isaac Newton had proposed that the Earth was not completely spherical, but rather flattened at the poles. Cartographic measuring in France suggested that it was the other way around – the Earth was elongated at the poles. In 1735, one expedition sailed to Ecuador in South America, and another expedition travelled to Northern Sweden. Celsius was the only professional astronomer on that expedition, whose measurements seemed to indicate that the Earth was slightly flattened at the poles.

- 41. It is clear from the passage that Isaac Newton .....**
- A) was close to right in his view of the shape of the Earth
  - B) was a scientist who studied earth sciences
  - C) was a supporter of Anders Celsius' expedition
  - D) asked the important scientific questions of his day
  - E) worked with Celsius for a while
- 42. We learn from the passage that Anders Celsius .....**
- A) created a measurement system which bears his name
  - B) proved his theory that the Earth was flatter at the poles
  - C) travelled to two different places
  - D) worked with his father in the same job for a while
  - E) was the greatest Swedish astronomer of his day
- 43. We understand from the passage that Anders Celsius .....**
- A) supported Isaac Newton's theory even before 1735
  - B) was competent in more than one branch of science
  - C) had studied French maps made of the Earth
  - D) argued with Isaac Newton over the shape of the Earth
  - E) made himself the director of his own observatory

**44-46. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

Ivo Andric's *The Bridge Over the Drina* is the chronicle of a small town, Višegrad in Bosnia, and in particular its bridge, which is used to bind the individual chapters and stories together. The emphasis is on the evolution of a common mentality in the town, deriving from collective experience and folklore. The movement through the four centuries it describes is not steady. Such a scheme allows Andric to describe the main events affecting the life of the town in detail and also suggest an awareness of history as never uniformly well-known or related. The static nature of the centuries of Ottoman rule is later contrasted with the great changes which took place during the nineteenth century with the Austrian annexation of Bosnia. The clearest implication of the broad time scale is that for all these changes, nothing of significance is altered.

- 44. One point emphasized in the passage is that Andric may have been trying to say that .....**
- A) the important things in the world remain stable
  - B) Višegrad was an exceptional town in Bosnia
  - C) some points in history haven't been researched well enough
  - D) bridges give towns a real sense of community
  - E) experience and tradition are the most important ingredients in forming character
- 45. It is understood from the passage that the bridge in Višegrad .....**
- A) is where all of the action in the book takes place
  - B) was built during the period of Ottoman rule
  - C) is mentioned throughout the entire book
  - D) remains completely unaltered throughout the book
  - E) spans a major river called the Drina
- 46. It can be concluded from the passage that, in *The Bridge Over the Drina*, .....**
- A) the characters think in a similar way all of the time
  - B) no changes occur in the town of Višegrad
  - C) the Austrian period is shown as more dynamic than the Ottoman one
  - D) the four centuries described pass fairly quickly
  - E) the various stories are not always told in a chronological order

**47-49. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

The nomadic tribe known as the Nabateans began migrating from Arabia during the sixth century BC. Over time, they abandoned their nomadic ways and settled in a number of places in southern Jordan, Palestine, and northern Arabia. Their capital city was Petra, where they carved their grand buildings, temples, and tombs out of solid sandstone rock. Building an empire in the dry desert also forced the Nabateans to excel in water conservation. They were highly skilled water engineers, and irrigated their land with an extensive system of dams, canals and reservoirs. The Nabateans were exceptionally skilled traders, facilitating commerce between Asia, the Middle East, and the Mediterranean. They dealt in such goods as spices, incense, and gold. Petra thus became a wealthy commercial centre. Control of regional trade routes became the lifeblood of the Nabatean Empire.

**47. One point emphasized in the passage is that the Nabateans .....**

- A) gave up their original way of life fairly quickly
- B) migrated from Arabia in order to settle somewhere new
- C) worshipped the rocks amongst which they lived
- D) sent traders all over the then known world
- E) had the skills necessary for making Petra an important city

**48. It can be understood from the passage that the city of Petra .....**

- A) was founded by the Nabateans
- B) was in an important geographical location
- C) was made up solely of buildings carved from rock
- D) did not have water problems like the rest of the area
- E) was the most important city in its region

**49. We can conclude from the passage that .....**

- A) Arabia got drier in the 6th century BC
- B) the Nabateans never returned to nomadism
- C) there were many different trade routes passing through Petra
- D) only the capital of the Nabatean empire was rich
- E) the Nabateans grew their own food

**50-52. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

Batik is a Javanese word referring to a general wax-resistant dyeing technique used on fabric. It is thought to be over a thousand years old. Historical evidence demonstrates that cloth decorated with this technique was in use in the early centuries AD in Africa, the Middle East, and several places in Asia. Although there is no exact explanation as to its origins, many believe that batik was brought to the rest of Asia by travellers from the Indian subcontinent. Despite its possible foreign origins, most believe that batik reached its highest artistic expression in Indonesia, particularly in Java. Thanks largely to such quality, the art spread from here to the rest of Indonesia and the Malay Peninsula, where the cloth's popularity led to the growth of many other production centres.

**50. According to the passage, there is evidence that batik .....**

- A) originated in Java in the early centuries AD
- B) cloth was being traded between the Indian subcontinent and the rest of Asia
- C) travelled eastwards from Africa before reaching Indonesia
- D) was being used in certain regions of Asia and Africa more than 1,500 years ago
- E) was initially being applied more often than it is now

**51. The passage emphasizes the point that the beginnings of batik .....**

- A) have not been discovered yet
- B) have been explained by historical research
- C) were found not in Indonesia but in India
- D) could have been in the Middle East
- E) are without doubt foreign to the Indian subcontinent

**52. We learn from the passage that the growth in the production of batik was mostly due to .....**

- A) foreign interest in learning such an exotic technique
- B) its being widely admired by those who saw it
- C) its use as an outlet for Javanese cultural expression
- D) the necessity of shipping the fabric abroad
- E) the power of the Javanese military in the area



53-55. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Many people who fly are terrified of crashing, and most people believe that, if their plane does crash, then it's the end. However, of 53,487 people involved in plane crashes from 1983 to 2000, 51,207 survived. Professor Ed Galea has studied many survivor reports and concluded that surviving an aircraft crash is not a matter of fate. Many plane crashes have a post-crash fire, but the toxic smoke is far more dangerous than the flames. Moreover, evacuating in thick smoke is difficult, because it is hard to find the exits. Passengers should therefore note the location of the exits when they board the plane.

53. The author of the passage advises passengers .....

- A) to know where the exits are once they are on the plane
- B) to prefer land travel to air travel
- C) to try to leave the plane before the fire starts
- D) not to unfasten their seatbelts before the plane stops
- E) to keep calm no matter what happens

54. According to the passage, we can say that Ed Galea believes that .....

- A) flying is the safest means of transport
- B) fire is the biggest killer in airplane crashes
- C) airplane passengers can increase their chances of survival
- D) we will soon be able to predict future plane crashes
- E) there should be more exits on planes

55. One point that is emphasized in the passage is that .....

- A) fire after a plane crash actually presents no danger
- B) there were thousands of crashes from 1983 to 2000
- C) people are right to be terrified of plane crashes
- D) Professor Ed Galea is an expert on air transport
- E) most people have a wrong idea about airplane crashes

56-60. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın olan seçeneği bulunuz.

56. Many people believe that no book has had a more powerful influence on American history than *Uncle Tom's Cabin*.

- A) The book *Uncle Tom's Cabin* has had a most powerful influence on many of the characters in American history.
- B) It is thought by many that *Uncle Tom's Cabin* has had the strongest influence of any book on the history of America.
- C) There are few books in the history of American literature that have had such a powerful effect on people as *Uncle Tom's Cabin*.
- D) Nobody would dispute the fact that the most powerful influence of any book on American history was created by the novel *Uncle Tom's Cabin*.
- E) In my opinion, the book which has had the most powerful influence on American history is the novel *Uncle Tom's Cabin*.

57. Microwave-ready meals may be convenient, but they aren't very nourishing.

- A) Cooked microwave dishes provide both convenience and nourishment.
- B) Cooking food in a microwave oven is quick, but it destroys most of the vitamins found in food.
- C) Microwave cooking is a convenient way to cook healthy food.
- D) Although they offer convenience, prepared microwave meals lack nutrients.
- E) Heating food in a microwave is quick, but the results are not very satisfying.

58. She had behaved well at school before she made friends with Annabella Miller.

- A) She will be well-behaved in school as long as she doesn't mix with Annabella Miller.
- B) Until she became friends with Annabella Miller, she had been well-behaved in school.
- C) Her good behaviour in school was a result of her association with Annabella Miller.
- D) She was better behaved in class than normal during her friendship with Annabella Miller.
- E) She has behaved much worse at school since she started to fall out with Annabella Miller.

59. A ridiculed child often grows up to be shy.

- A) I find it ridiculous that some adults are amused by making fun of a child who is shy.
- B) Shyness is usually the result of a person being exposed to ridicule as a child.
- C) If you tease your child, then he will gain confidence as he matures with age.
- D) When an adult is shy, he is unlikely to raise his children properly.
- E) Unless you teach your children to laugh at their shortcomings, they will become shy as they grow older.

60. She speaks so directly to them that I'm worried about her upsetting our customers.

- A) Her direct manner with the customers has already upset a number of them.
- B) I'm particularly upset with the direct manner in which she speaks to our clients.
- C) I'm afraid she'll upset our clients as she is so direct when she talks to them.
- D) I find her directness with clients upsetting, but she doesn't appear to be worried about it.
- E) It is a wonder that our clients don't get upset by the direct manner in which she speaks to them.

61-65. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

61. "Effe" is grammatical English which could never be uttered because it has little meaning and could never be put into a sensible context. .... The playwright Eugène Ionesco, for example, wrote a complete play called *The Bald Soprano* in something like Effe, the product of his experience of learning English from such textbooks.

- A) There is a lot of Effe in textbooks of English for foreign learners
- B) There is no life in a room without air
- C) To waffle is to use language in an excessive and/or evasive way
- D) Effe comes from the acronym of English for Foreign Learners
- E) Anti-Effe is an unusual sentence that could conceivably be said

62. A 61-year-old American woman, Tiffany Roberts, has been left with a British accent after having a stroke, despite the fact that she has never been to Britain. .... Doctors say this "new" Mrs. Roberts, who was born and bred in Indiana, has a condition called foreign accent syndrome. This rare condition occurs when part of the brain becomes damaged following a stroke or head injury; only a few cases have been documented.

- A) Doctors are still trying to find out exactly why foreign accent syndrome occurs
- B) Britain is renowned for having a large number of different accents
- C) Damage to the brain can cause vowels to lengthen and words to be mispronounced
- D) Her new accent seems to be a mixture of English Cockney and West Country
- E) *Eastenders* – the Cockney soap opera – was shown for a while in Indiana

63. Llanfairpwllgwyngyllgogerychwyrndrobwylllantysiliogogoch. .... The name translates as "The church of St. Mary in the hollow of white hazel trees near the rapid whirlpool by St. Tysilio's of the red cave" in Welsh. It has long claimed the fame of having the longest name in the UK.

- A) In Welsh many vowels have become redundant
- B) A Welsh scholar discovered the link between Asian and European languages
- C) Mt. Everest is named after a Welshman
- D) This is the name of a town in North Wales
- E) St. Patrick may actually have been born in Wales

64. Philip Glass is one of the most influential contemporary classical composers, though his music is sometimes listed under "pop". His own introduction to classical music was unusual. His father owned a radio repair and record store in Baltimore. .... This led to a very peculiar family record collection, and Glass grew fond of off-beat, modernist classical music.

- A) Baltimore is thought to be an odd city by many people, being located as it is between the north and the south
- B) This meant that young Philip was able to listen to all the most popular records of the day whenever he wanted to
- C) He used to bring home all the records that did not sell, in the hope of understanding why they were so unpopular
- D) Many people do not understand contemporary classical music since it is often atonal and discordant
- E) This is a rather unusual combination, and his father must have been a somewhat eccentric character

65. *The Count of Monte Cristo* is a wonderful tale of a man's revenge against three friends who falsely accuse him of helping Napoleon overthrow Louis XVIII. Having spent 14 years rotting away in prison as a result of their lies, he escapes with the help of a rich abbot and reinvents himself as a powerful, dangerous and seductive count for whom revenge is all that matters. .... Above all, the poetic ending is the best conclusion to a book you'll ever read.

- A) He never forgets the man who has contributed to his escape
- B) The novel possesses all the elements of the best epic adventures
- C) It has been filmed several times by Hollywood directors
- D) Fourteen years is a long time to have spent in one of the primitive prisons of the time
- E) The story is tedious and far too long

66-70. sorularda, verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

66. It's a very hot summer day, but you decide it would be nice to go for a walk. After a bit of effort, you manage to convince a friend to join you, though he initially was not interested because of the weather. A few minutes after you set out, however, you realise that you had a bad idea and it is far too hot to be doing anything physical. So, you admit your misjudgement and suggest to your friend:

- A) Okay, I admit it's a bit warm, but it's nice to feel the sun in all its strength, isn't it?
- B) If it's too hot for you, then why did you agree to come along with me in the first place?
- C) Why weren't you more insistent about staying in? It's as hot as an oven outside today.
- D) I really wish it weren't so hot. Then we would enjoy our walk more.
- E) Actually, I think you were right. This is no weather to be out in. Let's go back inside.

**67. Your mother is watching her favourite TV series, *Aşk Yeniden*, but she has the volume too loud for you to concentrate on your homework. Not wanting to spoil her film, but needing some peace, you ask her:**

- A) Can't you live without your precious soap for one night?
- B) Not another soap! You watch one of those every night, don't you?
- C) Isn't that Orhan Alkaya? Wasn't he in another TV series called *Al Yazmalım*?
- D) Mum, do you think you could keep it down a little? I have to work.
- E) Why do you always sit so close to the television, Mum? Can't you hear?

**68. Your best friend's twentieth birthday is coming up and you'd like to have a big party for her. Unfortunately, her birthday happens to be the day before the university entrance exam. Obviously you can't celebrate it then, so, in an attempt to take the reality of the exam into account and still celebrate her birthday properly, you suggest:**

- A) Let's have a huge party on your birthday and forget all about the university exam!
- B) Why don't we celebrate your birthday with a big party right after we've taken the exam?
- C) I think we should forget all about your twentieth birthday and worry about it next year.
- D) If I were you, I would never have thought of turning twenty the day before the big exam.
- E) Which one do you want—to have a good birthday or to get into a good university?

**69. A rumour somehow got started that you'd lost your job. You have no idea where it came from, but all day people have been coming up to you and telling you how sorry they are about it. After about the tenth time, you've had enough and you somewhat harshly snap at the person who's speaking to you about it, saying:**

- A) I've heard that, too. I really hope it isn't true as I don't have another one.
- B) Who told you that? I can assure you that it's nothing but a lot of nonsense!
- C) Of course I haven't. Would you kindly tell whoever told you that as well?
- D) Just because I'm now unemployed doesn't mean it's okay to talk about me.
- E) That's simply not at all true. As a matter of fact, I've just been promoted.

**70. You've just received your credit card statement and it's much higher than you'd expected. When you look more closely at it, you notice a number of charges from places that you've never been. You are understandably a bit upset, but you keep your cool and call your bank and explain the situation, politely saying:**

- A) I just don't understand how I managed to spend so much money last month. I didn't buy anything.
- B) Please stop billing me for things that I haven't bought, or I'll have to find a new bank.
- C) I demand that my account be corrected immediately. Would you be able to do that for me, please?
- D) There are a few items on my bill I believe are mistakes. May I please speak to customer service?
- E) Would it be possible for you to stop making me miserable by sending me such ridiculous statements?

71-75. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

71. Al:

" .....

Bert:

- Sure, what's the problem?

Al:

- My engine's making a funny noise.

Bert:

- Phil's Garage is good, and they don't charge too much.

- A) Are you happy with your new car?
- B) Can you recommend a reliable mechanic?
- C) Which make of car do you think I should buy?
- D) I'm beginning to get tired of this car.
- E) Where do you take your car to have it serviced?

72. Shirley:

- Do you think you could pick Kenny up from school today?

Warren:

" .....

Shirley:

- What are you doing that's so important?

Warren:

- I promised my boss I'd work overtime to finish up the project we've been working on.

- A) No, nothing special, really.
- B) No, of course I don't mind.
- C) Not at all; I'll do it during lunch.
- D) There's no point getting so upset.
- E) I'm sorry, it's not possible.

73. Cliff:

- Do you know where I can pick up an electric drill cheaply?

Brad:

" .....

Cliff:

- That would be great. Are you sure you don't need it?

Brad:

- I've hardly used it since I made the furniture for the kids' rooms.

- A) Cheap ones are no good. Why don't you borrow mine?
- B) There is a tool shop just down the road.
- C) Why don't you hire one if you don't have much work to do?
- D) I'm not much of a handyman, so I wouldn't know.
- E) I think Ed has an old one that he wants to sell.

74. Jane:

- Are you going to invite Joyce to your wedding?

Nancy:

" .....

Jane:

- But you don't want to make an enemy of her, either. She's a terrible gossip.

Nancy:

- Maybe you're right. I will invite her.

- A) Of course. She's been my best friend for years.
- B) Actually, I was thinking of asking her to be a bride's maid.
- C) I don't think so. We've never been close friends.
- D) I'm not sure. Do you think she will bring a nice present?
- E) No. It's only a small affair with our parents and the best man.

75. Harold:

- I was wondering if you'd be interested in going to a play with me.

Melanie:

- .....

Harold:

- It's a modern adaptation of Shakespeare's *Hamlet*.

Melanie:

- Thanks anyway, but I don't like that sort of thing.

- A) I might be. It depends on what play you're talking about.
- B) I'm terribly sorry, but I'm simply too busy for fun nowadays.
- C) Were you really? Why did you think I'd go out with you?
- D) Actually, I was planning on seeing a film with my sister.
- E) Maybe. How much are the tickets and when is it being performed?

76-80. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

76. (I) The International Diabetes Federation's new atlas estimates that 15 million adults in the 130 countries it profiles now suffer from the disease. (II) There are a number of different kinds of diabetes. (III) The number of diabetes sufferers world-wide is expected to double in the next two decades. (IV) Paying for long-term treatment of diabetes is also a heavy burden on health-care systems. (V) In America, care for diabetics is now thought to cost more than \$44 billion a year.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

77. (I) All Arabs consider the Arabian Peninsula their ancestral home. (II) Today it seems remarkable that the Arabs look to the West for advances in science and technology. (III) However, in the Middle Ages, Arab geography flourished while European cosmographers did nothing.

(IV) Arab geographers were at home with the works of Ptolemy, which the West kept buried for a thousand years. (V) They were studying, and even beginning to revise, Ptolemy.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

78. (I) In Greece, the mountain regions are used mainly for pasture, which occupies about 40 percent of the land area. (II) Much of this land is suitable only for raising sheep and goats. (III) Among the most useful of domestic animals is the goat, which supplies people with milk, cheese, wool, meat and leather. (IV) Overgrazing by goats, however, has led to serious soil erosion in many areas. (V) The eroded soil washes down the slopes to the valleys and chokes rivers, causing flooding and the formation of marshes.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

79. (I) Everyone concerned benefits when a worker chooses a vocation instead of accepting one by chance. (II) In times of crisis, however, it's sheer chance to have a secure job. (III) It is best for the worker's happiness and contentment with the job. (IV) It is to the employer's advantage as well. (V) This is because the worker who has chosen a job is likely to be better at it, to be more efficient, and to stay at it longer.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

80. (I) When she was in her 60s, Laura Ingalls Wilder took her daughter's advice. (II) And she began writing about her life as a child on the frontier. (III) The Ingalls family faced numerous obstacles as they tried to settle, including a malaria outbreak and conflicts with Indians. (IV) The resulting "Little House" books became classics in children's literature. (V) They were appreciated not only for their insight into what it was like to grow up on the American frontier, but also for their entertainment value.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

## PRACTICE EXAM 23

1-8. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. When there is heavy fog near coastal areas, ships ..... their foghorns to warn others of their presence.  
A) strike  
B) blow  
C) arouse  
D) expose  
E) omit
2. Margot had a/an ..... for making the people around her feel comfortable.  
A) equality  
B) opinion  
C) decision  
D) mercy  
E) talent
3. It's ..... to go to someone with a lot of experience to get advice about a problem.  
A) sceptical  
B) adverse  
C) wise  
D) proud  
E) reluctant
4. After the restoration, the Ljubjana Castle in Slovenia's capital ..... displays elements of both ancient and modern architecture.  
A) magnificently  
B) patiently  
C) formerly  
D) usually  
E) merely
5. After his father ....., John was left with the responsibility of caring for his mother.  
A) looked up  
B) turned down  
C) left out  
D) broke out  
E) passed away

6. The waitress ..... it unkind of her customers ..... without giving her a tip.  
A) was thinking / left  
B) had thought / were leaving  
C) thought / to have left  
D) is thinking / leaving  
E) has thought / have left
7. If you ..... to lower your cholesterol level, you ..... foods that are low in fat.  
A) have wanted / had to consume  
B) want / ought to consume  
C) wanted / can consume  
D) will want / will consume  
E) had wanted / used to consume
8. The motorist who ..... down that little girl last week ..... from driving for a year.  
A) was knocked / has disqualified  
B) was knocking / was disqualifying  
C) has knocked / will be disqualified  
D) had been knocked / disqualified  
E) knocked / has been disqualified

9-15. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

9. In compliance ....., company policy, Mr. Loman will be informed ..... the fact that he will have to be let go.  
A) at / upon  
B) on / for  
C) about / from  
D) with / of  
E) towards / along

10. Melissa was rather upset ..... Todd ..... how he had knowingly embarrassed her in public.

- A) with/about                      B) between/over  
C) at/upon                          D) for/from  
E) by/throughout

11. I really think it'd be a good idea for you to get your engine checked out just ..... it might decide to quit on you in the middle of nowhere some day.

- A) in order that                      B) because of  
C) as a result                        D) in case  
E) as much

12. Well, I hope you're happy! ..... your spending so much time window-shopping, we've missed the beginning of the movie!

- A) Much as                            B) Despite  
C) No matter                        D) Thanks to  
E) Whereas

13. As there's not ..... space left in the back seat, we'll have to put the rest of your stuff in the trunk, I guess.

- A) so many                          B) a lot  
C) the same                         D) very  
E) enough

14. Everyone says she was way too young to get married, but then again, ..... was her husband.

- A) too                                 B) also  
C) so                                  D) either  
E) as well

15. Drew's certainly not a friend of ....., and as far as I'm concerned, he can just leave me be and mind ..... business.

- A) them/himself                      B) mine/his own  
C) its/our                              D) her/theirs  
E) his/my

16-20. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

"Oh, Lord! No more swastikas!" sang jazz bassist and composer Charles Mingus in 1960, on his song "Original Faubus Fables". The song was a direct attack on Arkansas governor Orval Faubus, who in 1957 (16) ..... National Guard soldiers to block nine African American students (17) ..... entering a Little Rock high school. A year later, Faubus closed Arkansas' public high schools in an effort to delay integration. (18) ..... Mingus, he had intended his song for his 1959 album, *Mingus Ah Um*; his record company, however, said the lyrics were far (19) ..... for them to let him (20) ..... them.

16.

- A) had used  
B) was used  
C) has been using  
D) would use  
E) is using

17.

- A) to                                    B) for  
C) about                              D) from  
E) through

18.

- A) For fear of                        B) As for  
C) Much as                          D) Much like  
E) So that

19.

- A) controversial  
B) so controversial  
C) very controversial  
D) such a controversial  
E) too controversial

20.

- A) recording  
B) having been recorded  
C) record  
D) to record  
E) being recorded



21-28. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

21. ...., she has to live on a very strict budget beforehand in order to save enough money.

- A) Whenever it is that Deniz wants to go on a trip
- B) Since Çağdaş gives his wife his entire salary every week
- C) Although Şeyda has not been abroad for years
- D) Because Bihter got married such a short time ago
- E) If Özge could only go out Friday night with her friends

22. .... by the time the police got there about 20 minutes later.

- A) The explosives expert had already defused the bomb
- B) Curious reporters just would not keep the story quiet
- C) No one has found out who put the bomb there
- D) Most of those who were present have been asked to make a statement
- E) Making an explosive is much easier than you might think

23. Planning to buy a house someday, .....

- A) and hoping to do so within five years
- B) Cynthia saved as much of her salary as possible
- C) which requires lots of careful thought
- D) it is not easy to decide what to study at university
- E) the mortgage system may turn out to be a disaster

24. I was so excited about having had the chance to shake Shakira's hand .....

- A) than I'd ever done before in my life
- B) as she is only 1.57 metres tall
- C) that I went and told all my friends
- D) yet the concert was good on the whole
- E) which she'd taught herself to do

25. ...., Michael refuses to watch *The English Patient* with me.

- A) Before he directed this 1996 film
- B) However hard I try to persuade him
- C) Unless it won a number of awards
- D) Wherever we might go tonight
- E) Though I've seen it many times already

26. .... than she noticed that it had a strange smell in it.

- A) Instead of buying the older sausages
- B) As soon as Pelin opened her purse to look inside
- C) No sooner had Arzu got into her car
- D) After Gülsün had stepped across the open sewer grate
- E) Scarcely had she opened the window

27. ...., it seems as if you've had a change of heart in the last few months.

- A) Considering that you never used to watch horror films
- B) When you decided that open heart surgery was necessary
- C) We should all try to be more open-minded about this
- D) Only if my parents start listening to me more carefully
- E) While exercising daily can be quite healthy

28. Michael's father left the US Army .....

- A) enough of his unit managed to survive the battle
- B) finished the time he was scheduled to serve
- C) like what is happening nowadays in a different place
- D) just before the Vietnam War started getting worse
- E) as though he had enjoyed being a radio technician there

29-34. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

29. The "Sherlock Holmes" stories by Arthur Conan Doyle were first serialized in the Strand magazine before appearing in book form.

- A) Kitap biçiminde yayınlanmadan önce dizi halinde ilk kez Strand dergisinde çıkan "Sherlock Holmes" hikayelerini Arthur Conan Doyle yazmıştır.
- B) Arthur Conan Doyle'nin "Sherlock Holmes" hikayeleri, ilk kez Strand dergisinde dizi halinde yayınlandıktan sonra kitaba dönüştürülmüştür.
- C) "Sherlock Holmes" un yazarı Arthur Conan Doyle, hikayelerini önce dizi biçiminde Strand dergisinde yayınlamış, sonra kitap halinde çıkarmıştır.
- D) "Sherlock Holmes" hikayelerini önce Strand dergisinde dizi biçiminde yayınlatan Arthur Conan Doyle, daha sonra onları bir kitapta toplamıştır.
- E) Arthur Conan Doyle'nin "Sherlock Holmes" hikayeleri, kitap biçiminde çıkmadan önce ilk kez Strand dergisinde dizi halinde yayınlanmıştır.

30. Whether we can move into a larger house or not depends on my father's finding a better-paid job.

- A) Babam yüksek maaşlı bir iş bulabilirse hemen daha büyük bir eve taşınacağız.
- B) Büyük bir eve taşınıp taşınmayacağımız babamın yeni işinde alacağı maaş kesinleşince belli olacak.
- C) Daha büyük bir eve taşınıp taşınamayacağımız babamın daha iyi maaşlı bir iş bulmasına bağlı.
- D) Babam maaşı daha iyi olan bir iş bulduğuna göre artık daha büyük bir eve taşınabiliriz.
- E) Babamın bu işte alacağı yüksek maaşa dayanarak daha büyük bir ev bulup taşınmayı düşünüyoruz.

31. Sight is a rapidly occurring process resulting from a continuous interaction between the eye, the nervous system and the brain.

- A) Sinir sistemi ve beyin arasındaki hızlı ve sürekli etkileşimin sonucunda göz, görme işlemini gerçekleştirir.
- B) Görme, gözün, sinir sistemi ve beyin arasındaki sürekli etkileşimin sonucunda çok hızlı gerçekleştirdiği bir işlemdir.
- C) Görme işleminin çok hızlı gerçekleşmesinin nedeni, göz, sinir sistemi ve beyin arasında sürekli bir etkileşim olmasıdır.
- D) Görme göz, sinir sistemi ve beyin arasında sürekli bir etkileşim sonucu çok hızlı gerçekleşen bir işlemdir.
- E) Görme işlemi, göz, sinir sistemi ve beyin arasındaki etkileşimin sürekliliği sayesinde gerçekleşmektedir.

32. Eaten fresh or used to make raisins, grape juice and wine, grapes are the most important fruit in the world.

- A) Üzüm suyu ve şarap yapımında kullanılan üzüm, dünyanın, taze ya da kurutulmuş olarak da yenilebilen en önemli meyvesidir.
- B) Dünyadaki en önemli meyvelerden biri, taze ya da kurutulmuş olarak yenebilen, üzüm suyu ve şarap yapımında kullanılan üzümdür.
- C) Taze olarak yenen ya da kuru üzüm, üzüm suyu ve şarap yapımında kullanılan üzüm, dünyanın en önemli meyvesidir.
- D) Üzüm, taze olarak yenen ya da kuru üzüm, üzüm suyu ve şarap yapımı için tüm dünyada kullanılan önemli bir meyvedir.
- E) Kuru üzüm, üzüm suyu ve şarap yapımında kullanılan ya da taze olarak yenen üzüm bu bakımdan tüm dünyada önemli bir meyvedir.

33. Over three million people in Beijing use bicycles as a major means of transportation within the city.

- A) Bisiklet, Pekin'de üç milyondan fazla insanın şehir içi ulaşımında kullandığı araçların başında yer alır.
- B) Pekin'de üç milyonun üzerinde insan için, şehir içinde başlıca ulaşım aracı bisiklettir.
- C) Pekin'de, şehir içinde başlıca ulaşım aracı olan bisiklet, üç milyonun üzerinde insan tarafından kullanılmaktadır.
- D) Üç milyonun üzerinde Pekinli, şehir içi ulaşım aracı olarak yalnızca bisikleti kullanır.
- E) Pekin'de üç milyonun üzerinde insan bisikleti, şehir içinde başlıca ulaşım aracı olarak kullanmaktadır.

34. One of the greatest figures in Italian literature, Boccaccio was a founder of the humanism that played an important role in the Italian Renaissance.

- A) İtalyan Rönesansı üzerinde önemli bir rol oynayan Hümanizm'in kurucularından biri olan Boccaccio, İtalyan edebiyatındaki en büyük figürlerden biridir.
- B) Boccaccio, İtalyan edebiyatının en büyük isimlerinden biri olup aynı zamanda İtalyan Rönesansı üzerinde önemli rol oynayan Hümanizm'in kurucusudur.
- C) İtalyan edebiyatındaki en büyük figürlerden biri olan Boccaccio, İtalyan Rönesansı üzerinde önemli bir rol oynamış olan Hümanizm'in kurucularındandır.
- D) İtalyan edebiyatındaki en büyük figürlerden biri olan Boccaccio, Hümanizm'in kurucularından biri olarak İtalyan Rönesansı üzerinde önemli rol oynamıştır.
- E) İtalyan Rönesansı üzerinde önemli bir rol oynamış Hümanizm'in kurucusu olan Boccaccio, İtalyan edebiyatının en önemli isimlerinden biridir.

35-40. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

35. Bütün duyularımız içinde koku alma duyumuz her zaman en güçlüsü ve en içgüdüseli olmuştur.

- A) Smell, our most powerful sense, has also been the most instinctual of all our senses.
- B) Our sense of smell has always been the most powerful and the most instinctual of all our senses.
- C) Among the natural senses that we have, our sense of smell is the strongest and the most instinctual.
- D) Our most natural sense, smell, has always been more powerful than our other senses.
- E) Being our most instinctive sense, smell has always been stronger than all of our other senses.

36. Yıllardır hüküm süren politik huzursuzluk ülkeye yabancı sermayenin akışını önemli ölçüde engellemektedir.

- A) The continuing political unrest has been a significant factor in hampering the flow of foreign capital into the country.
- B) Chiefly because of the persistent political unrest over the years, the flow of foreign capital into the country has been hampered.
- C) The flow of foreign capital into the country has been considerably hampered by the persistent political unrest over the years.
- D) The political unrest that has persisted for years significantly hampers the flow of foreign capital into the country.
- E) What hampers the flow of foreign capital into the country is mainly the political unrest that has persisted for years.

37. Eski uygarlıkların efsanelerinde, resimlerinde ve dinlerinde uçan insan, hayvan ve tanrı hikayeleri çoktur.

- A) The myths, arts and religions of ancient civilisations contain lots of stories of flying men, animals and gods.
- B) Stories of flying men, animals and gods abound in the myths, arts and religions of ancient civilisations.
- C) There are a few stories of flying men, animals and gods in the myths, arts and religions of ancient civilisations.
- D) The common point in the myths, arts and religions of ancient civilisations is stories of flying men, animals and gods.
- E) Stories of flying men, animals and gods are common, but only in the myths, arts and religions of ancient civilisations.

38. Bugün çok sevilen casus hikayeleri, aslında II. Dünya Savaşı sonrasına kadar okuyucunun pek ilgisini çekmemiştir.

- A) Though spy stories are much appreciated today, readers did not find them interesting at all until World War II.
- B) Readers' interest was not much attracted by spy stories until after World War II, although such stories are very much appreciated today.
- C) Many people appreciate spy stories today, but before World War II, readers were not much interested in them.
- D) While they did not actually catch readers' interest much before World War II, spy stories are very much appreciated today.
- E) Very much appreciated today, spy stories actually did not catch readers' interest much until after World War II.

39. Ülkenin doğusunu üç gündür tehdit eden şiddetli tipinin önümüzdeki hafta boyunca da devam edeceği tahmin edilmektedir.

- A) It's been predicted that the severe blizzard that's been threatening the east of the country for three days will continue throughout next week.
- B) It's predicted that the severe blizzard in the east of the country for the last three days will continue to threaten the region throughout next week.
- C) The severe blizzard that's been threatening the east of the country is predicted to continue three days into next week.
- D) The severe blizzard that's been threatening the country for three days is predicted to continue in the east throughout next week.
- E) The prediction is that the severe blizzard that's been in the east of the country for three days will continue to threaten it throughout next week.

40. İtalyan şair Dante, Shakespeare ve Goethe ile birlikte, Batı edebiyatının üç büyük ustasından biri olarak kabul edilmektedir.

- A) The Italian poet Dante considered Shakespeare, Goethe and himself to be the three great masters of Western literature.
- B) The three great masters of Western literature were considered to be Dante, the Italian poet, Shakespeare and Goethe.
- C) The Italian poet Dante is considered, along with Shakespeare and Goethe, to be one of the three great masters of Western literature.
- D) The Italian poet considers the great masters of Western literature to be Dante, Shakespeare and Goethe.
- E) Of Dante, Shakespeare and Goethe, the Italian poet is considered to be the greatest of the masters of Western literature.

41-43. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Obsessive-compulsive disorder (OCD) is an anxiety disorder which is manifested in a variety of forms, but is most commonly characterized by a person's obsessive drive to perform a particular task or set of tasks. For example, an OCD sufferer may feel compelled to turn the lights on and off a set number of times before leaving a room, or to wash his or her hands an abnormally large number of times. Most people with OCD are aware that their behaviour is irrational, but feel bound to continue with it anyway, so as to ward off fear and panic. Because the sufferer is aware of his or her irrationality but feels helpless to stop it, OCD is considered one of the most frustratingly difficult of anxiety disorders to treat. The phrase "obsessive-compulsive" has also worked its way into the American lexicon, and is often used colloquially to describe a meticulous person or someone who is absorbed in a cause.

41. It is implied in the passage that .....

- A) turning the lights off before leaving a room is irrational
- B) OCD is an extremely common anxiety disorder
- C) OCD sufferers are prone to being fearful
- D) anyone who performs a certain set of tasks may have OCD
- E) washing one's hands often is abnormal

42. It is stated in the passage that people with OCD .....

- A) are afraid of being treated by psychologists
- B) generally recognize that their actions are senseless
- C) can never be cured of their anxiety disorder
- D) feel that life is not only frustrating but also difficult
- E) have a great fear of electricity and of dirt

43. It can be concluded from the passage that, in everyday language, "obsessive-compulsive" people .....

- A) are unaware that they are actually suffering from OCD
- B) take extreme care about certain things that they do
- C) feel helpless to stop the panic they constantly feel
- D) are most likely to be American
- E) believe that it is irrational to be absorbed in a cause

**44-46. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

Internationally, the American flag is a frequent target of abuse of all kinds, particularly in the Middle East. In most cases, anger at US foreign policy or anti-Americanism are the reasons for such acts. Within the US, this issue is typically called "flag burning", as burning is the most commonly opposed defacement of the flag. However, burning or otherwise defacing the flag is an act of protected speech under the First Amendment to the US Constitution, according to the Supreme Court's ruling in a 1989 flag burning case, which stated that, though prohibitions on public fires in general are permissible, laws that discriminate against the expressive content involved in the act of flag burning are not. In other words, an American wishing to protest against his or her country may do so by burning a flag. Since 11 September 2001, though, quite a few local policemen have ignored the ruling of the Supreme Court and arrested flag burners anyway.

**44. It is clear from the passage that .....**

- A) defacing the American flag is legal in the US
- B) burning is the only legal defacement of the American flag in the US
- C) most people throughout the world oppose US foreign policy
- D) public fires are permissible in most of the US
- E) even some police in the US have burned the American flag

**45. It is stated in the passage that .....**

- A) there are a number of amendments to the US Constitution
- B) an American flag was publicly burned in 1989
- C) burning the American flag is more common in the Middle East than in the US
- D) several policemen have disregarded the Supreme Court's decision
- E) any American burning the flag is against US foreign policy

**46. It can be concluded from the passage that .....**

- A) the American flag's physical unattractiveness prompts its burning in many places
- B) most Americans are in favour of the protection of the right to burn the flag
- C) the US Constitution protects the right to free expression
- D) anti-Americanism is quite common in the US
- E) many American flags were burned on 11 September 2001

**47-49. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

Hairdressing is the custom of cutting and arranging the hair. It has been employed by nearly every society and practised by men and women from ancient times to the present day. Early records indicate that the ancient Assyrians wore elaborate curly hair styles. By contrast, the ancient Egyptians shaved their heads and wore wigs; the wig, in fact, has come into and then gone out of fashion throughout history. Japanese women used lacquer to secure their elaborate coiffures; this is believed to be a forerunner of modern-day hair spray. Hairdressing came to be associated with a variety of accessories, ranging from simple combs and hairpins to complex electrical appliances. In the 20th century, hairdressing and the manufacture of materials and equipment for dressing the hair became an occupation and practical art of large proportions.

**47. We learn from the passage that Japanese women .....**

- A) had to secure their hair because they ran around so often
- B) made wigs out of a substance called lacquer
- C) wore their hair in a more fashionable style than the Assyrians did
- D) used something that worked similarly to hair spray
- E) were the first people to use modern-day hair spray

**48. We understand from the passage that wearing wigs .....**

- A) was a custom borrowed by the Egyptians from the Assyrians
- B) has been both fashionable and unfashionable many times
- C) was only done in ancient Egypt by women
- D) used to be an alternative to using lacquer in Japan
- E) has generally been fashionable for women but not for men

**49. It can be concluded from the passage that hairdressing .....**

- A) became an extensive industry in the 1900s
- B) can no longer be done without electrical appliances
- C) was very rare before the 20th century
- D) involves cutting the hair more than arranging it
- E) is one of the most respected of all the arts

50-52. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Proserpina promised to be as careful as if she were a grown-up. By the time the winged dragons had spun the car out of sight, she was already on the shore, calling to the sea nymphs to come and play with her. They knew Proserpina's voice, and were not long in showing their shining faces and sea-green hair above the water, at the bottom of which was their home. They brought with them many beautiful shells. They sat down on the wet sand where the waves broke over them and busied themselves making a necklace. The nymphs then hung the necklace round Proserpina's neck. In order to show them her gratitude, the child asked them to go with her a little way into the fields, so that they might gather flowers, with which she would make each of her kind playmates a decoration.

50. We can conclude from the passage that Proserpina .....

- A) has never been to the seaside before
- B) is a kind of winged dragon that spins around
- C) lives beneath the surface of the sea
- D) recognizes that adults are more careful than children
- E) has a voice that is especially strange

51. It is clear from the passage that the sea nymphs .....

- A) cannot survive out of the water
- B) have been with Proserpina before
- C) purchased a nice necklace for Proserpina
- D) live next door to where Proserpina lives
- E) earn their living by making jewellery

52. According to the passage, Proserpina .....

- A) gathers flowers whenever she leaves her home
- B) has sea-green hair similar to that of the nymphs
- C) wishes to thank the nymphs for their gift
- D) likes to hang shells and flowers round her neck
- E) is still too young to go out on her own

53-55. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

William Dickson was a Scottish inventor who is credited with the invention of the motion picture camera while employed by Thomas Edison. His Kinetoscope was simple, just a strip of several images passed in front of an illuminated lens and behind a spinning wheel. In fact, Edison saw very little value in the device, but thought it might be used to promote his phonograph. On 7 January 1894, Dickson received a patent for motion picture film. Very shortly afterwards, after much debate with Edison and film colleague Jonathan Campbell, Dickson switched from a 19-mm wide single-sided film to a more stable 35-mm double-sided one. Interestingly, today's standard is still the same 35-mm film that Dickson developed.

53. It is clear from the passage that William Dickson .....

- A) actually preferred 19-mm to 35-mm film
- B) worked for Thomas Edison
- C) helped Thomas Edison invent the phonograph
- D) stole an idea from Thomas Edison
- E) did not see much value in his work

54. We can understand from the passage that, soon after 7 January 1894, .....

- A) Thomas Edison first created his phonograph
- B) the first full-length film was made
- C) there was a discussion about the best size for Dickson's film
- D) the Kinetoscope still had no name
- E) William Dickson first met Jonathan Campbell

55. It is stated in the passage that Dickson's 35-mm film.....

- A) showed a clearer picture than the 19-mm film
- B) was given a patent on 7 January 1894
- C) was opposed by Joseph Campbell
- D) is widely used even today
- E) can only be used in the Kinetoscope type of camera



## DİSRTS

56-60. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın olan seçeneği bulunuz.

56. Diesel fuel is normally a petroleum product, but good quality diesel fuel can be synthesized from vegetable oil and alcohol.

- A) Artificial diesel fuel made from vegetable oil and alcohol is not as good as petroleum-based diesel fuel.
- B) Whereas most diesel fuel is derived from petroleum, alcohol and oil from vegetables can also be used to produce a fine diesel fuel.
- C) It might be possible to make a substitute for petroleum-based diesel fuel by using vegetable oil and alcohol.
- D) There is no difference between natural diesel fuel made from petroleum and the artificial kind made from alcohol and vegetable oil.
- E) Synthesizing diesel fuel from vegetable oil and alcohol is a good way of decreasing dependence on fossil fuels.

57. In spite of feeling confident about her university entrance exams, Meena did very poorly.

- A) Meena should have done better than she actually did on her university entrance exams.
- B) Meena's confidence in her ability to pass her university entrance exams was not justified by her results.
- C) Meena was sure that she would do well when she took her university entrance exams, and indeed her results were quite good.
- D) Meena would have felt more confident about her university entrance exams had she only studied harder.
- E) Meena failed her university entrance exams despite being especially well-prepared.

58. Due to the heavy snow, all buses have been cancelled until further notice.

- A) It could be quite dangerous to run buses in snow this heavy.
- B) If it weren't for the heavy snow, you would notice how much further the bus had to go.
- C) The buses would not have been cancelled if only it had not snowed so much.
- D) If this snow keeps up, there will be an announcement to declare that the buses will no longer run.
- E) Snow has caused the buses to stop running, though there will be an announcement of when they will start up again.

59. You could not have made a very good impression on them.

- A) If I were you, I would try hard to impress them.
- B) Something appears to have made them think you are unsuitable.
- C) It's impossible that the effect you had on them was particularly positive.
- D) You should have tried harder to make them think well of you.
- E) You seem to have impressed them very unfavourably.

60. The pastries in the kitchen are for Simon's visitors, so you are not to eat any of them.

- A) The pastries in the kitchen may not be sufficient for Simon's guests, so don't touch any of them.
- B) You'll have to wait until Simon's guests have arrived if you want to eat some of the pastries in the kitchen.
- C) You must not eat any of the pastries in the kitchen because they are for Simon's guests.
- D) I can give you some of those pastries in the kitchen if there is any left after Simon's guests have eaten.
- E) I made those pastries in the kitchen because Simon is expecting some guests today.

61-65. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

61. The most beloved emblems of the modern Olympics have a decidedly dark past. The torch relay, which culminates in the ceremonial lighting of the flame at the Olympic Stadium, was a creation of Adolf Hitler, who tried to turn the 1936 Berlin Games into a celebration of his so-called "Third Reich." ..... Today, both are universally recognized as icons of the Olympics, but historians say that neither had much – if anything – to do with the games born centuries ago in Ancient Olympia.

- A) Moreover, it was Hitler's propaganda machine that popularized the Olympics' symbolic interlocking rings
- B) The spectacular performance of African American Jesse Owens was an embarrassment to Hitler's racist philosophy
- C) The original Olympic Games included sports which were much more violent than those of today's games
- D) There is no shortage of competition among cities wanting to host the Olympic Games
- E) Several events in the modern Olympics were also a part of the ancient Olympics

62. "Don't count your chickens before they're hatched," is a well-known saying, forming the main theme in "The Maid and the Pail of Milk". In this story, a girl carries a pail of milk on her head. She dreams about the eggs she will buy when she sells the milk. ....; then she will sell the chickens. With the money she has earned, she will buy fine clothes for herself. Thinking about the new clothes, the girl becomes so happy that she merrily tosses her head and spills the milk.

- A) It is early in the morning
- B) She is very fond of scrambled eggs
- C) This method is called barter
- D) She has a lot of milk
- E) The eggs will hatch

63. Cognitive psychology applies to the study of thinking, concept formation, and problem solving. Work in this field has in recent years been much influenced and aided by the use of computers. Computers are used to present problems and tasks to subjects as well as to model the thinking and problem-solving processes. .... For example, such expressions as short-term memory and long-term memory parallel the two types of memory that are available on computers.

- A) Cognitive psychology was first brought to prominence by Donald Broadbent's 1958 book, *Perception and Communication*
- B) The impact of computers on cognitive psychology is also evident in the theories used to describe human thought
- C) Unlike Freudian psychology, cognitive psychology rejects introspection as a valid means of investigation
- D) The ways in which human memory works are even now only beginning to be understood
- E) In fact, computers have affected modern life in so many ways that it is hard to imagine life without them

64. Henri de Toulouse-Lautrec's circle in Paris included some of the most famous artists of his day: Van Gogh, Pissaro, Gauguin, Manet and Degas. .... Although condemned for their "orgies of clashing colour", they were praised for their "coarse vitality". Always eager for recognition, Toulouse-Lautrec was delighted when he was given a commission to paint a poster for the Moulin Rouge Night Club. Poster art, with its few deft lines extended to convey a wealth of emotion, proved a natural medium for him.

- A) Many immortal painters lived in Paris during the late 19th century
- B) As he neared the age of 30, his behaviour became increasingly erratic
- C) A fall from a horse when he was a child had stunted his growth
- D) Along with success came personal misery
- E) Gradually his own paintings began to gain popularity

65. By international standards, and certainly by African ones, South Africa is not poor. It is a middle-income country. However, the "middle-income" description disguises extremes of wealth and poverty that are rivalled only in Brazil. South Africa is really both a first-world and a third-world country, the rich part mostly white, the poor part mostly black. ....

- A) Many white South Africans are now emigrating
- B) Nelson Mandela, who spent 27 years in prison, led the fight against white domination
- C) The government, quite properly, wants to reduce this difference, and it is in a hurry
- D) In fact the white Afrikaners have been in South Africa longer than most of the black South Africans
- E) Education is a top priority for the government of South Africa

66-70. sorularda, verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

66. Your friend asks you for some help with his homework, but you're on your way to an exam and haven't got any time. Of course you'd like to help him, but can't afford to be late as your professor is very strict about punctuality. So, you apologise to your friend and offer:

- A) No problem, I'll skip my exam. So what's the problem?
- B) I'm sorry, I can't help you now, but I'll call you after my exam.
- C) I always do my work on my own. I don't understand your problem.
- D) It's your homework, so I think you should do it yourself.
- E) If you'd asked me before, I'd have gladly given you a hand.

67. You're a doctor. You've just diagnosed a patient with an incurable disease and see him coming towards you to ask how the tests went. You don't want to upset him, but you know you've got an obligation to tell him the truth, so when he asks you about himself, you begin by saying:

- A) Have you written a will? If not, you can use my lawyer.
- B) Sit down. I've got some important things to tell you.
- C) Don't worry about it. Everything's going to be all right.
- D) If you only had one year to live, what would you do?
- E) I can't believe you've waited so long with these pains.

68. A co-worker has just been promoted to a position that you thought you deserved. You don't want him to know how you feel about this situation, since he has just become your manager and you want to keep your job. In the circumstances, you feel it is necessary to tell a white lie, so when you see him in the company cafeteria the next day, you say, insincerely:

- A) Good luck! I hope you do well in your new position, but don't count on my help.
- B) You know it should have been me that got promoted, but congratulations anyway.
- C) Well, I suppose we'll be able to work together, even though I'm very disappointed.
- D) Congratulations on your promotion! And I wish you success in your new position.
- E) Good work, mate! I guess now we all know who's been flattering the big boss.

69. You're sitting in class writing an exam and start to feel very ill. You hope that a short time out of the classroom will make you feel better. You don't want to cause a problem but think that you're about to be sick, so you get the teacher's attention and ask her:

- A) If you don't let me go, I'll have to lie down here on the desk.
- B) Could I be excused for a moment? I'm not feeling well.
- C) Can you make an exception for me and let me answer the questions at home?
- D) Will you inform the headmaster and tell him to call for an ambulance, please?
- E) I don't feel like taking this exam at the moment. Can I take it another time?

70. You're visiting a friend and just as you're about to leave, it starts raining very heavily. It's quite a long walk to the bus stop, and you don't want to get all wet since it's quite cold and you don't want to get ill. Unfortunately, you're not prepared for this weather, as it was sunny when you left your flat. To keep yourself dry without inconveniencing your friend too much, you ask:

- A) Why don't you drive me home? It'll take less than an hour.
- B) I'm afraid I'll get soaked and end up sick in bed with flu.
- C) Did you know that it was going to rain like this? I myself didn't.
- D) Would you happen to have an umbrella I could borrow?
- E) Would you mind walking with me to the bus station?

71-75. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

71. Mina:  
- Where do you think you're going?

Tim:  
- Out to play football with some friends.

Mina:  
- .....

Tim:  
- Not yet, but I've done more than half, and I can finish when I come back.

- A) Have you finished your homework?
- B) Can you do some shopping for me while you're out?
- C) How about finishing your homework first, young man?
- D) Isn't it too dark to play football?
- E) Don't you think it's about time you got more serious about life?

72. Martina:  
- Are you going to make a cake for Mary's birthday?

Carlos:  
- I thought we could just buy one as it'll be so much easier.

Martina:  
- .....

Carlos:  
- That's true, I guess. Let me check to see if I've got all the ingredients.

- A) The bakery down the street's got some good ones.
- B) Don't forget to buy candles as well.
- C) I think she'd prefer a cake from a bakery anyway.
- D) Your cakes tend to turn out a bit nasty anyway.
- E) But she loves your cakes so much!

**DISCUSSIONS**

73. Mother:  
- Dave! What are you doing here?

Dave:  
- Cathy and I had a fight. Can I stay here for a few days?

Mother:  
- .....

Dave:  
- Thanks, Mum. I knew you would understand.

- A) I'm sure it was all your fault, as usual.
- B) I don't know why a nice girl like that married you.
- C) I told you that you shouldn't have married her.
- D) Of course. I'm sure things will look better in the morning.
- E) I understand how difficult a time you two are having these days.

74. Kevin:  
- I think I'll have a full English breakfast.

Molly:  
- .....

Kevin:  
- Hmm, you're right. Maybe I should just have some yoghurt and fruit.

Molly:  
- It'd certainly be better for your waistline.

- A) Have you got any idea how many calories are in that?
- B) Somerset Maugham said breakfast was England's best meal, and that it should be served three times a day.
- C) Maybe I'll join you. English breakfasts are great.
- D) How would you like your eggs, fried or scrambled?
- E) I wonder why they serve English breakfast at so many hotels.

75. Passenger:  
- About how much is it to the centre of town?

Taxi driver:  
- I don't know, but I'll use the meter.

Passenger:  
- .....

Taxi driver:  
- Well, I can estimate, but it might be a little more or less.

- A) You don't look honest, so I think I will take another taxi.
- B) In that case, I think I'd be better off taking the bus.
- C) Do you think we can ask someone else?
- D) How do I know I can trust your meter?
- E) I'm not sure if I've got enough money, so I need to know.

76-80. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

76. (I) Zoroastrianism is considered by some to be the world's first monotheistic religion, and had a profound influence on Judaism, Christianity, and Islam. (II) The faith was founded in about 600 BC by the Persian prophet Zarathustra, who believed he had seen visions of the Supreme God, whom he called Ahura Mazda. (III) There is a Zoroastrian community in India called the Parsis, with approximately 70,000 adherents. (IV) Furthermore, this being was supposedly opposed by Angra Mainyu, an evil spirit of darkness, violence, and death. (V) Unlike the later monotheistic faiths, however, this evil being was equally as powerful as the good one.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

77. (I) The late Johnny Cash was a preeminent symbol of country music in America. (II) Cash's popularity wavered somewhat in the 1960s, largely because of personal problems, especially his drug dependency. (III) He was also Scots-Irish, and a product of the Southern rural culture where that music was born. (IV) James Webb, author of the book *Born Fighting*, points out that this is the culture from which country music came. (V) He adds, however, that "it is a uniquely American phenomenon now."

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

78. (I) In Bernardo Bertolucci's 1998 film *Besieged*, Shandurai, whose husband has been jailed by an African dictator, goes into exile in Italy, studying medicine and keeping house for Mr. Kinsky, an eccentric English pianist and composer. (II) She lives in one room of his Roman palazzo, where he besieges her with flowers, gifts, and music, declaring passionately that he loves her, that he would go to Africa with her, that he would do anything for her. (III) "What do you know of Africa?" she asks, and then – in anguish – shouts, "Get my husband out of jail!" (IV) The rest of the film plays out the implications of this scene, finally leaving Shandurai with a difficult choice. (V) Yet it is his film *The Last Emperor*, which walked away with nine Academy Awards, that Bertolucci is particularly known for.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

79. (I) Queen Victoria's first prime minister was the Liberal Lord Melbourne, who took great pains to further Victoria's political education. (II) Queen Victoria and her husband Albert were one of the most happily married couples of the British royal family. (III) They had nine children, whose marriages the Queen arranged herself. (IV) Her eldest daughter became the empress of Germany and the mother of William II, and a granddaughter was the last empress of Russia. (V) By the end of the 19th century, Victoria had so many royal relatives that she was called the "grandmother of all Europe".

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

80. (I) The Beka'a Valley in Lebanon was long known as a fertile region for drugs and militias. (II) Lebanon's recovery from sixteen years of civil war began as the country's private armies and the PLO began to surrender their weapons in 1991. (III) But today the valley is a showcase for Lebanon's thriving wine industry. (IV) This year's grapes hang heavy on the vine in the valley, confirming what winemakers in the region like to say: "There are no bad years – only good years and better years." (V) That's because this valley has the perfect weather conditions for growing grapes and making wine.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

## PRACTICE EXAM 24

1-8. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. The manager is ..... in some negotiations now, so he won't be able to see you until later this afternoon.

- A) struggled                      B) engaged  
C) resembled                     D) provided  
E) partitioned

2. Honeysuckle is not only a beautiful plant to look at, but it also gives off a/an ..... smell.

- A) persuasive                    B) insulting  
C) fragrant                        D) overgrown  
E) fainting

3. .... the car looks fine, but if you look under the bonnet, you will see that it is in poor condition.

- A) Reluctantly                    B) Scarcely  
C) Insistently                    D) Readily  
E) Externally

4. Our boss is very mean, so he made a smaller ..... to the New Year's Party fund than any of his workers did.

- A) foundation                    B) manner  
C) contribution                   D) inheritance  
E) participant

5. Ian was ..... by a false advertisement for a bank on the Internet, and he wound up losing a lot of money.

- A) broken into                    B) taken in  
C) showed off                    D) cleared away  
E) seen out

6. By the time Simone ..... to apply for the job, it ..... already ..... to someone else.

- A) decided / had...been offered  
B) will decide / has...been offered  
C) had decided / would...have offered  
D) decides / will...be offering  
E) has decided / was...offered

7. Dominic ..... to Mexico City many times, as he ..... by the place on his first trip there.

- A) will have returned / is amazed  
B) returned / has been amazed  
C) returns / will have been amazed  
D) had returned / would be amazed  
E) has returned / was amazed

8. It's a good thing that I ..... a smoke alarm, or the house ..... down.

- A) install / has burned  
B) installed / will have burned  
C) had installed / would have burned  
D) will install / burned  
E) would have installed / had burned

9-15. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

9. Bora is probably ready ..... his driving test now, but ..... no account is he to take it before we are sure.

- A) across / for                    B) against / by  
C) with / from                    D) for / on  
E) to / in

10. Justin insisted ..... vain ..... a guarantee for the second-hand refrigerator.

- A) in / on                      B) on / to  
C) upon / for                 D) by / with  
E) with / of

11. .... the time of year, the temperature in Singapore has never dropped below 18°C.

- A) Owing to                    B) Regardless of  
C) However                    D) Despite  
E) In addition to

12. He has been busy most weekends ..... he started voluntary work for the hospital radio station.

- A) since                        B) until  
C) if                              D) as if  
E) unless

13. .... a renewed interest in 1980s music, all of the albums in this shop from that decade have been sold.

- A) In order that  
B) Apart from  
C) Seeing that  
D) As a result of  
E) In addition to

14. I don't dislike doing any housework ..... I do ironing and cleaning the windows.

- A) as far as                    B) no matter  
C) wherever                    D) in order that  
E) as much as

15. Although she doesn't play it professionally ....., Serena still enjoys a game of basketball.

- A) furthermore              B) itself  
C) no more                    D) any longer  
E) her own

16-20. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

A bank clerk in Italy hadn't noticed anything wrong (16) ..... she saw that 800 euros were missing (17) ..... her cash drawer. She could remember (18) ..... having been robbed ..... having lost the money. It turned out that she had been the latest (19) ..... of a hypnotist robber who had stolen money from a number of banks. Apparently, he tells bank staff (20) ..... into his eyes, and then that is the last thing they remember.

16.

- A) until                         B) once  
C) in case                      D) only if  
E) as

17.

- A) at                             B) from  
C) out                            D) into  
E) without

18.

- A) either...or                 B) the same...as  
C) neither...nor              D) both...and  
E) whether...not

19.

- A) substance                 B) criminal  
C) theft                         D) invasion  
E) victim

20.

- A) to look                      B) being looked  
C) look                         D) looking  
E) to be looked



21-28. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

21. Since Maria was temporarily unable to walk in the overcrowded hospital last week, .....
- A) the accident that she had been involved in was a terrible one  
 B) she had unexpectedly collapsed at work the week before  
 C) her own home now seems like a peaceful refuge to her  
 D) a great many people have no choice but to use it  
 E) she will not have regained the power to move her legs
22. Scarlett Johansson was going to star in *Napoleon and Betsy*, .....
- A) while the filming of it is going to begin soon  
 B) thus, she has been given the role of Betsy Balcome in it  
 C) which of them is based on an actual historical relationship  
 D) but she was replaced with the actress Emma Watson  
 E) so excited was she to find she had been cast in it
23. .... before his sister called him from the airport in Montreal.
- A) Yusuf has been worrying about her flight  
 B) Tayfun used to be unaware of the different global time zones  
 C) Alper won't have been rung by anyone from abroad  
 D) Serkan had better put a new battery into his mobile phone  
 E) Nihat is certain that her plane is going to touch down
24. ...., we wouldn't have got trapped in the room.
- A) Until the rescue services smashed down the wall  
 B) Not only do we get stuck in the lift  
 C) Even though the windows had been left open  
 D) Once the heavy iron shutters come down  
 E) If the door had a handle on both sides of it
25. In order to get over his failed job interview, .....
- A) Ralph has gone for a long run in the countryside  
 B) that David had expected to pass successfully  
 C) Ethan had unfortunately made a mistake on his form  
 D) the management actually offered Patrick the position  
 E) Scott has decided to wear his best suit to it
26. The chemical factory polluting the rivers that run through the town .....
- A) as the smell of it makes clear  
 B) whose people have become sick  
 C) is currently being investigated  
 D) unless it is forced to shut down  
 E) have improved the local environment

27. ...., whose personal website has been excellently put together.

- A) Apparently, Gonca has a following online
- B) Leyla is an expert in terms of technology
- C) Birol came across İpek's written opinions
- D) We asked Nalan to help us with our computing homework
- E) In the courtyard, I was introduced to Olcay

28. The Brazilian writer Clarice Lispector met the Italian poet Giuseppe Ungaretti in Rome in 1944, .....

- A) when the city had only just been captured by Allied forces
- B) who later translated parts of her novel *Near to the Wild Heart*
- C) in order to respect the work he had written in his lifetime
- D) by the time she has taken her first trip abroad from Brazil
- E) that he had been a professor in a prestigious university

29-34. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

29. As the house had been badly damaged during the fire, we had no other choice but to pull it down and build a new one.

- A) Yangın evi o kadar kötü bir hale getirmişti ki tek çaremiz onu yıkıp yenisini yapmaktı.
- B) Yangının eve verdiği hasarı görünce onu yıkıp yenisini yapmaya karar verdik.
- C) Yangında ev çok fazla hasar gördüğü için onu yıkıp yenisini yapmaktan başka çaremiz yoktu.
- D) Yangından sonra yapabileceğimiz tek şey, evi tamir etmek yerine, yıkıp yenisini yapmaktı.
- E) Yangın sırasında ev o kadar çok hasara uğramıştı ki onu tamir ettirmektense yıkıp yenisini yapmayı tercih ettik.

30. Unfortunately, a great proportion of our people have still not realised the role of tourism in the economic development of the country.

- A) Halkımızın büyük bir bölümü, turizm ile ülkenin ekonomik kalkınması arasındaki ilişkinin, maalesef , farkında değildir.
- B) Neyse ki halkımız, turizmin ülke ekonomisini kalkındırmadaki rolünü nihayet anlamış durumdadır.
- C) Ne yazık ki halkımızın büyük bir kesimi turizmin ülke ekonomisini kalkındırmadaki payını hala kavramış değildir.
- D) Turizmin ülke ekonomisini kalkındırmadaki rolü konusunda en azından halkın bir bölümünün aydınlatılması gerekir.
- E) Maalesef halkımızın çoğu turizmi, ülke ekonomisini kalkındırmada önemli bir etken olarak görmemektedir.

31. A huge crowd gathered in front of the parliament building to protest against the recent rise in prices.

- A) Parlamento binasının önünde toplanan kalabalık, son yapılan zamları protesto ediyordu.
- B) Son yapılan zamları protesto etmek için, parlamento binasının önünde büyük bir kalabalık toplandı.
- C) Son yapılan zamları protesto etmek için parlamento binasının önünde toplanan kalabalık giderek büyüyordu.
- D) Parlamento binasının önünde toplanan kalabalığın amacı, son zamları protesto etmektir.
- E) Son yapılan zamları protesto eden büyük bir kalabalık, parlamento binasına girmek istedi.

32. The highest military authority in NATO is the Military Committee, composed of representatives of the armed forces of member nations.

- A) NATO'ya üye ülkeler Askeri Komite'de, silahlı kuvvetlerinin en yüksek otoriteleri tarafından temsil edilirler.
- B) NATO'nun Askeri Komite'si, üye ülkelerin silahlı kuvvetlerinin en yüksek otoritelerinin katılımıyla oluşur.
- C) NATO içinde en yüksek askeri otorite, üye ülkelerin silahlı kuvvetlerinin temsilcilerinden oluşan Askeri Komite'dir.
- D) NATO'nun en yüksek askeri otoritesi olan Askeri Komite, üye ülkelerin silahlı kuvvetlerinin temsilcilerinden oluşur.
- E) NATO'ya üye ülkelerin silahlı kuvvetleri, en yüksek askeri otorite olan Askeri Komite'de temsil edilirler.

33. The of the popular classic "Lorna Doone" and 13 other adventure-filled novels, R.D. Blackmore was a fruitgrower who led a quiet life.

- A) Popüler klasik "Lorna Doone" dahil on üç tane macera romanı yazan R.D. Blackmore, daha sonra meyve üreticisi olarak sakin bir yaşam sürmüştür.
- B) R.D. Blackmore, sakin bir yaşam süren bir meyve üreticisiyken, popüler klasik "Lorna Doone" dahil on üç macera romanının yazarı olmuştur.
- C) Popüler klasik "Lorna Doone"un yazarı R.D. Blackmore, meyve üreticisi olarak sakin bir yaşam sürmüş, ama on üç macera romanının da yazarı olmuştur.
- D) Popüler klasik "Lorna Doone"un ve on üç tane daha macera romanının yazarı olan R.D. Blackmore, sakin bir yaşam süren bir meyve üreticisiydi.
- E) R.D. Blackmore, sakin bir yaşam süren meyve üreticisi olmasına rağmen, popüler klasik "Lorna Doone"u ve daha on üç tane macera romanı yazmıştır.

34. The historic depth of religious feeling in France is perhaps best reflected by the nation's magnificent cathedrals.

- A) Fransa'da dini duyguların tarihi derinliği, belki de en iyi ülkenin muhteşem katedralleriyle yansıtılmaktadır.
- B) Fransa'da dini duyguların derin tarihi, ülkenin her yerindeki muhteşem katedrallere çok iyi yansıtılmıştır.
- C) Dini duyguların tarihi derinliğinin yansımaları, Fransa'da belki de en iyi muhteşem katedrallerde görülmektedir.
- D) Fransa'nın tarihinde dini duyguların derinliğini en iyi gösteren yapılar, tüm ülkeye yayılmış muhteşem katedrallerdir.
- E) Fransa'daki muhteşem katedraller, belki de ülkenin dini duygularının tarihi derinliğini yansıtmak için yapılmıştır.

35-40. sorularda verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

35. Zeka belirtisi gibi görünen hayvan aktivitelerinin çoğu sadece içgüdüselidir.

- A) Many types of animal behaviour which were thought to be intelligent are simply instinctive.
- B) A lot of instinctive behaviour by animals can be confused with intelligence.
- C) Many animals that appear to be intelligent actually live purely by their instinct.
- D) Most animal activities that appear to indicate intelligence are simply instinctive.
- E) Although people consider some animals to be intelligent, most of their activities are purely instinctive.

36. Bazı Afrika ülkelerinde okur-yazarlık girişimlerine büyük öncelik tanınıyor ve ulusal bütçeden eğitime, askeri harcamalara olduğundan daha fazla ödenek ayrılıyor.

- A) The African countries which give priority to educational ventures use almost as much money to improve literacy as they do for military expenditures.
- B) Some African countries, where literacy levels are low, allot a bigger share from their budgets to education than they do to military expenditures.
- C) In some African countries, literacy drives are given a high priority, and more money is allotted from the national budget to education than to military expenditures.
- D) Efforts to increase literacy are given a high priority in some African countries, so national budgets allot more money to education than to military expenditures.
- E) In some African countries, education is regarded as more important than the military, and literacy drives are funded generously by the national budget.

37. Heykel, kil ya da plastik gibi maddelerin üç boyutlu sanat nesnelere dönüştürüldüğü bir estetik ifade biçimidir.

- A) Sculpture is a form of aesthetic expression in which materials such as clay or plastic are worked into three-dimensional art objects.
- B) When materials such as clay or plastic are worked into three dimensional art objects, this form of aesthetic expression is called sculpture.
- C) To produce three-dimensional art objects, materials like clay and plastic are used in sculpture, which is a form of aesthetic expression.
- D) In sculpture, a form of aesthetic expression, the most suitable materials that can be worked into three-dimensional art objects are clay and plastic.
- E) In sculpture, which is an aesthetic expression, materials like clay or plastic are worked into three-dimensional art objects.

38. Stephen Lawrence Lowry, üslubundaki sadeliğin kendisine dünya çapında ün kazandırdığı bir ressamdı.

- A) Stephen Lawrence Lowry, whose style reflected simplicity, was a world famous artist.
- B) Stephen Lawrence Lowry became a world famous artist through his simple style.
- C) The artist Stephen Lawrence Lowry gained worldwide fame when his simple style was appreciated.
- D) It was the simplicity in his style that brought Stephen Lawrence Lowry worldwide fame as an artist.
- E) Stephen Lawrence Lowry was an artist whose simplicity in style gained him worldwide fame.

39. Samuel Butler, yazar olmasının yanı sıra müzisyen ve ressamdı da, ama o en çok romanlarıyla anılır.

- A) Because he was also a musician and painter, Samuel Butler is the best remembered of all novelists.
- B) Best remembered for his novels, Samuel Butler also wrote music and painted portraits.
- C) Being a musician and painter as well as a writer, Samuel Butler is not only remembered for his novels.
- D) Samuel Butler was a musician and painter as well as a writer, but he is best remembered for his novels.
- E) Although Samuel Butler was a musician, painter and writer, his novels are better known than his music or paintings.

40. Kumaşın üretiliş yöntemine bağlı olarak yün, ince bir gece elbisesine ya da kalın bir paltoya dönüştürülebilir.

- A) This process can be used to make thick woollen material for use in making overcoats or fine material used in evening dress manufacture.
- B) Wool can be used for diverse garments, from fine evening dresses to heavy overcoats, depending on how the material is manufactured.
- C) In addition to thick woollen materials, from which overcoats are made, processes are now available to make woollen cloth fine enough for evening dresses.
- D) Depending on the cloth's manufacturing process, wool can be made into fine evening dresses or heavy overcoats.
- E) With today's manufacturing processes, a wide variety of woollen materials can be made suitable for anything, from overcoats to evening dresses.

41-43. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

One US motor company's researchers are working on a windshield that combines lasers, sensors, and a camera to enhance the road for aging drivers. For example, in the fog, a laser projects a blue line onto the windshield that follows the edge of the road. Or if the sensors detect a person or animal on the road during a night drive, its outline is highlighted. The elderly population in the US will nearly double in about 20 years, so more people will be struggling to see the road as well as they used to. Cynthia Owsley, a professor who specializes in sight, feels that this change has enormous implications for road safety in the US, and she has helped with the windshield's design. Its designer said that he had a bit of a struggle getting skeptics to see how helpful it could be.

41. It is implied in the passage that the new windshield .....

- A) was the idea of Cynthia Owsley
- B) was not readily accepted as useful by everyone
- C) is not particularly useful
- D) is currently part of Cynthia Owsley's vehicle
- E) will be in most cars within two decades

42. It is understood from the passage that Cynthia Owsley .....

- A) has been involved in accidents on roads in the US
- B) was originally skeptical about the new windshield
- C) is concerned about the future increase in old drivers
- D) will soon become an elderly person herself
- E) came up with the idea for the laser that makes a blue line

43. We learn from the passage that the new windshield .....

- A) has led to a lower number of road accidents
- B) has been used on the road by Cynthia Owsley
- C) will assist drivers in conditions of poor visibility
- D) does not do anything in normal daylight conditions
- E) is very difficult to get used to

**44-46. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

Caspar David Friedrich was a 19th-century German painter. His *Wanderer above the Sea of Fog* (1818) has been described as suggesting at once human mastery over a landscape and the insignificance of the individual within it. The face of the figure in it is turned away from the viewer, so it's impossible to know whether he is exhilarated, terrified, or both. Although Friedrich had been successful for some of his life, at his death in 1840, he was a poor and obscure figure. His work was later reevaluated and was seen to fit with modern ideas. The writer Samuel Beckett said that seeing one of Friedrich's works led him to write his masterpiece *Waiting for Godot*. Today, Friedrich's reputation is well established.

**44. We learn from the passage that *Waiting for Godot* .....**

- A) greatly altered the view of the work of Caspar David Friedrich
- B) concerns the troubled life of Caspar David Friedrich
- C) contains a character called Caspar David Friedrich
- D) was inspired by a piece of art by Caspar David Friedrich
- E) is the work with which Samuel Beckett first attained fame

**45. It is understood from the passage that Caspar David Friedrich .....**

- A) became highly emotional when painting
- B) showed one of his works to Samuel Beckett
- C) has been admired ever since his death
- D) did not have a good opinion of people
- E) had fallen out of favour when he died

**46. It is understood from the passage that the figure in *Wanderer above the Sea of Fog* is .....**

- A) experiencing a number of very different emotions
- B) not directly facing the viewer of the painting
- C) a person of below average height
- D) the owner of the area that he is looking at
- E) someone that Samuel Beckett personally identified with

**47-49. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

According to an old legend, Tbilisi, the capital of Georgia, was still covered by forests in the 5th century AD. The legend states that King Vakhtang I went hunting there. His falcon caught a pheasant, after which both birds fell into a hot spring. Vakhtang was impressed with the hot springs, so he decided to cut down the forest and build a city there. Archaeology has revealed that the area of Tbilisi was settled as early as the 4th millennium BC. In the 4th century AD, a fortress had been built there. King Vakhtang I later built a city around this. After his death, his son, Dachi I, finished the construction of its walls and, in accordance with his father's wish, the kingdom's capital was moved there from Mtskheta, which was less easily defensible.

**47. It is implied in the passage that Tbilisi .....**

- A) is the place where Vakhtang I died
- B) has not ever been captured by foreign forces
- C) was eventually destroyed by Vakhtang I
- D) is in an area that in fact never had forests
- E) had a military role prior to King Vakhtang I

**48. It is clear from the passage that the old legend about Tbilisi's founding .....**

- A) is not factually correct
- B) was created by Dachi I
- C) began in the 5th century AD
- D) used to be believed by archaeologists
- E) is disliked in Mtskheta

**49. It is understood from the passage that Vakhtang I .....**

- A) never actually went hunting
- B) was only a mythological figure
- C) ruled from the city of Mtskheta
- D) created the legend of Tbilisi's founding
- E) frequently visited Tbilisi's hot springs

50-52. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

In Britain, mobile Internet use is growing fast while the rise in the number of people going online through regular computers is slowing. On the whole, mobile Internet users are younger and search for different things. The fact that weather, news, and e-mail sites make up the majority of leading mobile sites shows that the mobile Internet is at present still mainly just about obtaining necessary pieces of information speedily. There are several factors behind the dramatic rise in the number of mobile phone Internet users. The most important are operators which now offer fixed prices for Internet use and mobile phones which offer better Internet access. What is more, such phones are expected to become more common in the near future.

50. It is implied in the passage that computer Internet users in Britain .....

- A) do not have any real interest in how the weather is
- B) pay the same amount for the Internet as mobile phone Internet users do
- C) spend more time online at a time than mobile phone Internet users do
- D) send far fewer e-mails than mobile phone Internet users do
- E) no longer include a large number of young people

51. It is clear from the passage that, in Britain, more .....

- A) people are connecting to the Internet with their mobile phones
- B) computers are causing Internet access to be slower
- C) people use the Internet through mobile phones than through computers
- D) sites have been designed to be accessible only to mobile phone users
- E) young people read Internet weather forecasts than ever before

52. It can be concluded from the passage that mobile Internet use is .....

- A) possible with every kind of mobile phone
- B) not likely to ever interest older people
- C) something that mobile phone operators are in favour of
- D) already starting to grow less quickly
- E) more important to young people in Britain than to those of elsewhere

53-55. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

The inner ear is responsible for balance in humans. It tells the brain whether we are moving. When the eyes simultaneously tell it that we are not, motion sickness occurs. For instance, inside a moving ship, the body is being rocked, but, as the passenger moves with the vessel, what he or she sees remains stable. In response, the brain makes the person feel ill. There are several ways to lessen motion sickness' effects. Gazing at the horizon helps, as it gives visual confirmation of movement. On a long journey, many people who get motion sickness adapt and feel fine after three or four days. Interestingly, many drugs that are effective for normal sickness have no effect on motion sickness.

53. As can be concluded from the passage, motion sickness .....

- A) cannot be stopped or prevented
- B) is rather different than normal sickness
- C) occurs only when one is at sea
- D) causes a person's ears to hurt
- E) is responsible for many shipwrecks

54. It is understood from the passage that motion sickness is caused .....

- A) only to people who have never been on a lengthy voyage
- B) whenever the inner ear tells the brain that a person is moving
- C) by a process that scientists have not yet discovered
- D) by the brain being moved around through motion
- E) when the brain gets contradictory messages from the inner ear and eyes

55. It is implied in the passage that motion sickness .....

- A) is made worse by the taking of medication for normal sickness
- B) can be stopped only by staring at the horizon
- C) can be adapted to in less than a week
- D) is worse in people who are blind
- E) can be cured by drugs that cause normal sickness



**56-60. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın olan seçeneği bulunuz.**

**56. Jessica thanked Shona for looking after her daughter during the interview.**

- A) Shona was thankful to Jessica, who had watched her daughter for her during the interview.
- B) Jessica expressed her thanks to Shona as she looked after her daughter while she was having an interview.
- C) Thankfully, Jessica was able to look after Shona's daughter during the interview.
- D) During the interview, Jessica's daughter was looked after by Shona, for which Jessica would be grateful forever.
- E) Shona volunteered to look after Jessica's daughter during the interview.

**57. Many people couldn't understand why they had placed him in a hospital for the mentally ill instead of putting him on trial for murder.**

- A) Even though he was definitely guilty of murder, they put him in a mental hospital for treatment because he was also mad.
- B) Nobody was surprised that he was mentally ill, but most people thought that he should have been sent to prison anyway.
- C) It surprised a lot of people that they put him into a mental hospital and did not try him for murder in the law courts.
- D) I didn't consider it fair that he received hospital treatment for his mental illness instead of going to prison for his crime.
- E) Despite being mentally ill, he was tried for murder in a court of law instead of receiving hospital treatment for his condition.

**58. My professor says that determination is a more beneficial personal quality than intelligence.**

- A) My professor believes that intelligent people will only be successful if they are also determined.

B) My professor believes intelligence only leads to excellence if it is matched by an equal amount of personal determination.

C) My professor says that one needs a lot of determination to succeed if one is not exceptionally intelligent.

D) My professor believes people can succeed even if they are not that intelligent but can't if they are not sufficiently determined.

E) It is my professor's belief that, of the two personal characteristics, determination and intelligence, the former is more useful.

**59. There are hardly any football managers who do not get fired after a year or two.**

- A) A few football managers have lost their jobs in the last couple of years.
- B) Not too many football managers get fired if they work hard.
- C) Football managers never last more than two years in the same club.
- D) If a football manager lasts more than one or two years, it's certain that he has been working hard.
- E) Almost all football managers lose their jobs within two years.

**60. In spite of the many difficulties and inconveniences of the journey, he found the experience so rewarding that he would do it again without any hesitation.**

- A) It was an extremely difficult trip, but he could easily be persuaded to repeat it as there were so many positive aspects to the experience.
- B) Because he had suffered a lot on the previous trip, he did not hesitate to turn down the reward he was offered to repeat the journey.
- C) Nothing could ever persuade him to go through the misery of that journey again since he had had to face so many difficulties.
- D) He was hoping to repeat the journey, believing that he would benefit from the experience he had had on the previous one.
- E) He was already planning the next journey in spite of all the problems he had experienced on the previous one.

61-65. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

61. *Elephant Walk* is a 1954 film. It was originally intended to have as its main stars the husband-and-wife team of Laurence Olivier and Vivien Leigh. .... Leigh was enthusiastic about continuing with her role despite his absence, but she was forced to withdraw from production shortly after filming began due to ill health. The two most important parts thus wound up being played by Elizabeth Taylor and Dana Andrews.

- A) Olivier was at first reluctant to take on this part
- B) However, the former was already committed to a different project
- C) It was based on a novel, but the author of it had nothing to do with the filming of it
- D) Initially, a director couldn't be found for this movie
- E) We know today, though, that the finished film is a true classic

62. The Massey Lectures are a yearly event in Canada in which a noted figure gives a week-long series of lectures on a political, cultural, or philosophical topic. .... That one was given at the University of Toronto. Then, it was made into a truly public event by having each of the five annually delivered and broadcast in different parts of the city.

- A) For instance, Martin Luther King, Jr. had his viewpoint broadcast on four consecutive days
- B) They were begun in 1961 in honour of Vincent Massey, the Governor General of Canada
- C) The lectures haven't always gone on for a full week
- D) Until 2002, all but one lecture was recorded in a radio studio in Toronto
- E) There were no lectures in 1996 because Robert Theobald could not agree on what was suitable for it

63. Three fried-egg sandwiches with cheese, three chocolate-chip pancakes, a five-egg omelette, three sugar-coated slices of French toast and a bowl of grits, and two cups of coffee may sound like an incredibly unhealthy breakfast. .... Nevertheless, Michael Phelps, who starts the day with this meal, cannot be classed as such a person, as he has won more Olympic medals than any other athlete in history.

- A) On the other hand, skipping breakfast is not recommended at all
- B) And for most normal people it is the case that it certainly would be
- C) Sportspeople, of course, have to eat far more than the rest of us
- D) The high level of fat and sugar in it is harmful to the human body
- E) Of course, though, it depends how unfit the person is who eats it

64. The term "Cockneyism" has been applied to the writing or the qualities of the writing of the 19th-century English writers John Keats, Percy Bysshe Shelley, William Hazlitt, and Leigh Hunt. .... This was especially true for the Scottish writer John Lockhart, as he looked down on them. The term was in reference to the fact that these writers lived in, or were natives of, London.

- A) It was used in a negative sense by a number of their contemporaries
- B) They were not always as well-regarded in their time as they are today
- C) Some other writers of the time were also defined by which part of Britain they came from
- D) There were writers from outside this group that also wanted to join it
- E) That doesn't mean their work was regarded as being equally good

65. People who sleep on their sides are less likely to snore. .... . To prevent this from happening, a ball can be stitched into the top of whatever upper item of clothing they wear to bed.

- A) That is why so many potential cures for snoring have been proposed over the years
- B) Yet there are a number of other "standard" sleeping positions as well
- C) But still, even if they go to sleep in this position, they may move onto their backs anyway
- D) Snoring is only rarely a sign of a more serious problem
- E) Most of the members of my family have been proven to be people of this sort

66-70. sorularda, verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

66. You and a friend are at a swimming pool. You have got out of the water in order to sunbathe and your friend looks in the pocket of his trousers and finds his credit card is not there. He is about to accuse the only other person at the pool of being a thief, but you have not seen him use his credit card today, and you do not want him to make a possibly false accusation, so you ask him:

- A) How are you sure that he, and not someone else, stole it?
- B) I wonder where that person has hidden the credit card he stole from you?
- C) Why are you so distrustful of the honest people around you?
- D) Are you absolutely certain that you brought it with you here?
- E) Why don't you get your credit card out when you're with me?

67. You have been sitting in a café with a friend for a couple of hours. Then, another person walks in whom your friend knows. They look as if they have a lot to talk about, but they clearly do not want to speak in front of you. Appreciating this, and wanting them to be relaxed, you say to them:

- A) Why don't you just leave us be?
- B) What are the pair of you hiding from me?
- C) I'll leave you two alone to catch up with each other.
- D) I think that my friend is a good conversationalist, too.
- E) This place is a really comfortable place for a chat, isn't it?

68. Your father has been given antibiotics for an illness. He needs to take a single pill every 24 hours, but it is important that it is at the same time. He is worried because he thinks he will forget to take it at that time. Thinking of a way to easily solve his problem, you say to him:

- A) You'll just have to try harder to remember, won't you?
- B) Why don't you set an alarm clock to go off every day?
- C) Couldn't you just take them all now while you're thinking about it?
- D) If you take the pill today at eight o'clock, you need to take tomorrow's at eight o'clock, too, okay?
- E) 24 hours is easy to remember, as it is exactly the length of a day, isn't it?

69. Your brother is doing a crossword and has only one more clue to fill in. He has been sitting there trying to work it out for over half an hour. You have taken a quick look and know what the answer is. You know he will not like it if you tell him the answer, but you want to help him. Thinking of a possible way to do so without annoying him, you ask:

- A) These puzzles are not as good as sudoku ones, are they?
- B) How come you don't know what the answer is?
- C) Would you like me to give you a hint?
- D) How long are you going to keep doing that?
- E) Does it bother you if I tell you the word you need is "incandescent"?

70. You have a job in a supermarket. You spent most of the day yesterday playing football and your legs are tired. Your supervisor wants you to put items on the shelves today. You are happy to work, and you would be fine with his request but for your legs, so you say:

- A) I think they already have enough items on them.
- B) Do you mind if I take the rest of the day off?
- C) Have you ever injured your legs in a football game?
- D) I wish I hadn't spent so much time playing football yesterday.
- E) Is it possible for me to be on the checkout instead?

71-75. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

71. Susan:  
- Are you going to Jill's party?

Corinna:  
- .....

Susan:  
- Oh no, maybe I shouldn't have said anything.

Corinna:  
- That's no problem. We don't get along anyway.

- A) I didn't know she was having one.
- B) I don't think so. It is on the same night as my parents' 25th anniversary.
- C) She invited me, but I don't really like her friends.
- D) I think so, unless something more interesting comes along.
- E) I was planning to. What do you think I should take?

72. Mel:  
- Can you recommend a good hotel in London?

Dave:  
- .....

Mel:  
- That would be fantastic. Are you sure you don't mind?

Dave:  
- Of course not. We'll enjoy the company.

- A) I know of a little bed and breakfast that is not too expensive.
- B) I don't think so. They are all over-priced.
- C) It's a shame you can't stay with us, but our place is too small.
- D) I have a friend who is a travel agent. I'll get him to ring you.
- E) Hotels are so expensive. Why don't you stay with us?

73. Mabel:

- We'd better leave soon.

Sam:

" .....

Mabel:

- We have to check in two hours early and there might be traffic on the way.

Sam:

- Well, I'm not leaving for another hour because I hate sitting around in the airport waiting lounge.

- A) That's right; we wouldn't want to miss the beginning of the play.
- B) When is the plane scheduled to take off?
- C) You go ahead; I've decided to stay here.
- D) But it's four hours till the plane takes off.
- E) If we don't, we'll miss the plane.

74. Tony:

- What happened to you last night? We were expecting you.

Phil:

- Just as I was about to leave, my mother phoned to say my dad was ill.

Tony:

" .....

Phil:

- Apparently not, but they've been keeping him at the hospital for observation.

- A) You should have phoned to let us know.
- B) I hope it was nothing serious.
- C) That must have been very worrying.
- D) My dad was ill just last month.
- E) I'd forgotten about your dad's heart condition.

75. Cherie:

- I see your brother at your house very often.

Janine:

- Oh, he lives here. He moved back home after his marriage broke up.

Cherie:

" .....

Janine:

- Oh, they'd never say anything, but they feel that, at his age, he should be more independent.

- A) That must be really depressing for him.
- B) How do your parents feel about it?
- C) I've heard more and more people are doing that.
- D) Did his wife get custody of the children?
- E) Would he mind if I came over to see him?

76-80. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

76. (I) A lot of people seem to think the German Autobahn motorway system was designed by Adolf Hitler and/or his Third Reich cabinet. (II) This, however, is simply not true. (III) In fact, it was designed two decades before Hitler came to power. (IV) And the actual building and implementation of the system happened one year before the Nazi leader took control. (V) Thus, the people who think that Hitler started the plans for the Autobahn after assuming power in 1933 are, in actual fact, correct.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

77. (I) As late as the 17th century, the word "apple" was a generic term for all fruit other than berries and including nuts. (II) Nowhere in the Bible is the fruit eaten by Adam and Eve referred to as an apple. (III) Instead, it is simply called "the fruit of the tree". (IV) So how is it that so many people came to think this generic fruit was in fact an apple? (V) This happened due to a word likeness in the Latin version of the Bible, with the Latin for "bad" being *malus* and the Latin for "apple tree" also being *malus*.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

78. (I) We commonly learn that our tongues are divided into clear areas that taste salty, sweet, bitter, and sour. (II) While this is true to some extent, the full truth is rather more complex. (III) Thus, there is a fifth type of taste that has been established, and it is called umami. (IV) For one thing, every individual's exact taste bud areas are unique, so each tongue is different. (V) Furthermore, every area of the tongue can taste every sort of flavor to a greater or lesser extent.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

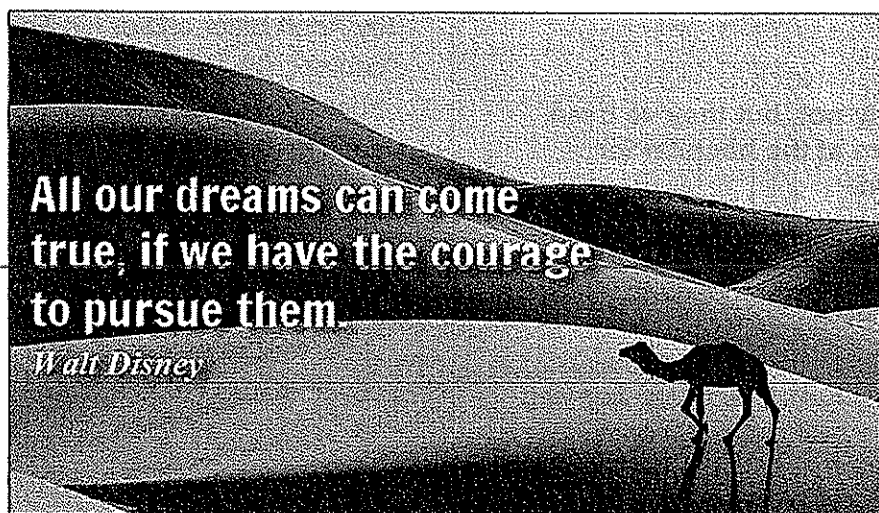
79. (I) Frans Blom was a Danish archaeologist and explorer. (II) He spent much of his life in the jungles of the Mexican state of Chiapas. (III) His explorations there led to the discovery of several long-lost cities. (IV) They have been attributed to what is known as "the classical period" of Mayan civilization. (V) This era, the classical period of Mayan civilization, came to an end suddenly, but it is unclear why.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

80. (I) The C  bh Heritage Centre is a museum located in C  bh in Ireland. (II) The centrepiece of the museum is the "Queenstown Experience", located at the museum's heart. (III) As a matter of fact, C  bh was named Queenstown until the foundation of the Irish Free State, which occurred in 1922. (IV) Here, visitors can find numerous exhibitions on Irish history in the 18th and 19th centuries. (V) These include displays based on the Great Famine and mass emigration of the 1840s and afterwards, as well as some about how criminals were transported from Ireland to Australia.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

GOOD LUCK



## PRACTICE EXAM 25

1-8. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. Previously ..... texts of classical Greek and Roman literature can now be read thanks to new technology.

- A) uninterested                      B) intelligent  
C) nonexistent                      D) dismissive  
E) illegible

2. Pacific leatherback turtles are under serious threat of extinction as their numbers ..... due to egg poaching and drownings in fishing nets.

- A) persist                              B) contribute  
C) purchase                            D) diminish  
E) compile

3. As there were no empty seats on the bus, the young man ..... offered his seat to the old lady.

- A) mutually                            B) enormously  
C) considerably                      D) accidentally  
E) immensely

4. Saul Bellow earned the ..... of V.S. Pritchett for *Seize the Day*, as the latter liked this book a lot.

- A) praise                                B) expression  
C) sense                                 D) victory  
E) monument

5. You should always ..... traffic jams when travelling across Istanbul, or you'll be late for your appointments.

- A) allow for                            B) break in  
C) put up                                D) look after  
E) get on

6. When I was a student, I ..... the train to school all the time, as we ..... very close to the station at the time.

- A) have taken / used to live  
B) would take / have been living  
C) could take / have lived  
D) took / were living  
E) was taking / had lived

7. Mandy ..... any time off from work so far this summer, so she ..... forward to getting away for a while.

- A) hasn't taken / is looking  
B) won't take / has looked  
C) didn't take / would have looked  
D) isn't taking / looked  
E) doesn't take / was looking

8. Alex ..... the team on the climb, but he ..... down with an illness just before the starting date for it.

- A) had better join / had come  
B) was going to join / came  
C) would have joined / has come  
D) will have joined / comes  
E) should join / is coming

9-15. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

9. Doctors are growing increasingly concerned ..... a contagious and deadly bacterium linked ..... antibiotic use.

- A) beyond / in                        B) with / from  
C) for / at                              D) between / by  
E) about / to

10. Jim Morrison found the name The Doors ..... his rock band ..... the title of Aldous Huxley's book *The Doors of Perception*.

- A) for / in                      B) of / among  
C) to / against                D) under / with  
E) over / at

11. .... buy a flat, Jeff decided to invest his newly-won money into a local business.

- A) In order that                B) Despite  
C) In addition to              D) Instead  
E) Rather than

12. .... Naomi is working on must be top secret, as she isn't allowed to speak to any of her colleagues about it.

- A) Whatever                    B) Anyone  
C) How else                    D) The whole  
E) Which

13. .... the fireworks go, the more people will be able to see them.

- A) The highest                B) So high that  
C) The higher                D) Too high for  
E) As high as

14. A great number of people, many of ..... with their young kids, took part in the peaceful demonstration.

- A) whom                        B) how  
C) anyone                      D) them  
E) that

15. Sandra is planning to move out of her parents' flat; she's looking for one in the same neighbourhood, .....

- A) either                        B) yet  
C) though                      D) already  
E) so

16-20. sorularda aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

Often (16) ..... of elitism, the Zurich Opera put on a single performance of Giuseppe Verdi's *La Traviata* in a train station to connect with a wider audience. (17) ..... performance was watched by hundreds of viewers, rail workers, and passersby (18) ..... trains continued to arrive and depart at the station. It was also shown live on (19) ..... a TV channel and the Internet. The performance was sometimes (20) ..... for explanations, commercials, and even a news break.

16.

- A) accusing                    B) accused  
C) to be accused              D) be accused  
E) to accuse

17.

- A) Each of                      B) All  
C) The whole                  D) Some  
E) Any

18.

- A) unless                        B) besides  
C) during                        D) without  
E) while

19.

- A) whether                      B) either  
C) not only                      D) both  
E) neither

20.

- A) surpassed                  B) overcome  
C) cancelled                    D) undergone  
E) interrupted



**21-28. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.**

**21. Gregory is still wondering .....**

- A) that it lands in the airport in the capital at the most convenient time
- B) how can he keep on attending his German course once he starts work
- C) so it was best not to disturb him for at least another half an hour
- D) did he get the answers to questions 34, 67, and 89 right
- E) why his stand-up comedy routine went so badly with the audience

**22. .... to apologize to the head of the faculty.**

- A) Martin hopes to be able to persuade Justin
- B) Fergus would like to know what
- C) So far, Simon has managed to avoid
- D) As he did nothing wrong, Juan's clearly opposed
- E) Only if Bernard wasn't too arrogant

**23. There was little point in waiting to watch the sunset .....**

- A) so that we could go back to the hotel room for a rest
- B) when there are many indoor activities to take part in
- C) once the afternoon sky had become very overcast
- D) it wouldn't disappear over the horizon for another three hours
- E) since the mountains will prevent us from seeing it

**24. Faith needs a list of Middle English words and their definitions .....**

- A) when she studied under Professor Pynson last semester
- B) as they are less foreign-looking than Old English ones
- C) besides it being spoken in the time of Geoffrey Chaucer
- D) unless she hadn't come across them before
- E) in order to read the book recommended to her

**25. .... as the one I'm going to buy.**

- A) My mobile phone will be better than Diana's as soon
- B) On her holiday, Isabel purchased a beautiful gold necklace
- C) The laptop on Natalie's table isn't so technologically advanced
- D) Esther's set of kitchen utensils contains exactly the same
- E) The advertised camera was described as being functional enough

**26. Even though Keith is about to take a driving test for the 13th time, .....**

- A) it was almost certain to be a waste of time
- B) the following one didn't go so well, either
- C) there have been a number of new instructors hired
- D) the examiner actually recognizes him
- E) he is highly optimistic about passing it

**27. ...., which put him off writing any more.**

- A) Charles doesn't agree with most publishers
- B) Vincent was told that his short stories were simplistic
- C) James will put down everything he requires on his shopping list
- D) Adrian realizes that he isn't a very good poet
- E) Lionel never makes the effort to put his thoughts down on paper

**28. Instead of allowing his pet dog to sleep in the house, .....**

- A) one of his neighbours is happy to take care of it
- B) it has its own kennel in the garden
- C) he often lets it come up onto his bed
- D) he kept it chained up in the back yard
- E) there was a rug it could sleep on on the balcony

29-34. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

29. He refuses to take his medicine even when the pain in his chest gets very intense.

- A) Göğsündeki ağrı o kadar şiddetli ki aldığı ilaçlar bile acısını hiç azaltmıyor.
- B) İlaçlarını almaktan kaçındığı için göğsündeki ağrının giderek şiddetlendiğini gizliyor.
- C) Göğsündeki ağrı çok şiddetlendiğinde bile ilaçlarını almayı reddediyor.
- D) Ancak göğsündeki ağrı çok şiddetlendiği zaman ilaçlarını almaya ikna edilebiliyor.
- E) Göğsündeki ağrı çok şiddetli olmasaydı, ilaç almayı kesinlikle reddederdi.

30. By the simplest definition, a market is a place where seller meets buyer to exchange products for money.

- A) En basit biçimiyle pazar, satıcının, alıcıyla buluşup ürününü paraya çevirebileceği yer olarak tanımlanabilir.
- B) Para ile ürünün değiş-tokuş yapıldığı yer olan pazar, satıcı ile alıcının en kolay biçimde karşı karşıya geldikleri yerdir.
- C) En basit biçimiyle pazar yerini, satıcının para karşılığı ürününü satmak için alıcıyla buluştuğu yer olarak tanımlayabiliriz.
- D) En basit tanımıyla pazar, para ile ürünü değiş-tokuş yapmak için satıcının alıcı ile buluştuğu yerdir.
- E) Bir ürünü pazarlamanın en kolay yolu, satıcıyla alıcının buluştuğu yer olan pazar yerine gitmektir.

31. Widespread use of mercury in industrialised countries has led to serious pollution of the waterways.

- A) Endüstrileşmiş ülkelerde cıva o kadar yaygın kullanılmaktadır ki bu durum su yollarının kirlenmesi konusunda ciddi tehdit oluşturmaktadır.
- B) Endüstrileşmiş ülkelerde su yollarının çok kirlili olması, cıvanın yaygın olarak kullanılmasından kaynaklanmaktadır.
- C) Endüstrileşmiş ülkelerde yaygın cıva kullanımı yüzünden su yollarının kirlili olması, çok ciddi bir sorundur.
- D) Endüstrileşmiş ülkelerin önemli bir sorunu da yaygın olarak kullanılan cıvanın su yollarını kirlletmesidir.
- E) Endüstrileşmiş ülkelerde cıvanın yaygın kullanımı, su yollarının ciddi biçimde kirlenmesine yol açmıştır.

32. In all his songs, the composer expresses his longing for his country, which he had to abandon because of his political beliefs.

- A) Bestecinin bütün şarkılarında, siyasi düşünceleri yüzünden terk etmek zorunda kaldığı ülkesine olan özlem hissediliyor.
- B) Besteci bütün şarkılarında, siyasi düşünceleri yüzünden terk etmek zorunda kaldığı ülkesine olan özlemini ifade ediyor.
- C) Bütün şarkıları, bestecinin siyasi düşüncelerini ve bu yüzden terk etmek zorunda kaldığı ülkesine olan özlemini anlatıyor.
- D) Bestecinin siyasi düşünceleri yüzünden terk etmek zorunda kaldığı ülkesine olan özlemi bütün şarkılarına yansımış.
- E) Bestecinin bütün şarkıları, siyasi düşünceleri yüzünden terk etmeye zorlandığı ülkesine duyduğu özlemi yansıtıyor.

33. Today written records are much easier to obtain because governments and other institutions keep records of nearly everything they do.

- A) Devlet ve diğer kurumlar yaptıkları her şeyi kaydettiklerinden günümüzde yazılı belgelere çok daha kolay ulaşılmaktadır.
- B) Devletin ve diğer kurumların yaptıkları hemen her şeyi kaydetmeleri, günümüzde yazılı belgeleri elde etmeyi çok daha kolaylaştırmıştır.
- C) Günümüzde yazılı belgelerin çok daha kolay elde edilebilmesinin nedeni, devletin ve diğer kurumların yaptıkları her şeyi kaydetmeleridir.
- D) Günümüzde yazılı belgeleri elde etmek çok daha kolay çünkü devlet ve diğer kurumlar yaptıkları hemen her şeyi kaydediyor.
- E) Günümüzde devlet ve diğer kurumlar, yazılı belgelerin daha kolay elde edilebilmesi için, yapılan hemen her şeyi kaydeder.

34. Heartbeats can be heard through a listening device called a stethoscope, placed against the chest.

- A) Göğüs üzerine yerleştirilerek kalp atışlarını dinlememizi sağlayan cihaza steteskop denir.
- B) Kalp atışları, göğüs üzerine yerleştirilen ve steteskop denilen bir dinleme cihazıyla duyulabilir.
- C) Göğüs üzerine yerleştireceğimiz steteskop denilen bir cihazla kalp atışlarını dinleyebiliriz.
- D) Kalp atışlarını duyabilmek için, göğüs üzerine, steteskop denilen bir dinleme cihazı yerleştirilir.
- E) Steteskop, kalp atışlarını dinlemek için göğüs üzerine yerleştirilerek kullanılan bir cihazdır.

35-40. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

35. Nükleer silahlar gibi, biyolojik ve kimyasal silahlar da, zehirli maddeler savaş alanından çevreye yayılınca, sivil ölümlerine ya da yaralanmalarına ve diğer tali etkilere yol açmaktadır.

- A) Like nuclear weapons, biological and chemical weapons produce civilian casualties and other secondary effects when the toxic agents drift away from the battlefield.
- B) Nuclear, biological and chemical weapons are all capable of producing civilian casualties and other unwanted secondary damage as a result of toxic agents drifting away from the battlefield.
- C) Unlike nuclear weapons, biological and chemical weapons rarely produce civilian casualties or other secondary effects as these toxic agents are easily confined to the battlefield.
- D) Civilian casualties and other secondary effects are produced in biological and chemical warfare, as is the case in nuclear warfare, when their toxic agents escape from the battlefield.
- E) Secondary damage and civilian casualties occur in biological, nuclear or chemical warfare because the toxic substances used cannot be restricted to the battlefield.

36. Karada yaşamaya uyum sağlamış en eski bitkilerin içinde yosunlar, ilk dik duran yeşil bitkilerdi.

- A) As green plants, such as mosses, evolved, they became adapted to living on land and standing erect.
- B) Among the earliest plants to become adapted to living on land, the mosses were the first green plants to stand erect.
- C) Mosses were one of the first green plants to become adapted to living on land and standing erect.
- D) The earliest green plants to become adapted to living on land and standing upright were the mosses.
- E) Soon after mosses had become adapted to living on land, they became the first green plants to stand upright.

37. Roman, şiir ve dramadan başka, diğer ülkelerde çok fazla itibar görmeyen günlük ve gezi yazıları gibi yazın türleri de Japonya'da uzun bir süreden beri okunmaktadır.

- A) Apart from the novel, poetry and drama, literary genres like diaries and travel accounts, not so highly esteemed in other countries, have long been read in Japan.
- B) Literary types like diaries and travel accounts are not so highly esteemed in many countries, but in Japan they are read keenly, besides the novel, poetry and drama.
- C) Unlike other nations that do not favour diaries and travel accounts, the Japanese have read them for a long time, just as they do the novel, poetry and drama.
- D) Such literary genres as diaries and travel accounts have long been read in Japan, in addition to the novel, poetry and drama, but they are not favoured in other countries.
- E) The Japanese are interested in the novel, poetry and drama, but they also read diaries and travel accounts, which are not popular literary types in other countries.

38. Kendi işini kurarken aldığı banka kredisini ancak iki yılda ödeyebildi.

- A) It took him two years to pay off the bank loan which he'd taken out when he started his own business.
- B) He was able to start his own business by taking out a bank loan, and he paid it off in only two years.
- C) The bank loan which he'd taken out when he was starting his own business could only be paid off in two years.
- D) He was only able to pay off the bank loan he'd taken out when he was setting up his own business in two years.
- E) So that he'd be able to set up his own business, he took out a bank loan to be paid off in two years.

39. Orta Amerika'da, yağmur ormanlarının tahminen üçte ikisi, sığır yetiştiriciliği ve tarım nedeniyle yok edilmiştir.

- A) Cattle ranching and farming have been expanding in Central America, resulting in the destruction of the region's rain forests.
- B) In Central America's rain forests, which have been largely wiped out, cattle ranching and farming take up an estimated two thirds of the area.
- C) In Central America, it is estimated that cattle ranching and farming have destroyed at least two thirds of the area's rain forest.
- D) In Central America, an estimated two thirds of the rain forests have been wiped out due to cattle ranching and farming.
- E) Approximately two thirds of Central America's rain forests have been entirely destroyed by cattle ranching and farming.

40. Karadeniz, Doğu Avrupa ülkelerini dünya pazarlarına bağlayan önemli bir yıl boyu ulaşım arteridir.

- A) Thanks to the Black Sea, Eastern European nations have access to important world markets throughout the year.
- B) The Black Sea serves all year round as a vital artery for transportation between Eastern Europe and markets across the world.
- C) Several Eastern European nations are linked to important world markets by the Black Sea, which provides a year-round transportation artery.
- D) Well-used transportation routes from Eastern European countries to world markets cut across the Black Sea, which is navigable year round.
- E) The Black Sea is an important year-round transportation artery, linking the Eastern European nations with world markets.

**41-43. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

J.M.W. Turner's *Bamborough Castle* was described in 1837 as one of the finest watercolour drawings in the world. It sold for £2.93 million at an auction in 2007. It exceeded its estimated price. The painting dates from the 1830s, and in 1872 was bought for £3,309, which at that time was a record price for a watercolour. Later, it was sold to the very wealthy Vanderbilt family. It wasn't known that the painting had passed through successive generations of the family before it was placed on the market in 2007. Turner's painting shows the castle from its north side to portray the height and strength of its walls. The castle was known as a place of refuge for sailors during storms.

**41. It is suggested in the passage that the person who .....**

- A) praised *Bamborough Castle* in 1837 was its first buyer
- B) painted *Bamborough Castle* had sheltered from bad weather in the castle
- C) put *Bamborough Castle* up for auction in 2007 had inherited it
- D) sold *Bamborough Castle* to the Vanderbilts did not make a profit on it
- E) bought *Bamborough Castle* in 1872 had never paid so much for a painting before

**42. It can be understood from the passage that the actual *Bamborough Castle* .....**

- A) is located on a coast
- B) was bought by the Vanderbilt family
- C) is one of the greatest buildings on earth
- D) was only defendable from the south
- E) has been visited by the Vanderbilt family

**43. It is implied in the passage that, when J.M.W. Turner was painting *Bamborough Castle*, .....**

- A) he was directly facing the sea
- B) he wanted to make it look impressive
- C) the Vanderbilt family was in contact with him
- D) violent winds were blowing
- E) he was not experienced with oil paints

**44-46. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

Over the last 30 years, car safety has become a prime factor to buyers of all types of car, and carmakers have responded to it. The small car has especially benefited from the change. And due to rising petrol prices as well, the small car has become the fastest-growing part of the US car industry. Today, 14 of the 17 top-selling small cars receive good frontal crash test ratings. A decade ago, none did. All small cars now have front air bags, and many have other safety features. Moreover, a couple of years ago, carmakers agreed to build their big vehicles with lower front ends. Thus, in an accident, their front ends will hit the bumper or lower door of a small car. But, even though small cars have made big safety gains, big vehicles are still far safer.

**44. It can be concluded from the passage that the safety record of small cars .....**

- A) can be partially explained by their lower doors
- B) in crashes that are not frontal has not changed
- C) has become more important among buyers of them
- D) is what is least important to 14 out of 17 purchasers of them
- E) will eventually be equal to that of large vehicles

**45. It is understood from the passage that improvements in car safety .....**

- A) started when small cars became popular
- B) have been focused on small and not large cars
- C) have not been made in 3 out of 17 popular small cars
- D) came about from consumer pressure
- E) have happened entirely because of the installation of airbags

**46. It is strongly implied in the passage that large vehicles .....**

- A) with high front ends cause worse damage to small cars
- B) do not use the same kind of bumpers as small cars
- C) have many more separate safety features than small cars
- D) are incorrectly seen as being as safe as small cars today
- E) are sold in smaller numbers than small cars

**47-49. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

The only thing about the globally successful Indian writers in English that angers Indians who write in the other Indian languages is the implication that the former are somehow representative of the whole of Indian literature. Jeet Thayil's belief that modernism arrived in India at roughly the same time as independence would make any writer in Bengali furious. Instead of trying to make Indian poets in English representative of large-scale literary movements, it is better to define their common attitudes. The dominant impression of their work is gloomy. Perhaps because they are deprived of the mass readership or packed audiences at readings that Indian-language poets can command, Indian poets in English seem lonely and self-obsessed.

**47. It can be understood from the passage that, in India, .....**

- A) the international achievements of writers of other nationalities has caused resentment
- B) Indian poetry in English is less popular than Indian poetry in other Indian languages
- C) the view of Jeet Thayil is held by everyone except for writers in Bengali
- D) significant global literary movements are not followed
- E) the worldwide success of Indian writers in English is celebrated

**48. It is suggested in the passage that, within Indian literature, .....**

- A) the main atmosphere that is created is a depressive one
- B) Bengali-language literature is the most significant
- C) no writer who does not write in English is respected abroad
- D) poetry has by far the most dominant position
- E) some things are not reflected in the work of Indian English-language writers

**49. It is implied in the passage that Jeet Thayil .....**

- A) has a good understanding of the whole of Indian literature
- B) does not like Indian literature in Bengali
- C) is an Indian who writes poetry in several languages
- D) is wrong about when modernism first came to India
- E) feels English is inferior to the other Indian languages

**50-52. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

Vacationing in Miami in the US doesn't have to cost a fortune. Hostels have rooms that can house between three and 14 travellers from \$18 to about \$40 per person, depending on season and room size. There are some budget hotels, but these cost a little more. A botanical garden in the city has an extensive collection of rare tropical plants. The Bass Museum of Art, expanded by Japanese architect Arata Isozaki, houses several artworks from the 15th to the 20th centuries. Miami's public bus system is now more reliable than in the past. However, because of high local traffic, buses still often find it too hard to remain on schedule. Miami is known for its unique cuisine, called "New World". Four local chefs created it in the 1990s.

**50. We learn from the passage that, in Miami, .....**

- A) tropical plants are not very common
- B) a new style of cooking was invented
- C) a museum was built by Arata Isozaki
- D) tourists do not spend much money
- E) more people drive than use the buses

**51. It can be understood from the passage that, in Miami, .....**

- A) the best chefs cook "New World" food
- B) there is a museum containing Japanese artwork
- C) travellers prefer sharing larger rooms to taking smaller ones
- D) buses do not always turn up at the times they are supposed to
- E) budget hotels take up less space than hostels

**52. It is implied in the passage that Miami's .....**

- A) hostels do not charge the same throughout the year
- B) current inhabitants include Arata Isozaki
- C) bus system is relied upon by a majority of the local population
- D) costs to tourists are lower than anywhere else in the US
- E) history dates back to the 15th century

53-55. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Charlotte Lennox was an 18th-century British writer. Very little evidence about her youth is available, so biographers have drawn on elements that seem semi-autobiographical in her first novel, *The Life of Harriot Stuart*. Lennox's second and most famous novel was *The Female Quixote*. Like the hero of *Don Quixote*, Lennox's heroine, Arabella, fails to see the world as it really is. Having learned several languages, Lennox took an interest in the sources for William Shakespeare's plays. In 1753, she wrote a book which discussed Shakespeare's sources extensively. She preferred the originals to his adaptations, and so her work ended up being critical of Shakespeare, whose work she also faulted for his lack of morality.

53. It is suggested in the passage that the character Arabella .....

- A) also exists in one of Shakespeare's plays, but behaves differently
- B) had a youth similar to that of Charlotte Lennox
- C) holds a mistaken view of what is going on around her
- D) goes blind in the course of the novel
- E) gets on well with a character who has also appeared in a different book

54. It is implied in the passage that, in Charlotte Lennox's view, William Shakespeare .....

- A) was not original in the way he used his sources
- B) did not know enough languages
- C) did not look at his sources in enough detail
- D) should have written more moral plays
- E) ought to have been more autobiographical in his work

55. We learn from the passage that *The Life of Harriot Stuart* .....

- A) was not liked by its creator as much as *The Female Quixote*
- B) is written in the form of an autobiography
- C) is, along with *The Female Quixote*, all the fiction that Charlotte Lennox wrote
- D) is closely based on its writer's experiences as a young person
- E) has been used to make speculations about its author's life

56-60. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın olan seçeneği bulunuz.

56. I am sure Cenk didn't really mean what he said.

- A) Cenk regrets talking to you in such a way.
- B) Cenk shouldn't have talked to you like that.
- C) It is possible that Cenk said it on purpose.
- D) Cenk said that he didn't actually intend to talk about it.
- E) Cenk can't have really meant what he said.

57. This is the most spectacular sunset I have ever seen.

- A) I am happy not to have missed the sunset here, as it is very impressive.
- B) I don't think I will ever encounter a more beautiful sunset than this.
- C) I have never seen such a breathtaking sunset as this.
- D) This is by far the most attractive sunset I have seen in this place.
- E) I wish I had gone to see the beautiful sunset.

58. Would you mind if I picked you up ten minutes later?

- A) I have been waiting here for ten minutes to pick you up.
- B) Could you pick me up ten minutes later than usual, if you don't mind?
- C) I am afraid I won't be able to pick you up for another ten minutes.
- D) Can I pick you up ten minutes later, if that's all right with you?
- E) You needn't pick me up, as I will be there in ten minutes.

59. Besides having to tolerate the noise from the building site, our electricity was cut off three times last week.

- A) Not only do the construction workers shout a lot, but they keep cutting our electricity off.
- B) In addition to putting up with construction noise last week, we had three power cuts.
- C) We haven't been inconvenienced by the builders apart from some construction noise and a few power cuts.
- D) There have been many inconveniences with the construction work, such as noise and at least three power cuts.
- E) It has been impossible to work in our office this week due to a combination of construction noise and three power cuts.

60. For much of history, slavery and serfdom were common practice involving a great number of people.

- A) Large numbers of people were either slaves or serfs for a greater part of history.
- B) A remarkable number of people suffered from slavery and serfdom throughout history.
- C) Most people owned slaves or serfs throughout recorded history.
- D) Slavery and serfdom used to be a more common system than we might think.
- E) It is no longer common to practise slavery and serfdom in the world.

61-65 sorularda, boş bırakılan yere parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

61. While the gallery is famous for its art works, it also has a magnificent art library of some 44,000 books, which is open to the public without charge. ...., and they are kept on specially designed shelves that can be pulled out on rollers.

- A) The librarians are all extremely knowledgeable and helpful
- B) Some of the books are so huge that they are called "elephant size"
- C) Members of the public have to pay to use these many books
- D) This is, without a doubt, one of the finest libraries in the world
- E) Approximately 300 people visit this library every day of the week

62. .... . It may be simply a few palm trees around a spring, or a larger area where cultivation of crops is possible. The existence of oases makes it possible for nomads to cross the desert in search of pasture for their animals.

- A) Desert people are among the most hospitable people in the world
- B) Wandering nomads are always looking for somewhere to settle permanently
- C) An oasis is an area in a desert where there is water and vegetation
- D) Where there is a palm tree in a desert, there is usually water available
- E) Not many people know that there are many farms in the Sahara Desert



63. Henry David Thoreau puzzled most of the people of his time. ....; thus, they did not regard him as a useful member of society. They said he acted on impulse rather than reason. More than most nineteenth century authors, however, Thoreau's writings have a contemporary appeal.

- A) He was born on July 12, 1817
- B) For a while, he lived with the family of the philosopher Ralph Waldo Emerson
- C) Later he was to write a famous book called "Walden"
- D) Many who knew about him considered him strange and different
- E) When he was a child, his family supported themselves by making pencils

64. The roads out of Ciudad radiate across the plain like the spokes on a wheel. .... However, the road to San Jeronimo and beyond in the mountains fails in directness as it, rising and falling, turning and returning, follows a twisting route through the rugged countryside.

- A) Having followed the most important looking road, we soon found ourselves terribly lost
- B) While on the road, my wheel was damaged and several of the spokes were replaced
- C) Few of the roads on this small island really seem to go anywhere in particular
- D) There are summer resorts in the nearby mountains, and visitors are also attracted by the city's rich colonial heritage
- E) All, but one, are straight, or fairly straight, and bear the names of their destinations

65. Greetings vary across cultures, but the practice of shaking hands is common to many of them. An alternative form has been developed in recent years due to worries about hygiene. .... The World Health Organization is consequently in favour of people in such places bumping each others' elbows as a way to say hello, as the elbow almost never has germs on it.

- A) It is of course better if one's hands are clean when shaking them or handing out food to guests
- B) It involves a part of the body that is a half way up the arm from the hand which is used for shaking
- C) In areas of epidemic, the shaking of a hand that someone has sneezed into can pass on a disease
- D) Even so, there are still some people who do not keep their hands as clean as they ought to
- E) However, it is very possible that this different type of welcome that doesn't use the hand will not catch on

66-70. sorularda, verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

66. You are at a supermarket and see some olives that are on special offer. You are interested in buying them, but are worried, as they are cheap, that you may not like them. In order to be absolutely certain that you will like their taste, you ask the assistant:

- A) Do you think that this kind will appeal to me?
- B) What do you think of these olives you're selling?
- C) There must be something wrong with them if they're cheap, right?
- D) Is it possible for me to try one of those?
- E) Can I bring them back if I'm not happy with them?

67. You have been in a meeting with your colleagues. It has just finished and you are going to the mall to meet a friend. One of your colleagues lives a little further along the road the mall is on. You do not know him very well, but, as you do not want to take a bus, you go over to him and say:

- A) Would you mind dropping me off at the mall on your way home?
- B) It must be nice living so close to the mall.
- C) How about coming to the mall with my friend and me?
- D) You obviously know how to get to the mall, as you live close to it, don't you?
- E) I'm only talking to you to get to the mall so that I can save on bus fare.

68. You have a guest staying at your house. Your favourite soap opera is about to come on the TV, but your guest comes into the living room and says there is a film on one of the other channels. You feel that, as a guest, her preference is all that matters, so you say:

- A) Wouldn't you prefer to see the soap opera I love?
- B) Anything that you want to watch is fine with me.
- C) I'm so pleased you've chosen to stay here with us.
- D) I can't believe you're going to make me miss my program.
- E) Is this movie really better than my soap opera?

69. You are eating a meal which your sister has prepared. She then asks you to bring in some *börek* which is on a metal tray in the kitchen. You go in, pick it up, and burn your hands. As you are angry at your sister's thoughtlessness, you go back into the dining room and ask her:

- A) Why on earth did you burn the *börek* we are going to eat?
- B) Do you know where the oven gloves are, as I can't carry it without them?
- C) Couldn't you have warned me... beforehand that it was hot?
- D) Didn't you think about the fact that I don't like *börek* when it's not cold?
- E) Have you got a bandage that I can wrap around these wounds on my hands?

70. You are in a friend's car and are driving down a country road. He turns the headlights on and you notice that only one of them actually works. You point this out, but your friend says he is perfectly able to see with it. Even if he is, you foresee a different danger from this problem, which you express by saying:

- A) Have you ever had an accident while driving along in the dark?
- B) Are you certain that the visibility is not affected by not having both headlights shining?
- C) We are taking a risk driving on such a lonely road at nighttime.
- D) Other drivers might think you are riding a motorcycle and hit the side of the car.
- E) It must be a priority of ours to get the broken headlight fixed as soon as we reach a garage.

71-75. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

71. Emin:

- We're never going to get to Mecidiyeköy on time if we use a bus in this traffic.

Jeff:

- Let's use the metro then.

Emin:

- .....

Jeff:

- I'm sure we can squeeze into one, though.

A) Didn't the first one start quite a long time ago?

B) That's the only way we can beat the traffic.

C) Do you know any other forms of transportation?

D) Shouldn't we signal to that taxi driver instead?

E) I'd like to, but they'll be too crowded to get on.

72. Caitlin:

- We can't go back to my place to study.

Sylvia:

- Is that because the repairs to your kitchen are still being done?

Caitlin:

- .....

Sylvia:

- I understand, as I couldn't work well in our flat when it was being done over last year, either.

- A) Sure, but it's not really especially disturbing for me.
- B) It's not that; the problem is that I can't revise regardless of how much I want to.
- C) I really wish that I had a more modern kitchen, though.
- D) Yes, and from then the noise level makes it impossible to concentrate.
- E) Exactly, so let's try the living room instead of the study.

73. Eve:

- Why don't we go out for a walk in this nice weather?

Simon:

- I have some work I have to finish before lunch.

Eve:

- .....

Simon:

- That doesn't affect my deadline, though.

- A) You're not planning to work through lunch, are you?
- B) But it is forecast to start raining in the early afternoon.
- C) Well, in that case, maybe we can do it some other time, then.
- D) In that case, I don't mind waiting for you for a while.
- E) Shouldn't you stop watching TV and actually do it, then?

74. Eric:

- I didn't know that George Orwell ever wrote a long novel.

Arthur:

- That's because he didn't.

Eric:

- .....

Arthur:

- Yes, but it was a collection of all of his fictional work.

- A) In that case, shouldn't he be regarded as less important?
- B) You'd know, as you have all of his novels, don't you?
- C) But wasn't that large book you had in your hand by him?
- D) Then I'm wrong in thinking I've read a lot of his work, aren't I?
- E) He did write quite a few shorter-length ones, though, right?

75. Brian:

- You wanted me to buy some new batteries for your camera, so here they are.

Dean:

- But they are the wrong size.

Brian:

- .....

Dean:

- Surely you can see that these batteries are wider than the device that they are supposed to go in.

- A) How on earth was I supposed to know that?
- B) Do you want me to go back and change them?
- C) But you told me they wouldn't be very expensive.
- D) Can't we use them for a different device, then?
- E) You should go and buy them yourself next time.

76-80. sorularda cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

76. (I) Online news sources are seen as a threat. (II) Newspapers are now waking up to the almost limitless space of the Internet. (III) This may enable the return of the once very popular phenomenon of fiction in them. (IV) In the 19th century, for example, it wasn't unusual for this form of media to publish stories in a serialized form. (V) There are signs that it may become common for them to do so in our century as well.
- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V
77. (I) Sophia of Hanover started a long friendship with the philosopher Gottfried Leibniz in 1676. (II) It resulted in a substantial correspondence. (III) The letters reveal her to have had exceptional intellectual ability and curiosity. (IV) She was not only familiar with the ideas of Leibniz, but also of those of his predecessor Benedict Spinoza. (V) Leibniz had even met him in 1676, but he strongly disagreed with him.
- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V
78. (I) "On cloud nine" is used to describe great happiness. (II) When a phrase, such as this one, has a number, the attempts to find its origin usually focus on that number. (III) Nine clearly has the greatest value out of the all the single digit numbers. (IV) Various explanations for the number in this phrase have thus been put forward. (V) All of them must be false, though, because other numerals used to be used with this expression in the past.
- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V
79. (I) LCD and plasma TVs are quickly replacing the old kind of TV. (II) Yet older models used to take a long time to warm up before they could be watched. (III) In competition with these new types, is the OLED which promises better energy efficiency and pictures. (IV) The latter point, at least, is valid, as its contrast ratio is 1,000,000:1. (V) However, its short lifespan and current high cost is likely to put buyers off it for the time being.
- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V
80. (I) A previously unknown portrait by Vincent van Gogh has been seen for the first time in over 125 years. (II) Yet it had neither been lost, nor hidden by a collector. (III) Instead, it had been painted over by the artist, and thus lay under his work *Patch of Grass*. (IV) As the name of this painting implies, it is of a small section of a field. (V) So, without X-ray techniques, the portrait would never have been discovered and revealed.
- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

GOOD LUCK

## PRACTICE EXAM 26

1-8. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. Australia is already a dry country, but ..... are likely to become even more common there in the future.  
A) backgrounds                      B) foundations  
C) outcomes                          D) droughts  
E) extracts
2. Waylon didn't need to ..... the golf ball with the golf car, as it was only 200 meters away.  
A) occupy                              B) fetch  
C) revive                                D) emerge  
E) rule
3. Some forms of deafness in people are not caused by accidents or illnesses, but are .....  
A) free                                    B) noiseless  
C) mature                                D) retired  
E) hereditary
4. Alex is normally a very kind person, so I was shocked when he answered my question so .....  
A) hardly                                B) sorrowfully  
C) sharply                                D) rarely  
E) dearly
5. The Chinese of the ancient Han dynasty ..... how to make steel.  
A) set off                                B) figured out  
C) showed up                            D) put on  
E) turned in

6. Martin got his windscreen ..... while his car ..... up with petrol.

A) to clean / had been filled  
B) cleaning / would be filled  
C) cleaned / was being filled  
D) be cleaned / was filled  
E) being cleaned / has been filled

7. Until the marshland ....., only a few fishermen ..... homes in this area.

A) will be drained / own  
B) was drained / had owned  
C) has been drained / owned  
D) is drained / have owned  
E) will be drained / will own

8. We ..... in the hospital waiting room now if Selim ..... chicken in the restaurant earlier.

A) wouldn't be sitting / hadn't eaten  
B) don't sit / wasn't eating  
C) won't sit / didn't eat  
D) wouldn't have sat / wasn't eating  
E) didn't sit / wouldn't have eaten

9-15. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

9. Sonia wants to deter her son ..... making his final decision ..... a hurry, as she thinks he ought to take his time over it.

A) in / at                                      B) across / with  
C) against / to                              D) from / in  
E) of / on

10. Isaac is concentrating ..... trying to make sense ..... the obscure metaphor in the fifth line of the poem.

- A) in / up                      B) on / of  
 C) for / at                     D) by / in  
 E) via / to

11. The watch is unsuitable for diving with ..... it isn't water-resistant to a depth of over 200 meters.

- A) so that                      B) unless  
 C) owing to                  D) even if  
 E) in that

12. At least your speech wasn't ..... worse than the one given to the students last year.

- A) any                          B) no  
 C) more                        D) none  
 E) seldom

13. .... fell over here must have been hurt, as there is blood on the ground.

- A) Whomever                 B) Anytime  
 C) Someone                 D) Who  
 E) Whoever

14. 1759 is the year ..... one of the best-known comets was named after the astronomer Edmond Halley.

- A) where                      B) whose  
 C) which                      D) when  
 E) how

15. Paul can program his TV to turn ..... off after 2 hours, but ..... is old and doesn't have a timer on it.

- A) his own / your own  
 B) itself / mine  
 C) it / herself  
 D) its own / he  
 E) himself / it

16-20. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

Following the success of smallpox eradication, global health officials were confident (16) ..... other diseases could be wiped out. Like smallpox, polio does not (17) ..... animals, so (18) ..... it is wiped out in humans, it will not be able to survive elsewhere. (19) ..... cases of polio have declined by 99%, there are still a few areas the disease can be found in. This is partly because of local opposition (20) ..... immunization against the virus.

16.

- A) when                      B) what  
 C) why                        D) that  
 E) whose

17.

- A) reveal                      B) transmit  
 C) infect                      D) replace  
 E) interfere

18.

- A) unless                      B) as though  
 C) in case of                 D) once  
 E) only if

19.

- A) While                      B) Besides  
 C) Despite                    D) Due to  
 E) So that

20.

- A) in                            B) to  
 C) from                        D) of  
 E) at

21-28. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

21. Although being in the carnival was great fun, .....

- A) it left me feeling that I had had a wonderful experience
- B) it would have been good for me to have actually been in it
- C) the spectators at the side of the road might have enjoyed it
- D) I wish I hadn't wasted so much of my time there
- E) it has been made even more effective than the previous ones

22. These two roads are neither the fastest ones to take during rush hour, .....

- A) although at other times it is fine
- B) nor are they particularly safe to drive on
- C) which occurs between 5.00 and 7.00 pm
- D) most of whose residents commute on trains
- E) however slowly the traffic moves at that time

23. ...., this door will open automatically for you.

- A) Once it scanned the barcode on your ID card
- B) All you need to do is activate the sensor
- C) Providing you enter the number for it correctly
- D) In addition to having to carry your keys
- E) The first time you passed through it

24. ...., Koray realized that he was at the wrong airport.

- A) As soon as he's looked at the departures screen
- B) Until someone from the airline reassured him
- C) For fear that he'd made a mistake
- D) Just after the taxi pulled away
- E) If it were a misprint on his ticket

25. Sara's teenage children especially like the DJ .....

- A) whose program is broadcast on the radio in the afternoon
- B) when they were growing up
- C) who try and listen to him every day
- D) while they called him up and requested a song
- E) that he is highly popular with young people

26. ...., which caused him to cry out of joy.

- A) Alan has been chopping onions for dinner in the kitchen
- B) Ryan won a chance to appear on stage with his favourite pop star
- C) I thought that Trevor wouldn't watch the romantic movie with me
- D) Eric tripped and fell down outside of the student canteen
- E) Simon had an excessive fear of being in an enclosed space

27. Scientists claim that, ...., they are able to recognize predators.

- A) how rats move around in the dark
- B) no sooner do baby deer manage to stand up
- C) while wood frogs are still in their eggs
- D) if only birds had the ability to smell well
- E) in order that zebras can hear effectively

28. Ethan cannot remember now .....

- A) in case his medication isn't working properly
- B) who was he employed with in his first job
- C) for fear that he has been getting more forgetful
- D) how far he was carried downriver by the current
- E) what if he loses his memory completely

29-34. sorularda verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

29. Due to his congenital speech defect, he's always felt uncomfortable when he is with people other than his family.

- A) Sahip olduğu konuşma bozukluğu, onun, ailesi dışında insanlarla birlikteyken duyduğu rahatsızlığın başlıca kaynağıydı.
- B) Doğuştan gelen konuşma bozukluğu yüzünden, ailesinin dışında insanlarla birlikteyken kendini hep rahatsız hissetmiştir.
- C) Doğuştan gelen konuşma bozukluğu nedeniyle, sadece aile bireyleriyle birlikteyken kendini rahat hissediyordu.
- D) Ailesi dışında insanlarla rahat ilişki kuramamasının nedeni, genetik olarak sahip olduğu konuşma bozukluğuuydu.
- E) Genetik olarak sahip olduğu konuşma bozukluğu, onun, ailesi dışında insanlarla yakınlaşmasını hep engellemiştir.

30. The unexpected arrival of the district manager flustered the director and the staff alike.

- A) Aniden çıkıp gelen bölge sorumlusu, hem müdürü hem de personeli hazırlıksız yakaladı.
- B) Bölge sorumlusunun beklenmedik gelişi müdürün keyfini kaçırdı ama personelin hoşuna gitti.
- C) Bölge sorumlusunun aniden gelişine sadece personel değil müdür de çok şaşırdı.
- D) Bölge sorumlusu aniden çıkıp gelince, müdür ve personel çok telaşlandı.
- E) Bölge sorumlusunun beklenmedik gelişi, müdürü olduğu kadar personeli de telaşlandırdı.

31. Pregnant women should avoid cigarettes and alcoholic beverages since these substances may harm the baby.

- A) Hamile kadınlar sigara ve alkollü içeceklerden kaçınmalıdırlar çünkü bu maddeler bebeğe zarar verebilir.
- B) Mademki sigara ve alkollü içecekler bebeğe zarar verebiliyor, hamile kadınlar bu maddelerden uzak durmalıdır.
- C) Hamile kadınların sigara ve alkollü içeceklerden kaçınmasının nedeni bu maddelerin bebeğe zarar verme olasılığıdır.
- D) Sigara ve alkollü içecekler bebeğe zarar verebileceğinden hamile kadınlar için bu maddeler sakıncalıdır.
- E) Hamile kadınların kaçınması gereken sigara ve alkollü içecekler, ileride bebeğe zarar verebilir.

32. The artifacts from the tomb of the Egyptian pharaoh Tutankhamen, including the magnificent golden mask, are on display at the Egyptian Museum in Cairo.

- A) Kahire'de Mısır Müzesi'nde gösterime sunulan Mısır Firavunu Tutankamen'in mezarından çıkarılan ve altın maskeyi de içeren sanat eserleri muhteşemdi.
- B) Mısır Firavunu Tutankamen'in mezarından çıkarılan sanat eserleri, muhteşem altın maske dahil, Kahire' de Mısır Müzesi'nde gösterimdedir.
- C) Muhteşem altın maske dahil, Mısır Firavunu Tutankamen'in mezarından çıkarılan sanat eserleri Kahire'de Mısır Müzesi'nde gösterime sunulacaktır.
- D) Kahire'de Mısır Müzesi'nde gösterim- de olan, muhteşem altın maske dahil, sanat eserleri Mısır Firavunu Tutankamen'in mezarından çıkarılmıştır.
- E) Mısır Firavunu Tutankamen'in mezarında bulunan sanat eserleri ve muhteşem altın maske Kahire'de Mısır Müzesi'nde sergilendi.



33. While the rest of Europe was still in the Stone Age, the Minoan-Mycenaean peoples of the Aegean region had achieved a highly organised Bronze Age culture.

- A) Avrupa'nın geri kalanı hala Taş Devri'nde iken, Ege bölgesinin Minos-Miken halkları son derece örgütlü Bronz Çağı kültürüne ulaşmışlardı.
- B) Ege bölgesinin Minos-Miken halkları örgütlülük düzeyi yüksek Bronz Çağı kültürünü yaratırken, Avrupa'nın geri kalanı hala Taş Devri'ndeydi.
- C) Avrupa'nın geri kalanı henüz Taş Devri'ni yaşıyordu, ama Ege bölgesindeki Minos-Miken halkları daha örgütlü Bronz Çağı kültürünü yaratma çabasıındaydı.
- D) Ege bölgesinin Minos-Miken halkları son derece örgütlü Bronz Çağı kültürünü yaratmaya, Avrupa'nın geri kalanı hala Taş Devri'ndeyken başlamışlardı.
- E) Minos-Miken halklarının Ege bölgesinde yarattığı Bronz Çağı kültürü, Avrupa'nın geri kalanı henüz Taş Devri'ndeyken bile son derece örgütlüydü.

34. As a helicopter has no wing to stay in the air, its rotating blades provide lift and movement through the air.

- A) Helikopterin havalanması, havada durması ve hareketi dönen pervanesince sağlanmaktadır çünkü tüm bunları yapmaya yarayan kanatları yoktur.
- B) Helikopterin kanatları olmadığından, havalanmasını, havada durmasını ve hareketini sağlayan dönen pervanesidir.
- C) Helikopterin havada kalmasını sağlayacak kanatları yoktur; bu yüzden havalanması ve havadaki hareketi döner pervanesi tarafından sağlanır.
- D) Helikopterin havalanmasını ve hareketini sağlayan pervanesi, onun kanatları olmadığı için havada durmasını da sağlamaktadır.
- E) Helikopterin havada durması için kanatları olmadığından, havalanmasını ve havada hareketini dönen pervanesi sağlar.

35-40. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

35. Gösterişli Budist tapınakları, saraylar ve gecekondular, işlek kanallar ve aşırı kalabalık sokaklar, Bangkok'u canlı görüntüler, renkler ve sesler şehri yapmaktadır.

- A) Bangkok's ornate Buddhist temples and palaces, combined with the crowded nature of its streets, slums and canals, make it a city of vivid sights, colours and smells.
- B) The vivid sights, colours and sounds coming from the ornate Buddhist temples, palaces and slums, busy canals and overcrowded streets make Bangkok a lively city.
- C) Despite overcrowded streets, smelly canals and slums, ornate Buddhist temples and palaces make Bangkok a city of vivid sights, colours and sounds.
- D) Ornate Buddhist temples, palaces and slums, busy canals and overcrowded streets make Bangkok a city of vivid sights, colours and sounds.
- E) Bangkok is a vibrant city, where ornate Buddhist temples and palaces stand beside busy canals, overcrowded streets and slums providing vivid sights and sounds.

36. Kötü tarım yöntemleri toprağın verimliliğini alır ve rüzgar ve su yoluyla erozyonu hızlandırır.

- A) Poor farming methods drain soil fertility and hasten erosion by wind and water.
- B) The soil is drained of fertility and the earth is eroded by wind and water because of poor farming methods.
- C) Poor farming methods are those that leave the soil barren, which hastens erosion by wind and water.
- D) Poor farmers use methods which drain fertility and erode the topsoil by wind and water.
- E) Fertility can be drained by poor farming methods, leaving the soil susceptible to erosion by wind and water.

37. Geçmişten kalan en değerli miraslarımızdan biri olan yazı, uzun mesafeleri aşarak birbirimizle iletişim kurmamızı mümkün kılar.

- A) Modern written language, one of the most useful inheritances from the past, has made it possible for us to communicate, however great the distances between us are.
- B) It is writing, as passed down from former generations, which makes it possible for us to communicate with each other across great distances.
- C) Writing is the most important inheritance from the past as it enables us to communicate with other people across vast distances.
- D) Writing, one of our most valuable inheritances from the past, makes it possible for us to communicate with each other across great distances.
- E) The most valuable asset we have inherited from the past is writing, without which communication with each other across great distances would not always be possible.

38. İlk iki beş yıllık ekonomik kalkınma planı, ülkenin ulaşım ve haberleşme sistemlerinin geliştirilmesini vurguluyordu.

- A) To achieve economic growth, the country had two main five-year plans; one for the development of transportation and one for communication.
- B) The main focus of the first two five-year plans for the economic growth of the country were development of transportation and communication.
- C) The first two five-year plans for economic growth stressed the development of transportation and communication systems of the country.
- D) Economic development was the basis of two five-year plans, concentrating on transportation and communication systems.
- E) In the plan for the country's economic growth, the first two five-year plans concerned transportation and communication systems respectively.

39. Butan'ın çeşitli bölgelerini asfalt yollar birbirine bağlasa da yak, katır ve midilli, bozuk dağ yollarında bir ulaşım biçimi olarak hala kullanılmaktadır.

- A) In areas of Bhutan not connected by paved highways, such as mountain roads, yaks, mules and ponies are still the most common mode of transportation.
- B) There is a network of paved highways in Bhutan, but yaks, mules and ponies are still a common form of transport on rough mountain passes.
- C) Even though sections of Bhutan are now served by paved highways, mountain routes are still only suitable for yaks, mules and ponies.
- D) Although paved highways now connect most parts of Bhutan, such modes of transport as yaks, mules and ponies can still be seen on rough mountain tracks.
- E) Although paved highways connect various parts of Bhutan, yaks, mules and ponies are still used as a mode of transportation on rough mountain roads.

40. En güzel efsanevi hayvanlardan biri, alının ortasından çıkan bir boynuzu olan beyaz bir atır.

- A) One of the most appealing legendary animals is a white horse with a horn projecting from the centre of its forehead.
- B) The white horse having a horn protruding from the centre of its forehead is the most appealing legendary animal.
- C) The horn of the legendary white horse jutting from the centre of its forehead makes it one of the most lovable animals.
- D) Being one of the most attractive legendary animals, a white horse has a horn bulging out from the centre of its forehead.
- E) The horn that projects from the centre of its forehead is what makes the legendary white horse so charming.

41-43. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Surfing the Internet, playing games, and hanging out on social networks are important for the development of teenagers, according to a large study. The report counters the view held by many parents and teachers that such activity is a waste of time. The author, Dr. Mimi Ito, said young people are learning skills, such as communicating online or creating a homepage, needed in the contemporary world. These skills were regarded as sophisticated 10 years ago, but young people today take them for granted. The researchers found a worrying divide between those with constant access to the Internet and those who have to rely on the library or school to go online. The latter find certain sites blocked, and their access limited by time.

41. It can be concluded from the passage that teenagers who can only use computers in the library or at school .....
- A) are no different from the computer uses of a decade ago
  - B) waste less of their time
  - C) cannot create their own homepages
  - D) are less able to fully develop important skills
  - E) are too busy to go online very often
42. We learn from the passage that creating a homepage .....
- A) wastes the time of adults
  - B) was more difficult to do ten years ago
  - C) is not seen as a remarkable achievement by teenagers
  - D) is something that Dr. Mimi Ito has learned how to do
  - E) could not be done by young people a decade ago
43. It is implied in the passage that a lot of parents .....
- A) prefer their teenage children to use computers in the library
  - B) have a prejudiced view of the online activities of their teenage children
  - C) view the ability to create a homepage as quite important
  - D) were interviewed for the study into online teenage behaviour
  - E) are going to reject the findings that have been made by Dr. Mimi Ito

44-46. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

The play *I, Worker* was put on at Osaka University recently. It is set in the near future, and is acted by humans and Wakamaru robots. The playwright, Oriza Hirata, says the play raises questions about the relationship between humanity and technology. It focuses on a couple who own two housekeeping robots, one of which stops working after becoming bored and struggling with the idea of being a servant to humans. It then enters into a discussion with the human characters about its role in their lives. In the real world, the Wakamaru robot is primarily used as a companion for elderly and disabled people. It can recognize approximately 10,000 words. To train them for the stage, special software was developed at the university.

44. It is clear from the passage that the robot actors in the play .....
- A) are able to communicate even better than humans
  - B) hope they can become human someday
  - C) are of a type that are already in service
  - D) understand everything the human characters say
  - E) will be destroyed after being used on the stage
45. It can be concluded from the passage that Oriza Hirata .....
- A) is a person who has a disability
  - B) works in robotics at Osaka University
  - C) is familiar with the Wakamaru robots
  - D) feels that robots have few advantages to offer
  - E) has written a play that is very popular
46. It is implied in the passage that, in the play, one of the robots .....
- A) feels that humans ought to serve it instead
  - B) is destroyed in the end
  - C) gives its opinions using a total of 10,000 words
  - D) continues to do the tasks it was programmed for
  - E) affects the other robot with its speech

47-49. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

To Captain Delano's surprise, the strange ship entering the harbour, when viewed through his telescope, showed no flags. However, to show one upon entering a harbour, even if the harbour was empty, was the custom among peaceful sailors of all nations. Considering the lawlessness and solitariness of the spot, and the sort of troubling stories then associated with it, Delano might have become uneasy. Yet he was a person of a trustful and good nature, and refused to see any evil in mankind. But any other sailor would have been worried on first seeing the strange ship drawing dangerously near to the land. This proved it was a stranger, not only to Delano, but to the island, too.

47. We understand from the passage that the harbour .....

- A) is being visited for the first time by Captain Delano
- B) has been the location of disturbing incidents
- C) is where Captain Delano keeps his ship when it is not in use
- D) makes Captain Delano feel lonely
- E) contains no ship with a flag on it

48. We can infer from the passage that Captain Delano .....

- A) has never met any bad people
- B) has not heard any of the stories connected to the harbour
- C) may not be very close to the entrance to the harbour
- D) has the same opinions as other sailors
- E) puts up a flag when he first sees the strange ship

49. It is suggested in the passage that the approaching ship .....

- A) has not been seen in this harbour before
- B) has started to attack the island
- C) is at first regarded fearfully by Captain Delano
- D) is under the control of criminals
- E) has been following Captain Delano

50-52. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

The Slovak dialects, though closely related to Czech, developed a separate identity in the early Middle Ages. The temporary decline of literary Czech in the 18th century led to religious texts being produced with an increasingly local flavour in Slovakia. Shortly afterwards, Anton Bernolák produced a form of Slovak that used the western Slovak dialect as a base. It was used by the poet Ján Kollár for the work *The Daughter of Sláva*, which celebrates the common past of the Slavs. In the early 19th century, another attempt to refine literary Slovak was made by Ludovít Stúr, this time based on the more commonly spoken dialect of central Slovakia. The result was used by poets, such as Andrej Sládkovic. His work *Marína* became a national epic.

50. It can be concluded from the passage that the Slovak language .....

- A) does not have a greater work than *Marína* in it
- B) would not exist if it was not for Anton Bernolák
- C) has more dialects than the Czech language
- D) contains more works of literature than the Czech language
- E) has a common ancestor with the Czech language

51. It is clear from the passage that *The Daughter of Sláva* .....

- A) was a popular work among all Slavs
- B) was respected by Anton Bernolák
- C) is not written in exactly the same language as *Marína*
- D) was created by an author who came from the west of Slovakia
- E) is set in the early Middle Ages

52. It is implied in the passage that literary Czech was .....

- A) closer to the central Slovak dialect than to the western one
- B) not a language that was respected by Anton Bernolák
- C) used in Slovakia for religious writings before the 18th century
- D) not a language that Ludovít Stúr was familiar with
- E) the only language once used all across the Slav lands

**53-55. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız**

Normal concrete requires water. Though there is some evidence for water in the Moon's interior, that water will be of greater value for astronauts than for building work. Dr. Houssam Toutanji has found a way of creating concrete buildings on the Moon without using water. He has shown that the Moon's soil and sulfur can form concrete. The difficulty of transporting resources from Earth makes any usable ones found on the Moon very valuable. Toutanji's "waterless concrete" is not in fact a true concrete, as little chemical reaction occurs between the components. The Moon apparently offers most of its basic compounds. The creation of the waterless concrete requires the melting of sulfur. The concrete will contain 12% to 22% sulfur.

**53. From the passage, it is clear that the attraction of Dr. Houssam Toutanji's "waterless concrete" is .....**

- A) that sulfur is simpler to melt on the Moon than on Earth
- B) that sulfur makes up less than a quarter of it
- C) that it will be simpler to transport through space than traditional concrete
- D) that there will be no need to bring anything from Earth in order to make it
- E) its use of materials that are mainly already on the Moon

**54. We learn from the passage that water .....**

- A) is actually found in abundance on the Moon
- B) is a necessity for the creation of normal concrete
- C) is believed to exist in a larger quantity on the Moon than sulfur
- D) makes bad-quality concrete in Houssam Toutanji's view
- E) and sulfur become useless for building with if mixed together

**55. It is implied in the passage that Dr. Houssam Toutanji .....**

- A) has invented a new substance
- B) is planning to put up buildings on the Moon
- C) is going to live on the Moon
- D) feels normal concrete is not good enough for use on the Moon
- E) does not believe that there is any water on the Moon

**56-60. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın olan seçeneği bulunuz.**

**56. As we read a sentence, we predict its conclusion according to a series of learnt patterns.**

- A) The templates that we have learnt help us to guess how a sentence that we are reading might end.
- B) Without knowing the ending of a sentence, it is possible to imagine it as you are reading.
- C) The end of a sentence doesn't always follow a pattern that we have already learnt.
- D) Reading can help you to learn the structures of sentences and aid you in working out the meaning of words.
- E) You must predict, with the help of previously acquired templates, the way in which a sentence can end.

**57. Had I not told you about the stain, you would be none the wiser about it.**

- A) Sorry—I didn't tell you about the stain because I thought that would be wiser.
- B) The existence of that stain would still be unknown to you were it not for me informing you of it.
- C) My knowledge of the stain has improved enough for me to tell you more about it now.
- D) I'm telling you that a wiser person would ignore a stain like that.
- E) You know you shouldn't get any stains on your smart clothes.

**58. The temperature in the research station isn't so low as to require specially designed clothing.**

- A) Only if the research station becomes even colder will you have to wear specially designed clothing.
- B) It is not cold enough in the research station for you to need clothes that have been specially designed.
- C) As the research station has quite a high temperature, there is no need for you to have clothing which has been specially designed.
- D) You mustn't wear specially designed clothing in the research station despite the cold conditions there.
- E) This clothing, which has been specially designed, is for colder conditions than those in the research station.

59. At the age of 37, when Nadeem Aslam finished his second novel, he had been working on it for 11 years.

- A) When Nadeem Aslam was 26, he finished his first novel and started writing a second one, which took 11 years to complete.
- B) It took Nadeem Aslam eleven years to write two novels, which he started at 26 and finished when he was 37.
- C) Nadeem Aslam, who is 37, has written two novels, both of which took him about eleven years to write.
- D) During the eleven years that Nadeem Aslam was working on his completed second novel for, he turned 37.
- E) Having already written one novel, Nadeem Aslam, at 26, started on another one, which wasn't finished until eleven years later.

60. The first left-handed piano, with the notes ascending from right to left as opposed to the traditional arrangement, was built in 1998.

- A) A 1998 piano built by a left-hander has the notes going up from right to left, as opposed to the other way round.
- B) The left-handed piano built in 1998 does not have the same number of ascending notes as a normal piano.
- C) The left-handed piano first built in 1998 has notes that ascend as you go from right to left, contrary to the conventional manner.
- D) Right-handed pianos differ from left-handed ones in that the keys rise from left to right, as in the one built in 1998.
- E) The first ever piano to be used by a left-hander was built in 1998, with the keys going up in a slightly different way.

61-65 sorularda boş bırakılan yere parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

61. *B of the Bang* is a sculpture in Manchester in Britain. It is the tallest sculpture in the whole of the country. It was covered in 180 heavy metal spikes. .... And recently, another one that had started to hang loose had to be cut down by firefighters.

- A) The artwork has caused great controversy ever since one of these fell off
- B) It could be thought that each of these spikes is potentially very dangerous
- C) What is more, it has received praise from a number of critics
- D) It was built to appear to hang at a 30-degree angle
- E) There is still concern that the artist meant to mock the city with it

62. Regardless of what parents might think, sugar does not cause hyperactive behaviour. .... On the other hand, parents do seem to view their child's behaviour as more hyperactive after the child has drunk a sugary drink. It is now obvious that they make a subjective judgement at that time.

- A) Yet this contradicts the generally held belief of mothers and fathers
- B) At least, this is the finding of at least a dozen separate scientific trials
- C) Of course, this doesn't mean it is a good idea for them to consume a lot of it
- D) This finding has been challenged by those who actually raise children
- E) On the one hand, there are some parents who neglect their children

63. Tourism is Mexico's second largest economic sector after petroleum. .... . Nowadays, however, the majority of them go to the beaches instead, the development of which has been given national importance. For instance, the popular resort of Ixtapa was just a rural area next to the sea before its development was financed by the central bank.

- A) There are advertising campaigns that use traditional images of Mexicans to attract foreign tourists
- B) This country, with its long history, is a great place for tourists, most of whom come from the US
- C) In the past, the Mexican government didn't do a great deal to encourage tourism in their country
- D) The most attractive parts of the country were once seen as the traditional colonial towns of the center
- E) Foreign visitors used to travel mainly to the capital or the Mayan ruins of the Yucatán

64. The new calendar set up during the French Revolution was known as the French Republican Calendar. In some ways, it was the same as the Gregorian calendar which had preceded it. It retained the 365-day year, as well as leap years every 4 years. It also divided the year into 12 months. .... . Furthermore, they started at different times, and were given different names. Another change was that the seven-day week was replaced with the ten-day week.

- A) A leap year is not always easy to explain, though
- B) These were also grouped into four annual seasons
- C) Nonetheless, this year was held to begin on the autumnal equinox
- D) A difference lay in the fact that these had all been made 30 days long
- E) But of course, the revolution brought many more extreme changes than this one

65. The Manila Grand Opera House was located in the Santa Cruz district of Manila. It was originally a cycle track, but it became a theatre in 1890 and an opera house 12 years later. As such, the complex served as the center of Philippine culture and the primary theater for the viewing of plays and movies in the city. .... . Once that had been built, though, there was no further need for the original opera house, and it was later demolished.

- A) Floods and a fire damaged it in World War II, and reconstruction efforts only began after that conflict
- B) At one point, a hotel was going to be put up on the site of it
- C) Before this, it had been used as a temporary location for the first parliament in the Philippines
- D) It continued in this role up to the construction of the Cultural Center of the Philippines
- E) When a new financial district was started, the opera house went into a terminal decline

66-70. sorularda verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

66. You find a piece of interesting information about the subject you are doing an essay on on the Internet, but are not sure how true it is, so you ask a friend who knows this topic well for her opinion:

- A) Could you tell me what the best way to research an essay is?
- B) What do you think of the way that Wikipedia is edited?
- C) Do you think that plagiarizing information from online websites for an essay is okay?
- D) Why doesn't the library have access to the Internet?
- E) Could you tell me whether this information is accurate or not?

67. You are shopping with a friend. She tries on a skirt and she really likes it, but in your opinion, it looks terrible on her. Not wanting to embarrass her, but trying to lead her away from buying it, you say:

- A) If you buy it, you can always bring it back later, I guess.
- B) I don't think it's really your colour, and besides, that style is a bit old now.
- C) Perhaps, if I try it on, you can see how it should be worn.
- D) What you need is a matching handbag and shoes to go with it.
- E) If you don't have enough money for it, I can lend you some.

68. You have just bought a few small items in a shop and the sales assistant offers you a bag for them. You decline the offer politely and explain why:

- A) Why don't you just get people to bring their own bag that they can re-use each time?
- B) I am a keen collector of plastic bags, and have over 3,000 different ones from all over the world.
- C) You fool—don't you know you're causing a hole in the ozone layer with those bags?
- D) I'd rather not, as there are far too many plastic bags being produced already and endangering the environment.
- E) Did you know that, in Bangladesh, it is now illegal for you to offer me a free plastic bag?

69. You are in a restaurant and not sure of what food to order, so you ask the waiter to recommend something by saying:

- A) How long have you been working as a waiter here?
- B) Do you think that I should choose another restaurant with better food?
- C) If you were eating here tonight, what would you order?
- D) Is your restaurant rated highly in the Michelin guide?
- E) Excuse me, but could you tell me what those people over there are eating?

70. You are doing a practice exam for the foreign language exam in English and are not sure what the answer is on a question, so you ask your teacher to help you, and he does so constructively by saying:

- A) I always know the answer to every question, but then, I have the answer key.
- B) I can't help you, because that would be cheating.
- C) It's probably one of the five alternatives offered below.
- D) I can never get the right answers for these tests myself.
- E) First, try and eliminate the answers that can't possibly work.

71-75. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

71. Dan:

- Isn't that Ann over there?

Stan:

- .....

Dan:

- Are you sure? It looks a lot like her.

Stan:

- Well, why don't we walk over that way and see if we can find out, then?

A) Which Ann do you mean?

B) I'm not really interested.

C) I don't think so.

D) I don't know her very well.

E) Many have said so.



72. Sally:

- .....

Mary:

- Which one?

Sally:

- The red one.

Mary:

- Oh; that's Jan's.

- A) Whose is that bag over there?
- B) Who has turned on this light?
- C) To whom were you talking just now?
- D) Who is coming along tonight?
- E) Whose glasses are those?

73. Receptionist:

- Good morning. St Mark's Books. How can I help you?

Caller:

- Would you happen to have the Lonely Planet Guide to Peru?

Receptionist:

- .....

Caller:

- Could you please put it aside for me to come in and have a look at it?

- A) No. Why don't you try the travel book shop in Montague Street?
- B) Why should we? Peru is all the way on the other side of the world.
- C) It's a lovely country, isn't it? I went there myself a few years ago.
- D) No, I'm sorry, we're out. We have got the Rough Guide though.
- E) Sorry, we've sold out. What do you think about going to Brazil?

74. Kathy:

- Let me see what you got at the shops.

Colleen:

- Well, I found this lovely painting and this fabulous carpet.

Kathy:

- .....

Colleen:

- I haven't decided yet, but I'm sure I'll find somewhere to put them.

- A) You must be crazy—we haven't got any room for them.
- B) Exactly how much money did you spend on all of this stuff?
- C) They're beautiful, but what are you going to do with them?
- D) Do you think you could show me the shop you got them at?
- E) Oh, I'm sure they will look great in the bedroom.

75. Colette:

- .....

Amanda:

- It certainly has. Why don't we go out for coffee today?

Colette:

- That sounds great. Where shall we meet?

Amanda:

- Why don't I come to your office at about five?

- A) It's been ages since we last saw each other.
- B) The phone just hasn't stopped ringing today.
- C) The office staff are all working very hard.
- D) There's so much gossip I'd like to tell you.
- E) There's a lovely little coffee shop near here.

76-80. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okundugunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

76. (I) The Nobel Peace Prize has been awarded for a total of 90 years. (II) That is exactly why, in some years, no prize has been given. (III) There have, however, been 96 total recipients of it. (IV) Twenty-four of these people are still alive. (V) The majority of these have recently got together to call for action to improve education and build peace in war zones.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

77. (I) A Japanese woman's online character was suddenly divorced in a virtual online game world. (II) In revenge, she brought about this ex-husband's death. (III) In the real world, this led to her arrest. (IV) She wasn't charged with murder, though, but with illegally accessing this other man's online details. (V) She must be worried, as killing a human being can be punished with the death penalty in Japan.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

78. (I) There are similarities between the mythological characters of Ariadne and Medea. (II) For instance, they both betrayed their fathers for the interest of a hero from mainland Greece. (III) Ironically, the father, King Minos, had himself caused another daughter to sell her father out. (IV) Once the hero had completed the mission he'd come for with their help, they both left with him. (V) Both of them, though, wound up being abandoned in the end.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

79. (I) Australia has no official national language, but English is widely spoken there. (II) The Australian accent used by Steve Irwin or Paul Hogan could soon disappear. (III) It is thought that one modelled on the way some middle-class English people talk will not last, either. (IV) These two will be replaced with a standard form of speech in the country. (V) This, at least, is the view of the academic Bruce Moore.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

80. (I) The Irish golfer Philomena Garvey was successful in major golfing competitions for a long time. (II) In 1946, at the age of just 20, she won her first one. (III) As for her final victory, that occurred 24 years later. (IV) It was while celebrating this one that she announced her retirement from the sport. (V) Furthermore, she has continued to play for pleasure.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

## PRACTICE EXAM 27

1-8. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. I didn't expect Michael to ..... me a favour, as I've never helped him out before.  
A) aid  
B) run  
C) do  
D) sort  
E) have
2. A/an ..... between two ships in the Bosphorus in 1979 resulted in a huge oil spill.  
A) collision  
B) stretch  
C) decline  
D) interval  
E) wound
3. Despite having a/an ..... knowledge of its grammar, Deniz can communicate quite well in German.  
A) reluctant  
B) poor  
C) intense  
D) vacant  
E) unaware
4. Nigel ..... refused to alter any terms of the contract, although a change would have benefited both sides.  
A) ideally  
B) fairly  
C) exactly  
D) rigidly  
E) wisely
5. The marriage of the British poet Lord Byron and his wife ..... within a year.  
A) marked down  
B) crossed out  
C) broke up  
D) put down  
E) dropped off

6. More water ..... the house through the broken window if it ..... harder.

A) would have entered / had been raining  
B) will enter / has rained  
C) had entered / would have rained  
D) entered / was raining  
E) is entering / will have been raining

7. The air-conditioning unit ..... well for a short time this morning, but it ..... properly since then.

A) was working / isn't functioning  
B) has worked / hasn't functioned  
C) worked / hasn't been functioning  
D) works / won't have been functioning  
E) was working / doesn't function

8. Although the Faubourg-Saint-Denis Road ..... outside of Paris, it ..... part of the contemporary city.

A) had located / is formed  
B) used to be located / forms  
C) must have located / has formed  
D) was located / has been formed  
E) located / is being formed

9-15. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

9. Beth can supply you ..... some quotations that are more relevant ..... the argument you are making.

A) from / at  
B) of / on  
C) for / in  
D) to / of  
E) with / to

10. The lead researcher complimented Isla ..... seeing the slight difference ..... the two viruses.

- A) to / for                      B) across / in  
C) of / from                     D) on / between  
E) with / among

11. The factories must stop polluting the river; ....., in a year's time, there'll be no fish left in it at all.

- A) otherwise                    B) so that  
C) however                     D) unless  
E) therefore

12. Living costs are high in the capital, ..... more and more people are moving there.

- A) besides                      B) as though  
C) yet                             D) despite  
E) consequently

13. As far as I can see, Dave and Sarah have absolutely ..... in common, but they get on quite well.

- A) nothing                      B) everything  
C) someone                    D) anything  
E) everyone

14. For navigation, finding out ..... to accurately measure longitude was very important.

- A) its own                      B) itself  
C) what                         D) that  
E) how

15. .... of Algeria's cities are located on or near its coast, with the interior being relatively uninhabited.

- A) Where                        B) Most  
C) Each                         D) Anywhere  
E) Wherever

16-20. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

Berberé peppers are an essential ingredient in Ethiopia's spicy cuisine. After (16) ..... down, the peppers are added to stews. (17) ..... are the stews' famous red colour given by the peppers, ..... their spicy taste is derived from them as well. Alaba, (18) ..... is near the central city of Awassa, is at the heart of the country's hot pepper trade. Alaba peppers are big and considered to be some of the finest in the country. Berbere peppers (19) ..... \$3 a kilo in the Alaba market. (20) ..... being renowned as the best place to buy hot peppers, Alaba is also famous for its hats.

16.

- A) to have ground  
B) having been ground  
C) grind  
D) to be ground  
E) grinding

17.

- A) The more...the more  
B) The same...as  
C) Both...and  
D) Not only...but  
E) Either...or

18.

- A) where                        B) that  
C) which                        D) what  
E) whose

19.

- A) fetch  
B) could be fetched  
C) are fetched  
D) will have been fetched  
E) would rather fetch

20.

- A) In addition to                B) Even though  
C) Rather than                 D) On account of  
E) No matter

21-28. sorularda verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

21. The climate of Khartoum, the capital of the Sudan, is so hot .....

- A) as you are sweating all the time
- B) than many other capital cities of the neighbouring countries
- C) for us to live without an air conditioner
- D) that I found it very uncomfortable to live there
- E) to be bearable by many people

22. Afghanistan is among the twenty .....

- A) such a poor country
- B) the same poverty as elsewhere
- C) poorest countries in the world
- D) as poor as any other country
- E) poor enough a country

23. Harvard University, in the United States, is such an expensive school .....

- A) that only the wealthy can afford to go there without a scholarship
- B) of all the other top schools in the country
- C) than many of the other so-called "Ivy League" schools
- D) to be attended by only the very best students in the country
- E) such as its location in Cambridge in the state of Massachusetts

24. ...., baseball is just as popular in both countries.

- A) Since Japanese people are often smaller in size than Americans
- B) Though the United States and Cuba have been enemies since 1959
- C) While it has never achieved a very large following in any European country
- D) There was recently an international baseball competition
- E) Introduced to Japan more than a century ago

25. .... because they believe it will give them a happier and healthier life.

- A) An increasing number of people are taking up exercise
- B) Obesity has become a major problem in the United States
- C) One of California's newest businesses is the health food industry
- D) Vegetarianism has never been very popular in Turkey
- E) Funerals can often be extremely expensive

26. Very little petroleum or natural gas is found in Turkey, .....

- A) because of the wells that are found in the southeast of the country
- B) as long as there is a lot of smuggling along the Iraqi and Iranian borders
- C) otherwise, Turkey would be dependent on imported oil
- D) consequently, most of the oil is found around Batman
- E) so it has to rely on petroleum-producing countries for its needs

27. While studying art history at the University of Cambridge, .....

- A) her father had advised her to study engineering
- B) Cambridge is one of the most prestigious universities in the world
- C) the faculty of the department have been impressed with her work
- D) her scholarship covered university fees and most of her living expenses
- E) she managed to find a job as assistant curator for a small museum

28. ...., but he was forced to resign from his post following a series of scandals.

- A) Michael Cimino's 1980 film *Heaven's Gate* was extremely long
- B) Bored with life as an accountant, Gary is training to be a yoga instructor
- C) The new manager does not appear to be as efficient as the previous one
- D) The chairperson of the charity board had been widely respected
- E) Ludwig van Beethoven was deaf for longer than most people realize

29-34. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

29. A total solar eclipse is described by many as the most spectacular natural phenomenon that can be observed.

- A) Gözlemleyen birçok kişinin muhteşem olarak nitelendirdiği doğa olayı güneş tutulmasıdır.
- B) Güneş tutulmasının muhteşem bir doğa olayı olduğu bilindiği için, birçok kişi onu gözlemlemek istemektedir.
- C) Birçok kişi için güneş tutulmasının gözlemlenebilecek doğa olaylarının arasında ayrı bir güzelliği vardır.
- D) Güneş tutulması, birçok kişi tarafından, gözlemlenebilecek en muhteşem doğa olayı olarak nitelendirilmektedir.
- E) Muhteşem bir doğa olayı olarak tanımlanan güneş tutulmasını birçok kişi gözlemleyebilmektedir.

30. The fact that heart patients receive different treatments around the world illustrates that medicine, like everything else, has its own fashions.

- A) Kalp hastalarının dünyanın çeşitli yerlerinde farklı tedavi edilmesi tıbbın da, diğer başka şeyler gibi, kendi tarzının olduğunu göstermektedir.
- B) Dünyanın her yerinde, diğer konularda olduğu gibi, kalp hastalarını tedavi yöntemleri de farklılık göstermektedir.
- C) Kalp hastaları dünyanın çeşitli yerlerinde farklı yöntemlerle tedavi edilmektedir çünkü, başka her şeyde olduğu gibi, tıbbın da kendi tarzı vardır.
- D) Her şeyde olduğu gibi, tıpta uygulanan yöntemler de dünyada farklılık göstermektedir ki, bu kalp hastalarının tedavisinde de açıkça görülmektedir.
- E) Dünyanın her yerinde, her konuda görülebilecek farklı uygulamalar kalp hastalığının tedavi edilme yöntemine de yansımıştır.

31. It is not really possible to tell where the Sumerians came from, because the Sumerian language is not related to any other known language.

- A) Sümerlerin nereden gelmiş olduğunu söyleyebilmek, Sümer dilinin bağlantılı olduğu diğer dillerin bilinmesiyle de pek mümkün olmayabilir.
- B) Sümerlerin nereden gelmiş olduğu ya da Sümer dilinin başka hangi dillerle bağlantılı olduğunu söylemek henüz tam olarak mümkün değildir.
- C) Sümer dilinin hangi dillerle bağlantılı olduğu bilinmediği için, Sümerlerin nereden gelmiş olduğu da açıklığa kavuşmamıştır.
- D) Sümer dili bilinen başka hiçbir dille bağlantılı olmadığı için, Sümerlerin nereden geldiklerini söylemek pek mümkün değildir.
- E) Sümerlerin geldiği yeri ya da Sümer dilinin diğer dillerle bağlantısını bilmek gerçek anlamda mümkün değildir.

32. The World Health Organization says malaria kills more than one million people a year, most of whom are children under the age of five.

- A) Dünya Sağlık Örgütü'nün ifadesine göre sıtma, dünyada her yıl bir milyondan fazla çocuk ve yetişkinin ölümüne neden olmaktadır.
- B) Dünya Sağlık Örgütü, her yıl aralarında beş yaşın altında çocukların da bulunduğu yaklaşık bir milyon kişinin sıtmadan öldüğünü bildirmiştir.
- C) Dünya Sağlık Örgütü sıtmanın, başta çocuklar olmak üzere, bir milyondan fazla kişiyi etkilemekte olduğunu söylemektedir.
- D) Çoğunluğu beş yaşın altındaki çocuklar olmak üzere, her yıl bir milyondan fazla kişinin ölümüne neden olan hastalığı Dünya Sağlık Örgütü sıtma olarak açıklamıştır.
- E) Dünya Sağlık Örgütü, sıtmanın, çoğu beş yaşın altındaki çocuklar olmak üzere yılda bir milyondan fazla insanı öldürdüğünü söylemektedir.

33. Over half of the people using botox have reported actually feeling younger, rather than just looking younger.

- A) Daha genç görünmek amacıyla botoks yaptıran kişilerin çoğu, aynı zamanda kendilerini genç hissettiklerini de ifade etmektedir.
- B) Botoks kullananların yarısı, botoksu genç görünmek için değil, kendilerini genç hissetmek için tercih ettiklerini söylemiştir.
- C) Botoks kullanan kişilerin yarısından fazlası sadece genç görünmek değil, kendilerini gerçekten genç hissettiklerini bildirmişlerdir.
- D) Botoks kullananların yarısından fazlası hem genç görünmekte, hem de kendilerini genç hissetmektedirler.
- E) Botoks yaptıranların yarısından fazlası genç görünmek için yaptırdıkları bu uygulama ile kendilerini genç hissettiklerini belirtmektedir.

34. J.R.R. Tolkien's extensive study of ancient languages comes out in his choice of character names and settings in his works.

- A) J.R.R. Tolkien'in eski dillerle ilgili kapsamlı çalışması, eserlerinde karakter adları ve mekan seçiminde açığa çıkmaktadır.
- B) J.R.R. Tolkien'in eserlerinde seçtiği karakter adları ve mekanlar, onun eski dilleri ne kadar ayrıntılı bir şekilde bildiğini ortaya koymaktadır.
- C) J.R.R. Tolkien'in eserlerindeki gibi karakter ya da mekan adları seçimi ancak eski dillerin kapsamlı olarak çalışılmasıyla mümkün olur.
- D) J.R.R. Tolkien eserlerinde karakter ve mekan adlarını seçerken eski dillerle ilgili kapsamlı çalışmalar yapmıştır.
- E) Karakter ve mekan adları seçerken eski dillerden yararlanabilmek için, J.R.R. Tolkien gibi, bu konuda uzman olmak gerekmektedir.

**35-40. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.**

**35. Küresel ısınma nedeniyle buz dağlarının erimesinden sonra kutup ayılarının farklı çevre şartlarında hayatta kalıp kalamayacağı tartışılmaktadır.**

- A) There has been debate over whether polar bears are able to live in different environmental conditions now that the icebergs are melting due to global warming.
- B) The fact that the icebergs are melting because of global warming has led to debate about whether polar bears are affected by different environmental conditions.
- C) Whether polar bears can adapt to the changes in environmental conditions that are due to global warming melting the icebergs has become the subject of debate.
- D) After the melting of the icebergs due to global warming, it is debated whether polar bears will be able to survive in different environmental conditions.
- E) Global warming, which will finally force polar bears to live in different environmental conditions, has been the subject of debate ever since the icebergs started melting.

**36. Britanya'da zehirli örümcek türlerinin yayılmasının nedeni çeşitli ülkelerden ithal edilen egzotik bitkiler olabilir.**

- A) The plants imported to Britain from exotic countries have resulted in the invasion of poisonous spider species.
- B) Some poisonous spider species have invaded Britain because many exotic plants are imported from other countries.
- C) The reason why poisonous spider species are spreading in Britain may be exotic plants imported from various countries.
- D) Britain has been invaded by poisonous spider species ever since exotic plants were imported from several countries.
- E) Because plants are imported to Britain from various exotic countries, poisonous spider species are spreading in the country.

**37. Hindistan'ın Sundarban adalarında kaplanlar, doğal ortam kaybı ve gittikçe azalan avları nedeniyle yiyecek için köylere saldırmaktadır.**

- A) The villages in the Sundarban islands in India are suffering from tiger attacks caused by habitat loss and dwindling prey.
- B) In India's Sundarban islands, habitat loss and dwindling prey are the reasons why tigers are attacking villages in search of food.
- C) Tigers have begun to attack villages for food in the Sundarban islands in India, owing to habitat loss and dwindling prey.
- D) Habitat loss and dwindling prey are driving tigers to attack villages to find food in the Sundarban islands in India.
- E) In India's Sundarban islands, tigers are attacking villages for food due to habitat loss and dwindling prey.

**38. Ortaçağda bal lüksün simgesi olarak görülmüş ve tıbbi amaçlarla kullanılmıştır.**

- A) Honey was considered to symbolize luxury in the Middle Ages, when it was used for medical purposes as well.
- B) In the Middle Ages, honey was seen as a symbol of luxury, and it was used for medical purposes.
- C) Honey was used as medicine in the Middle Ages, and people thought it was a symbol of luxury.
- D) In the Middle Ages, honey symbolized luxury, while it was also used as medicine.
- E) Honey is thought to have been used for medical purposes in the Middle Ages, when it was a symbol of luxury.



39. Fabrikada makinelerin uğultusundan, hiçbirimiz müdürün ne dediğini tam olarak işitemiyorduk.

- A) The machines in the factory were making so much noise that none of us could hear what the manager was saying.
- B) None of us could hear clearly what the manager was saying because the machines in the factory were making so much noise.
- C) Because of the roar of the machines in the factory, none of us could quite hear what the manager was saying.
- D) It was the roar of the machines in the factory that prevented all of us from hearing clearly what the manager was saying.
- E) The roar of the machines in the factory prevented all of us from hearing exactly what the manager was saying.

40. Aşıların yardımıyla insanoğlu, pek çok öldürücü ya da sakat bırakan hastalığa karşı kendini koruyabilmiştir.

- A) Thanks to the help of vaccines, many of the previously deadly and crippling diseases no longer threaten humanity.
- B) With the help of vaccines, humanity has been able to protect itself against many deadly or crippling diseases.
- C) Humans have protected themselves from many deadly and crippling diseases using vaccines.
- D) The fact that vaccines can prevent many deadly and crippling diseases has helped mankind.
- E) Humans can be protected against many deadly and crippling diseases with the help of vaccines.

41-43. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Linda Avey and Anne Wojcicki have started a genetic testing company. They feel that if people know what diseases they are at risk for in the future, they will be able to take action and have a better life. Wojcicki's husband discovered from a gene test that he is at risk of getting Parkinson's disease. He found it empowering, as he now exercises more and doesn't take caffeine. The public, though, fears that insurance companies may refuse to cover people with results that indicate higher risks of certain illnesses. At the moment, it is illegal for them to do so, but that may change. Another reason why the tests have proved controversial is that they can measure only the genes that studies have linked to certain illnesses so far.

41. It is strongly implied in the passage that Anne Wojcicki's husband .....

- A) was tricked into having a genetic test by his wife
- B) has already got Parkinson's disease
- C) dislikes drinks with caffeine in them
- D) works for his wife's genetic testing company
- E) doesn't regret having had the genetic test

42. It can be concluded from the passage that .....

- A) insurance companies have a tendency to break the law
- B) the fear that the public have about genetic testing is baseless
- C) Linda Avey and Anne Wojcicki are being sponsored by insurance companies
- D) giving up caffeine may help in the prevention of Parkinson's disease
- E) Parkinson's disease is caused solely by heredity

43. It is understood from the passage that illnesses .....

- A) may have genetic links that are presently unknown
- B) have not affected Linda Avey or Anne Wojcicki
- C) cannot legally be studied by insurance companies
- D) such as Parkinson's disease cannot affect physically active people
- E) can be cured through a knowledge of genetics

**44-46. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

Ventotene belongs to the group of islands known as the Pontines. During the Roman Empire, emperors such as Augustus and Tiberius considered the island's isolation perfect for exiling people to. It is thought that the poet Homer thought of Ventotene as a spot passed by by Ulysses on his long journey home. The island's restaurants keep visitors well-fed during peak season from May to October. Ventotene's size of just 1½ square kilometers makes it perfect for exploring on foot. Unlike its more popular southern neighbours in the same island group, Ischia and Capri, Ventotene has barely been touched by international tourism. It's home to a year-round population of about 600. That number increases dramatically during the summer months.

**44. It is understood from the passage that Capri is .....**

- A) occupied by tourists for longer than Ventotene
- B) one of the Pontines
- C) to the south of Ischia
- D) larger in size than Ventotene
- E) not mentioned by Homer

**45. It is clear from the passage that Ventotene .....**

- A) has nothing in common with Ischia or Capri
- B) was visited by the Roman emperors Augustus and Tiberius
- C) does not have any motorized vehicles on it
- D) is popular with visitors from May to October
- E) was first inhabited during the Roman Empire

**46. We learn from the passage that Ventotene .....**

- A) is mentioned in several of Homer's works
- B) is not stayed on by international tourists for long
- C) was used as a place of punishment in the past
- D) has a serious food supply problem in winter
- E) is not keen on having international tourists

**47-49. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

The Scottish writer Henry Mackenzie tried to interest some publishers in his first and most famous work, *The Man of Feeling*, for several years, but they didn't accept it, even as a gift. Finally, he published it anonymously, and it was an instant bestseller. Its tone shows Mackenzie knew the work of Laurence Sterne and Samuel Richardson, but he didn't have Sterne's humour or Richardson's insight. A Mr. Eccles made a claim of authorship of the book, and supported it with a manuscript full of changes he'd made. Mackenzie was later officially revealed as the author, but Eccles seems to have got some people to believe in him. Mackenzie also opposed the French Revolution in many articles, most of which remained anonymous.

**47. It can be understood from the passage that *The Man of Feeling* .....**

- A) was not expected to be successful by the publishers that rejected it
- B) has a similar storyline to a work by Samuel Richardson
- C) includes negative remarks about the French Revolution
- D) sold more copies than all of Henry Mackenzie's other work put together
- E) was based on a manuscript that had been written by Mr. Eccles

**48. It is stated in the passage that Mr. Eccles .....**

- A) knew who had really written *The Man of Feeling* when it was published
- B) made some effort to back up his claim
- C) was the actual author of *The Man of Feeling*
- D) had tried to improve Henry Mackenzie's novel
- E) never gave up claiming to be the author of *The Man of Feeling*

**49. We learn from the passage that Henry Mackenzie .....**

- A) attempted to give away published articles for free
- B) put out a majority of his anti-French Revolution pieces under his own name
- C) did not want his name to appear on any of his work
- D) gave Mr. Eccles the original draft of his first novel
- E) was a less amusing writer than Laurence Sterne

**50-52. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

The British ship the *Britannic* was of the same class as the *Titanic*. Before it could carry the normal passengers it had been designed for, it was taken over for use as a hospital ship in World War I. In 1916, off Greece, there was an explosion, and the ship soon sank. It's unknown what caused it. Witnesses claimed they saw two torpedoes heading towards the ship. But after the war, the record of a German submarine revealed that it had laid mines close to where the *Britannic* lies. Unlike the sinking of the *Titanic*, the loss of the *Britannic* made few headlines, and the 30 deaths unfortunately seemed insignificant in the middle of a very bloody war. Due to its extra safety features, the *Britannic* should in fact have remained afloat.

**50. It is implied in the passage that the explosion .....**

- A) ought not to have sunk the *Britannic*
- B) was seen by many eyewitnesses
- C) was recorded by a German submarine
- D) was not actually a significant one
- E) killed everyone on board the *Britannic*

**51. It is clear from the passage that the *Britannic* .....**

- A) had the same safety features as the *Titanic*
- B) had 30 people on board at the time of the explosion
- C) was being followed by a German submarine
- D) was never used for its original purpose
- E) was being watched by people in Greece when it exploded

**52. It can be concluded from the passage that the loss of the *Britannic* made few headlines because .....**

- A) the news on the war was considered more important at the time
- B) it was still unclear what had blown a hole in it
- C) ships of the *Titanic*'s class were expected to sink
- D) nobody cared about the victims of the disaster
- E) its sinking occurred close to a foreign country

**53-55. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

Along with a number of the other ones built in the US after the Civil War, the Sand Island Lighthouse is decaying. The expert Michael Davidson points out that it has survived many major hurricanes. He believes that it would not be standing had it been built with modern methods. In the US Civil War, the Confederate side destroyed some lighthouses to keep them out of Union hands. The lighthouse on Sand Island was one of the ones completely blown up. Davidson has compared the current condition of the Sand Island Lighthouse to a cracked teacup. He thinks it can be repaired by sealing its cracks. Yet the lack of funds for its restoration remains a challenge. Some of its supporters have some fundraising plans, though.

**53. It is implied in the passage that the Sand Island Lighthouse .....**

- A) is not the first building of its kind to occupy its site
- B) will not continue to exist for much longer
- C) was viewed as a beautiful building by the Confederates
- D) gained its current cracks in the US Civil War
- E) has the same shape as a cup used for drinking tea with

**54. It is clear from the passage that, at present, .....**

- A) Davidson is collecting money for the restoration of the lighthouse
- B) no American Civil War-era lighthouse is in good condition
- C) no modern builder that puts up lighthouses exists
- D) Davidson is working on repairing the Sand Island Lighthouse
- E) there is not enough available money to restore the Sand Island Lighthouse

**55. It is understood from the passage that Michael Davidson .....**

- A) has seen a great many hurricanes within his lifetime
- B) dislikes the Confederate side of the US Civil War
- C) has repaired a broken teacup
- D) admires how the Sand Island Lighthouse was constructed
- E) does not believe that the Sand Island Lighthouse will be saved

56-60. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın olan seçeneği bulunuz.

56. It has taken longer than expected to develop the world's largest airliner, the A380.

- A) The biggest passenger plane in the world, the A380, was not developed as quickly as planned.
- B) It should not have taken so long to develop the A380, even though it is the world's largest airliner.
- C) The A380 is the longest and largest passenger plane ever to be built.
- D) It is not possible to develop a passenger aircraft as large as the A380 in a short time.
- E) Because the A380 is such a big airplane, it takes an unusually long time to build one.

57. The United States spends more on its military budget than almost the rest of the world combined.

- A) The United States has the strongest armed forces in the world because it spends more on them than most other countries.
- B) The United States spends more money on defense than many other countries.
- C) If other countries want to challenge the United States militarily, they may need to develop a higher military expenditure.
- D) The United States spends so much on its military that it will be difficult for any other country in the world to catch up.
- E) The total military expenditure of every other country in the world is barely more than that of the United States.

58. No other country in the world has such a high inflation rate as Zimbabwe.

- A) Zimbabwe has one of the highest inflation rates in the world.
- B) The inflation rate is higher in Zimbabwe than in any other country.

- C) Few countries in the world have as quickly growing an economy as Zimbabwe.
- D) Inflation is the biggest problem in many countries, such as Zimbabwe.
- E) The inflation rate in Zimbabwe is as high as that in any other country in the world.

59. The biggest stars and most powerful producers in the film world gather every year for the Cannes film festival.

- A) Only the biggest stars and the best producers are allowed to come to the Cannes film festival every year.
- B) The stars and producers who appear at the Cannes film festival every year are the best-known in the world.
- C) Each year, the Cannes film festival attracts the most popular stars and influential producers.
- D) Anyone who is a powerful film producer or a popular star needs to be seen at the annual Cannes film festival.
- E) The Cannes film festival wouldn't be so important if such powerful producers and big stars didn't gather there.

60. There are more celebrities than ever today, whereas real talent seems in short supply.

- A) Today, there are more truly talented celebrities than ever before.
- B) While true talent appears difficult to find these days, more people have become stars than ever before.
- C) In order to become a star, a person also needs to have a supply of real talent.
- D) It seems as if, today, it is never the truly talented people who become celebrities.
- E) Nowadays, the less talented people are, the more famous they seem to become.

61-65. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

61. The map of the London Underground, which can be seen on every train, at all stations, on the back of the London A-Z guide, on tea cloths on sale at the London Transport Museum, on posters, in diaries and in various other places, has been called a model of its kind, a work of art. .... . Ironically, they only paid him £5.25 for something so widely used.

- A) It represents the Underground as a geometric grid, and is not done accurately to scale
- B) The tube lines do not, of course, lie at right angles to each other like Manhattan's streets
- C) London's famous Victoria Station is named after Queen Victoria
- D) It has been reproduced in millions and served as a model for metro maps all over the world
- E) It was designed by Henry Beck and first used by London Transport on posters in 1933

62. .... . Over the years, people have made up new languages with this aim. At least six hundred languages have been developed in the search for a language which all human beings would be able to speak. The most famous of these, Esperanto, was the idea of Ludwig Zamenhof, who published a book about his new language in 1887.

- A) There are many who believe that there are beings on other planets waiting for us to contact them
- B) Many people hope that the whole world will one day speak a common language
- C) How easy learning English would be if it didn't include countless irregularities, and strange idiomatic expressions
- D) Mixed-marriages may have their problems, but at least the children have the advantage of being bilingual
- E) The opening of the Internet has enabled thousands of people to communicate with each other by computer

63. The Chinese may have used firearms thousands of years ago, but firearms as we know them were not developed in the Western world until Europeans learnt how to use gunpowder during the 1200s. The invention of firearms led to great changes in warfare. Bullets could penetrate armour. .... . However, these huge structures crumbled before the assault of new weapons, such as cannon balls.

- A) Early hand-held firearms, such as the pistol and the musket, were heavy and difficult to load
- B) The rifle was invented in the late 1500s, but many improvements have been made since then
- C) The first firearms were cannons, but men soon developed firearms that they could carry
- D) Castles had easily withstood the attacks of men armed with swords, spears, and bows and arrows
- E) Many people believe that the world would be a better place if firearms hadn't been invented

64. .... . The land includes a desert, thick jungles, and one of the world's rainiest areas. It also has broad plains, great rivers, the tallest mountain system in the world, and tropical lowlands. The people of India belong to many different races and religions. They speak about 180 languages, including 14 major tongues. Some Indians have great wealth, while others can spend only a few cents a day on the bare necessities of life.

- A) Many ways of life in India have stayed the same for thousands of years
- B) Some Indians are college graduates, but others have never gone to school
- C) Many Indian people cannot even understand each other's language
- D) Overcrowding gets worse as India's huge population keeps growing rapidly
- E) India has great varieties and differences in both its land and its people

65. Some years ago, an aid agency gave some African peasants fertiliser so that their crop would double. When the crop indeed did double, the aid workers thought they had put the peasants on the road to prosperity. .... When the aid workers asked them why, the peasants thought it was a silly question. They had enough to feed their families until the next year, they replied, so why should they work when they didn't have to?

- A) In spite of foreign aid, Africa remains one of the poorest and most unstable regions of the world
- B) Within a few years the peasants had freed themselves from dependence on the agency
- C) In the view of the aid workers, the peasants have never shown proper gratitude
- D) In only a few years they all had cars and televisions
- E) But the next year the peasants did not plant anything

66-70. sorularda verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

66. Awakened in the middle of the night by blaring sirens, you go outside to investigate. Soon you come upon and join a small crowd, having gathered to watch a neighbour's house burn. You are struck by your own and everyone else's apparent fascination with disaster. You turn to a fellow spectator and express this:

- A) How we love to gaze at other people's misfortune!
- B) Look at those immense flames! They must be over five metres high.
- C) My God! Has anyone been hurt?
- D) What could have possibly delayed the firefighters so long?
- E) I can't stand to watch—I'm going back to bed.

67. You've done a lot of work on your balcony garden and are quite proud of it. You're talking to a friend on your balcony and are horrified to see him about to put his cigarette out in one of your pot plants. You don't want to seem too upset or unreasonable, but want to stop him before he does so. Also trying to solve his problem, almost hurriedly, you say to him:

- A) How would you feel if I put my cigarette out on your new carpet?
- B) Hey, I'll bring an ashtray for you. Use that one instead of the pot.
- C) Don't even think about it! That's no place to put out your cigarette.
- D) What do you think you're doing? Does that look like an ashtray to you?
- E) If you want to smoke, I would rather you did it in the parking lot.

68. You're at a formal function at work, and just about to introduce two of your most important clients to each other, when you suddenly realise you've forgotten the name of one of them. It's probably because you're a bit nervous, but there's nothing you can do except for trying to cover up the situation as smoothly as possible. So you say:

- A) I know you won't believe this, but I've forgotten your name, sir.
- B) Mr Horwood, may I introduce you to Mr... Pardon, what was your name?
- C) Well, this happens rarely to me, but I don't remember either of your names.
- D) Mr Horwood, I'd like you to meet another of our valued clients.
- E) Oh, I've just seen someone I have to talk to this minute.

69. Your partner and you have just moved into a new house and are redecorating. Your partner wants to paint the living room in a shade he has chosen from a catalogue. Knowing that the colours don't always turn out exactly as they appear in catalogues, you suggest:

- A) Yes, I think that colour would be absolutely perfect. How much do we need?
- B) Oh no, that colour is far too bright, and it wouldn't go with our furniture.
- C) Why don't we get a little pot of the paint and test it on a small area first?
- D) Let's look at a few more catalogues before we make a decision.
- E) Well, if the colour doesn't look as good as you think, what are we going to do then?

70. You are in a clothes shop where the prices are quite reasonable. Your friend is trying to decide which dress to buy. She is quite sensitive about her weight. Unfortunately, she comes out of the changing room in a terrible outfit and asks your opinion. You suggest, trying not to hurt her:

- A) Take it off immediately. You look really awful.
- B) Well, it has made your excess kilos very noticeable.
- C) Have you started dieting yet?
- D) It's okay, but why don't you try this other style?
- E) It's too expensive. Let's try another shop.

71-75. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

71. Sophie:

- Excuse me, can you tell me the way to Buckingham Palace?

Pierre:

- I'm sorry, I'm a stranger here myself.

Sophie:

- .....

Pierre:

- I haven't spoken with any real Londoners, either.

- A) You're the third person I've asked. London is full of foreigners!
- B) Are you French? You sound as if you have a French accent.
- C) Maybe we could sit down somewhere and have a cup of tea.
- D) I guess that means you don't know.
- E) I didn't ask you where you were from; I asked you if you knew the way!

72. Corey:

- Have you ever heard of Christopher Marlowe?

Colleen:

- Of course. He was a contemporary of Shakespeare and some of his plays are just as good.

Corey:

- .....

Colleen:

- I studied English literature at university.

- A) I've never liked Shakespeare.
- B) Where can I find a biography of him?
- C) Have you ever seen any of his plays?
- D) How do you know so much about him?
- E) I thought he was a spy.

73. Hotel Clerk:

- Hello, Palace Hotel. What can I do for you?

Jim:

- I'd like to reserve a single room for 22nd and 23rd of next month, please.

Hotel Clerk:

- .....

Jim:

- Quite early in the morning, but if I could just leave my bags, I won't need the room until the evening.

- A) Would you like to have breakfast included?
- B) And what time will you be arriving, sir?
- C) Could I have your credit card number, please?
- D) And what time will you be leaving on the 24?
- E) That's fine. You can check in any time after 10 a.m.

74. Sally:

- I see that you have made a rather unusual career choice.

Pete:

- It may seem strange to you, but stand-up comedy is what I do best.

Sally:

- .....

Pete:

- I suppose so, but I'd rather be out here doing something I love than sitting behind a desk just for the money.

- A) I'm tired of working in an office for such little pay.
- B) Do you think I have any chance of becoming a stand-up comic?
- C) But isn't it a rather insecure profession?
- D) What do your parents think about what you've chosen to do?
- E) Is your wife supporting you with the money she makes?

75. Will:

- I'm thinking of taking a computer course.

Ben:

- Really? I thought you'd just done one.

Will:

- .....

Ben:

- Oh, I see. So now you want to further increase your knowledge of computers.

- A) Really, what I all need is to do some more practice on my own computer.
- B) I thought about them, but I didn't do anything.
- C) I would, but I just haven't got the time to spare.
- D) What makes you think I would have done that?
- E) I did, but that was a very basic course for beginners.

76-80. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okundugunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

76. (I) Stalactites are the long carrot-like structures that hang from the ceilings of caves. (II) They also closely resemble the appearance of icicles. (III) Nonetheless, the two objects don't have any physics in common. (IV) On the other hand, stalagmites are the similar structures found on the floor of caves. (V) That is why experts were shocked to find that both can be described using the same mathematical equation.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V



**DISKTS**

77. (I) I keep all my unread books on a specific bookshelf. (II) It is prominently placed so I can't ignore them. (III) While I don't assume I'll ever get through them, I don't allow myself to buy any new books when there is no space left on it. (IV) This acts as an incentive for me to tackle the large ones, since they take up the most room. (V) For instance, my favourite one on it, *Ulysses*, took me through more than 1,000 pages.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

79. (I) Mari is currently spoken by about 610,000 people. (II) They live primarily within the Mari El republic in the Russian Federation. (III) Many other languages are spoken in that nation as well. (IV) The two main dialects of it within the republic are the Meadow dialect and the Mountain dialect. (V) They differ from each other only in minor details.

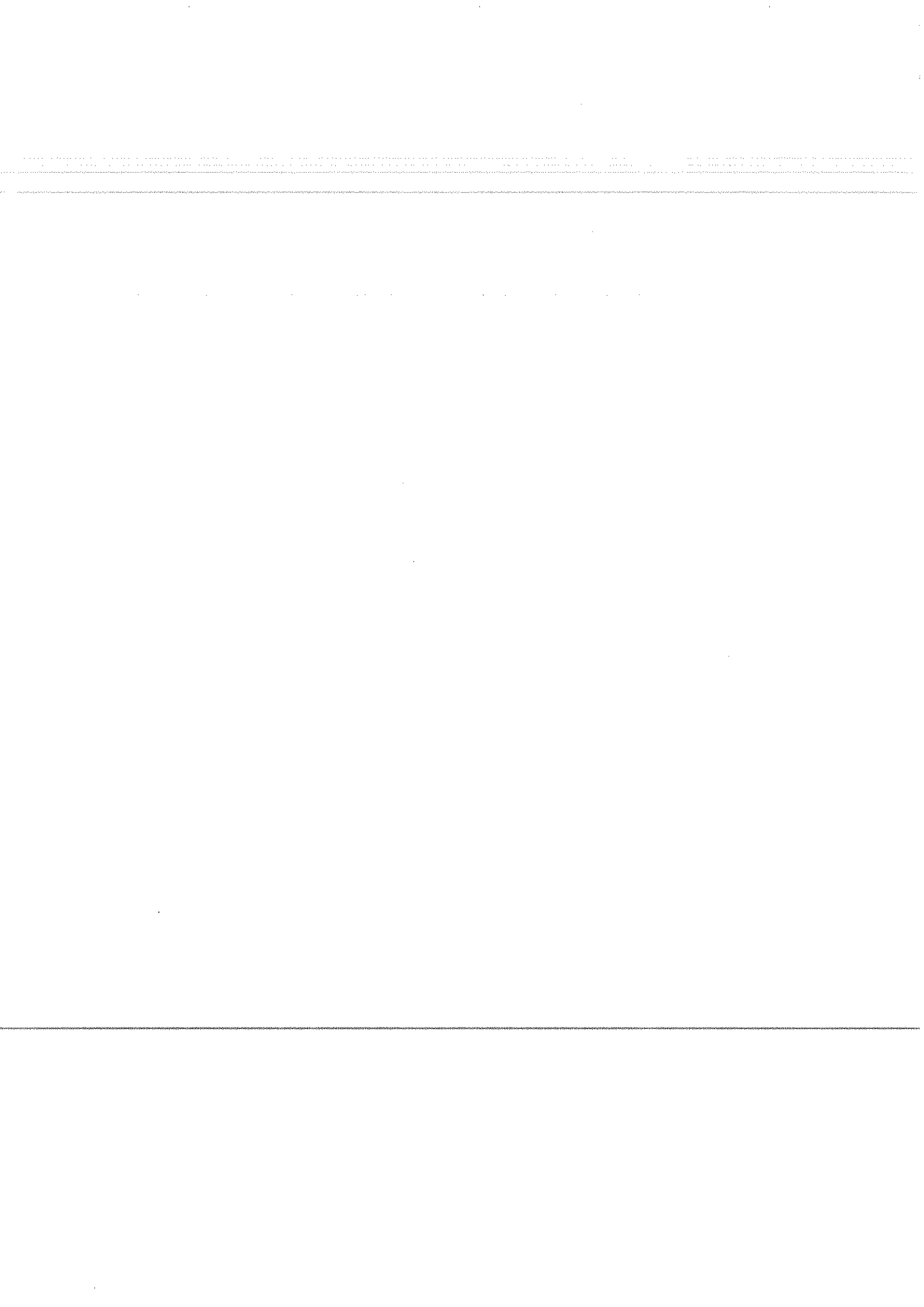
- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

78. (I) Some writers came together recently to discuss literature's role in an age of environmental doom. (II) None of them believed that writing can, by itself, change the world. (III) Thus, their conference was a waste of time. (IV) But the poet C.K. Williams implied that writing provides the beauty of hope. (V) This was not a futile vision; rather, it hinted at the strength that can be found in resisting despair, and that can result in action.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

80. (I) The poem "To a Skylark" is by Percy Bysshe Shelley. (II) However, his major works are long visionary poems such as *Adonaïs* and *The Triumph of Life*. (III) The last words of the first and third lines of each of its stanzas rhyme with each other, as do those of the second and fourth lines. (IV) The fifth line is generally tied with the other lines, too. (V) It rhymes with the second and fourth lines, and is usually double the length of the first and third lines.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V



## PRACTICE EXAM 28

1-8. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. They got married so soon after meeting that they ..... knew each other.

A) previously                      B) considerably  
C) barely                            D) sufficiently  
E) closely

2. The *Titanic* sank soon after it ..... with an iceberg in the Atlantic Ocean.

A) captured                        B) bruised  
C) ascended                        D) collided  
E) crushed

3. It is very ..... when you only have one item but you still have to wait at the back of a long queue in the supermarket.

A) nervous                         B) frustrating  
C) furious                         D) emotional  
E) critical

4. It was not hard for the police to catch the murderer, as the eye-witness's ..... of him was very clear.

A) description                    B) engagement  
C) delivery                         D) approach  
E) broadcast

5. Satellite TV enables people living abroad in other countries to ..... the events of their home countries.

A) come up with                  B) keep up with  
C) run away from                D) get out of  
E) look down on

6. How well do you think you ..... English when you ..... the course?

A) are speaking / will finish  
B) will be speaking / have finished  
C) were going to speak / finish  
D) speak / will have finished  
E) have been speaking / finished

7. I wonder how our grandparents ..... with the housework before all these appliances .....

A) had to cope / should be invented  
B) had coped / have been invented  
C) would have coped / had invented  
D) have coped / would be invented  
E) could cope / were invented

8. If the firemen ..... when they did, the fire ..... to the neighbouring buildings.

A) haven't arrived / will have spread  
B) aren't arriving / has spread  
C) don't arrive / is spreading  
D) hadn't arrived / might have spread  
E) won't arrive / will be spreading

9-15. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

9. Although the release of toxic chemicals ..... the atmosphere is ..... the law in most countries, accidents can happen, often with tragic results.

A) into / against                  B) for / around  
C) from / by                        D) on / within  
E) over / with

10. According to statistics, students who say they read ..... fun once a day score significantly higher ..... reading tests than those who never do.

- A) at / through                      B) like / below  
C) for / on                              D) about / since  
E) during / to

11. He had already made up his mind about quitting his job a long time ..... they lost their daughter in a car crash.

- A) after                                      B) since  
C) while                                    D) ago  
E) before

12. Cheques are made out in ..... words ..... figures and they are not valid if either is missing.

- A) both / and                              B) not / as well as  
C) whether / or                            D) neither / nor  
E) hardly / when

13. .... governments agree on world-wide action to protect endangered species, many of them will already have become extinct.

- A) Despite                                    B) As soon as  
C) Unless                                    D) By the time  
E) Even though

14. .... you spoke to over the phone must have made a mistake when he told you the time of the train.

- A) Nobody                                    B) Whomever  
C) When                                      D) Everyone  
E) However

15. I have to phone my dentist and postpone my appointment to ..... time, as I don't seem to be able to make it today.

- A) a little                                    B) another  
C) the other                                D) many  
E) once

16-20. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

When you hiccup, your diaphragm and nearby muscles convulse, and this causes you to briefly gulp air. (16) ..... 35 milliseconds, the glottis—the opening at the top of the air passage—slams shut, producing the characteristic "hic". (17) ..... you are in hiccup mode, you typically will hiccup 60 times or more. The hiccup record is 57 years—but it's not usually (18) ..... bad. In one case, a 27-year-old man complained that he (19) ..... for four days. The doctor saw a hair tickling his eardrum, so the hair was washed out and the hiccups stopped. Although there are several speculations, no one knows for sure (20) ..... we hiccup.

16.  
A) Throughout                              B) Without  
C) Along                                      D) Within  
E) As

17.  
A) Even                                        B) Once  
C) First                                        D) Before  
E) Soon

18.  
A) quite                                        B) yet  
C) so    D) such  
E) much

19.  
A) has been hiccuping  
B) has hiccuped  
C) will have hiccuped  
D) is hiccuping  
E) had been hiccuping

20.  
A) which                                        B) that  
C) what                                        D) where  
E) why

21-28. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

21. When the dice stopped rolling, ..... .
- A) Xavier has moved his counter nine squares further on
  - B) Ignazio hopes to see two sixes
  - C) Emil knew he couldn't win the backgammon game
  - D) Andreas hadn't realized they were weighted ones
  - E) Liam can never again be as fortunate as he was then
22. Yesterday, the ice on the lake wasn't thick enough ..... .
- A) that we didn't go skating there
  - B) for us to risk walking across it
  - C) to have seen the fish that were trapped below
  - D) despite the hot weather we've had recently
  - E) so it was quite safe for the kids to play on
23. ....; therefore, not many people can fully comprehend it.
- A) The planks on this fence have been ripped off and burned up
  - B) The elevator often becomes dangerously overloaded in this crowded building
  - C) The cast appear to be doing nothing at all in their performances
  - D) The short story had never been printed in a respected journal before
  - E) The main point in this text is hidden within its complex philosophical language
24. .... that he had ever come up against.
- A) The writer John Dos Passos described Arabic as the most difficult language
  - B) For the retired tennis player Pete Sampras, Andre Agassi was as great an opponent
  - C) When the artist Thomas Jacques Somerscales was in Panama, malaria was a disease
  - D) Irwin Allen's film *The Swarm* received a great deal of negative criticism
  - E) Following his electoral victory, Abraham Lincoln had to deal with the major crisis
25. She's had to change four jobs ..... .
- A) before she started her present one
  - B) until she could find one that suited her better
  - C) by the time she finds one with a good salary
  - D) since she came to this city to make her living
  - E) when she became dissatisfied with them
26. The two great boxers, Muhammad Ali and Mike Tyson are not contemporaries, ..... .
- A) but many believe that the latter could never have beaten the former in his prime
  - B) whenever they met, their match used to be watched by the millions the world over
  - C) although he is getting too old to ever be champion again
  - D) the former was the youngest heavyweight champion of all time
  - E) that is, they both became very famous in the same country

27. .... if sufficient resources are available.

- A) An improvement in education standards can only be achieved
- B) There would be a reduction in the effects of global warming
- C) The energy crisis of a few years ago wouldn't have taken place
- D) Very few of elementary school children have been provided with free books
- E) Solid fuels such as coal and wood would have run out

28. The hotel was awful not simply because it was miles from the beach and town, .....

- A) moreover there was a good night club there
- B) and besides it was the perfect place to relax
- C) nevertheless there were no other guests
- D) but also because there was nothing to do at night
- E) there weren't many activities for the entire family

29-34. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

29. No matter how much care is taken, conflicts between generations are inevitable.

- A) Kuşaklar arası çatışmalardan kaçınmak için çok büyük bir özen gösterilmelidir.
- B) Kuşaklar arası çatışmaları en aza indirmek için özel bir çaba gösterilmesi gerekir.
- C) Büyük bir özen gösterilse bile, kuşaklar arasında mutlaka çatışmalar olacaktır.
- D) Her ne kadar kuşaklar arası çatışmalar kaçınılmaz ise de, çok dikkat edildiğinde bunlar azalabilir.
- E) Ne kadar özen gösterilirse gösterilsin, kuşaklar arası çatışmalar kaçınılmazdır.

30. Talking to people with different opinions from yours enables you to see things from other perspectives as well.

- A) Olaylara farklı açıdan bakabilmek için, görüşleri sizinkilerden farklı olan insanlarla da konuşmanız gerekir.
- B) Sizinkilerden farklı görüşlere sahip olan insanlarla konuşmazsanız, olayları değişik açılardan göremezsiniz.
- C) Görüşleri sizinkilerden farklı olan kişilerle konuşmak, olayları başka açılardan da görmenizi sağlar.
- D) Çeşitli insanlarla konuşarak değişik görüşler edinebilir, olaylara başka açılardan bakabilirsiniz.
- E) Farklı görüşlere sahip insanlarla konuşmak, olayları değişik yönleriyle görebilmeniz açısından gereklidir.

31. The bank manager admitted having embezzled £ 250,000 of the bank's money during the five years he'd been working there.

- A) Banka müdürü, beş yıldır çalışmakta olduğu bankadan £ 250.000 zimmetine geçirdiğini kabul etmedi.
- B) Banka müdürü, çalıştığı beş yıl boyunca bankanın parasından £ 250.000 zimmetine geçirdiğini itiraf etti.
- C) Beş yıldır çalışmakta olduğu bankanın parasından £ 250.000 zimmetine geçirmekle suçlanan banka müdürü bu suçlamayı reddetti.
- D) Banka müdürü, beş yıldır çalıştığı bankanın parasından £ 250.000 zimmetine geçirdiğini inkar etti.
- E) Banka müdürünün çalışmakta olduğu bankanın parasından beş yılda zimmetine geçirdiği miktarın £ 250.000 olduğu tahmin edilmektedir.

32. The witnesses said they'd seen three masked men, one of whom had a gun.

- A) Tanıklar, maskeli üç adamdan birinin elinde silah olduğunu söylediler.
- B) Tanıklardan biri, maskeli üç adamın silahlı olduklarını görmüş.
- C) Tanıklar, maskeli üç adamın yanında silahlı birinin olduğunu söylediler.
- D) Tanıklar, biri silahlı, maskeli üç adam gördüklerini söylediler.
- E) Tanıklar, maskeli ve silahlı üç adam görmüşler.

33. Though the restaurant was packed, we managed to find a table, if not one with a beautiful view.

- A) Restoran dolu olmasaydı, güzel manzaralı bir masa bulabilirdik.
- B) Restoran dolu olduğu için, ancak manzarası güzel olmayan bir masa bulabildik.
- C) Restoran doluydu, ama yine de güzel manzaralı bir masa bulabildik.
- D) Restoranın dolu olmasına rağmen boş bir masa bulmayı başardık, ama manzarası güzel değildi.
- E) Restoran dolu olduğu halde, güzel manzaralı olmasa da, bir masa bulabildik.

34. As he wasn't prepared for such ruthless criticism, the writer was really disappointed upon reading the review of his book.

- A) Kitabı hakkında övgüler bekleyen yazar, çok acımasız bir eleştiriyi karşılaştınca hayal kırıklığına uğradı.
- B) Kitabının bu kadar acımasız bir şekilde eleştirilmesi yazarın hiç beklemediği birşeydi.
- C) Kendini acımasız eleştirilere hazırlamış olan yazar, kitabı hakkındaki eleştiriyi okuyunca gerçekten çok şaşırıldı.
- D) Bu kadar acımasız bir eleştiri beklemediği için yazar, kitabının eleştirisini okuyunca gerçekten hayal kırıklığına uğradı.
- E) Yazar kendini acımasız eleştirilere hazırlamamış olsaydı, kitabının eleştirisini okuyunca hayal kırıklığına uğradı.

35-40. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

35. Bazı insanlar astrolojiyi o kadar ciddiye alırlar ki, gazetedeki yıldız falını okumadan güne başlamazlar.

- A) Astrology is taken far too seriously by some people who are unable to start the day without first reading their horoscope in the daily paper.
- B) People who won't start the day without reading their horoscope in the newspaper must take astrology too seriously.
- C) Some people take astrology so seriously that they won't start the day without reading the horoscope in the newspaper.
- D) People shouldn't take astrology so seriously as to make them unable to start the day without reading their horoscope in the newspaper first.
- E) A horoscope in the newspaper will only affect those people who consider it to be of great significance.

36. Yüzyıllardır gökbilimciler Mars'ta yaşam olabileceği olasılığı üzerinde durmaktadırlar.

- A) For centuries astronomers have considered the possibility that life might exist on Mars.
- B) Astronomers consider it possible that life has existed on Mars for centuries.
- C) For over a century, astronomers have been debating whether life could exist on Mars.
- D) Centuries of consideration by astronomers has concluded that it is possible for life to exist on Mars.
- E) The existence of life on Mars has been a topic of considerable discussion among astronomers for centuries.

37. Sorun şu anda ne kadar önemsiz gibi görünse de, çok geç olmadan bir çözüm bulmalıyız.

- A) If we continue at this time to consider the problem insignificant, by the time we find a solution, it will be too late.
- B) As the problem seemed unimportant at that moment, we didn't look for a solution, and then it was too late.
- C) However insignificant the problem may appear at the moment, we must find a solution before it is too late.
- D) Although the problem is not an important one at the moment, it may be too late to find a solution if we don't act now.
- E) We should look for a solution to the problem while it is still not serious, as later, it may be too late.

38. Özel olarak kiralayabileceğiniz tekneler dışında adaya ulaşmanın tek yolu iki saatte bir kalkan gemilerdir.

- A) Besides taking one of the ships that depart every two hours, you can also get to the island by hiring a private boat.
- B) There are two ways to get to the island, one of which is hiring a boat privately, and the other is taking the regular ship.
- C) In order to get to the island, you can either hire a private boat or take the ship, which leaves every two hours.
- D) Other than boats you can hire privately, the only way to get to the island is by ships, which depart every two hours.
- E) If you don't want to use the ships that run every two hours, you can only get to the island by hiring a private boat.



39. Bir Türk filminin bu kadar önemli bir başarı elde etmesi sinemamızın geleceği açısından umut vericidir.

- A) The fact that a Turkish film has achieved such significant success is promising for the future of our cinema.
- B) Such a successful Turkish film as this will ensure the future of our cinema.
- C) The success of this Turkish film is of great importance, as it'll improve standards in our cinema.
- D) This film, which has had great success, should be followed by others to strengthen the advance of Turkish cinema.
- E) It's hoped that the success of this film will be repeated in the future, which will help Turkish cinema improve further.

40. Bazı doktorlar yüksek tansiyonun bir hastalık olduğunu söylerken diğerleri onu bir hastalıktan çok belirtli olarak kabul etmektedirler.

- A) According to some doctors, high blood pressure is an illness, but others say that it is a symptom, not an illness.
- B) Whereas some doctors say that high blood pressure is an illness, others regard it as a symptom rather than an illness.
- C) There are doctors who say that high blood pressure is an illness, while others consider it to be the symptom of an illness.
- D) Doctors have differing opinions as to whether high blood pressure is an illness or a symptom.
- E) High blood pressure is regarded as an illness by some doctors although others say it is a symptom of an illness.

41-43. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

After graduating from university, Robert Bridges went on to study medicine in London, and intended to practise medicine until the age of 40 and then retire to write poetry. Lung disease forced him to retire in 1882, though. For the rest of his long life, he devoted himself to writing poetry. Bridges is now most likely to be remembered for championing his friend Gerard Manley Hopkins, whose work would have remained unpublished and unappreciated today without that intervention. Bridges' translations of classical poems are in hexameter in English. The hexameter was the standard form for classical poetry in Latin and Greek. But in English, it requires too many unnecessary words for each line, and upsets their flow, as Bridges' work shows.

41. It is clear from the passage that Gerard Manley Hopkins .....

- A) regarded himself as a superior poet to Robert Bridges
- B) was a student at the same university as Robert Bridges
- C) was not interested in classical poetry in Latin or Greek
- D) got published thanks to Robert Bridges
- E) became a friend of Robert Bridges only after the latter's retirement

42. It can be understood from the passage that Robert Bridges .....

- A) saw no essential difference between English and Latin and Greek
- B) felt that the greatest thing he did was to promote Gerard Manley Hopkins
- C) stopped being a doctor earlier than he had originally planned to
- D) thought the hexameter worked better in English than in Latin or Greek
- E) wrote a greater amount of poetry than Gerard Manley Hopkins

43. It is suggested in the passage that Robert Bridges' .....

- A) career in medicine influenced his approach to poetry
- B) death was caused by lung disease
- C) poetic vocabulary was unusually broad
- D) translations of classical poems do not read very well
- E) poetry will be appreciated by lovers of Gerard Manley Hopkins' poetry

**44-46. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

When the novelist Joaquim Maria Machado de Assis died 100 years ago, his passing went little noticed outside his native Brazil. Born in Rio de Janeiro in 1839, Machado was largely self-taught, working as a typesetter's apprentice and journalist before becoming a novelist, poet, and playwright. Eventually he built a parallel career as a translator of Shakespeare, Hugo, and other literary lions. But around 40, he nearly lost his sight, which provoked a radical change in his style and attitude. Over the next years, he produced the five inter-linked novels that made his reputation. Critics tend to regard 1881's *Posthumous Memoirs of Brás Cubas* as his masterpiece. What you see in the five novels and his short stories from that period is a courageous writer. Critics have wondered why it took so long for the English-speaking world to appreciate Machado.

- 44. According to the passage, Joaquim Maria Machado de Assis was not known much outside Brazil .....**
- A) before he translated major works
  - B) when he was alive
  - C) prior to the year 1881
  - D) until he started writing novels
  - E) even though he won many prizes
- 45. It is stated in the passage that, after Machado's eyesight worsened, .....**
- A) critics went on encouraging him to write
  - B) he could not finish his fifth novel
  - C) both his style and way of thinking changed dramatically
  - D) he considered giving up writing
  - E) he no longer wanted to be in the public eye
- 46. One point emphasized in the passage is that .....**
- A) Machado was neglected by the English-speaking world
  - B) the older writers get, the better the work they produce
  - C) Brazil does not introduce its writers to foreign countries
  - D) speaking English is a must in the literary world
  - E) becoming famous is really hard in modern world

**47-49. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

The Globe Theatre in London, where many of William Shakespeare's most famous plays were first performed, was destroyed by fire in 1613. The drama virtually leapt off the Globe Theatre stage at a certain performance that year, when a cannon used during the show accidentally set fire to the thatched roof and burned the building down. The Globe had opened in 1599 with *Henry V*, the first of many famous plays by Shakespeare to be performed there. The theatre was rebuilt in 1614, but 30 years later was destroyed by the Puritans. In 1997, the Globe was rebuilt yet again, based on the design of the original structure. The new theatre is designed to be an exact replica of the original, a 20-sided building made from plaster and timber, with the first thatched roof used in London since such roofs were banned after the Great Fire of 1666.

- 47. We learn from the passage that, in the Globe Theatre, .....**
- A) only famous plays were performed
  - B) a fire broke out during a play in 1613
  - C) the thatched roof provided an ideal setting for plays
  - D) the actors wore fireproof costumes
  - E) William Shakespeare wrote all of his plays
- 48. According to the passage, *Henry V* .....**
- A) was the first play performed in the original Globe
  - B) offended the Puritans watching the play
  - C) was first written in 1599
  - D) is the most famous play by William Shakespeare
  - E) contained a fire scene
- 49. According to the passage, the new Globe Theatre .....**
- A) looks very similar to the old one
  - B) was built just after the Great Fire of 1666
  - C) has not been opened to the public yet
  - D) took a long time to build
  - E) is well protected against fire

**50-52. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

The first signs of plague in Moscow appeared in late 1770, and turned into a major epidemic in the spring of 1771. The measures undertaken by the authorities, such as creation of forced quarantines, destruction of contaminated property without compensation or control, and the closing of public baths, caused fear and anger among citizens. The city's economy was mostly paralyzed due to the fact that many factories, markets, stores, and administrative buildings had been closed down. All of this was followed by acute food shortages, causing deterioration of living conditions for the majority of people. Some well-off citizens left Moscow due to the plague outbreak. In the end, people took to the streets in an uprising that would later be known as the Plague Riot.

**50. As is stated in the passage, in Moscow in the spring of 1771, .....**

- A) most of the people were well-off
- B) the city was suffering from plague
- C) public baths were built in many places
- D) some people starved to death
- E) industrial pollution was over the acceptable limit

**51. It is clear from the passage that the measures aimed at stopping the epidemic .....**

- A) caused the rich to make more money
- B) completely destroyed the economy
- C) were unpopular with the general public
- D) urged people to sell their property
- E) were the first of their kind in the world

**52. We can understand from the passage that people rose in rebellion .....**

- A) because they did not want to be kept in quarantine
- B) as soon as the first signs of plague appeared
- C) before the authorities realized the extent of the problem
- D) because none of the rich people had caught the plague
- E) because they were faced with food shortages and bad living conditions

**53-55. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

According to records, dolphins have been guiding fishermen for more than 150 years. Fishermen tell tales of dolphins helping them by herding fish into their nets. In southern Brazil, bottlenose dolphins signal fishermen when it's the best time to cast their nets. Apparently, the bottlenoses enjoy the leftovers that the fishermen leave behind. Dolphins communicate with whistles and use individual "names" to identify one another. Some scientists think that wild dolphins have special high-pitched calls known as signature whistles that they use to tell pod pals apart. Each dolphin chooses its own signature whistle, usually by its first birthday. This name stays the same for at least ten more years. While most dolphin species live in the salt water of the ocean, there are five species that live in rivers and streams.

**53. We learn from the passage that dolphins .....**

- A) are always attracted to fishing nets
- B) usually come out of the water if they see fishing boats
- C) assist fishermen in different ways in doing their jobs
- D) have lived in Brazil for over 150 years
- E) give signals to each other to follow boats

**54. The passage tells us that, with the help of bottlenose dolphins in Brazil, .....**

- A) fishermen always catch a lot of fish
- B) boats never lose direction in the open sea
- C) fishing is a very enjoyable activity
- D) marine animals can communicate easily
- E) fishermen know when to throw their nets

**55. It is clear from the passage that the majority of dolphin species .....**

- A) have been domesticated by humans
- B) can be found in Brazil
- C) use the same signature whistles
- D) live in oceans
- E) only live for about a year

56-60. sorularda verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın olan seçeneği bulunuz.

56. With less than five-hundred metres to go, the marathon leader didn't have enough strength to continue.

- A) Although the race was only five-hundred metres, the leader had so little energy left that he had to give up.
- B) The person leading the marathon gave up through weakness after only five-hundred metres.
- C) They weren't even half a kilometre from the start when the leader of the marathon had to stop.
- D) The leader wasn't strong enough to keep racing, despite having run only half a kilometre.
- E) The leader of the marathon was too exhausted to go further, though the finish was under half a kilometre away.

57. There are people who, without formal qualifications, still manage to secure well-paid jobs.

- A) Although they don't have the standard qualifications, some people nevertheless get high-salary jobs.
- B) Many people know from an early age what job they want and get it regardless of their education.
- C) A number of highly-paid jobs in management and security are open to unqualified candidates.
- D) Some jobs can pay very well, but the workers must have certain qualifications.
- E) High-salaried work, particularly in management, continues to be done by people who are not properly qualified.

58. Not until long after we'd left the hotel did we notice our suitcases were missing.

- A) We lost our baggage quite a long time after we'd left the hotel.

B) We didn't realise for a long time after we'd left the hotel that our luggage was not with us.

C) Almost as soon as we'd vacated the hotel, we realised we hadn't got our bags.

D) We weren't aware that we'd mislaid our luggage until after we'd arrived at the hotel.

E) It didn't take us long to realise that we'd left our suitcases at the hotel.

59. As she was able to sleep on the journey, she found it much less tiring than might otherwise have been the case.

A) She was planning to sleep throughout the journey so that she would find it less tiring.

B) She can't have slept during the journey; otherwise, she wouldn't have looked so fatigued at the end of it.

C) She tried to sleep for the most part of the journey, thinking that it would be easier to pass time that way.

D) Although she wasn't very tired, she still slept through most of the travelling.

E) She would probably have been more fatigued by the journey if she hadn't managed to sleep.

60. Fishing is a restful way to spend your leisure time, whether you catch anything or not.

A) The best thing for you to do in your spare time is to go fishing, as it is very relaxing.

B) Fishing is not only relaxing but also a chance to catch something to eat.

C) Fishing is extremely relaxing, especially when you catch something.

D) Even if you don't catch anything, going fishing in your spare time is relaxing.

E) Whenever I go fishing, I come back relaxed, even if I can't catch anything.

61-65 sorularda, boş bırakılan yere parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

61. Sotheby's—founded in 1744, and Christie's—founded in 1766, the world's two biggest auction houses, are a particularly British success story. They have helped turn London into the centre of the international art market. In recent years, they have been taken over from abroad: Sotheby's by Americans in 1983, Christie's by a French tycoon in 1998. ....
- A) The British motor industry has been taken over by foreigners as well
  - B) The British writer Bruce Chatwin worked for Sotheby's in the 1960s
  - C) The National Gallery in London has a marvellous collection of paintings
  - D) But they remain crucial to the London art market, and to a high degree, under British management
  - E) The British, on the other hand, have taken over several American publishers
62. Russia sold Alaska to the US for \$7.2 million in gold in 1867. .... They could move to Russia within three years and thus retain their Russian citizenship, or they could remain in Alaska and automatically become Americans. The treaty, however, distinguished between native Alaskans and recent immigrants. The former were referred to as "uncivilised native tribes" and were excluded from the "enjoyment of all the rights, advantages and immunities of citizens of the US".
- A) After that all citizens were treated equally
  - B) Residents were given a choice
  - C) The aboriginal population had been completely wiped out
  - D) At the time, only Eskimos inhabited Alaska
  - E) Everyone was pleased with the deal

63. When the ancient Greeks looked up at the sky at night, they let their imaginations play freely. They would, in their minds, group together certain stars. .... Today we no longer believe the stories the Greeks told about these constellations, but astronomers still find it convenient at times to use the names they gave them.
- A) Each such group was named after the hero of an old story or after an animal
  - B) You will find the stars much more interesting if you can name the constellations
  - C) Some of the constellations are known by different names in different countries
  - D) Most of the more interesting and famous star groups are found in the northern sky
  - E) The exact location of constellations depends on the time of year and time of night
64. .... Rather, it appears at a specific time and place for a reason. San Francisco, for example, owes its emergence to the Gold Rush of 1849 as well as to its magnificent harbour. Other cities were founded as trading markets, university centers or places of worship, all with characteristics to serve a purpose.
- A) A relatively permanent and highly organised centre of population, the city is one of mankind's supreme achievements
  - B) The growth and development of cities may be random and haphazard, but the establishment of a city is no accident
  - C) The debate over the merits of city versus country living will probably never be settled to anyone's satisfaction
  - D) San Francisco is a city of hills and valleys, yet measured in conventional terms, the city is not large
  - E) It's said that "in the beginning God created a garden for humanity to dwell in"; but people left the garden and built cities

65. .... It is the process by which the body attempts to rid itself of bacteria, poisons or other foreign substances which irritate or hurt it. Blood vessels in the affected part expand and cause more blood to flow to the affected area. The increased amount of blood in the affected part, together with the expanded blood vessels, results in swelling, which in turn causes pain.

- A) Doctors regularly prescribe antibiotics for patients with bacterial infections and certain illnesses
- B) The human body doesn't react well with foreign substances and will attempt to reject them quickly
- C) In addition to serving as food for the body's billions of cells, the blood protects us from infection
- D) Every disease has a cause, although the causes of some remain to be discovered
- E) Inflammation is an abnormal condition in which there is swelling, heat and pain in parts of the body

66-70. sorularda verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

66. You are at the dentist and she is going to take a tooth out. She is trying to help you relax by saying:

- A) Now just calm down. If you keep moving about like that, you'll distract me.
- B) Try not to faint when you see the blood.
- C) This is going to hurt a lot, but we have no other choice, you know.
- D) My last patient needed plastic surgery after coming here.
- E) You might feel some discomfort at first, but this will soon disappear.

67. You are in a restaurant with some friends and have ordered a pizza and different beverages. The waiter arrives with an order. The drinks are okay, but the food is obviously not what you asked for. You say:

- A) Thanks very much. Please keep the tip.
- B) I don't remember ordering anything. Are you sure this is the right table?
- C) I think there must be a mistake. We didn't order this.
- D) You must be new to the job—you've got everything totally wrong.
- E) Oh thanks. You remembered to put ice in our beverages.

68. Your great aunt is coming from Australia for her birthday. You have no idea what to buy for her, as you haven't seen her for fifteen years. You go to a gift shop and say:

- A) Do you have any plastic flowers in the sales?
- B) I'm looking for a gift for an elderly lady.
- C) I'd like a big chocolate cake, please.
- D) What children's toys do you have in stock?
- E) Could you show me your cheapest slippers?

69. Your friend's house has been burgled, but fortunately he was insured. When you visit him to sympathise, you say:

- A) You'll probably never be able to find the money to replace it all, will you?
- B) Don't waste your breath—there's nothing you can say to bring it all back.
- C) Fortunately, the firemen arrived just in time to save your life!
- D) Don't worry, the policy will cover most of your losses.
- E) I'm so sorry that your valuable stamp collection got burnt to ashes.

70. You and a friend have planned a day in town together. Unfortunately, you're not ready to go when she arrives at your house, so it's only after about ten minutes that you both leave for the station to catch the train into town. As you step onto the platform, you see the train pulling out. Knowing that it will be half an hour before the next one arrives, you say guiltily:

- A) Wouldn't it be great if we could afford to travel by taxi all the time?
- B) I'm really looking forward to going into town and doing some shopping.
- C) We're not in a hurry, so we don't need to worry about missing the train.
- D) I feel bad. If I hadn't kept you waiting so long, we would have caught it.
- E) We've got time for a coffee because the next one is in thirty minutes.

71-75. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

71. Jayne:

- **It must be difficult to be a foreigner in this country.**

Gregor:

- .....

Jayne:

- **What do you mean?**

Gregor:

- **Well, it's true that there is a language barrier, but people here are generally friendly.**

A) I don't understand the language or your culture.

B) Yes, it's terrible. I think I'll leave very soon.

C) I think it must be difficult to be a foreigner in any country.

D) To be honest, the economy makes up for the rest of this country's faults.

E) Well, there are positive and negative points.

72. Wayne:

- **This bread is stale.**

Gary:

- .....

Wayne:

- **Is there a special place to put it in the garden?**

Gary:

- **No, we just throw it anywhere and they all fly down from the trees to eat it.**

A) We can use it for the dogs, then.

B) Throw it out then—the bin is outside the house.

C) Let's give it to the birds. They must be hungry in this winter weather.

D) That's your fault. You spent all afternoon planting flowers and forgot to go shopping.

E) I'm not surprised—it's over a week old. Even the mice wouldn't eat it.

73. Carol:

- Excuse me, do you have any brochures about summer holidays in the south of Spain?

Agent:

- Of course, Madam. Which area in particular were you interested in?

Carol:

- .....

Agent:

- In that case, might I suggest a vacation away from the noise of the coast, perhaps in the mountains?

- A) I hear that there are some excellent ski resorts open during the winter months.
- B) It doesn't matter, so long as it's in the height of the season. I want lots of fun and excitement this year.
- C) Can you tell me what kind of luggage restrictions to expect at the airport?
- D) If possible, I'd like a room on the ground floor near the sea. My husband has trouble walking long distances, you see.
- E) Somewhere with plenty of countryside to explore. I'm not all that bothered about beaches and discos.

74. Bill:

- What time do you need to be at the airport for your flight tomorrow?

Jill:

- The plane departs around one o'clock, so about an hour before that, I think.

Bill:

- .....

Jill:

- That would be great! I have lots of paperwork to keep me occupied in the meantime.

- A) They said it would be delayed, so don't expect to get home on time.
- B) Do you know how you're going to get there yet?
- C) I'd give you a lift if I could, but I'm afraid it's impossible, as I'll be very busy.
- D) If you don't mind arriving early, I can drop you off on my way to work.
- E) Lucky you! The airline has just started giving away free drinks to passengers.

75. Deidre:

- .....

Alison:

- It should be, but it's new, isn't it?

Deidre:

- Yes, I bought it a few days ago, so I haven't washed it yet.

Alison:

- I'd do it by hand, then. You don't want the colour to run.

- A) In this poor light I can't tell whether this skirt is dark grey or black.
- B) These trousers won't shrink if I wash them in hot water, will they?
- C) Woollen garments should be washed by hand in warm, soapy water.
- D) I should wash this dress because I want to wear it to the party.
- E) Do you think this blouse will be okay if I wash it in the machine?

76-80. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okundugunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

76. (I) Costume dolls from foreign lands show how other people dress. (II) For hundreds of years, the Japanese have paid the highest honour to their dolls. (III) They hold a three-day Festival of Dolls on the third day of the third month of each year. (IV) Sometimes this celebration is called the Girls' Festival. (V) This is because all Japanese girls celebrate their birthdays at that time, even if it falls on some other day.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V



77. (I) Stretched out between the sea and the palm groves, Gabes in Tunisia is a centre of interest for archaeologists. (II) The town has enormous quaternary rocks and Neolithic grottos from past eras. (III) There are many remains and reminders here of the skill of the races before us—carved flints, fragments of pottery and a few real fossils. (IV) Only a few miles away is Medenine—a strategic and highly important town. (V) These historical artifacts have provided us with lots of information about ancient life.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

78. (I) The decathlon is a standard contest at many major track-and-field championships. (II) It was introduced in 1912 as an official Olympic event at the Olympic Games in Stockholm. (III) Bruce Jenner won the decathlon at the Olympic Games in Montreal in 1976. (IV) Consisting of ten events, the decathlon is a test of an athlete's speed, agility, endurance and strength. (V) The decathlon program—divided into two days of competition since 1936—consists of events held in a particular order.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

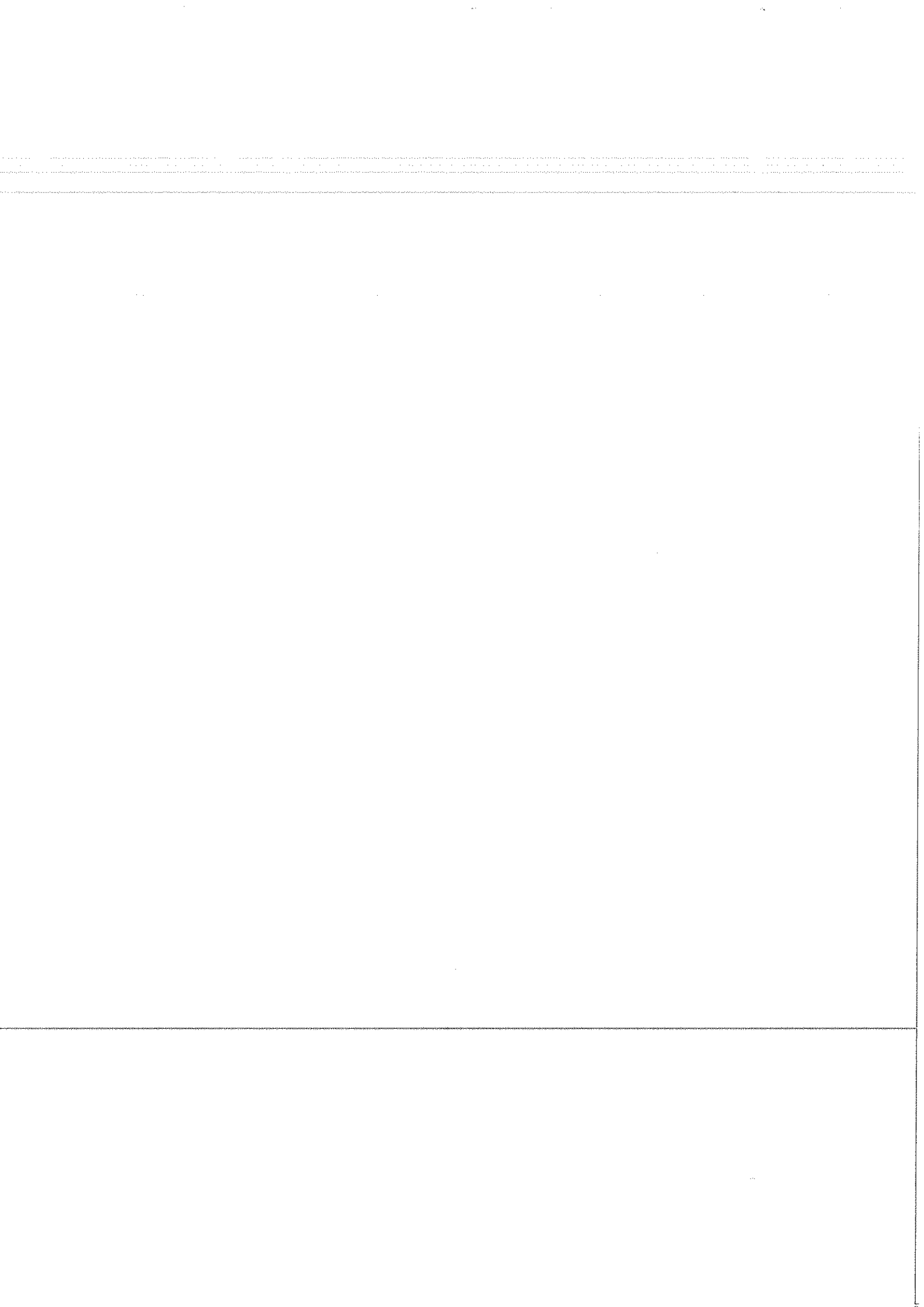
79. (I) A curriculum vitae, or "C.V.," is a necessary document for anyone in search of employment. (II) It includes essential information, such as the person's qualifications, work experience and other relevant details. (III) For many jobs, employers wish to see that candidates have at least one leisure time activity which can be incorporated into their work. (IV) As it is so important, it is best to make sure that it is properly laid-out and presented. (V) This being the case, many new firms have emerged which design and produce the documents to the exact requirements of their customers.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

80. (I) Of all motor sports, motor cycling is perhaps the most dangerous. (II) It gives the opportunity of enjoying the scenery while you're practising your sport. (III) Of course, it provides great excitement and thrill for the rider, as he is so involved in the action. (IV) But, at the same time, he is virtually unprotected should an accident occur, having nothing between him and the ground. (V) Worst of all, when the machines often travel in excess of 100 mph, any accident could easily prove fatal.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

GOOD LUCK



## PRACTICE EXAM 29

1-8. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. Lack of vocabulary can be a real ..... to understanding in a second language.

- A) regard                      B) fence  
C) barrier                      D) amount  
E) slice

2. That one is just the type of song that could help me ..... a career in the world of popular music.

- A) conceal                      B) dent  
C) wind                         D) launch  
E) approve

3. We won't be able to get to the Isle of Wight on the ferry unless these ..... weather conditions let up.

- A) ranging                      B) intent  
C) adverse                      D) reverent  
E) sparse

4. We were lost in the forest, but, ....., Tim knew how to work out which way was north just by looking at the trees.

- A) incredibly                      B) awkwardly  
C) worryingly                      D) exactly  
E) flexibly

5. Don't ..... the secret to anyone, or Jessica will be furious.

- A) run down                      B) do over  
C) put off                         D) act up  
E) give away

6. Whenever Jean ..... to work, she ..... back covered in oil and grease.

- A) was going / has come  
B) would go / had been coming  
C) went / would come  
D) had gone / has been coming  
E) has gone / would have come

7. I wish we ..... our own flat, so we ..... pay rent every month.

- A) had / wouldn't have to  
B) have / didn't have to  
C) can have / won't have to  
D) were having / don't have to  
E) are having / haven't had to

8. The Swedish city of Malmö ..... part of Denmark until the 17th century, and the city ..... much of its Danish character, including its dialect, today.

- A) was / retains  
B) would be / will retain  
C) had been / had retained  
D) is / has retained  
E) has been / retained

9-15. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

9. The Industrial Revolution turned Britain ..... an agricultural country ..... an industrial one.

- A) with / for                      B) for / from  
C) about / towards                      D) from / into  
E) around / across

10. He definitely owes an explanation ..... us about why he walked ..... the meeting so abruptly.

- A) with / on                      B) to / out of  
 C) without / into                D) in / through  
 E) from / until

11. Can you ask the salesperson ..... the tax is included in the price he quoted us for the car?

- A) how                              B) when  
 C) if                                 D) that  
 E) which

12. .... you arrive at the box-office early, you shouldn't have any trouble buying tickets.

- A) Until                            B) As long as  
 C) Although                      D) Unless  
 E) By the time

13. .... a full treaty was never signed until the reunification of Germany meant World War II didn't officially end until 1990.

- A) Whether or not  
 B) The reason why  
 C) Even if  
 D) That is how  
 E) The fact that

14. The first question on the quiz show was difficult, and I wasn't sure which answer to choose for the last question, .....

- A) too                                B) neither  
 C) as well as                      D) either  
 E) none

15. As Bill Vaughan said, for creatures, size isn't .....: the whale is endangered, while the ant continues to do just fine.

- A) everything                      B) what else  
 C) wherever                        D) anyone  
 E) elsewhere

16-20. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

The French playwright Pierre Corneille is known as the father of French classical tragedy. In Corneille's time French dramatists were bound by rules with the collective name of "dramatic unities", which meant that (16) ..... action in the play (17) ..... to one place and occur within 24 hours; plays were to have five acts, and no violence could take place before the audience. (18) ..... by these rules, (19) ..... playwrights wrote second-rate plays, but Corneille followed (20) ..... rules and produced masterpieces.

16.

- A) both                              B) all  
 C) either                            D) many  
 E) none

17.

- A) must have confined  
 B) could have confined  
 C) had to be confined  
 D) can be confined  
 E) used to confine

18.

- A) Restricting  
 B) To be restricted  
 C) Restricted  
 D) Having restricted  
 E) To have restricted

19.

- A) whoever                         B) anyone  
 C) some of                         D) how many  
 E) other

20.

- A) similar to                        B) the same  
 C) same as                         D) such as  
 E) much like

21-28. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

21. ...., she spends hardly any time at home during the day.

- A) After Isabel has set off for university this morning
- B) Whenever Sarah started working at the café
- C) Due to the busy schedule Ursula will have
- D) Now that Theresa has taken up surfing
- E) Ever since Maria found her old school friends

22. Knowing what you said to the neighbours about me, .....

- A) they didn't need to be told about my visit to the doctor
- B) it was a rumour that they didn't believe
- C) they tend to regard me more positively now
- D) I had already talked to them about the case, though
- E) I don't want to ever see you again in my life

23. As soon as the value of this antique has been determined for certain, .....

- A) it had been expected to be worth around \$50,000
- B) the owner of it is going to put it up for auction
- C) it has been sold to a private collector
- D) the initial estimate might have been true
- E) experts were going to be called in to work it out

24. .... every time he is asked about it.

- A) Chris missed his old house in Wales
- B) Simon was surprised in the interview
- C) Lionel refuses to speak about his past
- D) Ethan must not have been happy to talk about his job
- E) Oswald must not have revealed his motives

25. There is a 17-meter tall iron statue of the Roman god Vulcan located in the US city of Birmingham .....

- A) when the famous poet Sonia Sanchez was born
- B) who was known as Hephaestus by the ancient Greeks
- C) which famous city in Britain it was named after
- D) due to that metal's importance in the place's history
- E) seeing that it is the largest such statue in the world

26. .... where to meet Ms. Salgado for the business lunch.

- A) At 1 o'clock, you need to go
- B) It is at the French restaurant
- C) Unfortunately, I couldn't make it to
- D) Michelle hopes it serves fish
- E) Adriana's boss forgot to tell her

27. .... so that she wouldn't tire herself out too quickly.

- A) Olga hasn't been able to sleep for the last few hours
- B) Linda isn't planning to have a late night tonight
- C) Wanda is planning to finish the most difficult part of her work first
- D) Anette ran at just a steady pace in the first lap of the race
- E) Susan won't have been chosen to play in the second half

28. Hardly any of the activities at the resort interested Michael, .....

- A) yet not many people took part in them
- B) as if there will be more than three on offer, anyway
- C) but he did enjoy just lazing around under the sun
- D) because the guests weren't required to pay extra for them
- E) ever since he thought about moving to a different one

29-34. sorularda verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

29. Learning a new language is not very difficult provided you study steadily and patiently.

- A) Yeni bir dil öğrenmek için sabırla ve düzenli bir şekilde çalışmak gerekir.
- B) Düzenli bir şekilde ve sabırla çalıştığınız takdirde yeni bir dil öğrenmek çok zor değildir.
- C) Yeni bir dil öğrenmek sabır ve azim gerektirir, ancak bu çok zor bir süreç değildir.
- D) Yeni bir dil öğrenmek hiç de zor değildir, ancak düzenli ve sabırlı olmak gerekir.
- E) İstikrarlı bir şekilde ve sabırla çalışsanız, yeni bir dil öğrenmenin çok zor olmadığını göreceksiniz.

30. Do not take any sleeping pills unless you are sure that they're completely harmless.

- A) Tamamen zararsız olduğundan emin olmadıkça hiçbir uyku ilacını almayınız.
- B) Uyku ilacı almadan önce, zararlı olup olmadığını mutlaka araştırınız.
- C) Herhangi bir uyku ilacını almadan önce, tamamen zararsız olduğundan emin olmalısınız.
- D) Zararsız oldukları kesin olarak ispatlanmamış hiçbir uyku ilacını almalısınız.
- E) Zararsız olduklarından emin olmadığınız uyku ilaçlarını sakın almayınız.

31. The disaster could have been prevented if the authorities had listened to the people's warnings.

- A) Yetkililer halkı önceden uyararak felaketi önleyebilirdi.
- B) Halk, felaketi önleyebilmesi için yetkilileri uyarmıştı.
- C) Yetkililer halkın uyarılarını dikkate alsaydı, felaket önlenebilirdi.
- D) Felaketi önleyebilmek için yetkililerin halkı dinlemesi gerekiyordu.
- E) Yetkililer halkın uyarılarını göz ardı edince, felaket önlenemedi.

32. He will phone to confirm whether or not there will be a meeting tomorrow morning.

- A) Toplantının yarın sabah yapıp yapılmayacağını telefonla bildirecek.
- B) Yarın sabah telefon edip, toplantı olup olmayacağı konusunda bilgi verecek.
- C) Yarın sabah toplantı olsa da olmasa da, kesin bilgi almak için telefon edecek.
- D) Toplantının yarın sabah olup olmayacağını bildirmek için telefon edecek.
- E) Yarın sabah toplantı olup olmayacağını doğrulamak için telefon edecek.

33. Siddhartha Gautama, also known as the Buddha, taught that the source of all suffering in life was selfish desire.

- A) Buda olarak da bilinen Siddhartha Gautama, hayattaki tüm acıların kaynağının bencil arzu olduğunu öğretmiştir.
- B) Siddhartha Gautama, diğer adıyla Buda, hayattaki tüm acıların kaynağında bencil arzunun bulunduğunu söylemiştir.
- C) Asıl adı Siddhartha Gautama olan Buda öğretisinde, hayattaki tüm acıların kaynağı bencil arzu olarak gösterilir.
- D) Buda adıyla da bilinen Siddhartha Gautama, hayattaki tüm acıların kaynağında bulunan şeyin bencil arzu olduğuna inanmıştır.
- E) Siddhartha Gautama, diğer adıyla Buda, öğretisinde, hayattaki tüm acıların bencil arzudan kaynaklandığını belirtmiştir.

34. Marischal College, in the Scottish city of Aberdeen, is perhaps the world's largest building made of granite.

- A) Dünyanın en büyük granit binası, İskoçya'nın Aberdeen şehrindeki Marischal Koleji'nin binası olabilir.
- B) Dünyanın en büyük binalarından biri olan İskoçya'nın Aberdeen şehrindeki Marischal Koleji, granitten yapılmıştır.
- C) İskoçya'nın Aberdeen şehrindeki Marischal Koleji, belki de dünyanın granitten yapılmış en büyük binasıdır.
- D) İskoçya'nın Aberdeen şehrindeki Marischal Koleji'nin binası, dünyanın en büyük granit binasıdır.
- E) Dünyanın granitten yapılmış binaları içinde en büyüğü, muhtemelen, İskoçya'nın Aberdeen şehrindeki Marischal Koleji'dir.

35-40. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

35. Toplumdaki kurallara uymak zorunda olmak bazen sıkıcı olabiliyor, ama başka türlü de yaşayamazdık.

- A) We have to obey the rules in the society which we live in even if we find them boring.
- B) Having to observe the rules in society can sometimes be boring, but we couldn't live otherwise.
- C) It's extremely boring to observe the rules in society, yet life without them wouldn't be possible.
- D) Even if we do find social rules boring occasionally, we couldn't imagine life without them.
- E) We may sometimes be bored with social rules, but they are necessary for our lives.

36. Ancak kendin ilgilenirsen bu iş senin istediğin şekilde sonuçlanabilir.

- A) Only if you yourself deal with it can this case end in the way you like.
- B) You should deal with the case yourself if you want the result to be good.
- C) As you aren't dealing with the case yourself, the outcome may not be as you'd like it to be.
- D) The result can be as you wish now that you're dealing with the case yourself.
- E) If you dealt with the case yourself, you would certainly get the desired result.

37. Eğer ciddiye alınıp doğru dürüst tedavi edilmezse, soğuk algınlığı tehlikeli bir hastalığa dönüşebilir.

- A) The common cold, which is seen as unimportant and thus not treated properly, is a very dangerous disease.
- B) Although it is not dangerous in itself, the common cold may develop into a serious disease which requires treatment.
- C) The common cold is not a dangerous disease, but it must still be taken seriously and treated properly.
- D) As the common cold is not considered dangerous, and so not treated properly, it often develops into a serious disease.
- E) If it is not taken seriously and not treated properly, the common cold can turn into a dangerous disease.

38. Sendika, işçilerin fabrikanın bazı bölümlerine gidebilmek için neden elektronik kartlar kullanması gerektiği konusunda idareden bir açıklama talep etti.

- A) The administration informed the union that the workers were to be allowed to go to some sections of the factory only if they used electronic cards.
- B) The workers were not allowed to go to certain sections of the factory unless they used electronic cards, and the union asked the administration to explain the reasons for this.
- C) The union was given an explanation by the administration about why the workers were unable to go to some sections of the factory unless they used electronic cards.
- D) The union demanded an explanation from the administration about why the workers had to use electronic cards to be able to go to certain sections of the factory.
- E) The union demanded an explanation as to why the workers were only permitted to go to certain sections of the factory without the use of an electronic card.

39. Yakın zamanda yayımlanan bilimsel makalelerde, genetik olarak müdahale edilmiş yiyeceklerin insan sağlığı için çok tehlikeli olabileceği vurgulanıyor.

- A) According to recently published scientific articles, genetically modified food will turn out to be very hazardous for human health.
- B) That genetically modified food could be very hazardous for human health is something that has been emphasized in some scientific articles published recently.
- C) The emphasis in some recently published scientific articles is on the fact that genetically modified food are hazardous for human health.
- D) Recently published scientific articles have all been emphasizing the fact that genetically modified food might be very hazardous for human health.
- E) In recently published scientific articles, it is emphasized that genetically modified food could be very hazardous for human health.

40. John Steinbeck'in *Gazap Üzümleri*'nin film versiyonu neredeyse roman kadar sert bir kapitalizm suçlamasıydı ve çok daha fazla insana ulaştı.

- A) The film version of John Steinbeck's *Grapes of Wrath* was almost as severe an accusation of capitalism as the novel, and it reached far more people.
- B) Capitalism was accused almost as severely in the film version of John Steinbeck's *Grapes of Wrath* as in the novel, though the latter affected many more people.
- C) An even more severe accusation of capitalism than the novel, the film version of John Steinbeck's *Grapes of Wrath* probably affected far more people.
- D) Though the film version of John Steinbeck's *Grapes of Wrath* reached far more people, the novel was a much more severe accusation of capitalism.
- E) Many more people were reached by the film version of John Steinbeck's *Grapes of Wrath* than were by the novel, and they were equally severe accusations of capitalism.



**41-43. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

The astronomers, physicists and mathematicians of ancient Greece were true innovators. But one thing it seems the ancient Greeks did not invent was the counting system on which many of their greatest thinkers based their pioneering calculations. New research suggests that the Greeks borrowed their system, known as alphabetic numerals, from the Egyptians, and did not actually develop it themselves, as was long believed. Alphabetic numerals were favoured by the mathematician and physicist Archimedes, the scientific philosopher Aristotle, and the mathematician Euclid, among others.

**41. The passage seems to suggest that**

.....

- A) Archimedes, Aristotle and Euclid preferred their own numerical systems
- B) the greatest mathematicians came from ancient Greece
- C) the ancient Greeks did not invent the number system they used
- D) the ancient Greeks invented mathematics
- E) Greek science and mathematics were borrowed from Egypt

**42. According to the passage, the greatest Greek thinkers may have based their calculations on** .....

- A) an Egyptian numerical system
- B) a numerical system they invented themselves
- C) work pioneered by Archimedes, Aristotle and Euclid
- D) the latest research carried out in ancient Egypt
- E) astronomy, physics and mathematics

**43. According to the passage, it's possible that the alphabetic numerals** .....

- A) were invented by the mathematician Euclid
- B) were not developed until after the great pioneering works of Greek thinkers
- C) would not have been developed had it not been for Archimedes
- D) which the Greeks relied on were actually developed by another culture
- E) made possible the political and economic relationship between ancient Greece and Egypt

**44-46. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

Coca-Cola has been ordered to stop drawing groundwater for a bottling plant which supplies most of southern India, after a court found that it was ruining the environment. In a ruling which threatens to close the 40-acre Coca-Cola plant in Kerala, southern India, the state's high court has ordered the company to close its boreholes and stop drawing groundwater in one month's time. A thousand local families have been protesting for 608 days, claiming the plant is drawing so much water that it is turning their rice paddies into a desert and killing their coconut palms. They brought the action in defiance of the state government, which supported the company.

**44. It is clear from the passage that the Coca-Cola company** .....

- A) is poisoning most of the groundwater in southern India
- B) is accused of having a bad effect on some farms in southern India
- C) makes the most popular drink in southern India
- D) has ruined the lives of 608 families in southern India
- E) has had a beneficial effect on the Indian economy on the whole

**45. We understand from the passage that the families which have been protesting believe that the local Coca-Cola bottling plant** .....

- A) takes up too much land
- B) is destroying their farms by taking too much water
- C) engages in unfair labour practices
- D) is poisoning their rice and coconuts
- E) produces a product that is bad for their health

**46. One can conclude from the passage that the Indian court mentioned in the passage** .....

- A) has taken a decision which contradicts the state government of Kerala
- B) was pressured into its ruling by the Coca-Cola company
- C) does not believe that the local families have a good case
- D) agrees with the state government of Kerala
- E) does not actually care about the local environment

**47-49. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

The Hittites were still wild tribesmen when, not long after 3000 BC, they swept down from the north with horse and chariot and bronze daggers. They found it easy to conquer the farmers and herdsmen of Asia Minor, who were skilled only in the arts of peace and had no means of transport faster or more powerful than the donkey. It was almost 2000 BC, however, before the Hittite dominions were united into an empire by a king named Labarna. A later king pushed the Hittite power into Syria and Mesopotamia. This empire lasted until 1650 BC. A still more powerful one arose in 1450 BC.

**47. According to the passage, when the Hittites invaded Asia Minor, .....**

- A) they were using powerful donkeys for transportation
- B) it was inhabited by an unwarlike people
- C) the chariot and bronze dagger had just been invented
- D) their civilization was already beginning to decline
- E) they had already easily conquered several other peoples

**48. The passage makes it clear that .....**

- A) Labarna was the first king of the Hittites
- B) the chariot was a Hittite innovation, as were bronze daggers
- C) there were several different Hittite empires following one after another
- D) the Hittites quickly conquered Syria and Mesopotamia
- E) no empire of the time was as powerful as the Hittite one

**49. It is understood from the passage that the Hittite empire .....**

- A) died out in 1450 BC
- B) originated in Syria
- C) was the first to use bronze
- D) only lasted for about 1500 years
- E) arose about the year 2000 BC

**50-52. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

Anthony's face, thought Kate, is astonishingly young for 33. It is a little worn, but only as if by a wintry day. It is no more mature than when he was a schoolboy. He might be a schoolboy now, returned from a rather cold and wearing football match. Her brother's appearance irritated her, for a man should grow up. But before she could speak and tell him what she thought, her tenderness woke again for his absurd innocence. He was hopelessly lost in the world of business that she knew so well, the world where she was at home. He had a child's cunning in a world of cunning men. He was dishonest, but he was not dishonest enough.

(Adapted from *England Made Me* by Graham Greene)

**50. We understand from the passage that Kate .....**

- A) is worried about Anthony being cold
- B) is proud of her brother's appearance
- C) looks much younger than her age
- D) enjoys watching Anthony playing football
- E) feels that Anthony is immature

**51. It is obvious from the passage that for Kate, Anthony's appearance .....**

- A) is somewhat annoying
- B) is not indicative of his character
- C) is that of a great sportsman
- D) shows how intelligent he is
- E) shows his maturity

**52. One thing that Kate understands about Anthony is that .....**

- A) he is no longer as innocent as he was as a schoolboy
- B) he has only been successful because he is so dishonest
- C) he is better at business than she is
- D) he is too naive to be a good businessman
- E) she needs him to protect her

**53-55. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

In 1840, William Henry Harrison was barely surviving on the tiny salary of a county clerk after a series of disastrous business deals had completely destroyed his finances. Just one year later, on 4 March 1841, he was riding briskly down Pennsylvania Avenue in Washington, D.C., to be inaugurated as the ninth president of the United States. Slender and slightly stooped, the victor of the battle of Tippecanoe was 68 years old—the oldest man to be elected president in the 19th century. Under a torrential spring rain, he gave the longest inaugural speech in U.S. history, during which he caught pneumonia. Just one month later, on 4 April, he died in the White House—the first president to die in office. This repeating cycle of tragedies and triumphs was typical of the difficulties of Harrison's life.

**53. It is implied in the passage that William Henry Harrison .....**

- A) experienced a series of tragedies during his presidency
- B) was one of the worst American presidents
- C) was quite a successful businessman
- D) had at one time been a soldier
- E) preferred being a county clerk to being president

**54. It is clear from the passage that Harrison .....**

- A) was the first president to die of pneumonia
- B) was of a large build
- C) didn't realize how long his speech actually was
- D) went bankrupt despite being elected president
- E) had a life which was full of ups and downs

**55. It can be inferred from the passage that, had Harrison not given such a long speech in the rain, .....**

- A) he would certainly have pleased the audience more
- B) it still wouldn't have been a particularly good speech
- C) his presidency would have been triumphant
- D) he would probably have served a longer period as president
- E) no one would have realized how ill he actually was

**56-60. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın olan seçeneği bulunuz.**

**56. I won't tell them how old you are unless they specifically ask.**

- A) If they don't ask you directly, I don't think you should mention your age.
- B) Even if they ask you specifically, you should still refuse to tell them your age.
- C) You mustn't tell them you're old unless they question you about that.
- D) I refused to tell them how old you were until they specifically asked me.
- E) I'll only tell them about your age if they ask me directly.

**57. She can't have seen the note; otherwise, she would have phoned by now.**

- A) She hasn't phoned yet, so obviously, she hasn't seen the note.
- B) I assume that she didn't see the note, or she wouldn't have called us.
- C) I don't understand why she hasn't phoned us if she's got the note.
- D) Unless she phones soon, we won't be able to give her the note in time.
- E) I'm sure she couldn't find the note that we'd put beside the phone.

**58. When she arrived in New York fresh from college and a trip abroad, she was broke but excited.**

- A) Her trip abroad cost a lot of money and now she is broke, but she is thrilled to be finally in New York after graduation from college.
- B) She had no money, but she was full of enthusiasm at the time she came to New York, having just completed college and a holiday overseas.
- C) After she graduated from college in New York, she was excited to take a trip overseas, but she was running out of money.
- D) When she moved to New York, she didn't have any money left because she had spent it all on tuition and a holiday abroad.
- E) She took one last trip abroad before going to New York in order to begin a fresh life after college.

59. Amsterdam has a reputation for tolerance and individualism, so it is a place where people of differing religions and lifestyles have always been welcome.

- A) People with different religions and ways of living have always been well-received in Amsterdam because it is a city known for being tolerant and supportive of personal independence.
- B) Individuals love Amsterdam because of its welcoming atmosphere towards everyone regardless of their religion or lifestyle.
- C) Today, the people of Amsterdam are known for their tolerance of people who have religions different from their own as well as different ways of living their lives.
- D) Amsterdam is a very tolerant city where individuals from all different backgrounds are welcomed and can live whatever kind of life they prefer.
- E) People like to visit Amsterdam because of its tolerant lifestyle and the mixture of religions welcomed by all in the city.

60. British novelist Ian Fleming is the man who created James Bond, the best-known hero of spy fiction in the late 20th century.

- A) Ian Fleming was a famous British spy late in the 20th century who created a fictional character by the name of James Bond and wrote about him.
- B) James Bond and Ian Fleming were fictional British spy characters who were both very famous in the late 20th century.
- C) James Bond, the best-known fictional spy character of the late 1900s, is the creation of the British author Ian Fleming.
- D) Ian Fleming wrote extensively about the British spy James Bond in the late 1900s, but most of what he wrote was fiction.
- E) Ian Fleming is considered a British hero for his creation of James Bond, a fictional spy about whom he wrote in the late 20th century.

61-65. sorularda boş bırakılan yere parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

61. Epic poetry has been used by peoples in all parts of the world to transmit their traditions from one generation to another. The poems may deal with such topics as heroic legends, histories, religious tales, animal stories, or moral theories. .... This oral epic tradition continued for as long as the people of a nation were largely unable to read and write.

- A) When most people think of epics, they think of Homer, composer of the *Iliad* and the *Odyssey*
- B) The word "epic" is often used today to describe films that deal in a grand way with significant historical events
- C) The most ancient of these tales were passed from one generation to the next by storytellers
- D) *Beowulf*, the oldest known work in English, is also one of the greatest epic poems
- E) The epic can be summed up by the title of James Agee's book *Let Us Now Praise Famous Men*

62. South African scientists have discovered the oldest known example of a sauropod - one of the giant plant-eaters of the Jurassic era - in a museum. The creature, two metres high at the hip and probably weighing two tonnes, stalked the planet 215 million years ago. .... Because, in actual fact, the dinosaur belongs to a species entirely new to science, and has proven to be the earliest known ancestor of those dinosaurs known to all schoolchildren: *Diplodocus* and *Brachiosaurus*.

- A) Palaeontologists were delighted to discover the fossil in a swamp
- B) Dinosaurs became extinct for uncertain reasons about 67 million years ago
- C) The first men did not appear until long after the last dinosaurs died out
- D) The fossil remains, unearthed in 1981, were originally wrongly classified
- E) The Natural History Museum in London has a great collection of dinosaur skeletons

63. Called the "father of the familiar essay", Michel de Montaigne was one of the world's greatest essayists. A skeptic, Montaigne was not satisfied to take matters at face value or simply accept things because others had said they were so. .... . He tried to find the reasons, for example, why men and women acted as they did. His keen interest in the world around him led him to write on a wide variety of subjects, and his essays offer a remarkably complete picture of the age in which he lived.

- A) Instead, he asked questions, and was always curious about people and their motives
- B) His essay, "On Cannibals", is one of the first examples in European literature of a socially relativistic viewpoint
- C) Born near Bordeaux, France, in 1533, he was the son of a wealthy merchant
- D) Although he didn't invent the essay form, he did revive it, name it, and make it popular
- E) Without doubt, he is one of the greatest French prose stylists

64. Film stars weren't free to seek their own contracts during the 1930s and 1940s. Often stars would be "loaned" by one studio to another for a particular project, with the expectation that such offers would be repaid in kind. .... . For instance, Humphrey Bogart starred in 36 films between 1934 and 1942. *Casablanca* was one of four pictures that he completed in 1943.

- A) Humphrey Bogart was one of the biggest stars of the period
- B) In the golden age of Hollywood in the 1930s and 1940s, the famous names were not directors, but producers
- C) The number of people who go to the cinema has actually declined since the great days of Hollywood
- D) Nowadays stars, and their agents, are much more in control of their own careers
- E) Stars also worked on more than one picture at a time and were expected to be in four or five pictures a year

65. *Sons and Lovers* is D.H. Lawrence's first great novel. .... . Set in working-class Nottinghamshire, it focuses on class conflicts and gender issues as the young protagonist, Paul Morrell, is torn between a passionate mother and other women. If you are new to Lawrence and his work, either the short stories or *Sons and Lovers* are good places to start.

- A) *Lady Chatterley's Lover* was banned for years in both the United States and Britain
- B) It is an account of a young man's coming-of-age in the early years of the 20th century
- C) Later, he became disillusioned with England and began wandering from country to country
- D) His distinguished but uneven poetry deserted the fixed forms of the past
- E) The house where he grew up, in a small mining town, is now a museum

66-70. sorularda, verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

66. It is Saturday and your mother wants some new shelves put up in the kitchen. Since you know that your father is tired after having worked hard all week, and you want to be helpful, you say to your brother:

- A) Why don't we put up the shelves ourselves and surprise both Mum and Dad?
- B) I wonder if there's any way we can get out of putting the shelves up.
- C) Don't you think Dad should put the shelves up, regardless of whether he's tired or not?
- D) There's no sense counting on Dad, since he's so utterly useless as a handyman.
- E) I wish we knew how to do it, then we could help Mum, couldn't we?

67. You are scheduled to fly to London, but it is snowing heavily and the visibility is poor. There is nothing about the condition of the airport on the news, however, so you phone the airport and ask:

- A) Why has my flight been cancelled?
- B) Have any flights been cancelled due to the weather?
- C) Have you seen the weather report?
- D) What time will the flight from London arrive?
- E) Can I cancel my flight to London, please?

68. You go to the library for a book you need for a project, and discover that it has been taken out. Since you cannot do the project without the book, you say to the librarian:

- A) Will I be thrown out of the library if I don't whisper while I'm here?
- B) Do you think I should try to change the subject of my project?
- C) Why did you take that book? You knew I needed it!
- D) What time do you close? I still have a lot of studying to do.
- E) I'd like to reserve this book for when it is returned.

69. Less than a year ago you bought an oven and stove. The stove has stopped working, so you call the company and they send a repairman. When he arrives, you show him the receipt and the warranty, and say:

- A) Thank you for coming, but I don't think you're qualified for this kind of work.
- B) Hurry up and fix this, will you? I've got guests coming for dinner.
- C) This is still under warranty, so you won't charge me anything, right?
- D) I can't believe that your company sold me a broken stove.
- E) I'm not sure if the stove is still under warranty or not.

70. You are on a flight that has been delayed for two hours due to bad weather. You are supposed to make a connection in Abu Dhabi, but you are not sure that you will be in time, so after the "Fasten Seatbelt" sign is switched off, you approach the flight attendant and say:

- A) Were you expecting such a long delay?
- B) Will the airline deal with it if the passengers miss their connecting flight?
- C) I have missed my connecting flight from Abu Dhabi, and I don't know what I'll do.
- D) The Abu Dhabi airport is very crowded, so I hope I won't be waiting there long.
- E) Can you radio ahead and find out the time of the next flight for me?

71-75. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

71. Bill:

- I am absolutely exhausted! All I want is to go home, have a bath, and fall asleep.

Ted:

- .....

Bill:

- It's this new director at our company. He expects us to do so much more work than the old one did.

Ted:

- That's too bad. But I guess there's not much you can do about it.

- A) What time do you get home in the evenings?
- B) Baths are the best way to relax, aren't they?
- C) Isn't there a new director at your company?
- D) Why on earth are you so tired?
- E) How is your new director?

72. Neil:

- What is your favourite opera?

Marty:

- You must be joking. I've never listened to an opera in my life.

Neil:

- .....

Marty:

- There's no need to be rude just because we have different tastes.

- A) Really? I thought you were more cultured than that.
- B) Why don't I take you to one and see how you like it?
- C) You might enjoy it if you tried.
- D) Well, mine is *La Traviata*, by Verdi.
- E) Why don't you borrow some of my CDs if you are interested?

73. Ed:

- Where have you been? I've been phoning and phoning you all afternoon!

Jane:

- I've been out. Why didn't you call me on my cellphone?

Ed:

- .....

Jane:

- I'll give it to you now.

- A) I did, but it was disconnected.
- B) I don't have the number.
- C) I can't stand the noise it makes.
- D) I didn't know you had one.
- E) I did, but you didn't answer.

74. John:

- Have you ever read Laurence Sterne's novel, *The Life and Opinions of Tristram Shandy, Gentleman*?

Cliff:

- Of course; it's my favourite 18th-century English novel.

John:

- .....

Cliff:

- Me too. It's so much more like a 20th-century novel than one from 200 years ago.

- A) Sterne was a clergyman in a small Yorkshire village, wasn't he?
- B) It is remarkable that a man like Sterne could write so much like a 20th-century novelist, isn't it?
- C) I don't like most literature of the 18th century.
- D) I've never read his other popular book, *Sentimental Journey*, have you?
- E) I've always found it surprising that it was so popular when it was first published.

75. Betty:

- What can you tell me about the Hyksos?

Professor Richmond:

- They were a Semitic people who invaded Egypt.

Betty:

- .....

Professor Richmond:

- In fact, that is a mistranslation. They should be referred to as the "Desert Princes".

- A) What I really want to know is when they invaded.
- B) Did they ever conquer the entire country?
- C) Have you ever heard the theory that they were in fact the Hebrews of the Old Testament?
- D) They actually ruled for a while as the 16th Dynasty, didn't they?
- E) I know that much, but why were they called the "Shepherd Kings"?

76-80. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

76. (I) Burt Rutan created a plane that overcame one of flight's last great challenges: circling the globe without stopping for refuelling. (II) Yet refuelling during flight is still common for military planes. (III) The approximately 400 kilogram Voyager, piloted by Burt's brother Dick and Jeana Yeager, carried more than 3000 kilograms of fuel at takeoff in 1986. (IV) Funded mostly by private donors, it took nearly six years to build, test and refine. (V) The round-the-world flight took 9 days.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

77. (I) In the late 18th century, the English jurist and scholar Sir William Jones was stationed in India, where he noticed similarities between the ancient Sanskrit tongue and the Greek and Latin languages. (II) This gave him the idea that the three languages might be related to one another. (III) He later discovered that Gothic, Old High German, Old Norse, Old Persian and Celtic also showed similarities to these three languages. (IV) The modern Celtic languages include Irish, Scots Gaelic, Breton and Welsh. (V) Although Jones' studies never went much further than noticing such similarities, his insights established the basis for the eventual discovery of the Indo-European family of languages.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

78. (I) For centuries some people have been claiming they can hear meteorites—not the loud bang when the objects strike the ground, but a fizzing noise as the fireballs hurtle through the air. (II) In 1719, Edmund Halley noted that observers up to 300 km away from a huge fireball reported hearing such hissing noises.

(III) Halley's Comet, which passes the Earth every 76 years, was named after him. (IV) But since sound takes about five seconds to cover a kilometre, Halley realized it was impossible for the witnesses to have heard sounds from the fireball as it passed over. (V) He dismissed the reports as "the effect of pure fantasy".

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

79. (I) More than 1,100 marine scientists have signed a statement calling on the UN and world governments to stop the destruction of deep-sea corals. (II) The researchers want a restriction on the use of the heavy trawling gear that digs coral and sponges from the ocean bottom while searching for valuable fish. (III) Some coral fields contain thousands of species and have been called the "rainforests of the deep". (IV) Such overfishing means that there are fewer fish to catch all the time. (V) "Bottom trawling is like fishing with bulldozers," said one expert.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

80. (I) Since its early days as a fur-trading post and as the "Gateway to the West", St. Louis has been a key city on the Mississippi River. (II) It is located on the state of Missouri's eastern border, just south of where the Missouri River joins the Mississippi. (III) Situated near the junction of two such large rivers, the area around St. Louis is prey to flooding. (IV) In the summer of 1993, America's worst flood in the 20th century sent virtual rivers of water into parts of the city, though most of the downtown area was spared. (V) The 192-metre stainless steel Gateway Arch was completed near the downtown area in 1964.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V



## PRACTICE EXAM 30

1-8. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. The group have lost their ..... to continue with the trek, so we are going to turn around and go home.

- A) matter  
B) generosity  
C) prosperity  
D) abundance  
E) desire

2. Water is ..... for the body to function normally.

- A) critical  
B) pastoral  
C) eternal  
D) gradual  
E) continual

3. Elmer tried to ..... the rabbit out of its hole with a carrot.

- A) tempt  
B) fill  
C) close  
D) respond  
E) express

4. The term "aromatherapy" ..... means "fragrant remedy", as it is a method of treatment using the essential oils from fragrant plants.

- A) nearly  
B) silently  
C) healthily  
D) relatively  
E) literally

5. Scientists have one potential vaccine that appears to ..... the body's immunity to West Nile Virus.

- A) pick over  
B) call for  
C) put on  
D) build up  
E) make out

6. Between 7:01 and 11:23 a.m., I ..... at the club's swimming pool, officer, and you can check that alibi with the manager.

- A) would have sunbathed  
B) was sunbathing  
C) might be sunbathing  
D) will sunbathe  
E) have sunbathed

7. It ..... 5 years, 9 months, and 13 days since I last ..... a cigarette.

- A) will be / had smoked  
B) was / am smoking  
C) has been / smoked  
D) is / will smoke  
E) had been / have smoked

8. I wish I ..... well enough to go to the concert, as my friends said they had a great time there.

- A) were  
B) have been  
C) would be  
D) might have been  
E) had been

9-15. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

9. Sean Connery did not appear ..... any James Bond film ..... a wig.

- A) to / under  
B) on / as  
C) for / at  
D) with / by  
E) in / without

10. Fabrics can be made crease-resistant ..... treating them ..... synthetic resins, such as epoxy or melamine.

- A) by / with                      B) of / at  
C) from / into                    D) for / by  
E) about / within

11. There weren't ..... people at the firm's reception this year ..... there were last year.

- A) so much / that  
B) as many / as  
C) many / than  
D) much more / like  
E) less / than

12. It is the job of ..... is on duty at the time to ensure that no unauthorised personnel enter the warehouse.

- A) whoever                      B) wherever  
C) whenever                    D) whomever  
E) whichever

13. .... I have ever driven in one day was from Scotland to my home and the snow on the roads made the journey even .....

- A) So far / so bad  
B) The farther / too badly  
C) The farthest / worse  
D) Far enough / the worst  
E) Too far / badly enough

14. I keep a packet of biscuits in my desk drawer ..... I get hungry at work before lunch time.

- A) even if                      B) no matter  
C) in case                      D) so that  
E) if only

15. It appears to me ..... she'll take quite some time to get over this shock.

- A) when                      B) before  
C) even though                D) as if  
E) so that

16-20. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

Visitors to South America often neglect the industrial history of the continent (16) ..... its many ancient and natural wonders. (17) ..... tourists linger at the rusting transporter bridge while they (18) ..... around the colourful Buenos Aires suburb of La Boca. Travellers in Patagonia tend to focus on the glaciers and national parks (19) ..... the large-scale sheep farming that has brought (20) ..... wealth to the area.

16.

- A) in favour of                B) in case of  
C) therefore                 D) much more  
E) as far as

17.

- A) Less                      B) Little  
C) The least                 D) A few of  
E) Few

18.

- A) have strolled  
B) were strolling  
C) are strolling  
D) strolled  
E) have been strolling

19.

- A) rather than                B) due to  
C) furthermore               D) in addition  
E) thanks to

20.

- A) so                      B) such  
C) many                    D) quite  
E) just

21-28. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

21. I would never have guessed .....
- A) that is too difficult for me to continue
  - B) unless you tell me what the answer is
  - C) you were the architect of this mosque
  - D) how did he manage to survive the crash
  - E) even if they are in such a bad situation
22. Even after my having warned him firmly, .....
- A) he continued to threaten me
  - B) he will certainly stop bothering me
  - C) I was surprised that he stopped being nasty
  - D) I can imagine that he'll be afraid
  - E) he soon started behaving acceptably
23. Ironically, two of the reasons he stated .....
- A) was something that he strictly believed in
  - B) have ever been so incredible
  - C) were clearly not in a position to see them
  - D) would later prove to be false
  - E) was not actually made up very carefully
24. Until the remains of Troy were actually discovered, .....
- A) the story of the Trojan War was supposedly sung by the blind poet Homer
  - B) the Trojan War dragged on for ten long years
  - C) the Trojan War was believed to be just a myth
  - D) Odysseus sailed with twelve ships to his home in Ithaca
  - E) there is now a replica of the wooden horse used in the Trojan War
25. Since unemployment benefits are so generous in some Western European countries, .....
- A) they spend a lot of their time going from job to job
  - B) people there do not panic if they lose their jobs
  - C) a strong family system helps to support those who are out of work
  - D) their birth rates are also alarmingly low
  - E) most of them invited immigrant workers in the late 1960s
26. ...., which he became the first European to see.
- A) The source of the Nile was discovered by John Hanning Speke
  - B) In the year 1099, Jerusalem was conquered by the knights of the First Crusade
  - C) The British General Eliphinstone was killed in Afghanistan in 1840
  - D) In 1795, the Scotsman Mungo Park set out from Gambia to explore the Niger River
  - E) Lake Tanganyika was explored in 1856 by Richard F. Burton
27. While Egypt has a high female illiteracy rate, .....
- A) Pakistan has an even higher one
  - B) nor has Pakistan, where elementary schooling is compulsory
  - C) literacy is rather low in Pakistan, though
  - D) so is Pakistan, owing largely to poverty
  - E) many Pakistanis have adopted Western customs as well
28. Lasalo Biro tried to market his idea for a ballpoint pen in 1919, .....
- A) therefore it took him until 1943 to succeed
  - B) since the ink often splotted and smeared
  - C) but general disinterest prevented its success until 1943
  - D) because in England a ballpoint pen is called a "Biro"
  - E) so that ballpoint pens are used by almost everyone

29-34. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

29. Although the fates of its characters are mostly tragic, John Irving's novel *The World According to Garp* is generally regarded as a comic novel.

- A) John Irving'in *The World According to Garp* romanında karakterlerin kaderi genellikle trajiktir, ancak bu kitap çoğunlukla komik bir roman olarak değerlendirilmiştir.
- B) Karakterlerinin kaderi çoğunlukla trajik olsa da, John Irving'in *The World According to Garp* romanı genel olarak komik bir roman olarak kabul edilir.
- C) John Irving, *The World According to Garp* adlı romanında karakterlerine çoğu zaman trajik bir kader hazırladıysa da, bir bütün olarak kitap komiktir.
- D) John Irving'in *The World According to Garp* romanı genellikle komik bir roman olarak kabul edilir, ancak karakterlerinin kaderi çoğunlukla trajiktir.
- E) Karakterlerinin çoğu zaman trajik kaderine rağmen John Irving'in *The World According to Garp* romanı, genel olarak son derece komik bir romandır.

30. No other historical events have altered the nature of Western civilization as profoundly as the French and Industrial Revolutions.

- A) Batı uygarlığının doğasını derinden değiştiren iki tarihi olay, Fransız ve Endüstri Devrimleri'dir.
- B) Başka hiçbir tarihi olay, Batı uygarlığının doğasını Fransız ve Endüstri Devrimleri kadar derinlemesine değiştirmemiştir.
- C) Fransız ve Endüstri Devrimleri, Batı uygarlığının tarihinde derin izler bırakmış iki olaydır.
- D) Başka hiçbir tarihi olay, Batı uygarlığının doğasını Fransız ve Endüstri Devrimleri'nden daha derin etkilememiştir.
- E) Batı uygarlığının tarihinde, Fransız ve Endüstri Devrimleri kadar derin izler bırakan başka hiçbir olay yoktur.

31. Psychologist Jean Piaget described the various stages of learning in childhood and researched how the child perceives himself and the world at each stage.

- A) Psikolog Jean Piaget, çocukluk döneminde öğrenmenin çeşitli evrelerini tanımlamış ve her bir evrede çocuğun kendini ve dünyayı nasıl algıladığını araştırmıştır.
- B) Çocukluk döneminde öğrenmenin çeşitli evrelerini tanımlayan ve her bir evrede çocuğun kendini ve dünyayı nasıl algıladığını araştıran psikolog, Jean Piaget'dir.
- C) Psikolog Jean Piaget, çocuğun kendini ve dünyayı nasıl algıladığını açıklamak için, çocukluk döneminde öğrenmeyi çeşitli evrelere ayırmıştır.
- D) Psikolog Jean Piaget, çocukluk döneminde öğrenmeyi çeşitli evrelere ayırmış ve her bir evrede çocuğun kendini ve dünyayı nasıl algıladığını net bir biçimde ortaya koymuştur.
- E) Çocukluk döneminde öğrenmeyi çeşitli evrelere ayıran psikolog Jean Piaget, böylece her bir evrede çocuğun kendini ve dünyayı nasıl algıladığını açıklamıştır.

32. Such notable writers as Ernest Hemingway and William Faulkner owe the publication of their first books to the efforts of Sherwood Anderson.

- A) İlk kitaplarını Sherwood Anderson'ın çabaları sonucu yayımlayan Ernest Hemingway ve William Faulkner, ona çok şey borçludurlar.
- B) Sherwood Anderson, Ernest Hemingway ve William Faulkner gibi yazarların ilk kitaplarının yayımlanmasında ve tanınmalarında etkili olmuştur.
- C) Ernest Hemingway ve William Faulkner gibi yazarlar, Sherwood Anderson'ın sayesinde ilk kitaplarını yayımlamış ve meşhur olmuşlardır.
- D) Sherwood Anderson, Ernest Hemingway ve William Faulkner dahil, bazı tanınmış yazarların ilk kitaplarının yayımlanması için çok çabalamıştır.
- E) Ernest Hemingway ve William Faulkner gibi tanınmış yazarlar, ilk kitaplarının yayımlanmasını, Sherwood Anderson'ın çabalarına borçludurlar.

33. The French astronomer Pierre-Simon Laplace predicted, using the principles of mathematics, many things that were to be seen later with powerful telescopes.

- A) Fransız astronom Pierre-Simon Laplace'ın, matematiğin ilkelerini kullanarak tahmin ettiği pek çok şey, daha sonra ancak güçlü teleskoplarla görülebilmiştir.
- B) Matematiğin ilkelerini kullanarak birçok şeyi tahmin eden Fransız astronom Pierre-Simon Laplace, daha sonra bunları güçlü teleskoplarla görmeyi başarmıştır.
- C) Fransız astronom Pierre-Simon Laplace, matematiğin ilkelerini kullanarak, daha sonra güçlü teleskoplarla görülecek olan pek çok şeyi tahmin etmiştir.
- D) Fransız astronom Pierre-Simon Laplace, matematik ilkeleriyle birçok şeyi doğru tahmin etmiştir, ancak bunları bizzat görmek güçlü teleskoplarla mümkün olmuştur.
- E) Daha sonra güçlü teleskoplarla görülecek olan pek çok şey, Fransız astronom Pierre-Simon Laplace tarafından sadece matematik ilkeleriyle tahmin edilmiştir.

34. One of the earliest inventions of the ancient world, the candle is still favoured for the captivating light cast by its flame.

- A) Eski dünyanın ilk icatlarından olmasına rağmen mum, alevlerinin yaydığı büyüleyici ışık nedeniyle hâlâ kullanılmaktadır.
- B) Alevlerinin yaydığı büyüleyici ışık nedeniyle hâlâ beğenilen mum, eski dünyanın ilk icatlarından biridir.
- C) Eski dünyanın ilk icatlarından olan mumun hâlâ beğeniyle kullanılmasının nedeni alevlerinin yaydığı büyüleyici ışıktır.
- D) Eski dünyanın ilk icatlarından biri olan mum, alevlerinin yaydığı büyüleyici ışık nedeniyle hâlâ beğenilmektedir.
- E) Alevlerinin yaydığı büyüleyici ışık, eski dünyanın ilk icatlarından biri olan mumu, hâlâ beğenilir kılmaktadır.

35-40. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

35. Yunan mitolojisinde şiir ve müzik tanrısı olarak bilinen Apollon'un başlıca niteliği, kehanette bulunma yeteneğidir.

- A) Apollo, whose main characteristic is his ability to prophesy, is known in Greek mythology as the god presiding over poetry and music.
- B) Apollo, whose main characteristic is his ability to prophesy, is chiefly known in Greek mythology as the god of poetry and music.
- C) In Greek mythology, the main characteristic of Apollo, known as the god of poetry and music, is his ability to prophesy.
- D) In Greek mythology, Apollo, the chief god of poetry and music, is known to have the ability to prophesy.
- E) Apollo, characterized by the ability to prophesy, is the god of poetry and music in Greek mythology.

36. Viktoria Dönemi İngilteresi'nde orta sınıf kadını, çocuklarının ahlaki eğitiminden doğrudan sorumlu olarak görülürdü.

- A) Middle-class women in Victorian England had to teach their children a sense of responsibility as well as teaching them moral values.
- B) In Victorian England, middle-class women were the only people who were directly responsible for the moral education of their children.
- C) In Victorian England, middle-class women were considered to be responsible for teaching their children moral values.
- D) In Victorian England, middle-class women used to be seen as being directly responsible for the moral education of their children.
- E) It was middle-class women who were mainly responsible for the moral education of their children in Victorian England.

37. Çok yönlü ve hayal gücü kuvvetli bir yazar olan Nancy Willard, şiir ve düzyazılarıyla hem genç okurlara hem de yetişkinlere hitap etmektedir.

- A) Nancy Willard, a versatile and imaginative writer, wrote both poetry and prose that were equally appreciated by young readers and adults alike.
- B) Her versatility and imagination helped Nancy Willard to write poetry and prose that appeal to both young readers and adults.
- C) Nancy Willard is a versatile and imaginative writer whose poetry and prose are appreciated by young readers as well as adults.
- D) Nancy Willard's versatile and imaginative poetry and prose appeal not only to young readers but also to adults.
- E) A versatile and imaginative writer, Nancy Willard appeals to both young readers and adults with her poetry and prose.

38. Üzüm dalında ne kadar bekletilirse, içerdiği şeker miktarı da o kadar çok olur.

- A) The longer grapes are left on the vine, the higher their sugar content will be.
- B) If grapes are left on the vine for a longer period, their sugar content will increase.
- C) In order to obtain grapes with a high sugar content, they must be left on the vine for a long time.
- D) Grapes that are left on the vine for a longer period will develop more and more sugar.
- E) In order for grapes to contain plenty of sugar, they must be left on the vine for a long time.

39. Çekoslovakyalı uzun mesafe koşucusu Emil Zatopek, 1952'de, Olimpiyat tarihinin en unutulmaz performanslarından birini kaydetmiştir.

- A) The Czechoslovakian distance runner Emil Zatopek, in the 1952 Olympics, gave the most memorable performance of his life.
- B) One of the most unforgettable performances in Olympic history was provided by the Czechoslovakian distance runner Emil Zatopek in 1952.
- C) In the 1952 Olympics, it was the performance of the Czechoslovakian distance runner Emil Zatopek that was considered the most memorable.
- D) The Czechoslovakian distance runner Emil Zatopek recorded one of the most unforgettable performances in Olympic history in 1952.
- E) Olympic history records few performances as unforgettable as that given by the Czechoslovakian distance runner Emil Zatopek in 1952.

40. Bazı astrologlar, astrolojinin, Tanrı'nın insanlar için zaten planlamış olduğu şeyleri açığa çıkardığına inanırlar.

- A) Astrology, according to certain astrologers, uncovers what God has already planned for human beings.
- B) That astrology uncovers what God has already planned for human beings is what certain astrologers believe.
- C) God has already made plans for human beings, and this is what some astrologers believe astrology shows.
- D) Certain astrologers claim that God's already-made plans for human beings are revealed by astrology.
- E) Some astrologers believe that astrology reveals what God has already planned for human beings.

**41-43. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

Hermann Ebbinghaus was one of the first to scientifically study forgetting. In the experiments, he used himself as the only subject, in order to maintain more control over his results. Besides, he didn't want to subject anyone else to the tedious experiments, as one investigation alone required 15,000 recitations. Ebbinghaus tested his memory for periods of time ranging from 20 minutes to 31 days. His results, presented in what is now known as the Ebbinghaus forgetting curve, revealed a relationship between forgetting and time. The forgetting curve also showed that forgetting doesn't continue to decline until all of the information is lost. At a certain point, information stored in long-term memory is surprisingly stable. In 1885, he published *Memory: A Contribution to Experimental Psychology*, in which he detailed the experiments he conducted on himself to describe the processes of learning and forgetting.

- 41. As is stated in the passage, Ebbinghaus performed the experiments on himself because .....**
- A) he did not know how to control a group of people
  - B) there was not anybody else willing to help him
  - C) he wanted no one to go through the dull process
  - D) he was the only scientist to work on forgetting
  - E) they were too complicated to understand
- 42. We can understand from the passage that the Ebbinghaus forgetting curve shows that .....**
- A) there is a link between forgetting and time
  - B) the information is lost in a short time
  - C) scientists are absent-minded people
  - D) there are about 15,000 words in long-term memory
  - E) memorizing is not a good way to learn
- 43. It is clear from the passage that *Memory: A Contribution to Experimental Psychology* .....**
- A) has so far been the only book on that subject
  - B) is the very first scientific text on the psychology of memory
  - C) describes the life of Hermann Ebbinghaus
  - D) is based on experimental research done by Hermann Ebbinghaus
  - E) was written in a very short period of time

**44-46. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

Collecting prehistoric shark teeth has been a favourite pastime of visitors and residents of the Venice area in Florida for years. Shark teeth may be black, brown, or gray, depending on the minerals in the ground in which they have been buried. Sharks of all species continually shed their teeth and grow new ones. Identification of shark teeth, which come in many different shapes and sizes, is relatively easy. All of the teeth in the mouth of a single type of shark are the same shape. Dead sharks sink to the ocean floor, where they are covered by layers of sand and silt. Over time, the cartilage of their bodies disintegrates. Water and storm action eventually sweeps the sand away, exposing the teeth. Some are washed up on shore with the changing tides and waves. Because most of Florida was under water millions of years ago, fossils of other marine creatures are also found in this area. However, state law prohibits digging without a permit.

- 44. We can learn from the passage that, in the Venice area in Florida, .....**
- A) tourists are particularly interested in sharks
  - B) the ground is very rich in minerals
  - C) sharks are known to have attacked many residents
  - D) people bury shark teeth deep in the sand
  - E) collecting prehistoric shark teeth is a popular activity among people
- 45. It is clear from the passage that shark teeth .....**
- A) gradually get sharper as time goes by
  - B) keep basically the same shape for ten years
  - C) fall off as part of a natural process
  - D) contain a lot of minerals
  - E) are sold by the residents of the Venice area
- 46. According to the passage, if you want to dig for fossils in Florida, you .....**
- A) are expected to know about shark species
  - B) should dive deep into the ocean
  - C) must be a permanent resident
  - D) need to have a special permit
  - E) had better wait for the tide

**47-49. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

It was a standing joke among Wolfgang Pauli's colleagues that the physicist should be kept as far away from experiments as humanly possible. His mere presence in a laboratory, it was said, would cause something to go wrong. Indeed, such was the frequency of Pauli-related incidents that the strange phenomenon humorously came to be known as the "Pauli Effect". One day, an experiment in Professor James Frank's laboratory at the Physics Institute at the University of Göttingen unexpectedly blew up for no apparent reason. Moreover, Pauli, who was on his way to Denmark, had not even entered the building. Only later was it discovered that the event had taken place at the precise moment that the train carrying the Nobel Prize-winning physicist from Zurich to Copenhagen had stopped to collect passengers at the Göttingen railroad station.

**47. We understand from the passage that Wolfgang Pauli .....**

- A) was a close friend of James Frank
- B) worked at a university in Denmark
- C) discovered the "Pauli Effect"
- D) was sent away to Denmark during experiments
- E) won the Nobel Prize

**48. It is implied in the passage that the "Pauli Effect" .....**

- A) occurred in every experiment Pauli was ever involved in
- B) has been studied extensively by leading physicists throughout Denmark
- C) was first observed in a laboratory at the University of Göttingen
- D) could occur even when Pauli was not in the same room as the experiment
- E) was only observed in experiments when Pauli was not actually present

**49. It is clear from the passage that the "Pauli Effect" .....**

- A) resulted in scientists refusing to work with Pauli
- B) was really just a joke and had no real scientific basis
- C) stopped Pauli from receiving any further Nobel Prizes
- D) only occurred in laboratories in Denmark
- E) caused Pauli to live far away from other people most of his life

**50-52. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

*The Conqueror* is a film made in 1956. The movie, in which John Wayne played Genghis Khan, was mostly shot in St. George, Utah—which happened to be downwind of Nevada open-air nuclear testing—and producer Howard Hughes had 60 tons of dirt from the area shipped back to Hollywood for use in the studio. By 1981, 91 of the 220 cast and crew had developed some form of cancer, and more than half of them were already dead. "With these numbers, this case could qualify as an epidemic," said University of Utah biologist Robert Pendleton. "In a group this size you'd expect only 30-some cancers to develop. ... I think the link to their exposure on the set of *The Conqueror* would hold up in a court of law."

**50. It is clear from the passage that *The Conqueror* .....**

- A) was not entirely filmed in Utah
- B) is a film about the life of Genghis Khan
- C) did not become famous until 1981
- D) caused the death of half the crew
- E) was taken to court over health issues

**51. We can conclude from the passage that the cast and crew of *The Conqueror* .....**

- A) were exposed to radiation both in Utah and Hollywood
- B) mostly died in 1981 because of old age
- C) suffered from an unknown illness that had been an epidemic in 1956
- D) tried to take Howard Hughes to court over their cancer
- E) knew about the nuclear testing in Nevada at the time

**52. Robert Pendleton implies in the passage that .....**

- A) only 30 of the 220 people actually died because of radiation
- B) the cast and crew would have a good chance of winning a law case about their cancer
- C) 30 cases of cancer in a group of 220 is too high a rate
- D) *The Conqueror* was not actually filmed during nuclear testing
- E) the dirt Howard Hughes brought to Hollywood was actually safe to use



**53-55. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

Written by unknown authors in the 13th and 14th centuries, the Icelandic sagas contain 40 narratives. Although the stories were constructed centuries after the end of the Viking age, they may provide the most detailed accounts of Viking life. Today, the sagas are celebrated both for their historical record and their narrative artistry. The sagas of Icelanders rank with the world's greatest literary treasures, such as the epics of Homer, the Greek tragedy, and the plays of William Shakespeare. Honour, glory, and revenge are central features in these narratives, which take an objective narrative approach. The sagas describe events in great detail, while the characters reveal themselves through their words and actions. The sagas remain enormously popular in Iceland, where excerpts from the sagas are part of the curriculum in primary school. The sagas have always been a source of inspiration for authors.

- 53. As is mentioned in the passage, the Icelandic sagas .....**
- A) had been written by the Vikings
  - B) were created by writers whose names are not known
  - C) were discovered in the 13th and 14th centuries
  - D) are likely to be the oldest historical records
  - E) tell about the famous artists in Iceland
- 54. We understand from the passage that the sagas .....**
- A) became famous mainly for the courageous characters in them
  - B) are superior to traditional epic poems
  - C) were written after the Vikings had won a fierce battle
  - D) have both historical and artistic significance
  - E) all contain long dialogues
- 55. It is clear from the passage that some episodes of the sagas .....**
- A) are taught to primary school pupils in Iceland
  - B) have been revised by modern authors
  - C) provide details about Homer and Shakespeare
  - D) must be simplified for children
  - E) are not very objective about the history of Iceland

**56-60. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın olan seçeneği bulunuz.**

**56. Foreign aid workers sometimes spend years in a country without understanding very much about it.**

- A) Some foreigners who work on aid projects might stay in a country for a long time, but still understand little about it.
- B) Foreign aid workers would understand more about the countries they lived in if they stayed there long enough.
- C) The best way for foreign aid workers to understand a country is by living there for a long time.
- D) Foreigners cannot work on aid projects unless they understand a lot about the countries where they are posted.
- E) A good way to understand a lot about a country is by working on a foreign aid project.

**57. Despite the stage and screen portrayals of her, Cleopatra was not actually breathtakingly beautiful.**

- A) Cleopatra was as beautiful as she has always been portrayed in films and plays.
- B) It is the way she has been portrayed on stage and screen that has given us our image of Cleopatra.
- C) In spite of the way she is depicted in films and plays, Cleopatra was not really wildly attractive.
- D) In films and plays, Cleopatra is not always played by the most attractive actresses, though she actually was the most beautiful woman of her time.
- E) Cleopatra will always be remembered as the most beautiful woman in the world because of the films and plays about her.

58. Unless we get some new orders without delay, we are going to be in deep financial trouble soon.

- A) Since new orders are flooding in at the moment, we are having trouble filling them all.
- B) We would be suffering from great financial problems now if we had delayed taking on new orders any longer.
- C) Our difficult situation can only be overcome by getting more business in the near future.
- D) We need to receive new orders right away, or we'll soon find ourselves in a bad situation financially.
- E) Our financial situation is stable at the moment, but we need some new orders to guarantee our future.

59. In my opinion, the Beatles' *White Album* is the best album of all time.

- A) I'm sure many people must realize just how good the Beatles' *White Album* is.
- B) I think that the Beatles' *White Album* is probably one of the most influential albums in musical history.
- C) No one appreciates the Beatles' *White Album* as much as I do.
- D) The Beatles' *White Album* will go down in history as a ground-breaking record.
- E) As far as I am concerned, there has never been a better album than the Beatles' *White Album*.

60. The ancient Mayan script puzzled archaeologists for years, but it was finally deciphered.

- A) After years of being mystified by it, archaeologists eventually were able to decode the written language of the Maya.
- B) The script of the ancient Mayan civilization cannot be read without difficulty.
- C) The Mayan language would not have taken so long to interpret had it not been so difficult.
- D) To this day, the puzzling language of the Mayan civilization remains a mystery to archaeologists.
- E) It was so difficult to decode the written language of the Mayan civilization that archaeologists eventually gave up.

61-65. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

61. Essayist, historian, and writer of stories, Washington Irving was the first of the great American writers. *The Sketch Book* is the most widely known of his works. .... In these, he used the legends that descendants of the old Dutch settlers had told him – the mysterious tale of the return of Hendrick Hudson and his men and the ghost story of the headless horseman.

- A) Before Irving's time, Europe had regarded American authors chiefly as curiosities
- B) It contains the classic stories "Rip van Winkle" and "The Legend of Sleepy Hollow"
- C) Irving was born in 1783 in New York City, then a town about half Dutch and half English
- D) During a journey to England, Irving met many famous authors who gave him inspiration and encouragement
- E) Irving is buried in Sleepy Hollow Cemetery, near the road where Ichabod Crane fled from the headless horseman

62. The kindergarten – which is German for "garden of children" – was first developed by F.W.A. Froebel. Froebel was a German educator and educational reformer who opened the first kindergarten in Bad Blankenburg in 1837. He also founded a kindergarten training school at Liebenstein, Germany, in 1849. .... In 1860, the ban was repealed, and kindergartens reopened – unfortunately, however, this was after Froebel's death.

- A) Froebel's kindergartens included pleasant surroundings, self-motivated activity, and physical training
- B) In countries where education is compulsory, almost all children go to a kindergarten
- C) For a number of reasons, however, the government soon forbade the establishment of kindergartens
- D) Nonetheless, it is unrealistic to expect kindergarten children to learn how to read and write
- E) Kindergartens help not only young children, but also their parents

63. Pakistan has much to offer – from the ruins of the 5000-year-old Indus Valley Civilization at Mohenjo-daro to the Moghul splendour of Lahore; from the Buddhist remains at Taxila to the bustling bazaars of Peshawar. .... . The Karakoram range extends right across the Pakistani side of Kashmir, from Baltistan in the east to the central region of Hunza, linking up in the west, towards the Afghan border, with the towering Hindu Kush. The range contains the densest concentration of high peaks on the planet, as well as nurturing the longest glaciers in the world outside the polar regions.

- A) Almost no Buddhists remain in Pakistan, however, as the country is now almost wholly Muslim
- B) Since 11 September 2001, its tourism industry has suffered greatly
- C) Peshawar is also quite famous for its illicit arms markets
- D) But the biggest attraction for many tourists is the mountainous north
- E) Pakistan is not generally thought of as a tourist destination

64. .... . The cocklebur, for example, is poisonous as a seedling, but as a mature plant it is harmless. The akee fruit, a favourite food of southern Florida and the islands of the Caribbean, is poisonous if it is either underripe or overripe. Some plants are harmless when they are eaten fresh, but may be poisonous when they are dried.

- A) Scientists believe that toxins provide a defense against plant-eating animals
- B) There are a wide variety of chemicals responsible for the toxic effects of poisonous plants
- C) In some plants, toxic chemicals may limit the growth of nearby plants
- D) Some plants are poisonous only during certain stages of their development
- E) People have found a number of uses for poisonous plants

65. For 50 weeks of the year, the small town of Hay-on-Wye is a bibliophile's dream, stuffed as it is with bookshop after bookshop (39 at the last count). But for 10 days, it elevates itself to something more like a bibliophile's heaven, because to the bookshops are added the authors themselves, dozens of them, all happy to sign their latest books and even debate the plot of their next ones. .... . Thousands of them—eager to meet their idols—swell the usual 1,400 inhabitants of this pretty border town to an extraordinary 80,000 and rising at festival time.

- A) Not all of those books ever get published again
- B) Behind the authors come, inevitably, the readers
- C) It is a time when anyone can talk with a famous author
- D) Some of those books go on to become best-sellers
- E) You will seldom find so many famous authors in one place

66-70. sorularda, verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

66. You are in a shop and would like to see if the shirt you like will fit you, and so you ask the shop assistant politely for permission to do so by saying:

- A) Excuse me, do you think this will suit me?
- B) How many changing rooms are there?
- C) Would it be alright if I tried this on?
- D) Could you tell me if this is the right size?
- E) Would you mind modelling this for me?

67. You have a friend who enjoys watching all kinds of sports on TV, though he does not actually play any sport. You notice that he is getting fat from all the hours he spends doing nothing but sitting and watching TV, and, concerned for his health, you say:

- A) Let's watch the big match together on Saturday, shall we?
- B) Would you prefer to watch the football or the ice hockey?
- C) It's a good thing you're so interested in sports. How long have you been attending that gym round the corner?
- D) I think you ought to get a television with a much bigger screen than this.
- E) It'd be a good idea for you to get some exercise once in a while, you know.

68. You are driving with a friend when you see an elderly couple whose car has broken down. They look as if they don't know what to do, and, wondering if you can be of any assistance, you stop and say:

- A) Would you like us to take a look at the engine?
- B) Don't you realize that you're blocking the traffic?
- C) Have you got any insurance?
- D) You don't have a driver's license, do you?
- E) Aren't you too old to be driving on your own?

69. A friend is going for a holiday in England. Since your brother is already studying there, but did not take enough winter clothes with him when he left, you decide to ask your friend to take a few things for him. You say:

- A) You had better take plenty of warm clothes since it can get quite cold there in winter.
- B) If you don't have too much luggage, could you take a small suitcase for my brother?
- C) My brother e-mailed to tell me that it's really cold in England this time of year.
- D) Let me know when you'll be leaving, since I might want to come along and visit my brother.
- E) Did you know that my brother is studying in England?

70. You borrow a power saw from a friend to do some carpentry work, but while you are using it, the motor starts to smoke, and then it stops working. Knowing that it was old, but feeling responsible because it broke while you were using it, you phone your friend and say in an uncertain manner:

- A) I just don't understand why you lent me something that wasn't working in the first place.
- B) That power saw was so old anyhow that it can't be my fault that it broke.
- C) Smoke is pouring out of your saw's motor. Is that normal?
- D) It's about time you invested in a new power saw, my friend.
- E) Sorry, but it looks as if I'll have to replace your saw.

71-75. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

71. Jude:

- Have you ever thought about buying a plasma TV?

Arabella:

.....

Jude:

- Why's that?

Arabella:

- I've noticed that, with new technologies, prices usually start to fall heavily a few years after they come out.

- A) I don't have enough money for one.
- B) Didn't you buy an expensive one?
- C) No, I have no intention of ever changing the TV I've got.
- D) Yes, but I'm going to wait for a while.
- E) Maybe, but I don't know much about them.

**DISCUSS**

72. Jake:

- What are you reading?

Fran:

- It's a best-selling novel by a young British author.

Jake:

- .....

Fran:

- I like them for relaxing in the evening.

- A) Is it the one that won the Booker Prize this year?
- B) I don't know where you find the money for all these books. They're so expensive these days.
- C) Do you usually read before going to bed?
- D) It looks interesting. Can I borrow it when you are done?
- E) In the limited time that I have, I prefer more serious reading to popular novels.

73. Sally:

- Why's it so dark in here?

Anne:

- The electricity's been off all day.

Sally:

- .....

Anne:

- Yes. They said they would send someone around, but no one has come yet.

- A) Does that kind of thing happen very often around here?
- B) Is it just your house, or the whole neighbourhood?
- C) Have you phoned the electric company yet?
- D) What happened? Did you blow a fuse or something?
- E) Haven't you got any candles?

74. Michael:

- Have you read *The Clash of Civilizations*?

Peter:

- .....

Michael:

- Even so, it's very popular these days, and it might be a good idea to read it.

Peter:

- No thanks. I'll stick to writers I can appreciate.

- A) That's the book that everyone's reading nowadays, isn't it?
- B) Not yet. The bookstore was sold out, and it's never available in the library.
- C) Yes, but it was a long time ago.
- D) No, but I've read some reviews, and I really don't think I'd like it.
- E) Which civilizations does the author write about?

75. Greg:

- What on earth is that?

John:

- A new painting by a contemporary artist. Don't you like it?

Greg:

- It's dreadful: the colours are garish and it makes no sense.

John:

- .....

- A) I have a feeling that you'll be impressed by it.
- B) You just need to learn how to look at contemporary art.
- C) I'll tell the artist how you feel, as he needs some encouragement.
- D) I know. That's why I thought it deserved such a prominent place in the front room.
- E) That's precisely why I paid so much for it.

**76-80. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.**

76. (I) The pH measurement for acidity was first used by the biochemist Sørensen. (II) Acid rain is defined as rain with a pH of below 4.0 - 4.5. (III) Normal rain, however, has a pH of about 5.6, which means it is only slightly acidic. (IV) Acid rain comes about from the pollutants which are pumped into the atmosphere. (V) There, they react with water to form acids which are soluble and fall with the rain.

A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

77. (I) A perplexing sight awaits visitors to the polar bear enclosure at Singapore Zoo. (II) The bulky Arctic beasts – usually clad in a thick coat of snow-white hair – have started turning green. (III) Individual polar bears have been known to use sheer force to prove their physical dominance. (IV) The green colouring is apparently the work of an algae which has found a new home in the bears' translucent hair shafts. (V) The harmless algae is the result of Singapore's warm and humid climate, which the bears are not used to.

A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

78. (I) The windshield wiper was originally invented by Mary Anderson in 1903 to help streetcars operate safely in the rain. (II) Anderson was from Alabama, a state in the southern part of the USA. (III) In 1905 she patented her invention. (IV) It allowed the car operator to control the external, swinging arm wipers from within the car. (V) Windshield wipers became standard equipment on cars a decade later.

A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

79. (I) Modern interest in thought transference arose in late 18th-century France. (II) The term "telepathy" – meaning distant occurrence or feeling – was coined by Frederic Myers, a founder of the Society for Psychical Research, in 1882. (III) Telepathy was a hot topic in the 1890s, perplexing great minds from Oscar Wilde to Sigmund Freud. (IV) In the 1920s and 1930s, telepathy first became popular with the wider public thanks to certain psychic experiments conducted by J.B. Rhine. (V) In ancient times, however, there had been some interest in thought transference.

A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

80. (I) The islands of Trinidad and Tobago form an independent republic in the West Indies. (II) Trinidad lies near the northeastern coast of Venezuela. (III) Geologically it resembles the mainland of South America more than a Caribbean island. (IV) The United States constructed air bases on Trinidad during World War II to protect approaches to the Panama Canal. (V) Tobago is located 32 kilometres northeast of Trinidad and is largely mountainous.

A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

## PRACTICE EXAM 31

1-8. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. .... of the company passed from the founder to his daughter when he died.  
A) Decision B) Posture  
C) Identification D) Continuation  
E) Ownership
2. The frozen pavements were so ..... that people had trouble walking on them without falling over.  
A) senseless B) polished  
C) slippery D) chilly  
E) active
3. After hours of effort, the engine was running ..... again, which meant we could continue our journey.  
A) eventually B) smoothly  
C) roughly D) evenly  
E) peculiarly
4. Clothing shops ..... the latest fashions on plastic mannequins in their windows.  
A) discount B) exchange  
C) unload D) display  
E) depart
5. Nobody thought Tom's proposal was particularly good, but as we were unable to ..... an alternative, we're going ahead with his plan.  
A) come up with B) cut down on  
C) get out of D) run out of  
E) make up for

6. The weather is so nice today that I really wish I ..... inside now.

A) wouldn't have to work  
B) don't have to work  
C) didn't have to work  
D) won't have to work  
E) haven't had to work

7. Considering the meager resources we ..... with for the project, we ..... a wonderful job.

A) provided / will be doing  
B) were provided / can do  
C) have been provided / used to do  
D) will be provided / have done  
E) had been provided / did

8. It is feared that industry ..... to a halt in the next century unless alternative energy sources .....

A) will come / are found  
B) comes / will be found  
C) has come / were found  
D) is coming / will have found  
E) had come / would be found

9-15. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

9. After we'd heard the announcement, several people seemed to be ..... a state ..... shock.

A) with / to B) in / of  
C) on / by D) of / with  
E) at / for

10. The headmaster knew that it was no accident. Someone had broken the window .....

- A) in progress                      B) at once  
C) by chance                         D) on purpose  
E) at least

11. His parents were happy that he managed to gain a university degree ..... his handicap.

- A) thus                                 B) provided  
C) despite                             D) though  
E) besides

12. We cannot move back into our office ..... the workmen have cleared up.

- A) until                                 B) by the time  
C) as long as                         D) while  
E) when

13. British people refer to the pedestrian walkway at the side of the road as a pavement, ..... Americans use the term sidewalk.

- A) until                                 B) besides  
C) whereas                             D) before  
E) whenever

14. .... relieve some of the burden on the city's only airport, they are planning to build a second one.

- A) No matter                         B) In case  
C) Even though                       D) In order to  
E) Owing to

15. Playing games in the back, the children didn't get bored ..... we drove to the resort.

- A) by the time                        B) for  
C) during                                D) as  
E) since

16-20. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

Pocket watches, (16) ..... by wristwatches, aren't seen very much nowadays. Before the 20th century, though, the pocket watch was dominant, and the wristwatch (17) ..... unsuitable for men. Wristwatches began to dominate around the time of World War I, when officers realized that it was (18) ..... to access a wristwatch ..... a watch kept in a pocket. (19) ....., pocket watches continued to be widely used in railroading, even as their popularity (20) ..... elsewhere.

16.

- A) to replace  
B) having been replaced  
C) to be replaced  
D) have been replaced  
E) replacing

17.

- A) had considered  
B) was considering  
C) has been considered  
D) was considered  
E) would have considered

18.

- A) easier / than                        B) so easy / that  
C) such easy / as                       D) easiest / of  
E) easy enough / for

19.

- A) Also                                 B) Thus  
C) Yet                                     D) Besides  
E) As well

20.

- A) established                         B) concentrated  
C) associated                            D) declined  
E) praised



31. For my study room, I'm looking for a table exactly the same size as this but with more drawers.

- A) Çalışma odam için tam bu büyüklükte ama daha fazla çekmeceli bir masa arıyorum.
- B) Çalışma odamdaki masa büyüklük olarak tam bunun kadar ama çekmece sayısı daha fazla.
- C) Aşağı yukarı bu büyüklükte ama daha çok çekmeceli bir masa çalışma odam için uygundur.
- D) Çalışma odam için alacağım masa bu büyüklükte olabilir ama kesinlikle çekmecesini daha fazla olmalı.
- E) Baktiğimiz masalar içinde büyüklük ve bol çekmeceli olması bakımından çalışma odam için en uygunu bu.

32. The blind Argentine author Jorge Luis Borges wrote stories with unusual, fantastic plots.

- A) Arjantinli âmâ yazar Jorge Luis Borges, yazdığı öykülerde alışılmamış, fantastik konuları işlerdi.
- B) Arjantinli âmâ yazar Jorge Luis Borges bütün öykülerinde alışılmamış, fantastik olayları konu almıştır.
- C) Alışılmamış, fantastik konularda öyküler yazan âmâ yazar Jorge Luis Borges Arjantinli'dir.
- D) Arjantin'in âmâ yazarı Jorge Luis Borges yazdığı alışılmamış, fantastik öyküleriyle tanınır.
- E) Arjantinli âmâ yazar Jorge Luis Borges alışılmamış, fantastik konuları olan öyküler yazmıştır.

33. Most high-quality perfumes owe their distinctive fragrances to substances obtained from plants.

- A) Kaliteli parfümlerin çoğunda, bitkilerden elde edilen maddeler sayesinde ayırt edici bir koku vardır.
- B) Kaliteli parfümler kokularını genellikle, bitkilerden elde edilen ayırt edici maddelerden alır.
- C) Çoğu kaliteli parfümün ayırt edici kokusunda, bitkilerden elde edilen maddelerin payı vardır.
- D) Çoğu kaliteli parfüm ayırt edici kokusunu, bitkilerden elde edilen maddelere borçludur.
- E) Kaliteli parfümlerdeki ayırt edici koku, bitkilerden çıkarılan maddeler sayesinde elde edilir.

34. Florence, rather than the capital, Rome, was the cradle of the Italian Renaissance.

- A) İtalyan Rönesansı'nın beşiği sayılan Floransa, başkent Roma'dan daha önemliydi.
- B) Başkent Roma kadar, Floransa da İtalyan Rönesansı'nın merkezi olmuştur.
- C) İtalyan Rönesansı'nın beşiği, başkent Roma değil, Floransa'ydı.
- D) Floransa, başkent Roma'ya göre, İtalyan Rönesansı'nda daha büyük bir öneme sahiptir.
- E) Floransa, başkent Roma'dan daha çok İtalyan Rönesansı'nın merkezindeydi.

35-40 sorularda verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

35. Diğer temel bilimler gibi zooloji de çeşitli uzmanlık alt bölümlerine ayrılmıştır.

- A) Like other basic sciences, Zoology is subdivided into various specialised fields.
- B) Zoology is a basic science, which is subdivided into various specialised fields.
- C) Several specialised fields make up the basic science known as Zoology.
- D) Zoology is similar to other disciplines in that it has been subdivided into numerous specialised fields.
- E) Zoology is subdivided, like other disciplines, into specialised fields, but they are all pretty similar.

36. Alman yazar Johann Schiller, çağının etik ve entellektüel değerlerini anlatan bir dizi oyun yazmıştır.

- A) Among the German author Johann Schiller's series of plays is one which captures the moral and intellectual values of his time.
- B) Johann Schiller's best known plays reflect the ethical and intellectual values in Germany at the time.
- C) The ethical and intellectual values at this time in Germany are best expressed in a series of plays by the author Johann Schiller.
- D) A series of plays by the German author Johann Schiller give us an accurate picture of moral and intellectual values of the time.
- E) The German author Johann Schiller produced a series of plays expressing the ethical and intellectual values of his age.

37. Hayvan hakları hareketine en güçlü muhalefet, avcı kuruluşlarından gelmektedir.

- A) Most hunting organisations are strongly opposed to supporters of the animal rights movement.
- B) Supporters of organisations forming part of the animal rights movement are strongly opposed to hunting.
- C) The strongest opposition to the animal rights movement comes from hunting organisations.
- D) Naturally, those most opposed to hunting support the animal rights movement.
- E) Obviously, members of hunting organisations strongly disagree with members of the animal rights movement.

38. Pek çok tatlı yiyecek ve içecek için vazgeçilmez olan vanilya, parfüm yapımında da kullanılmaktadır.

- A) Vanilla has a wide range of uses, from being an essential component of sweets and beverages to being used in the production of perfume.
- B) Indispensable for many sweet foods and beverages, vanilla is also used in the manufacture of perfumes.
- C) Besides being used as an essential ingredient in many sweets and beverages, vanilla is a common scent found in perfumes.
- D) Vanilla, which is also a basic ingredient of sweet foods and beverages, is a natural scent used in perfume manufacturing.
- E) Vanilla is normally used as a flavouring for drinks and sweets, but it can also be used in the production of perfumes.

39. Cesareti ve zekasıyla bilinen Alman çoban köpeği, sıcaklıktaki aşırılıklara kolayca dayanabilir.

- A) The German shepherd dog, with its intelligence and courage, can easily survive in extremes of temperature.
- B) The German shepherd dog is not only courageous and intelligent, but also easily able to withstand extreme temperatures.
- C) The German shepherd dog is known not only for its courage and intelligence, but also for its endurance to extreme temperatures.
- D) The German shepherd dog, known for its endurance to extreme temperatures, is courageous and intelligent.
- E) The German shepherd dog, known for its courage and intelligence, can easily withstand extremes in temperature.

40. İsrail'in başlıca limanı ve üçüncü büyük şehri olan Haifa, dağlık kıyı güzelliği bakımından San Francisco'ya benzetilir.

- A) Israel's major port and third largest city, Haifa is compared to San Francisco for its mountainous coastal beauty.
- B) Israel's major port and third largest city, Haifa has a lot in common with San Francisco, such as mountainous seaside beauty.
- C) The mountainous coastal beauty of Haifa, Israel's major port and third largest city, is comparable to that of San Francisco.
- D) Haifa, Israel's major port and third largest city, is set in a mountainous area as beautiful as the San Francisco seaside.
- E) The mountainous coastal beauty seen at Haifa, Israel's major port and third largest city, is similar to that of San Francisco.

41-43. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

It is usually believed, quite wrongly, that the job applicant should always try to please the interviewer. However, giving answers that you think will suit a potential employer, losing touch with your own feelings in order to get in touch with his, and, in general, practising a timid attitude, for fear that he might reject you, are certain to get you nowhere. Of course, you must not be hostile—nobody wants to hire someone disagreeable. But there is plainly a middle ground between being overly friendly and being hostile.

41. The writer is sure that an interview will be unsuccessful if .....

- A) you don't appear slightly timid
- B) you try too hard to please the interviewer
- C) you aren't in touch with the interviewer's feelings
- D) the interviewer asks unexpected questions
- E) you can't give the answers the interviewer expects

42. According to the writer, at an interview, it is possible .....

- A) to strike a balance between the two extremes of behaviour
- B) to lose your temper because of the interviewer's reactions
- C) for the potential employer to lose touch with his feelings
- D) that the job applicant won't be hired however he behaves
- E) to hide your shortcomings from the interviewer

43. The writer doesn't support the notion that .....

- A) hostile behaviour is always disagreeable
- B) you will get nowhere at an interview if you are timid
- C) you will be rejected if you try to please your potential employer
- D) disagreeable people are never hired
- E) the interviewee should only behave in a way pleasing to the interviewer

**44-46. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

Scientists estimate that at least 25 % of all people who are told that they have Alzheimer's disease actually suffer from some other problems that can be treated, such as depression. A definitive test for Alzheimer's would advise doctors whether or not to keep looking for the source of patients' memory losses. Just as important, researchers are testing drugs that may slow the process of mental deterioration. In order for those treatments to work, however, doctors must give them before there is any memory failure.

- 44. The passage shows that .....**
- A) a quarter of the population suffers from Alzheimer's disease
  - B) Alzheimer's disease is caused by depression
  - C) 25% of scientists are able to treat depression-related problems
  - D) some of the people thought to have Alzheimer's in fact have treatable problems
  - E) a quarter of people become depressed when they are treated for Alzheimer's disease
- 45. We understand from the passage that the drugs used against mental deterioration .....**
- A) haven't yet been proved completely effective
  - B) have a strong curative value in restoring the memory
  - C) ought not to be used without being thoroughly tested
  - D) have so far cured 25% of all Alzheimer's patients
  - E) help decrease the amount of pain the patient suffers
- 46. In the fight against Alzheimer's disease, according to the passage, research suggests that .....**
- A) mental deterioration seems impossible to treat
  - B) first of all, the patient should be helped to recover from depression
  - C) doctors should seek help from the researchers
  - D) treatment should begin before patients start to lose their memory
  - E) the drugs should be tested before treatment begins

**47-49. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

Mohandas Gandhi was a Hindu lawyer and politician, who pioneered the use of non-violent resistance by mass political movements. He believed that the means determine the end. He renounced violence or the threat of force and taught his followers to love those who hated them. He led widely influential campaigns against apartheid in South Africa and for Indian independence using non-violent techniques, such as protest marches, general strikes, fasts and mass civil disobedience. He campaigned for Hindu-Muslim cooperation and opposed the caste system, colonialism and child marriages. Known as Mahatma, meaning "Great Soul", and "the father of India", Gandhi was assassinated by anti-Muslim fanatic Nathuram Godse while going to a prayer meeting.

- 47. We learn from the passage that, among the practices that Gandhi campaigned against was .....**
- A) civil disobedience
  - B) protest marches
  - C) workers' strike
  - D) racial discrimination
  - E) Indian independence
- 48. According to the passage, Gandhi believed that .....**
- A) people should not hate their enemies
  - B) it didn't matter how a positive result was achieved
  - C) no one should ever go hungry for any reason
  - D) one should apply to violence only when necessary
  - E) the use of non-violence should be resisted
- 49. The names attributed to Gandhi clearly show .....**
- A) that he never disobeyed the government
  - B) that he had supernatural powers
  - C) why he used to believe in violence initially
  - D) how highly he was regarded in his country
  - E) that, although Hindu, he was not religious

**50-52. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

A contemporary of Shakespeare, Sir Francis Bacon was born three years earlier and died ten years later. He studied law and entered politics, rising to become the lord chancellor of England in 1618. Bacon claimed to know everything there was to know at the time, and his written works became landmarks in philosophy, science and literature. He was knighted by James I, but his career was shattered when he was accused of taking bribes. He admitted his wrongdoing, was imprisoned briefly and spent the last five years of his life in anguished retirement. Today he is believed by some to have been the real author of Shakespeare's plays.

**50. It is clear from the passage that Shakespeare and Bacon .....**

- A) both died very young
- B) were both playwrights
- C) lived around the same time
- D) had unsuccessful political careers
- E) were knighted in the reign of James I

**51. The passage informs us that Sir Francis Bacon's political career .....**

- A) was successful because he knew so much
- B) lasted about five years
- C) was always secondary to his literary aspirations
- D) ended suddenly when he was found guilty of corruption
- E) gave him the leisure to write

**52. We can conclude from the passage that there are some people who doubt that .....**

- A) Bacon was really involved in a bribery case
- B) Shakespeare was a better playwright than Bacon
- C) Bacon had an important influence on Shakespeare
- D) Bacon was as knowledgeable as he himself claimed
- E) Shakespeare wrote the plays himself

**53-55. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

Esfahan has the greatest concentration of Islamic monuments in Iran. The cool blue tiles of Esfahan contrast perfectly with the hot dry Iranian countryside around it. Esfahan is a sight you won't forget. Not only is the architecture superb and the climate pleasant, but there's a fairly relaxed atmosphere here compared with many other Iranian towns. It's a city for walking, getting lost in the bazaar, dozing in the beautiful gardens and meeting people. The more time you have, the better, because here it's easy to appreciate many of the best aspects of Persian culture.

**53. The writer states that in Esfahan .....**

- A) the surrounding area is cooled by the monuments
- B) the countryside and the monuments are very much the same
- C) the difference between the architecture and the surrounding countryside is aesthetically pleasing
- D) due to lack of transport, you have to walk
- E) the monuments are much bigger than those in other Iranian towns

**54. We can understand from the passage that .....**

- A) despite the ugly buildings and the unbearable heat, Esfahan has a friendly atmosphere
- B) Esfahan's architecture is only pleasant when compared with other Iranian towns
- C) Esfahan is less developed than the other towns in Iran
- D) the atmosphere in Esfahan is not as tense as in other Iranian towns
- E) the atmosphere of Iran is reflected in its architecture

**55. The writer suggests that .....**

- A) the best aspect of Persian culture is dozing in the gardens
- B) one should stay in Esfahan for as long as possible
- C) the further away you walk from Esfahan, the cooler it gets
- D) Esfahan is the most important religious centre in Iran
- E) while walking in Esfahan, you may need a guide in order not to get lost

56-60. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın olan seçeneği bulunuz.

56. Monica no longer listens to the music she liked when she was a teenager.

- A) Monica doesn't spend any more time listening to her favourite music now than she did as a teenager.
- B) Though Monica liked listening to music when she was a teenager, she doesn't any more.
- C) Monica doesn't spend much time listening to the music which she enjoyed listening to as a teenager.
- D) Monica has given up listening to the music which appealed to her as a teenager.
- E) When Monica was a teenager, she spent more time listening to her favourite music.

57. No one at the studio had thought that the new reality TV show would be such a great success.

- A) The great achievement of the new reality TV show was something everyone in the studio was expecting.
- B) Everyone at the studio had expected the new reality TV show to turn out to be a failure.
- C) Although the new reality TV show was very popular, this had been expected by the whole studio.
- D) The new reality TV show, which is so highly popular, is the production of everyone at the studio.
- E) The great success of the new reality TV show took every person in the studio by surprise.

58. The last time I went abroad for a conference was before I graduated from university.

- A) I haven't been outside of the country to attend a conference since I graduated from university.

B) Although I went to a foreign country for a conference as a student, I won't go to one again.

C) Having graduated from university, I no longer go to foreign countries or conferences.

D) The last conference I went to was outside of the country, and I attended it just after my university graduation.

E) The last time I went to a foreign country was when I was a student, and it was for a conference.

59. Marcus wouldn't have been able to find the way to the museum but for his phrase book.

A) Even though Marcus had a phrase book, he was unable to learn where the museum was.

B) Marcus only managed to reach the museum because he had his phrase book with him.

C) If he had had a phrase book, Marcus could have learned how to get to the museum.

D) Marcus should have used his phrase book to discover the route to the museum.

E) The phrase book wouldn't have enabled Marcus to discover the way to the museum anyway.

60. When we arrived at the stadium, the first half of the match was almost over, which annoyed me.

A) What bothered me was the fact that the first half of the match had just finished when we arrived at the stadium.

B) The first half of the match bothered me, even though I only saw a little of it due to my late arrival at the stadium.

C) I was angry that we got to the stadium so late that we missed almost the whole of the first half of the match.

D) Having arrived at the stadium, I was upset that the match was nearly stopped in the first half.

E) The annoyance I felt at arriving at the stadium during the first half of the match has almost passed.

61-65. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

61. It has been shown in an experiment that anger causes physical wounds to heal more slowly. .... . Shouting at others and suppressing one's rage are therefore equally bad. Only people that can make themselves genuinely calmer can recover from their wounds at a normal speed.

- A) There seems to be a great change if this anger is not displayed towards others, though
- B) It also makes no difference if this negative emotion is directed externally or internally
- C) The scientists deliberately wounded the volunteers, and then watched them
- D) Of course, it is a good idea for wounded people not to get into verbal fights with their helpers
- E) Emotional scars were also examined by psychologists while the test was being carried out

62. "Spaghetti Western" is a nickname for a type of Western that emerged in the 1960s. They got this name because they were produced by Italian studios. .... . Nonetheless, by the 1980s, many of these films had come to be seen in the opposite way, particularly because it was hard to ignore the influence they had had in redefining the idea of Western films for the better.

- A) They overcame the difficult conditions they were filmed under
- B) The films were a great success with the general public
- C) They did not continue to be made into the 1970s
- D) The term was originally seen as a criticism of such films
- E) They were not even filmed in the area in which cowboys had lived

63. In a recent study, scientists put 98 students through mock job interviews with businesspeople. The students also met with handshake experts, who rated their handshakes. .... . This was to prevent them from not shaking hands naturally. The businesspeople separately looked at how hireable each student was. They then compared their scores with those of the handshake experts. There was a close connection between the two.

- A) They examined whether the students made eye contact, and how hard they gripped their hands
- B) They realized that the firmer their handshakes were, the higher a score they would be given
- C) The students were kept unaware of who this second group of people were or what they were doing
- D) They hoped that the students wouldn't shake their hands in a different way than how they normally did
- E) It was made clear to the students exactly what the definition of a good handshake was

64. *Kidnapped* is a novel by Robert Louis Stevenson. In it, the character Alan serves as the guide for the character David. .... . Fortunately, David has held on to the silver button that Alan had given him. When he shows this to Alan's friends, he is able to prove his relationship with him, and is thus still able to find out what Alan's instructions were.

- A) For a short period after the shipwreck, though, the two are separated
- B) At one point, Alan cuts a silver button off a coat to give to David
- C) This is despite the difference in their cultural traditions
- D) Had he been abandoned by him, he couldn't have kept on with his journey
- E) Nevertheless, he always finds it difficult to understand Alan's intentions

65. The Kano school is one of the most famous schools of Japanese painting. It was founded by Kano Masanobu, who was a student of Shubun. .... Nevertheless, he became an official painter in the shogun's court, and it was this position of Masanobu's which granted the Kano school influence and fame.

- A) He was undoubtedly a great instructor for this apprentice to have
- B) Some scholars feel that he lacked the originality and creativity of his famous teacher
- C) While Masanobu's son would later come to outshine him, he was a good artist
- D) He tried to gain for himself the support of the country's shogun
- E) Although he could not have known it, he also founded a long lasting dynasty of artists

66-70. sorularda, verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

66. You are at a festival in which a traditional dance show is being put on. There is a crowd between you and the show, but it is not a problem for you, as you are tall. Your younger sister is not, though, and cannot see it. Wanting to get the chance for her to do so, you ask the people right in front of you:

- A) Is the show really worth seeing?
- B) Why don't you want my sister to watch this?
- C) How come you are all so tall?
- D) Could you let us through, please?
- E) The height of my sister isn't much, is it?

67. You are at an art gallery with a friend. One picture has really caught his attention. He obviously can never own it, but he says that he wishes he could, as it would look great on his living room wall. Thinking of a way that he can partially satisfy this desire, you say:

- A) What on earth makes you so completely pessimistic?
- B) Yes, that truly is a magnificent piece of art.
- C) If you work really hard, you may be able to purchase it one day.
- D) I think that it would look better in your dining room.
- E) Why don't you buy a print of it and put that up?

68. You are watching TV when the picture on it goes bad. Your brother jumps up and starts hitting it on the side. It makes no difference, and you think your brother's behaviour right now is ridiculous. You directly point this out to him by saying:

- A) While you are up, you ought to call a TV repairperson.
- B) I think that there might be something wrong with the aerial.
- C) You are not going to make it work properly by beating it.
- D) You are always carrying out actions that embarrass me.
- E) Remote controls have made the physical touching of TVs no longer necessary.



69. You are having dinner with a friend, and you have agreed to split the bill. When the bill comes, you have it divided, and both of you pay your separate parts by credit card. Yours is okay, but his is rejected. He starts to get angry with the waiter, but, as you dislike what he is doing and have noticed some notes in his wallet, you say to him:

- A) I wish that I hadn't agreed to come out with someone who is broke.
- B) If I had paid for everything, this never would have happened.
- C) Having seen your money, I'm surprised you have a credit problem.
- D) There's no point in disturbing him about it; just pay it in cash.
- E) Carrying paper money is more reliable than using a credit card.

70. Your friend has bought a gift for Bethan, whose birthday is today. He knows if he posts it, it will not arrive until tomorrow morning, but he wants her to get it today. As Bethan's house is between yours and your friend's and you want to help him, you say to him:

- A) I can deliver it for you on my way home if you like.
- B) I'll drop in on her and tell her to expect your present tomorrow morning.
- C) I'm sure she'll appreciate it anyway, so you ought to calm down.
- D) Her house isn't as far away as mine, so you could call her to come here and get it.
- E) I don't mind waiting here on my own while you go and hand it to her.

71-75. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

71. Rachael:

- In this old home video, who is that child acting foolishly in the background?

Belinda:

- It's me.

Rachael:

- .....

Belinda:

- Don't worry—even I didn't realize that it was me the first time I watched it.

- A) I knew that actually, as she looks so much like you.
- B) I don't think I want to watch your silly home movies anymore.
- C) I was certain that it was you, but I didn't want to say so.
- D) I can't believe how much you have changed since then.
- E) I'm sorry for offending you, yet you know I don't like your behaviour.

72. Justine:

- Could you hand me the map from your backpack?

Christopher:

- Actually, I think I left it behind at our last stopping place.

Justine:

- .....

Christopher:

- In that case, I'll go back for it.

- A) You do realize that we can't find our way to the campsite without it, don't you?
- B) It has almost certainly been blown away from there by now.
- C) How on earth could you have been so careless with it?
- D) Had I not already known this route, it could have been a serious problem for us.
- E) Do you only think so, or are you sure that is where you forgot it?

73. Sean:

- Which bus company are you going to use to travel home with?

Emre:

- The one that has an office at the top of our road.

Sean:

- .....

Emre:

- You're right; nevertheless, it will arrange for one of its service buses to take me to the bus station, and thus save me a lot of bother.

- A) Then you won't need to take a taxi this time, will you?
- B) That's a very good firm, isn't it?
- C) But don't you live right next to the bus station?
- D) Are you going to carry a lot of luggage?
- E) Isn't that one a little more expensive?

74. Patricia:

- It's strange that I still haven't received an e-mail from Dr. Timidez.

Hillary:

- Are you sure you gave him the correct address?

Patricia:

- .....

Hillary:

- That might explain his lack of contact with you.

- A) Yes, because I did get one from him sometime last month.
- B) I must have done so, as it was printed on my business card.
- C) It's possible that I misspelled it when I wrote it down for him.
- D) Even if I did, I know that he has my telephone number.
- E) Furthermore, I spoke quite rudely to him at the conference.

75. Oliver:

- Are you going to cook tonight?

Lucas:

- I was going to, but there aren't any eggs in the fridge.

Oliver:

- .....

Lucas:

- Unfortunately, the only recipe that I know is for an omelette.

- A) Couldn't you make something without them?
- B) Did you look behind the gallon of milk for them?
- C) Then why don't you pick another recipe from this book?
- D) Won't you put them in the food you are planning to make?
- E) Shouldn't we go out and buy some eggs?

76-80. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

76. (I) *A Dead Man in Deptford* is a novel by Anthony Burgess. (II) It is based on the murder of the playwright Christopher Marlowe, who was killed in suspicious circumstances 400 years ago. (III) Marlowe was, thus, a contemporary of the young William Shakespeare. (IV) There have always been rumours that Marlowe was involved in spying. (V) Burgess, for this work of his, assumed that these rumours were true, and used them as part of his storyline.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

77. (I) Henry James was born and brought up in the US, but he spent most of his adult life in Britain. (II) There is not, though, much else interesting about James' rather dull life. (III) He even became a citizen of it towards the end of his life. (IV) W.H. Auden, on the other hand, left Britain and settled in the US, where he became an American. (V) It is therefore difficult to truly define the nationality of either writer.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

78. (I) Researchers believe lycopene helps to prevent skin damage. (II) That is because it seems to offer some protection from the effects of harmful UV rays. (III) Furthermore, these rays aid the body's production of a vitamin that is necessary for good health. (IV) They tested their theory by giving tomato paste, which contains the beneficial chemical compound, daily to some volunteers. (V) The results were encouraging.

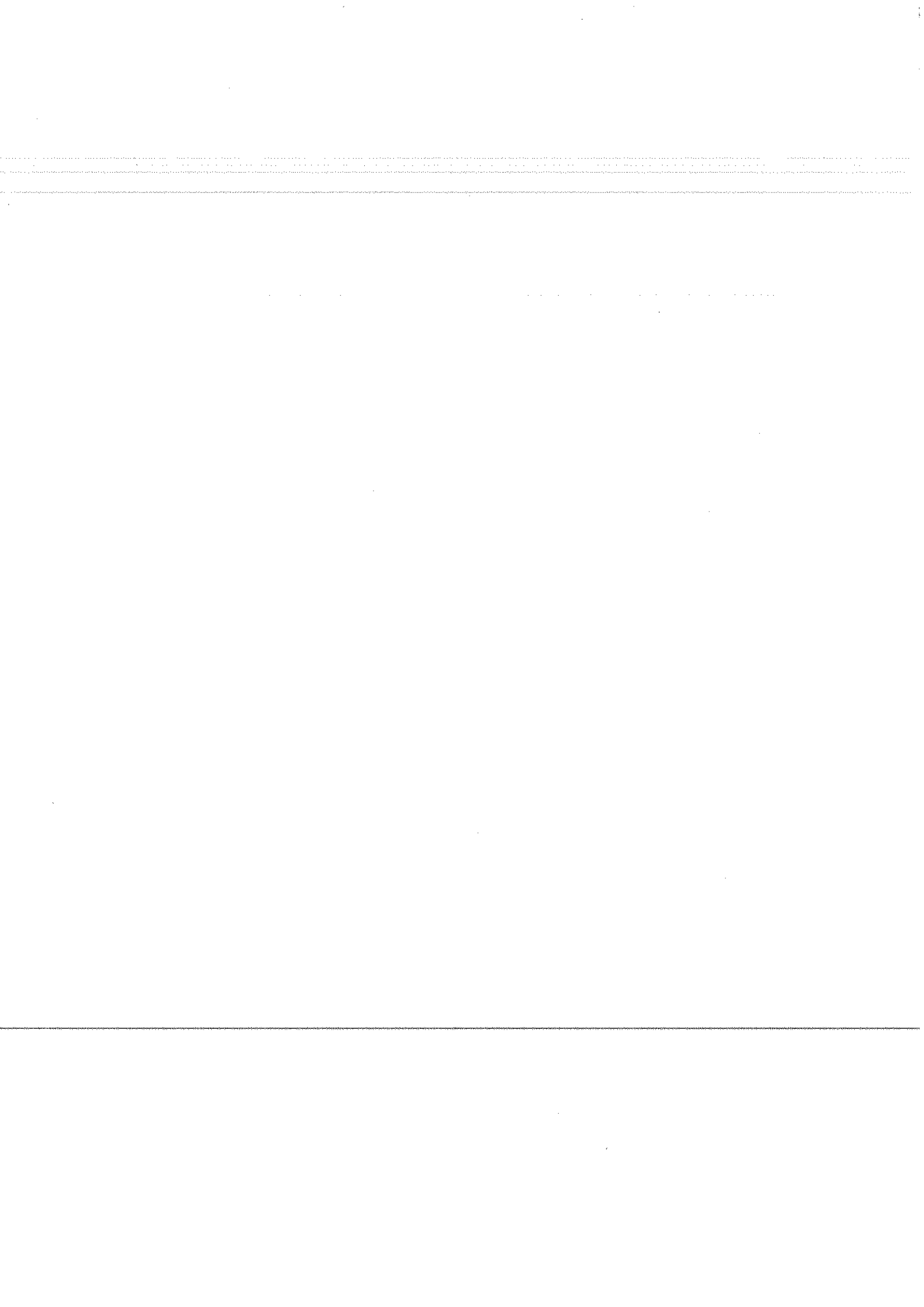
- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

79. (I) Drama was a literary form that was established late in Poland. (II) Even when it finally took off there, it remained under the influence of foreign models. (III) Franciszek Bohomolec, for instance, produced satires which were often adapted from the French playwright Molière. (IV) But Molière is only one of the "big three" French playwrights of that period. (V) The same author provided part of the inspiration for the comedies of Aleksander Fredro, too.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

80. (I) Astronomers have discovered a planetary system which looks much like our own. (II) In it are two planets that closely resemble Jupiter and Saturn. (III) Jupiter is much larger than Saturn. (IV) They are orbiting a star about half the size of our Sun. (V) This suggests that our solar system may not be as unique as it was once thought to have been.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V



## PRACTICE EXAM 32

1-8. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. Many singers on recordings these days have their voices digitally ..... to make them sound better.  
A) revealed  
B) enhanced  
C) medicated  
D) dictated  
E) inherited
2. In *Don Quixote*, by the Spanish author Miguel de Cervantes, Sancho Panza remains ..... to his master, Don Quixote, despite having his doubts about him.  
A) faithful  
B) mysterious  
C) naughty  
D) energetic  
E) victorious
3. The building now known as the Zeyrek Mosque in Istanbul has been ..... restored, but a lot of work remains to be done.  
A) suddenly  
B) financially  
C) completely  
D) wholly  
E) partly
4. Prince Harry, third in line to the British throne, failed to achieve a level of ..... in a basic computer test for his entrance into the army.  
A) adoption  
B) addiction  
C) emotion  
D) possibility  
E) competence
5. The Kanem-Bornu Empire of the central part of West Africa was ..... around AD 1200 and lasted until the year 1846.  
A) put off  
B) taken on  
C) worn out  
D) set up  
E) looked for

6. While the English poet Wilfred Owen ..... a canal in the last week of the First World War, he ..... dead.  
A) was crossing / was shot  
B) had crossed / shot  
C) has been crossing / had been shot  
D) crossed / was shooting  
E) has crossed / would be shot
7. The robber ..... in through the window, as it hasn't been broken and it wasn't open.  
A) might not be coming  
B) didn't use to come  
C) can't have come  
D) would rather not come  
E) mustn't come
8. By the time the airplane ....., it ..... up most of its fuel.  
A) will be landing / has used  
B) has landed / used  
C) will land / uses  
D) is landing / is using  
E) lands / will have used

9-15. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

9. Oily fish are rich ..... Omega-3, which is good ..... the heart, besides having other health benefits.  
A) on / into  
B) in / for  
C) from / with  
D) up / by  
E) with / of

10. At times, he can become quite nasty, and it's best to stay ..... from him ..... those occasions.

- A) with / like                      B) off / with  
 C) out of / for                     D) away / on  
 E) as / over

11. The old city of Varanasi, in India, is not really ..... to hold the millions of pilgrims that arrive there each year.

- A) much larger                      B) too large for  
 C) such a large                     D) large enough  
 E) as large

12. Because T. E. Lawrence left his original manuscript of *Seven Pillars of Wisdom* on a train, he had to write ..... new one from memory.

- A) other                                B) another  
 C) the other                         D) others  
 E) the others

13. It is ..... more difficult to study for a degree in a second language than it is in one's own.

- A) rather                              B) very  
 C) as                                    D) quite  
 E) such a

14. Sometimes in life, it becomes necessary to do things we would rather not do, ..... unpleasant they may be.

- A) whenever                         B) such as  
 C) so much                            D) alike  
 E) however

15. It takes some skill and interest, ..... hard work, to learn a language.

- A) provided that                    B) so long as  
 C) inasmuch as                    D) in addition to  
 E) in order to

16-20 sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

Some anthropologists believe that farming (16) ..... when hunter-gatherer groups in southwest Asia were put (17) ..... pressure by expanding human populations and a reduction in hunting territories. This forced them to rely less heavily on hunting large hoofed animals—(18) ..... gazelle, fallow deer, and wild cattle—and they had to broaden their diets to include small mammals, birds, fish, and small grass seeds. These foods have been called "low-ranking" (19) ..... the greater amount of work involved in catching them. The grass seeds, in particular, are regarded as a/an (20) ..... first step towards agriculture.

16.

- A) used to begin  
 B) could begin  
 C) will have begun  
 D) may have begun  
 E) has begun

17.

- A) at                                    B) under  
 C) with                                D) above  
 E) for

18.

- A) as if                                 B) the same  
 C) similar                             D) alike  
 E) like

19.

- A) because of                        B) whereas  
 C) instead of                         D) though  
 E) as a result

20.

- A) punctual                          B) fierce  
 C) sample                            D) exhausted  
 E) essential

**21-28. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.**

**21. .... that a camera is only as good as the person who is using it.**

- A) When buying a new camera, you should look around to find the best price
- B) People who think expensive cameras are surely the best are forgetting
- C) Digital photographs can be edited before being printed
- D) I've been hoping to be able to buy a camera for several years now
- E) These days, the prices of digital cameras are coming down all the time

**22. The Republic of Ireland has suffered from poverty for much of its existence, .....**

- A) though it became one of the world's fastest growing economies in the 1990s
- B) as it has been growing steadily less socially conservative since 1922
- C) so long as profitable international companies continue to relocate there
- D) which has one of the richest literatures of any English-speaking country
- E) such as the famous Easter Rising in Dublin in the year 1916

**23. .... than he began to feel extremely sleepy.**

- A) As soon as Ted stopped exercising
- B) Whenever Bill had to stay up because of his exams
- C) While Michael has given up his daily morning walks
- D) Unless Chris agreed to watch the movie on TV
- E) No sooner had Scott finished his fourth beer

**24. Quantum mechanics is a very difficult subject of .....**

- A) that is far too specialized for easy understanding
- B) when Max Planck introduced his revolutionary idea
- C) which few non-specialists understand much
- D) very few people are able to explain it clearly
- E) where a number of the greatest physicists gather

**25. Requiring a trial period for new employees gives the employer an opportunity to find out .....**

- A) since not everyone with good qualifications performs well
- B) whether or not they have been fired
- C) so that she knows if the right person has been hired
- D) if they are suitable for the job or not
- E) as if someone better qualified could have been found

**26. One of the notorious difficulties of the Native American Navajo language is its lack of nouns, .....**

- A) that it currently has more than 100,000 native speakers
- B) which are actually expressed by using different verb forms
- C) or else it could be in danger of extinction in the future
- D) such as its use of tones to distinguish between words
- E) who call themselves Naabeehó Dine'é in their own language

27. Since it can take several years to acquire a US immigrant visa, .....

- A) which one must obtain through one's local US consular office
- B) the spouses of US citizens have a somewhat easier time getting one
- C) more people seem to be applying now than ever before
- D) anyone who wants one is encouraged to begin the application process early
- E) bureaucracy is surely one of the worst things about modern society

28. ...., and is believed to be sacred by followers of Hinduism, Buddhism, and Jainism.

- A) The Pipal tree is a species of fig tree native to southern Asia
- B) Many different varieties of tree are considered holy in different faiths
- C) Hinduism and Jainism both have sacred texts in Sanskrit, while Buddhism uses Pali
- D) The Buddhist notion of rebirth is different from Hindu and Jainist reincarnation
- E) It is not difficult to detect the influence of Eastern thought on Arthur Schopenhauer's philosophy

29-34. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

29. All of Margaret Atwood's novels centre on women questioning their relationship to the world and the other individuals around them.

- A) Margaret Atwood, dünyayla ve çevresindeki diğer bireylerle olan ilişkilerini, romanlarındaki kadın karakterlere odaklanarak sorgulamıştır.
- B) Romanlarındaki kadın karakterler aracılığıyla Margaret Atwood, dünyayla ve çevresindeki diğer bireylerle olan ilişkilerini sorgulamıştır.
- C) Margaret Atwood'un romanlarındaki kadınlar, sürekli olarak dünyayı ve çevrelerindeki diğer bireylerle ilişkilerini sorgulamaktadır.
- D) Margaret Atwood'un bütün romanları, dünyayla ve çevrelerindeki diğer bireylerle ilişkilerini sorgulayan kadınlara odaklanır.
- E) Margaret Atwood bütün romanlarında, genel olarak dünyayla ve çevrelerindeki diğer bireylerle ilişkilerini sorgulayan kadınlara yer vermiştir.

30. The American musician Charles Ives wrote his music not for the approval of the public or critics but to satisfy his own creative urge.

- A) Amerikalı müzisyen Charles Ives'in müziği, halkın ya da eleştirmenlerin hoşuna gitmese de, müzisyenin kendisi için tatmin ediciydi.
- B) Amerikalı müzisyen Charles Ives'in, kendi yaratıcı arzusunu tatmin etmek için yaptığı müziğini, halk ya da eleştirmenler pek beğenmemiştir.
- C) Amerikalı müzisyen Charles Ives, müziğini halkın ya da eleştirmenlerin beğenmesi için değil, kendi yaratıcı arzusunu tatmin etmek için yapmıştır.
- D) Amerikalı müzisyen Charles Ives, müziğini, halkın ya da eleştirmenlerin beğenisine sunmak için değil, kendi yaratıcı arzusunu tatmin etmek için yaptığını savunmuştur.
- E) Amerikalı müzisyen Charles Ives, halkın ya da eleştirmenlerin beğenmediği müziğini, sadece kendi yaratıcı arzusunu tatmin etmek için yapmaya devam etmiştir.



31. Though only a few of his works are still read, Voltaire retains his worldwide reputation as a courageous opponent against tyranny and bigotry.

- A) Bir zamanlar zorbalık ve bağınazlığa karşı yürekli bir muhalif olarak tüm dünyada tanınan Voltaire'in bugün sadece birkaç kitabı okunmaktadır.
- B) Yalnızca birkaç eserinin hala okunuyor olmasına rağmen, Voltaire zorbalık ve bağınazlığa karşı yürekli bir muhalif olarak tüm dünyada saygınlığını korumaktadır.
- C) Birkaç eseri bugün hala okunmakta olan Voltaire, zorbalık ve bağınazlığa cesurca karşı çıkan bir muhalif olarak tüm dünyada saygın bir yere sahiptir.
- D) Voltaire'in tüm dünyada tanınmasını sağlayan, bugün hala okunan az sayıdaki eseri değil, zorbalık ve bağınazlığa karşı yürekli bir muhalif olmasıdır.
- E) Bugün birkaç eseriyle tanınan Voltaire, zorbalık ve bağınazlığa cesurca karşı çıkmış, saygın bir muhalif olarak tüm dünyada ün salmıştır.

32. In the past, life in rural areas was vastly different from city life, but now the difference is not so great.

- A) Eskiden kırsal kesimde yaşam şehir yaşamından çok farklıydı, ama bu fark artık o kadar büyük değil.
- B) Kırsal kesimde yaşam şehir yaşamından artık çok farklı değil, ancak eskiden fark çok belirgindi.
- C) Kırsal kesimde yaşam ile şehir yaşamı arasındaki fark, şimdi eskiden olduğu kadar belirgin değil.
- D) Kırsal kesimde yaşam ile şehir yaşamı arasında eskiden çok büyük olan fark, artık çok azalmıştır.
- E) Eskiden kırsal kesimde yaşam çok farklıydı, ama şimdi şehir yaşamından pek farkı yok.

33. Heinrich Heine is best known as a poet; however, he also wrote prose, most of which was satirical criticism of German politics and society.

- A) Heinrich Heine en çok şair olarak tanınır, oysa o, büyük bir bölümü Alman siyaseti ve toplumunun hicivli bir eleştirisi olan düz yazı da yazmıştır.
- B) Daha çok şair olarak bilinen Heinrich Heine'nin düz yazılarının büyük bir bölümü, Alman siyaseti ve toplumunun hicivli bir eleştirisidir.
- C) Daha çok şair olarak bilinen ancak düz yazı da yazmış olan Heinrich Heine, bu yazılarının çoğunda, Alman siyasetini ve toplumunu hicvetmiştir.
- D) Düz yazılarının büyük bir bölümünde Alman siyasetini ve toplumunu hicvederek eleştiren Heinrich Heine, aslında çok tanınmış bir şairdir.
- E) Aslında çok tanınmış bir şair olan Heinrich Heine, Alman siyasetinin ve toplumunun hicivli bir eleştirisini yapmak için düz yazıyı kullanmıştır.

34. Goats, which can live on coarse, thin growth, are often raised where the vegetation is not dense enough to support cattle or sheep.

- A) Sığır ya da koyun yetiştirmek yoğun bir bitki örtüsü gerektirdiği için, sadece sert ve cılız bitki sürgünlerinin olduğu yerler genellikle keçi için daha uygundur.
- B) Sert ve cılız bitki sürgünleriyle yaşamını sürdürebildiği için keçi, bitki örtüsünün sığır ya da koyun beslemeye elverişli olmadığı yerlerde yetiştirilebilir.
- C) Sert ve cılız bitki sürgünlerinin olduğu yerlerde genellikle keçi yetiştirilir, çünkü sığır ya da koyun için daha yoğun bitki örtüsü gerekmektedir.
- D) Bitki örtüsünün sığır ya da koyun besleyecek kadar yoğun olmadığı, sadece sert ve cılız bitki sürgünlerinin bulunduğu yerlerde genellikle keçi yetiştirmek mümkündür.
- E) Bitki örtüsünün sığır ya da koyun besleyecek kadar yoğun olmadığı yerlerde genellikle, sert ve cılız bitki sürgünleriyle yaşamını sürdürebilen keçi yetiştirilmektedir.

**35-40. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.**

**35. Fransa'nın hemen kuzeybatı kıyıları açıklarında olmalarına rağmen, Manş Adaları Büyük Britanya'ya aittir.**

- A) Although just off the northwest coast of France, the Channel Islands are owned by Great Britain.
- B) Great Britain actually owns the Channel Islands, in spite of the fact that they are closer to the northwest coast of France.
- C) The northwest coast of France is where the Channel Islands are located, although the islands themselves are ruled by Great Britain.
- D) The Channel Islands are situated halfway between Great Britain and the northwest coast of France, though it is the former that owns them.
- E) Ruled by Great Britain, the Channel Islands are located very close to the northwest coast of France.

**36. Bakteri denilen minik, tek hücreli organizmalar, sadece insanoğlunun değil, diğer birçok canlı ve cansız varlığın üzerinde, içinde ve çevresinde yaşamaktadır.**

- A) Bacteria are minute, one-celled organisms that live on, in, and around not only human beings, but also lots of other living and nonliving things.
- B) There are minute, single-celled organisms known as bacteria which live on, in, and around both human beings and a number of other living and nonliving things.
- C) Tiny, one-celled organisms called bacteria live on, in, and around not only human beings but many other living and nonliving things as well.
- D) Not only human beings, but also many other living and nonliving things carry on, in, and around themselves tiny, single-celled organisms called bacteria.
- E) Tiny, one-celled organisms are known as bacteria, and they live on, in, and around human beings as well as many other living and nonliving things.

**37. Günümüzün geniş çaplı süt endüstrisinin oluşması, şehirlerin ve hızlı ve soğuk hava depolu taşımacılığın gelişmesiyle mümkün olmuştur.**

- A) It was the growth of cities and fast, refrigerated transportation that led to the development of the modern large-scale dairy industry.
- B) The growth of cities and fast, refrigerated transportation enabled the modern large-scale dairy industry to develop.
- C) The modern large-scale dairy industry could not have developed without the simultaneous growth of cities and fast, refrigerated transportation.
- D) While cities grew and fast, refrigerated transportation developed, so did the modern large-scale dairy industry.
- E) The development of the modern large-scale dairy industry became possible with the growth of cities and fast, refrigerated transportation.

**38. Fransız İmparatoru Napoleon, Fransa'nın kurumları ve Batı Avrupa'nın büyük bölümü üzerinde kalıcı bir iz bırakan pek çok reform gerçekleştirmiştir.**

- A) The reforms carried out by the French emperor Napoleon have left a lasting impression on the institutions of France and of much of western Europe.
- B) For a long time, the institutions of France and of much of western Europe have been under the influence of the many reforms carried out by the French emperor Napoleon.
- C) The French emperor Napoleon carried out many reforms that have left a lasting impression on the institutions of France and of much of western Europe.
- D) It was the French emperor Napoleon who carried out the many reforms that have left a lasting impression on the institutions of France and of much of western Europe.
- E) The reforms that have left a lasting impression on the institutions of France and of much of western Europe were carried out by the French emperor Napoleon.

39. Upon proving that they hadn't even been in the city on the day of the robbery, the police let the suspects go.

- A) The police told the suspects that they could only release them if they proved their whereabouts on the day of the robbery.
- B) The suspects were let off even though they had lied about not having been in the city on the day of the robbery.
- C) The police had to give the suspects their freedom, as they didn't have any proof that they were in the city when the robbery occurred.
- D) The police released the suspects when they provided evidence of their being outside of the city on the day the robbery happened.
- E) As the suspects hadn't even been in the city on the day of the robbery, the police couldn't charge them.

40. As a writer, Thomas Hardy romanticized the people of the countryside, whereas Emile Zola described them realistically.

- A) Thomas Hardy was one of the people who found the countryside romantic, but Emile Zola's view of it was realistic.
- B) Emile Zola wrote about rural people as they actually were, but Thomas Hardy saw them romantically.
- C) Although both came from the countryside, Emile Zola was described as a realist, while Thomas Hardy was viewed as a romantic.
- D) Emile Zola was a less romantic writer than Thomas Hardy, especially in regard to how he viewed country people.
- E) Emile Zola attacked Thomas Hardy's romantic descriptions of rural people by portraying them in a more realistic way.

41-43. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

*Shrek* is a computer-animated movie adaptation of William Steig's fairy tale picture-book of the same name. It was the first film to win an Academy Award for Best Animated Feature, a category introduced in 2002. The central character is a large green ogre named Shrek. His voice was originally recorded by Chris Farley. After Farley's death, Mike Myers was brought on to replace him. After Myers had finished providing his voice for the character, and when the movie was well into production, he asked to be allowed to re-record all of his lines in a "Scottish accent" similar to the one his mother used when she told him bedtime stories. It has been critically acclaimed as an animated film worthy of adult interest, because of certain jokes, but still having a simple enough story to appeal to children.

41. It is clear from the passage that Mike Myers .....

- A) has a strong Scottish accent
- B) has Scottish parents
- C) was Chris Farley's first choice of successor
- D) provided the voice for the most important character
- E) is liked by children

42. It is stated in the passage that the film *Shrek* .....

- A) contains as much of Mike Myers as Chris Farley
- B) caused an Academy Award to be specially created
- C) is watched by children more than adults
- D) was released in the year 2002
- E) has a title identical to an illustrated book

43. We understand from the passage that the film *Shrek* .....

- A) can be appreciated by both children and adults
- B) is the only animated film to win any Academy Award
- C) had its screenplay written by William Steig
- D) has all its dialogues performed in a Scottish accent
- E) took much longer than most animated films to make

**44-46. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

When we speak of the 21st-century metropolis, the cityscapes on most minds are New York or Hong Kong. Headlines on immigration tell of millions moving from south to north. We're looking in the wrong direction. The big story in this century will be the millions in the developing world moving from the countryside to the city in nations such as India, China, Nigeria, and Brazil. In 1950, only New York had a population of more than 10 million. By 2020, 23 cities around the world will be that size or larger. Just four of these will be in the developed world. Mumbai, with a projected population of 26 million, could be the biggest of them all.

**44. The main point of the passage is that**

.....

- A) New York was once the world's largest city
- B) New York and Hong Kong will be the most important cities of the 21st century
- C) Mumbai will soon be more than twice as large as New York
- D) cities in the developing world are becoming much larger
- E) India, China, Nigeria, and Brazil are becoming more important in the world

**45. The author points out in the passage that the biggest movement of people in the world is** .....

- A) from south to north
- B) to urban centres in the developing nations
- C) to New York and Hong Kong
- D) into the countryside
- E) to India, China, Nigeria, and Brazil

**46. The author of the passage does not agree with the majority of people about**

.....

- A) the threat posed by illegal immigration to industrialized nations
- B) where urbanization will be greatest
- C) the size of Mumbai in 2020
- D) how New York's population will decline
- E) the fact that New York will be bigger than Hong Kong

**47-49. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

Aldous Huxley's *Brave New World* is one of the most influential and powerful novels written in the 20th century. It is one of the best known dystopian fictions, alongside H.G. Wells' *The Time Machine* and George Orwell's *Nineteen Eighty-Four*. In it, Huxley imagines a frightening future world where children are processed genetically in bottles rather than being conceived naturally, and belong to one of five classes according to their intelligence: from perfect Alphas down to moronic Epsilons. Learning takes place by repetition teaching during sleep, but this "education" consists merely of enforcing certain behaviour patterns through suggestion. This process is backed up by the legal drug soma, which pacifies people by creating a false sense of fulfilment.

**47. The passage suggests that, when writing *Brave New World*, Huxley felt that** .....

- A) the future would be better
- B) the world had been betrayed by its past
- C) the people of the world were using too many drugs
- D) the future would be terrible
- E) the world would end in the year 1984

**48. We can understand from the passage that Huxley's view of the future** .....

- A) involved drug-induced time travel
- B) has recently come true
- C) was shared by at least two other writers
- D) gave people reason to be optimistic
- E) was influenced by Orwell and Wells

**49. It is clear from the passage that a character in Huxley's novel would** .....

- A) likely be quite poor and miserable
- B) never experience any happiness in life
- C) not be able to sleep without taking drugs
- D) have a traditional family relationship
- E) probably believe that he or she was happy

**50-52. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

UK scientists claim that they now know how the Earth recovered on its own from a sudden episode of severe global warming at the time of the dinosaurs. Understanding what happened could help experts plan for the future impact of man-made global warming, experts say. Over a period of about 150,000 years, the Earth returned to normal and life continued flourishing. How this happened was a mystery, but now scientists from the Open University in Milton Keynes claim to have a possible answer. Rock erosion may have leached chemicals into the sea, where they combined with carbon dioxide, causing levels of greenhouse gases to fall worldwide.

**50. We understand from the passage that, long ago, .....**

- A) the Earth overcame a period of global warming naturally
- B) all living things on the Earth disappeared mysteriously
- C) dinosaurs helped a period of man-made global warming to disappear
- D) there were not nearly enough greenhouse gases in the atmosphere
- E) global warming was caused by dinosaurs

**51. It can be inferred from the passage that .....**

- A) scientists fully understand what happened 150,000 years ago
- B) no one knows how long the previous period of global warming lasted
- C) global warming is not in fact as serious a threat as was previously thought
- D) history has taught us how to overcome our own period of global warming
- E) UK scientists are not entirely sure how the previous period of global warming was overcome

**52. As is pointed out in the passage, it is important to understand what happened in the previous period of global warming because .....**

- A) we need to eliminate carbon dioxide in the sea
- B) it would be useful in understanding why the dinosaurs became extinct
- C) it could help us to combat erosion of soil into the sea
- D) it might help us to overcome our own problems
- E) the amount of greenhouse gases is currently falling dramatically

**53-55. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

Scars have been with us since well before the first caveman cut his finger on a flint knife. Nature's best protection against an unhygienic world, they have formed rough and ready barriers to keep out germs and dirt for millions of years. But in our modern society, scars are now regarded as a less than beautiful solution. Help may be at hand. The world's first clinical trial of a drug that aims to stop scars forming after surgery is set to begin in Manchester. Later this month, some 300 people having minor operations to remove moles will start testing a drug that, according to the scientists who developed it, can mend their skin without leaving a trace.

**53. We learn from the passage that scars .....**

- A) are a natural form of defence against infection
- B) are now a thing of the past
- C) allow germs and dirt into the body
- D) were invented by a caveman using a flint knife
- E) are one of humanity's biggest health problems

**54. According to the passage, today people object to scars because they .....**

- A) are unhygienic
- B) look like moles
- C) cause occasional pains
- D) have associations with cavemen
- E) do not look good

**55. It is clear from the passage that the drug mentioned in the passage .....**

- A) has been proven to be effective
- B) might prevent scars from appearing after an operation
- C) will only work for people having minor surgery
- D) will be widely used by beauticians
- E) is dangerous for people with scars

56-60. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın olan seçeneği bulunuz.

56. The ancient Egyptians prepared mummies in ways more complex than previously believed.

- A) It is believed that mummies were prepared by the ancient Egyptians in an extremely complicated manner.
- B) Owing to their beliefs, the ancient Egyptians prepared mummies in a complex fashion.
- C) The ancient Egyptians seem to have prepared their mummies using a quite intricate technique.
- D) It was once believed that the ancient Egyptians prepared mummies in a simpler way than they actually did.
- E) The most complex aspect of the ancient Egyptians' civilization was the way they prepared their mummies.

57. Although the critics thought the film was awful, I thoroughly enjoyed it.

- A) I disagreed with the critics, who said that the film was terrific.
- B) Apparently, the critics did not enjoy the film as much as I did.
- C) I would have enjoyed the film more had I not read the critics' reviews.
- D) I thought the film was excellent, and yet the critics hated it.
- E) It is not often that I disagree with the film critics, but this time I did.

58. It is useless to hire people who have not been properly trained.

- A) There is no point in taking on people who do not have good training.
- B) One must not hire people unless one is willing to train them properly.
- C) It is always a good idea to hire only workers who have been trained well.
- D) Workers that have received good training would be the best ones to take on.
- E) Unless one is planning to train one's workers properly, there is no use hiring them.

59. No matter how hard Reginald tried to push the rock away from the mouth of the cave, he could not even move it.

- A) So heavy was the rock at the mouth of the cave that Reginald proved unable to move it despite a number of attempts.
- B) As Reginald found it impossible to even move the rock, he gave up trying to push it away from the entrance to the cave.
- C) Reginald was unable to make the rock move, regardless of his great efforts to push it out of the cave's entryway.
- D) Unable to move the rock out of the cave's entryway at first, Reginald tried very hard until he managed to do it.
- E) Reginald's attempts to move the rock away from the mouth of the cave by pushing it cost him a great deal of effort.

60. Despite his adequate performance, Quentin has been so late so often that his boss is considering firing him.

- A) By performing in only an average way and coming to work very late on quite a few occasions, Quentin has convinced his boss that he ought to be fired.
- B) It is thought that the boss will let Quentin go not because of his poor performance, but rather because of how often he comes to work later than he should.
- C) The merely average performance of Quentin, in addition to his being very often very late to work, is what is making the boss consider getting rid of him.
- D) Though he does reasonably good work, Quentin has come to work quite late on several occasions, and so the boss may have to sack him.
- E) Quentin does decent work, yet his boss is thinking about sacking him due to the fact that he has come very late to work on many occasions.

61-65 sorularda, boş bırakılan yere parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

61. For much of his life, the writer Henry James was an expatriate, an outsider, living in Europe. Much of *The Portrait of a Lady* was written while he lived in Venice. His favourite place, though, was the small town of Rye in Britain. .... . These often contrasted American innocence with European sophistication, as for example *The Portrait of a Lady*, or *The Golden Bowl*.
- A) In fact, he felt so at home in Britain that he became a British citizen towards the end of his life
  - B) The town's cobbled streets and timber-framed and Georgian houses attract many people from outside
  - C) Beyond his fiction, James was one of the important literary critics in the history of the art
  - D) This feeling of being an American in Europe came through as a recurring theme in his books
  - E) *The Portrait of a Lady* is the story of an idealistic young woman who suddenly becomes very rich
62. Alice Munro is one of the great storytellers of our time. Her tales of contemporary Canadian life are offered through traditional narrative forms that would not have been out of place in the 19th century. She mainly employs third-person narrators who, while watching closely, do not intrude and do not judge. .... . That is, her stories suggest that human beings are the same wherever they live and whatever they go through. In whatever century they occur, the confusions, muddles, and disappointments of life demand that we respond with humour and compassion.
- A) The three basic types of narrative voice are first, second and third person
  - B) Margaret Atwood is also a Canadian writer who won the Booker Prize
  - C) Canada is not very well-known for its writers
  - D) Some critics feel that she should use a more contemporary style
  - E) This gives her short stories a classic, timeless appeal
63. July has not always been the name of that month. Its previous Latin name was Quintilis, since it was the fifth month in the Roman calendar, which started in March. .... . Because of this origin, until the 18th century July was pronounced the same way as the name "Julie".
- A) The related word *quintus* in Latin means "the fifth"
  - B) With his reforms, Julius Caesar moved March to be the third month
  - C) The name Julie has been declining in popularity in the US recently
  - D) It was renamed in honour of the famous Roman leader Julius Caesar
  - E) The 18th century was a time of great social, economic, and political changes
64. The word "decimate" is widely used as a synonym for "devastate" these days. But it once had a precise meaning, based on the Latin word for 10, *decem*. .... . That approach is a useful reminder that the Romans, nowadays remembered best for the sophistication of their culture and technology, could be extremely ruthless when they chose. Their empire was built on force.
- A) In other words, it means to destroy everything
  - B) The Romans were the most sophisticated and cultured people of the ancient world
  - C) Faced with a rebellion, the Romans would slaughter one in 10 of the rebels
  - D) History provides plenty of examples of conquerors who could sweep all before them
  - E) The Romans inherited much of their culture, although not their language, from the Greeks

65. Technological advances have not only made atlases more accurate, but also easier to prepare. "It's a wonderful time to be a cartographer," says Allen Carroll of National Geographic, "because the tools we use in creating maps have changed so much and the data available for use is incredible. .... It still takes a whole lot of work. But having Geographic Information Systems and names data bases and graphics software eases our work and increases the creative portion of our work because of all the options."

- A) National Geographic's newest atlas will cost US \$165 per copy
- B) Political and economic maps reflect a growing divide between the developed and underdeveloped worlds
- C) The world is changing at a much more rapid pace than ever before
- D) Most environmental changes are subtle and unnoticeable to the human eye
- E) 20 or 30 years ago, the atlas was much more labour-intensive

**66-70. sorularda, verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek cümleyi bulunuz.**

66. One of your friends has just started his own 1-hour photo processing business. He had to borrow a lot of money to get started, and when the first week's business was not very good, he became discouraged. In order to cheer him up, you say:

- A) Most new businesses fail within the first year, so it won't be anything to be ashamed of.
- B) If I were you, I would close the shop before you get any further into debt.
- C) Well done! You must be very pleased with how much money you've made.
- D) Don't worry about it; it's only the first week, and things are bound to pick up.
- E) What else can you expect when your prices are so high and your quality so poor?

67. A friend, who has done some backpacking in Asia and is looking for a travelling companion for his next trip, finds you looking through his "Lonely Planet" guide to Indonesia. He knows you are not very adventurous, but to try and encourage you, he says:

- A) You're just not tough enough to travel around Indonesia on a low budget like me.
- B) All you need to do is to save a little bit of money, and we could be off to exotic Indonesia!
- C) Package tours can be really expensive, so I prefer to go around the world with just a backpack and my wits.
- D) With all the unrest and terrorism in the world, I think I'll put off my trip to Indonesia until things are safer.
- E) It's nice to look through a guidebook and dream, and it makes you feel almost as if you've been there.

68. Your grandmother has been ill and is not able to take care of herself. This makes it difficult on the family since someone always has to be home with her. You have some exams coming up, and were planning to stay in over the weekend anyway, so you say to your parents:

- A) How are you feeling today? You look a little better.
- B) I hope someone else can look after Grandma this weekend; I've got things to do.
- C) If you have something to do, I'll be here studying, so I can look after Grandma.
- D) Who's got Grandma duty this weekend?
- E) When is it going to be my turn to look after Grandma again?



69. The drain in your kitchen is stopped up and your mother wants to call a plumber. Thinking that this is a job that is not beyond your capabilities, you say to her:

- A) Well, Dad's hopeless with tools, so we certainly can't ask him to do it.
- B) You know they don't normally teach such practical stuff at university.
- C) The smell coming out of that drain makes me want to throw up.
- D) If you would only stop throwing pieces of food in the sink, we wouldn't have this problem.
- E) There's no need to spend any money, since I can get it sorted out in no time.

70. You have just written your first short story. Though you are very proud of it, you are not sure how good it is, so you say to a friend:

- A) Do you like reading short stories, or do you prefer poetry?
- B) I hadn't realized what an amazing writer I was.
- C) If you read this, I think you'll find that I have a real talent for writing.
- D) I wonder if you could have a look at this and tell me what you think.
- E) Now that I know how good I am, I think I'll quit my job and become a full-time writer.

71-75. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

71. Tim:  
- Have you heard Norah Jones' new album?

Sam:

- .....

Tim:

- I like it, but I don't suppose it's to everyone's taste.

Sam:

- That's true. Not many people these days appreciate her kind of subtlety.

- A) No, not yet. Is it any good?
- B) I didn't know she had a new one.
- C) The critics are praising it highly, aren't they?
- D) Isn't she Ravi Shankar's daughter?
- E) Who on earth is Norah Jones?

72. Stan:  
- Have you ever heard of the Battle of Dien Bien Phu?

Oliver:

- That's the battle that was fought between the Vietnamese and the French in 1954.

Stan:

- .....

Oliver:

- Of course; it destroyed French power in Southeast Asia and led to the division of Vietnam into North and South.

- A) Have you got any idea who won the battle?
- B) Do you know why the French got involved in Southeast Asia?
- C) But do you know what was so important about it?
- D) Was Ho Chi Minh the commander of the Vietnamese forces?
- E) Isn't Dien Bien Phu a city in the north of Vietnam?

73. Mabel:  
- Have you found a decent plumber yet?

Suzanne:  
- Yes, we've found a young guy who seems very competent.

Mabel:  
- .....

Suzanne:  
- No more than anyone else's.

- A) Will he make emergency calls any time of day or night?
- B) Good for you. Are his rates reasonable?
- C) I guess that, since he's young, you don't have to pay him very much.
- D) Can I have his number? Our guy is too expensive.
- E) Are there any more like him?

74. Phil:  
- Nice car parked out front. Is it yours?

Tim:  
- I wish! I'm just looking after it for my brother while he's away.

Phil:  
- .....

Tim:  
- No way. He said he'd kill me if I did any joy-riding.

- A) He must make good money to have a car like that.
- B) I'll bet it goes really fast.
- C) You must be really jealous of him.
- D) Is it new, or did he get it second hand?
- E) How about taking me out for a spin?

75. Jenny:  
- Was Egyptian hieroglyphics the first form of writing?

Professor Johnson:  
- Actually, the first was a Mesopotamian system that developed into cuneiform.

Jenny:  
- .....

Professor Johnson:  
- No, the cuneiform system was used for a number of different languages in different periods.

- A) Is Mesopotamia anywhere near Egypt?
- B) Did the Egyptians borrow that to make their hieroglyphics?
- C) Was that also the name of the language?
- D) Wasn't Chinese writing developed at about the same time?
- E) Do you know how to read it?

76-80. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

76. (I) Few revolutions happen without misplaced hopes – and the genetics revolution of the 1990s was no exception. (II) If you believed the claims, as soon as scientists mastered how to handle genes, humanity would be able to take on nature at its own game. (III) And it would all be thanks to gene therapy, a technique that would replace your bad genes with good ones, making the damaged genes all shiny and new. (IV) Nobody ever expected much of gene therapy, though. (V) Of course, it didn't quite turn out that way.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

**DISHS**

77. (I) It was William Faulkner who transformed regionalist literature into a form of high art. (II) The regional story or novel became popular in the post-World War II United States, with every section of the country being represented. (III) The customs, manners, and especially the speech ways of the locality were carefully portrayed, making the stories quite realistic. (IV) At the same time, however, because the authors usually depicted their regions as they were in their own youth, they often flavoured their stories with sentiment. (V) This mixture of realism and sentiment proved appealing to many readers.

A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

78. (I) The success of sound revolutionized the film industry. (II) By 1931, few silent films were being made. (III) The sound revolution ended the careers of many silent-film performers whose voices did not record well. (IV) However, Charlie Chaplin refused to completely go along with sound. (V) Instead, he maintained his melodramatic "Tramp" character as his mainstay in *City Lights* (1931) and *Modern Times* (1936).

A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

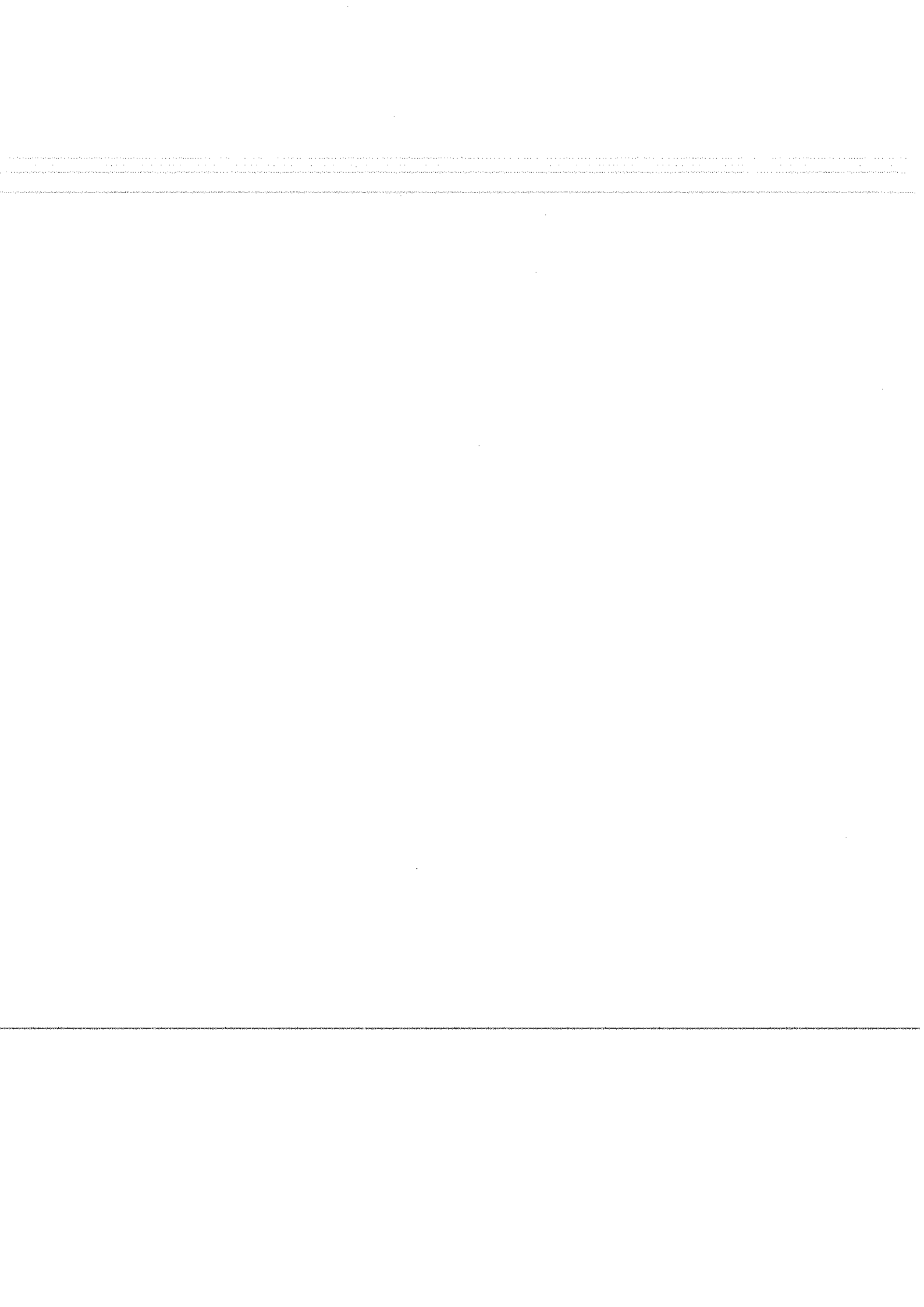
79. (I) Yusef Lateef is a jazz musician whose primary instruments are tenor saxophone and flute. (II) Lateef, however, does not care much for the word "jazz", and has consistently tried to stretch musical boundaries. (III) One way he does this is by playing a variety of "ethnic" instruments from a number of different cultures. (IV) In fact, Lateef was playing "world music" long before the genre had acquired that name. (V) One of the most beautiful melodies in the 1960 film *Spartacus* was written by Lateef.

A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

80. (I) Once upon a time all salmon were wild, and all chicken and cattle ranged freely. (II) Most of us these days neither know nor care where our food comes from. (III) Orchard fruits ripened on the tree, and vegetables were local and seasonal. (IV) Lemons were juicy and ripe, or maybe a bit hard and green, but always tasty and fragrant – never a plastic-like ball that squirted out juice and preservatives. (V) Food, in those days, was exactly what it seemed to be.

A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

**GOOD LUCK**



## PRACTICE EXAM 33

1-8. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. Though all of Florida was initially ..... by Hurricane Andrew in 1992, in the end only southern Florida was actually hit.  
A) devastated                      B) deterred  
C) attacked                         D) surveyed  
E) threatened
2. I find the life and philosophy of Diogenes of Sinope ....., and would like to study him more.  
A) expanding                      B) existent  
C) combined                      D) potential  
E) fascinating
3. Free verse, which Walt Whitman was the first modern poet to use, was one of the major ..... of 19th-century poetry.  
A) agreements                      B) abilities  
C) innovations                      D) reports  
E) parallels
4. Unsure if he had done the math problems ....., Drew decided to check them again.  
A) especially                      B) gladly  
C) increasingly                      D) accurately  
E) mainly
5. The only sandals I've got are terribly ....., so I guess I'll just have to wear regular shoes to the beach.  
A) dealt with                      B) run off  
C) worn out                         D) brought down  
E) set up

6. My father says once he ....., he ..... most of his time to looking after his garden.

A) has retired / will devote  
B) will have retired / will be devoting  
C) is retiring / has devoted  
D) had retired / will have devoted  
E) retired / has been devoting

7. Seeing that the other applicants are all in casual clothes, I really ..... this suit for the interview.

A) didn't use to wear  
B) didn't wear  
C) must not be wearing  
D) haven't worn  
E) needn't have worn

8. I can't tell you how much I wish I ..... abroad next summer.

A) will be travelling  
B) have travelled  
C) am travelling  
D) could travel  
E) may have travelled

9-15. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

9. Cultures ..... the world share many similarities, but they are marked ..... considerable differences.

A) down / with  
B) around / on  
C) throughout / by  
D) off / off  
E) above / up

10. The regional alliance won't put pressure ..... that country, as it's indifferent ..... its current actions.

- A) on / to                      B) of / with  
C) at / from                    D) for / at  
E) in / off

11. The name "Perth" usually makes people think of ..... an Australian ..... a Scottish city, but there are other Perths, too.

- A) either / or  
B) the more / the more  
C) the same / as  
D) neither / nor  
E) whether / or

12. .... the painting is authenticated by an art expert will my client be interested in purchasing it.

- A) The moment                B) Besides  
C) Provided                    D) Only if  
E) Seeing that

13. The ruins of the place ..... the 4th-century-BC philosopher Plato taught in can still be seen in modern Athens.

- A) when                        B) where  
C) that                         D) whose  
E) whom

14. .... Chinese being such a difficult language, Frederick has begun studying it in his spare time.

- A) Whereas                    B) Accordingly  
C) Since                        D) However  
E) Despite

15. Because of the high costs of Ivy League universities like Harvard and Yale, Alex is not ..... considering applying to them.

- A) even                         B) almost  
C) already                      D) so  
E) very

16-20. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

3D films may soon (16) ..... be solely in the hands of big movie studios. One firm has come up with a way for home users to make their own 3D films. It has developed a webcam with two lenses. The two lenses are set roughly (17) ..... far apart as human eyes. This mimics human sight and (18) ..... the two separate images it has shot into a single 3D film. To see (19) ..... has been filmed by the camera on it, special glasses (20) ....., though.

16.

- A) in contrast                B) rather than  
C) no longer                 D) any more  
E) but for

17.

- A) too                         B) much  
C) such                        D) as  
E) the same

18.

- A) departs                    B) transforms  
C) witnesses                 D) exploits  
E) surfaces

19.

- A) whichever                B) anything  
C) whatever                 D) everything  
E) how else

20.

- A) have to be worn  
B) should have worn  
C) must be wearing  
D) would rather be worn  
E) could be worn

21-28. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

21. ...., the interesting part of the building is missing from it.

- A) Ever since the lightning strike caused the main tower to fall
- B) Owing to the angle at which the photograph has been taken
- C) Should the classically designed gateway be pulled down
- D) After the fire spread through the gallery of paintings
- E) Despite this being an awful architectural plan

22. Auckland is one of the only cities .....

- A) having harbours on two separate major bodies of water
- B) in the Southern Hemisphere houses a population of over 1 million people
- C) as most of New Zealand's other urban areas are quite small
- D) to name it after a British member of the aristocracy
- E) setting up one on the northern part of North Island

23. .... that it didn't have any more space.

- A) Seeing that everywhere in it was booked, it must have been the hotel
- B) You'd loaded so many programs onto the flashcard
- C) When Ian was putting on his trousers, he obviously forgot
- D) Thomas pulled into the car park, but was in such a hurry
- E) Because Alex packed his belongings in the smallest suitcase

24. .... until he has been promoted to assistant manager.

- A) Luke decided against moving to a better apartment
- B) Umberto has been working to impress the manager
- C) Austin will have to remain on his starting level salary
- D) Oskar believes that he had too many responsibilities
- E) Brendan was taking his annual four-week vacation

25. It seems that Semih doesn't mind .....

- A) prevented from using the computers
- B) to babysit for us on Friday evening
- C) however he was the victim of the trick
- D) not having seen the film *Slumdog Millionaire*
- E) if his former best friend had won a car

26. .... which button turns on the back screen wiper.

- A) Paul is sure his finger is touching
- B) It is not the red, but the orange
- C) Somewhere on the dashboard is
- D) Since it is now raining, there is
- E) Nigel is still attempting to find

27. Whomever Joshua has invited to dinner .....

- A) ate more food than all of the rest of us
- B) is called Marta and comes from Poland
- C) he only met her a couple of days ago
- D) had better know good table manners
- E) she must be stuck in heavy traffic

28. Pablo Picasso was a revolutionary artist in his work, .....

- A) who came to dominate 20th-century art more thoroughly than any other one
- B) although he also constantly measured himself against his predecessors
- C) one of which was sold at auction for \$104 million
- D) thus he drew on motifs that had existed for centuries
- E) whose skill in painting was clear even in his childhood

29-34. sorularda verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

29. Words borrowed from other languages very often cause spelling problems in our language.

- A) Diğer dillerden alınan sözcüklerin dilimize uyarlanmasında genellikle sorun yaşanmaktadır.
- B) Dilimizde yazım sorunlarına büyük oranda diğer dillerden alınan sözcükler neden olmaktadır.
- C) Diğer dillerden alınan sözcükler dilimizde çoğu zaman yazım problemlerine neden olmaktadır.
- D) Dilimizdeki yazım problemlerinin nedeni genellikle diğer dillerden sözcük alınmasıdır.
- E) Dilimizde yazım konusunda en çok sorun yaratan sözcükler, diğer dillerden alınan sözcüklerdir.

30. The Lebanese economy has traditionally been based on trade and on Beirut's being the banking centre of the Middle East.

- A) Lübnan ekonomisi geleneksel olarak ticarete ve Beyrut'un Orta Doğu'nun banka merkezi olmasına dayanır.
- B) Orta Doğu'nun banka merkezi olan Beyrut, ticaret hacmiyle de Lübnan ekonomisini ayakta tutmaktadır.
- C) Geleneksel olarak ticarete dayalı ekonomisiyle bilinen Lübnan'da Beyrut, Orta Doğu'nun banka merkezi konumundadır.
- D) Lübnan ekonomisi genel olarak ticarete dayanır ama aynı zamanda Beyrut, Orta Doğu'nun banka merkezidir.
- E) Beyrut'un, Orta Doğu'nun banka merkezi olmasının yanı sıra ticaret de Lübnan ekonomisinde önemli bir yer tutar.

31. If there is nothing you can do to solve a problem, it is best to put it out of your mind.

- A) Bir sorunu çözemeyeceğinizi anladığınızda yapabileceğiniz en iyi şey, o konuda hiç düşünmemektir.
- B) Bir sorunu çözme konusunda yapabileceğiniz hiçbir şey yoksa, en iyisi onu kafanızdan çıkarıp atmaktır.
- C) Çözemeyeceğiniz bir sorunla kafanızı sürekli meşgul etmenin size hiçbir faydası olmaz.
- D) En iyisi, çözemeyeceğiniz bir sorunla karşılaştığınızda, kafanızı başka bir şeyle meşgul edin.
- E) Kafanızı rahatlatabilmenin en iyi yolu, hiçbir şekilde çözülemeyecek olan bir sorunu pek fazla düşünmemektir.

32. The infinite care and the great amount of time required to produce handmade lace have always made it expensive.

- A) El yapımı dantelin pahalı olmasının başlıca nedeni, onu üretmek için harcanan sonsuz emek ve büyük miktarda zamandır.
- B) El yapımı dantel çok pahalıdır çünkü onu üretmek için sonsuz dikkat ve büyük miktarlarda zaman gerekmektedir.
- C) Sonsuz özenle çok büyük bir zamanın ürünü olan el yapımı dantel, doğal olarak hep pahalı olmuştur.
- D) El yapımı danteli her zaman pahalı yapan, onun sonsuz dikkatle çok büyük bir zaman içinde üretilmesidir.
- E) El yapımı dantel üretmek için gerekli olan sonsuz özen ve çok büyük zaman, onu her zaman pahalı kılmıştır.



33. Whales and dolphins are the mammals with the most unusual appearance because they resemble fish.

- A) Balinalar ve yunuslar en alışılmamış görünüme sahip memelilerdir, çünkü balığa benzerler.
- B) Balığa benzeyen balinalar ve yunuslar, bir memeli olarak hiç alışılmamış görünüme sahiptirler.
- C) En olağan dışı görünüme sahip memeliler, balığa benzeyen balinalar ve yunuslardır.
- D) Balinalar ve yunuslar memeli olsalar da, balığa benzedikleri için alışılmadık bir görünüme sahiptirler.
- E) Balığa benzeyen görünümleriyle balinalar ve yunuslar en olağan dışı memelilerdir.

34. The caricaturist, painter and sculptor Honore Daumier is best known for his cartoons satirising 19th-century French politics and society.

- A) Karikatürist, ressam ve heykeltıraş Honore Daumier karikatürlerinde en çok 19. yüzyıl Fransız siyasetini ve toplumunu hicvetmiştir.
- B) Daha çok 19. yüzyıl Fransız siyasetini ve toplumunu hicveden karikatürleriyle tanınan Honore Daumier karikatürist, ressam ve heykeltıraştı.
- C) Karikatürist, ressam ve heykeltıraş olarak tanınan Honore Daumier, 19. yüzyıl Fransız siyasetini ve toplumunu karikatürleriyle hicvetmiştir.
- D) Honore Daumier karikatürist, ressam ve heykeltıraş olarak bilinse de, daha çok 19. yüzyıl Fransız siyasetini ve toplumunu hicveden karikatürleriyle tanınmıştır.
- E) Karikatürist, ressam ve heykeltıraş Honore Daumier en çok, 19. yüzyıl Fransız siyasetini ve toplumunu hicveden karikatürleriyle tanınır.

35-40. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

35. Kanada'da kanun yapma yetkisi, federal hükümetle eyaletler arasında bölüşülmüştür.

- A) In Canada, certain laws are the domain of the federal government, while others are the responsibility of the provinces.
- B) Although the federal government makes Canada's important laws, the provincial government makes local laws.
- C) Both the federal government and the provincial governments are allowed to make laws in Canada.
- D) In Canada, the power to make laws is shared between the federal government and the provinces.
- E) The system of government in Canada is one where the power to make laws lies with both the federal and the provincial sections.

36. Dayanıklı bir malzeme olan selüloit, çok düşük bir maliyetle çeşitli renklerde üretilmektedir.

- A) A tough material with a very low cost, celluloid can be produced in different colours.
- B) Celluloid, which is a tough material, can be produced at a very low cost in a variety of colours.
- C) The production cost of celluloid is very low, but the material is very tough in different colours.
- D) Celluloid, which is produced in various colours very cheaply, is a tough material.
- E) Celluloid, which can be produced very cheaply, is a tough material and comes out in various colours.

**37. Dünyanın birçok yerinde, sanayinin gelişigüzel yerleşimi şehirlerde su ve hava kirliliğine yol açmıştır.**

- A) In many parts of the world, water and air pollution in cities is caused by inappropriate placement of industry.
- B) The placement of industry in cities without consideration for the environment has caused water and air pollution in many parts of the world.
- C) In many parts of the world, haphazard placement of industry has led to the pollution of water and air in cities.
- D) One of the causes of water and air pollution in many cities around the world has been the inappropriate location of industrial processes.
- E) Problems of pollution, both water and air, in several parts of the world have worsened as a result of haphazard location of factories.

**38. Ülkeler, diğer ülkelerin hareketlerini gözlemek için askeri gözetleme ve inceleme, ya da casus, uyduları kullanırlar.**

- A) Countries use military surveillance and reconnaissance, or spy, satellites to monitor the activity of other nations.
- B) The use of surveillance and reconnaissance, or spy, satellites by the military serves to monitor the activity of other countries.
- C) Countries monitor the activities of surrounding countries using military surveillance and reconnaissance, or spy, satellites.
- D) Military surveillance and reconnaissance, or spy, satellites help countries to be informed of the activity in other nations.
- E) Military surveillance and reconnaissance, or spy, satellites are used by countries to monitor the activity of other nations.

**39. Endüstri Devrimi 18. yüzyılda İngiltere'de, büyük ölçüde tekstil sanayiinin makinalaşmasıyla başlamıştır.**

- A) The Industrial Revolution started in Great Britain during the 18th century largely with the mechanisation of the textile industry.
- B) As a result of the widespread mechanisation of the textile industry in England in the 18th century, the Industrial Revolution started.
- C) In order to start the Industrial Revolution, the textile industry in England was made heavily mechanised in the 18th century.
- D) It was the mechanisation of the textile industry which started the Industrial Revolution in England during the 18th century.
- E) The Industrial Revolution started when the textile industry in England became largely mechanised in the 18th century.

**40. Basketbolda adam adama savunma, her oyuncunun karşı takımdan belli bir oyuncuyu marke etmesi demektir.**

- A) In basketball, man-to-man defense describes the tactics of one player marking a specific player on the opposing team.
- B) Man-to-man defense in basketball means that each player marks a specific player on the opposing team.
- C) Defense in basketball is normally man-to-man; that is, each player marks a specific player on the opposing team.
- D) In basketball, defenders are often given a specific player on the opposing team to mark in a system known as man-to-man defense.
- E) One of the forms of defense in basketball, known as man-to-man defense, requires each player to mark a specific player on the opposing team.

**41-43. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

The writer Banana Yoshimoto reveals little about her personal life. Instead, she talks about her writing. She names Stephen King as one of her first major influences, and she drew inspiration especially from his non-horror stories. As her writing progressed, she was also influenced by Truman Capote and Isaac Bashevis Singer. Her first book, *Kitchen*, was an instant success. While critics think that much of her work is superficial and commercial, her fans think it perfectly captures what it means to be young and frustrated in modern Japan. Yoshimoto herself identifies her two main themes as the exhaustion of young people in contemporary Japan and the way in which terrible experiences shape a person's life. Her writing is both moving and darkly humorous. Yoshimoto states that she aims to win a Nobel Prize for Literature.

**41. It is clear from the passage that Banana Yoshimoto does not like .....**

- A) being compared to Stephen King
- B) writing humorous stories
- C) people knowing a lot about her private life
- D) to compare ancient Japanese culture with modern Japan
- E) people criticizing her work

**42. We learn from the passage that *Kitchen* .....**

- A) brought Yoshimoto worldwide fame
- B) shows the influence of Truman Capote and Isaac Bashevis Singer
- C) was much admired by literary critics
- D) became a huge commercial failure
- E) immediately achieved success

**43. It is stated in the passage that Yoshimoto's books focus on .....**

- A) young people's problems in modern Japan
- B) the funniest parts of modern Japanese society
- C) the potential of commercial development in Japan
- D) her experiences as a young person
- E) what it was like to live in Japan in the past

**44-46. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

The Babylonians were the first to undertake astronomy as a science. Many of the names of the groupings of stars and constellations used today originated with the Babylonians. However, the boundaries of the constellations known to the Babylonians were different from those used today. Through very careful observation, Babylonian astronomers constructed accurate calendars based on two systems: an 8-year cycle and a 19-year cycle. In each system, there were some years with 12 months and some with an extra 13th month. It is not known how many days the Babylonians assigned to each month. They were able to predict both lunar and solar eclipses with great accuracy. They formulated a table to make eclipse predictions for previous, current, and future times. The British Museum holds a fragment of this table.

**44. We can understand from the passage that, before the Babylonians, .....**

- A) no one was able to prove the existence of stars
- B) astronomers could not define the constellations' boundaries
- C) stars had no names
- D) astronomy was not seen as a science
- E) few people cared about the stars

**45. It is stated in the passage that Babylonian astronomers .....**

- A) spent eight years working on a calendar
- B) avoided the 13th month in calendars
- C) managed to produce precise calendars
- D) admired some stars more than others
- E) set the same number of days for each month

**46. It is clear from the passage that the Babylonians .....**

- A) were known to be the greatest inventors of their time
- B) wanted everyone to use their names for the stars
- C) found it difficult to make predictions about eclipses
- D) were unsure about future eclipses
- E) developed a chart so as to predict the time of eclipses

**47-49. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

The words "limousine" and "chauffeur" have been used since before the 20th century, at a time when carriages and trains required professional drivers to manage horses and steam engines. The word "limousine" originated from Limousine, a former province in central France, where shepherds would use an oversized, hooded garment to protect themselves from the weather. The drivers of automobiles later used such a garment as they sat in the open cockpits, while their master and owner of the vehicle rode in luxury in the rear seats. The cars were primarily used to transport famous big band leaders and orchestras, as well as their musical equipment and instruments. As a result, the early stretch cars were referred to as "big band buses". In the 1930s and 1940s, limousines were used throughout America by hotels to transport guests from airports, and by sightseeing tourist companies to take groups of guests on tours.

**47. It is stated in the passage that the word "limousine".....**

- A) means "a shepherd" in French
- B) has its roots in an old French province
- C) is the oldest French word still in use
- D) used to be a synonym for "chauffeur"
- E) is considered old-fashioned today

**48. We can learn from the passage that the owners of early automobiles .....**

- A) were comfortably seated at the back
- B) used to wear oversized garments
- C) preferred driving the vehicles themselves
- D) usually sat next to the chauffeurs
- E) were professional drivers

**49. According to the passage, the early stretch cars .....**

- A) were only used by hotel guests
- B) mainly served well-known musicians and orchestras
- C) drove tourists across America
- D) were suitable for long journeys
- E) barely looked like limousines

**50-52. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

Sea explorers who probe the depths of the English Channel have recently discovered a legendary British warship. It sank in a fierce storm in 1744, losing all of its more than 900 men and possibly four tons of gold coins. When the team found the wreckage of the HMS *Victory*, they confirmed its identity through a close examination of the bronze cannons visible on the sandy bottom. The *Victory* was armed with as many as 110 bronze cannons, making it one of the deadliest vessels of the age. In the history of the Royal Navy, it was the last warship to be lost with a complete set of bronze cannons. The distinctive cannons revealed their nationality and date of manufacture, and gave proof of the wreck's identity. The exact location of the wreck is being kept secret. The shipwreck is called a momentous discovery. It's the solution to one of the most intriguing naval mysteries in history.

**50. As we understand from the passage, until recently, the HMS *Victory* .....**

- A) was the only shipwreck in the English Channel left undiscovered
- B) had been searched for many times by the Royal Navy
- C) had fired all of its 110 bronze cannons at some point
- D) lay on the bottom of the English Channel untouched by humans
- E) remained the biggest mystery in the world

**51. We can understand from the passage that the team .....**

- A) are determined to reveal the identity of the warship
- B) have not revealed the precise location of the wreck
- C) have already recovered a large number of gold coins from the wreckage
- D) came across the shipwreck a long time ago
- E) had to struggle through fierce storms

**52. It is clear from the passage that, when the HMS *Victory* sank, .....**

- A) there were over 900 men on board
- B) it was heading for the English Channel
- C) few of the bronze cannons were lost
- D) it was the first of its kind to do so
- E) few of those aboard the ship survived

**53-55. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

Kampong Buangkok is a miniature village hidden in trees among the apartment blocks of Singapore. With just 28 houses in an area the size of three football fields, it is Singapore's last rural village, forgotten in the rush to modernize the high-rise city-state. Kampong Buangkok is designated by the government for demolition and redevelopment, possibly in the near future. Kampong maintains a traditional rural way of life that Singapore has left behind. There is no question that Singapore, which has one of the world's highest population densities, needs the land. Few people in Singapore know that one village still survives, hidden in trees near a highway.

**53. It is implied in the passage that, in the past, .....**

- A) Singapore had a traditional rural way of life
- B) only 28 people lived in Kampong Buangkok
- C) football was a popular sport in Singapore
- D) Kampong Buangkok occupied a vast agricultural land
- E) Singapore was among the world's richest countries

**54. We learn from the passage that Kampong Buangkok .....**

- A) will never be abandoned by its residents
- B) has a population of fewer than 30
- C) has been under protection by the government
- D) may be completely destroyed soon
- E) is likely to survive longer than expected

**55. It is stated in the passage that, in Singapore, there are a lot of people who .....**

- A) oppose the demolition of Kampong Buangkok
- B) have recently migrated to the country
- C) are unaware of the existence of Kampong Buangkok
- D) still lead a traditional way of life
- E) live in villages near the highway

**56-60. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın olan seçeneği bulunuz.**

**56. Mr Franklin sent flowers to the nurse to show his appreciation for her looking after his daughter.**

- A) The flowers sent by Mr Franklin to the nurse were to thank her for taking care of his daughter.
- B) Mr Franklin was very pleased that the nurse gave flowers to his daughter, whom she was caring for.
- C) Mr Franklin was grateful for how the nurse took care of his daughter and for the flowers she'd brought her.
- D) The nurse, who took care of Mr Franklin's daughter, appreciated having been sent flowers by him.
- E) Mr Franklin's daughter asked her father to send flowers to the nurse to thank her for her concern.

**57. It will be a difficult choice, since so many of the applicants are well-qualified.**

- A) With so many well-qualified candidates, we will have no trouble choosing a suitable one.
- B) Having reviewed all the applicants, I think it is difficult to find one that is well-qualified.
- C) If there were any suitable candidates, we wouldn't have trouble choosing one.
- D) Perhaps if the applicants were less qualified, we would not have such a difficult choice.
- E) It won't be easy to choose someone from among such a lot of well-qualified applicants.

58. Few people in England have not read at least one of Shakespeare's plays.

- A) Only a small number of people in England have read more than one play by Shakespeare.
- B) A few British people are interested enough in Shakespeare's plays to have read them.
- C) Almost everyone in England has read one or more of the plays written by Shakespeare.
- D) There are a lot of people in England who have not read at least one of Shakespeare's plays.
- E) Most people in England are familiar with the plays written by Shakespeare.

59. Although this poem is better than the one you sent me yesterday, it is still far from good.

- A) The better of the two poems was the one that I got from you yesterday, but, even so, it was awful.
- B) The poem I was given by you yesterday was not very good, but this one is a great improvement on it.
- C) This poem is bad, even though it isn't as bad as the one I received from you yesterday.
- D) Your best poem is far better than either the one you gave me yesterday or the improved one you gave me today.
- E) The better of the two poems was not the one that you sent me yesterday, because that one was terrible.

60. As the sauna got hotter and hotter, I found it more and more uncomfortable.

- A) I felt uncomfortable when the heat level in the sauna was suddenly raised.
- B) The sauna became so hot that I was unable to feel any comfort at all.
- C) The sauna gradually became too hot for me to continue staying there.
- D) As the temperature in the sauna rose, so did my discomfort.
- E) I felt the least amount of relaxation in the very hot sauna.

61-65. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

61. Louis Ferrante was a member of the US Mafia. He was put in jail in 1994. While there, he was described by a guard as an animal. .... . In the end, he came to accept that he was, so he set about reforming his life. He is now a best-selling author.

- A) The comment came as a great shock and made him feel that perhaps he was living the wrong kind of life
- B) Therefore, he began to think over the bad things that he had done in his life
- C) This forced him to wonder just why he might have deserved such an insult
- D) Nonetheless, Ferrante changed his behaviour and started to take an interest in literature
- E) At that time he had some regrets about one particular thing that he had done

62. A railpass makes it cheaper for visitors to travel around France. That doesn't mean it is inexpensive. .... . The reason for this is there's a strict limit on each train on the number of seats allowed for railpass holders. And, as more French people are choosing to use the trains, they are more crowded than ever.

- A) Nor is it as easy as using the trains without one
- B) In fact, it will take a fair bit out of a traveller's budget
- C) Of course, there are alternative ways of journeying in the country
- D) It is a good idea to see Europe at some point in one's life
- E) All the same, it's certainly worth buying

63. Films and video games include music. Nevertheless, composing for one is very different to composing for the other. .... . In a video game, though, the composer has no way of telling how long a gamer will remain in any situation. The music is thus written to repeat itself.

- A) This is not something that writers of music like to have to deal with
- B) James Hannigan is a composer who has created music for both forms
- C) The reason for this is that not every player behaves in the same way
- D) A composition for a scene in a film obviously has a specific time frame
- E) In this way, film music helps to build up tension at the right moment

64. It may be thought that each species has only a single scientific name. .... . They had been given to it by researchers who thought each of its many appearances made up distinct creatures.

- A) Scientists are attempting to make this the case at present for every marine organism
- B) This is incorrect, though, in the case of many different types of animal
- C) Nonetheless, one particular Atlantic sponge was found to have 56 different ones
- D) Confusion can arise for living things which can change how they look
- E) There are many types of chameleon, such as the *Furcifer oustaletii* and the *Chamaeleo bifaeniatus*

65. .... . However, the Japanese writer Yoko Ogawa has succeeded in doing this with her novel *The Housekeeper and the Professor*. This is because it has sold over one million copies in her home country. It also won her the prestigious Yomiuri Prize.

- A) Some authors write books that are bought in large enough numbers to make them financially secure
- B) Mathematics does not commonly form the basis of a work of fiction
- C) A book that has been made into films is invariably better than the cinematic version of it
- D) The majority of influential writers in Japan are currently men, such as Haruki Murakami
- E) It is rare that a writer manages to produce a work that is both popular and critically praised

66-70. sorularda, verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

66. Your brother, who has graduated from a prestigious university with a good degree, is going for an interview for a job, and is wearing jeans and a t-shirt. This worries you, as you know how much appearance matters at such things, so you suggest to him:

- A) You won't be able to dress like a student for much longer.
- B) Your qualifications ought to just override the way you look.
- C) I think you had better put on something more formal.
- D) You do not legally have to answer all their questions during the interview.
- E) It's a pity that you don't have a suit to wear.

67. You are preparing a meal for your whole family and your hands are covered in dough. The phone rings and you do not want to get dough on it. Your sister looks across at you with the expectation that you answer it. This selfishness annoys you, so you say to her:

- A) I'm going to clean the phone again sometime soon.
- B) It's probably for you, and not for me.
- C) As I'm busy, can't you pick it up?
- D) Why don't you assist me in the cooking?
- E) Once I've washed my hands, I'll get it.

68. You and your friends sometimes play basketball in the evening. Your brother, who thinks he is an excellent player but actually is not, wants to join you. You think he will ruin your evenings if he does, and you do not intend to let him join you, but you also do not want to hurt his feelings, so you lie and say:

- A) You shouldn't bother wasting your talent with us.
- B) A player like you is only going to drag the rest of us down.
- C) I have an objection to that, as do my other friends.
- D) But you must know by now that you can't play well.
- E) I would play with you alone if I had more time in the evenings.

69. You are with a group of friends watching a film. One of the characters in it appears to have been killed, and all of you are shocked, except for one of your friends, who has seen it before. He tells you that this character is not really dead, as you will see just before the film ends. Angered that he has told you this, and sensing the anger of your other friends, you say to him:

- A) You have ruined the ending for the rest of us.
- B) This is obviously a movie with a twist in it.
- C) Did you get angry when you first watched this?
- D) Are you sure, as it looks as if he was murdered?
- E) We are furious we couldn't watch this movie when you did.

70. Your flatmate did the washing, and put it out to dry an hour ago. It has just started to rain, and he has become very angry. Feeling that he only has himself to blame, you point this out to him by saying:

- A) I will help you wash them again, if you like.
- B) I can't believe how bad young men like you are at doing the washing.
- C) It can be brought indoors and dried next to the radiators.
- D) You ought to have checked the weather forecast beforehand.
- E) It certainly is odd for it to rain at this time of year.

71-75. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

71. Paulo:

- What answer did you choose for question five?

Caner:

- .....

Paulo:

- It was really easy, though, so why did you do that?

Caner:

- I wasn't entirely sure what it was, and I didn't want to risk getting a negative mark for it.

- A) I didn't do the first five questions.
- B) I reckon it was B.
- C) In fact, it confused me a great deal.
- D) D, but I think it's wrong.
- E) Actually, I left it blank.



72. Esther:

- What did you think of the baseball game?

Derrick:

- I didn't get to see it.

Esther:

- .....

Derrick:

- Yes, but the problem was that, when I got to the arena, I realized I'd forgotten my wallet, so I couldn't buy a ticket.

- A) Wasn't it broadcast live on TV?
- B) Weren't you interested in it?
- C) Didn't you buy season tickets last month?
- D) Why don't you have enough cash on you?
- E) How did you deal with that?

73. Seth:

- This CD seems to play on my computer, but there isn't any sound.

Julian:

- .....

Seth:

- Are you sure?

Julian:

- Yes, because if they were functioning, you would see a little green light at the bottom of the left one.

- A) That is probably because you have forgotten to turn the speakers on.
- B) Maybe there is something wrong with one of the CDs that you use.
- C) My friends and I occasionally have the same problem with our computers.
- D) As you have plugged your headphones in, there ought not to be a problem.
- E) It could be that you have put the CD in the wrong way up.

74. Duncan:

- I wish I hadn't been thrown out of the badminton club.

Trevor:

- Why's that?

Duncan:

- .....

Trevor:

- Well, there are plenty of other sports with which you can stop it from falling further.

- A) It was helping me to lose some of the excess weight on my stomach.
- B) I deliberately cheated by lowering one of my opponent's scores.
- C) Since then, I have put on quite a lot of weight.
- D) It has had a negative effect on my general level of fitness.
- E) I fell out with the coach over his way of teaching sports.

75. Wesley:

- Has anyone told the mayor about this story in the newspaper?

Douglas:

- We've all read it, but no.

Wesley:

- .....

Douglas:

- Even though none of us disagrees with that, none of us wants to be present when he reads it.

- A) He's probably going to be furious about it.
- B) He has a right to know what is in it.
- C) Let's get out of here as fast as we can.
- D) If we hide it from him, he may never see it.
- E) He called you in to see him half an hour ago.

76-80. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

76. (I) The film *The Other Boleyn Girl* deals with the history of Britain. (II) When it was released, there was some anger that none of the main roles in it was played by a person from there. (III) The film was regarded as very dull by many. (IV) On the other hand, in the film *Amistad*, there are two US presidents, both of whom are portrayed by British actors. (V) This didn't seem to cause any negative reactions, though.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

77. (I) The space rock 2009 DD45 attracted a great deal of interest when it passed so close to the Earth. (II) Had it been on a collision course with it, it is unclear what would have happened. (III) Great devastation might possibly have been caused. (IV) Fortunately, it has produced very little damage. (V) This certainly raised interest in impact events once again.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

78. (I) A French battleship from World War I was discovered in remarkable condition on the bed of the Mediterranean. (II) That is why they weren't even looking for it. (III) When it was found, it was thought that it was the *Danton*, which was sunk in 1917. (IV) The wreck was compared with the original plans for that vessel. (V) This led to the confirmation of this suspected identity for it.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

79. (I) The Beijing National Stadium has had an uncertain future since the end of the Olympic Games. (II) Giacomo Puccini's opera *Turandot* is going to be put on there this summer. (III) Previously, though, the city's top soccer club, Beijing Guoan, was going to use it as their home stadium. (IV) Therefore, they moved there recently, and have played in it ever since. (V) However, the proposed deal never went ahead.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

80. (I) Sugar comes in a wide variety of different forms. (II) Jakub Rad saw his wife cut her hand badly when she was trying to slice a large loaf of raw sugar. (III) He wanted to prevent a similar thing from happening in the future. (IV) He pondered the problem for several months. (V) While doing so, he came up with the idea of small individual sugar cubes.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

## PRACTICE EXAM 34

1-8. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

- The Black Sea, which only formed 7000-7500 years ago, is a/an ..... new sea by geological standards.**  
A) fairly  
B) exactly  
C) neatly  
D) considerably  
E) securely
- The most ..... metal in the world is not gold but platinum, which sells for almost double the amount.**  
A) monetary  
B) fortunate  
C) estimable  
D) precious  
E) wealthy
- All the research ..... that sunshine has a positive effect on one's emotions.**  
A) demands  
B) indicates  
C) observes  
D) pretends  
E) wishes
- After years of study and hard work, Mel has finally achieved his ..... of becoming a qualified lawyer.**  
A) judgement  
B) persuasion  
C) ambition  
D) perseverance  
E) denial
- The ancient inscription was so old that the archaeologists could not ..... what was written.**  
A) make out  
B) turn down  
C) put away  
D) give off  
E) set up

- At the end-of-term party, a number of children ..... small sketches before the actual play ..... place.**

A) have performed / took  
B) perform / will be taking  
C) performed / has taken  
D) will perform / takes  
E) are performing / will take

- The survivors of the shipwreck ..... on the island for three years when they .....**

A) would live / had discovered  
B) lived / have been discovered  
C) have been living / discovered  
D) had been living / were discovered  
E) were living / would be discovered

- That ..... Gina whom you saw yesterday, because she ..... out of town since last week.**

A) can't have been / has been  
B) shouldn't have been / is  
C) hasn't been / was  
D) won't be / will have been  
E) couldn't be / had been

9-15. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

- Penny spends a lot of money ..... clothes and looks fantastic ..... everything she wears.**

A) for / with  
B) with / out of  
C) on / in  
D) at / for  
E) about / on

10. I'll help you as much as possible, but, ..... the end, the decision is really ..... you.

- A) at / without                      B) in / up to  
C) over / down                      D) from / for  
E) past / about

11. We're only allowed 20 kilogrammes each on the plane, you know; ....., please pack carefully.

- A) whereas                              B) nevertheless  
C) therefore                              D) inasmuch as  
E) in the meantime

12. Felicity is a small blonde girl with blue eyes, ..... both her brothers are tall and dark.

- A) no matter                              B) just as  
C) unlike                                  D) despite  
E) whereas

13. This diet and exercise plan is ..... costly ..... painful, so anyone with a little will-power can follow it with ease.

- A) not only / but also  
B) no matter / how  
C) so much / that  
D) whether / or  
E) neither / nor

14. We wouldn't finish our assignment ..... we stayed up all night.

- A) as if                                      B) even if  
C) as long as                              D) in case  
E) provided

15. This room is so small that we can't use it for anything ..... as a store room, where we can keep our junk.

- A) any longer                              B) other than  
C) no more                                  D) another  
E) much like

16-20. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

Gilgamesh, the legendary king of Babylonia, feels terrified at the realisation that he himself must someday die and (16) ..... to find eternal life. After many adventures, he reaches his ancestor Utnapishtim, to whom the gods (17) ..... eternal life as a reward for having saved human and animal life at the time of the great Flood; however, his case proves to be a unique one, and so, of no help to Gilgamesh. Utnapishtim tells Gilgamesh where (18) ..... the youth-restoring plant. Gilgamesh finds it and begins his return journey. But, as he stops to bathe at a spring on the way home, a hungry snake snatches (19) ..... plant. When Gilgamesh sees the creature cast off its old skin to become young again, it seems (20) ..... a sign that old age is the fate of humans.

16.

- A) goes in for                              B) looks down  
C) sets out                                  D) tries on  
E) comes across

17.

- A) were granted  
B) being granted  
C) have granted  
D) to be granting  
E) having granted

18.

- A) to find                                      B) to be finding  
C) found                                      D) having found  
E) to be found

19.

- A) some                                      B) a  
C) —    D) any  
E) the

20.

- A) himself                                      B) to him  
C) for itself                                      D) its own  
E) him

**21-28. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.**

**21. Having examined your application carefully, .....**

- A) it is too risky to lend you any money
- B) please do not try to call us again
- C) we find ourselves unable to loan you any money
- D) you are not qualified enough to get the job
- E) the university you graduated from is very prestigious

**22. ...., yet neither seems to be very effective in reducing their numbers.**

- A) I bought two different sprays to kill the cockroaches in my flat
- B) With the summer approaching, all the newspapers are giving crash diets
- C) The wild elephant population has fallen due to hunting and habitat loss
- D) Firefighters have been trying to put out the fire in the Rocky Mountains
- E) There seem to be many stray cats, but also quite a few rats, within the city

**23. Suddenly, he came up with fresh ideas about the end of his novel .....**

- A) ever since he started to take these walks along the seashore
- B) whenever he goes to the park and stares at the ducks in the pond
- C) while he was sitting on a park bench absent-mindedly
- D) when the electricity comes back on and he is able to use the computer
- E) until it was ready to be handed in to his publisher

**24. On board the plane were a total of 109 passengers, .....**

- A) whose engines caught on fire
- B) none of whom survived the crash
- C) some of which were damaged
- D) into which the plane collided
- E) which caused this dreadful tragedy

**25. A bristle-cone pine tree in California is over 4,500 years old, .....**

- A) since the Great Pyramids of Egypt are even older than it is
- B) so the redwoods are even bigger, but not quite as old
- C) which makes it the most ancient living thing on the planet
- D) when a farmer cut it down while clearing a new field
- E) although the man who planted it claims that it's even older

**26. We were all more than a little shocked by Theodore's announcement .....**

- A) every time he says he doesn't want to work for this company for another day
- B) if only he were elected to Parliament in the next election
- C) while he explains how he'll manage to start his own business one day
- D) that he'd met a girl on holiday and was getting married the following week
- E) so we'd always known exactly what it was he was planning to tell us

**27. Without knowing the distance from here to our destination, .....**

- A) I can't possibly guess how long the journey will take
- B) a route usually under snow at this time of the year
- C) apparently somewhere between one and two hundred kilometres
- D) we could determine it if we knew our current location
- E) the government is planning to survey all of the nation's roads

**28. .... why the landlord doubled my rent last month.**

- A) He must have been very greedy
- B) It was, indeed, much cheaper than the other flats
- C) His solicitor could not satisfactorily explain
- D) It's only a one-bedroom apartment with no central heating
- E) I'm getting more and more upset

29-34. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

29. **Contrary to popular belief, there is no known connection between acne and diet.**

- A) Yaygın inanışın aksine, akne ile beslenme arasında bilinen bir bağlantı yoktur.
- B) Akne ile beslenme arasında bir bağlantı olduğu yaygın olarak bilinmemektedir.
- C) Akne ile beslenme arasında bir bağlantı olduğuna inanılır, ama bu doğru değildir.
- D) Akne ile beslenme arasında bir bağlantı olduğuna inanmak kesinlikle yanlıştır.
- E) Yaygın olarak kabul gören yanlış bir inanış da, akne ile beslenme arasında bir bağlantı olduğudur.

30. **Since their soft skin provides little protection against dehydration, all amphibians have to live near water.**

- A) Hem suda hem karada yaşayabilen hayvanların suya yakın yaşamak zorunda olmalarının nedeni, yumuşak derilerinin su kaybını önleyememesidir.
- B) Derilerinin yumuşak olması nedeniyle su kaybına karşı çok az dayanıklı olan hem suda hem de karada yaşayabilen tüm hayvanların suya yakın olmaları gerekir.
- C) Yumuşak derileri su kaybına karşı çok az koruma sağladığı için hem suda hem karada yaşayabilen hayvanların tümü suya yakın yaşamak zorundadırlar.
- D) Suyu yakın yerlerde yaşamak zorunda olan, hem suda hem de karada yaşayabilen hayvanların tümünün derileri yumuşaktır ve su kaybına karşı dayanıksızdır.
- E) Hem suda hem de karada yaşayabilen bütün hayvanlar suya yakın yerlerde yaşarlar çünkü yumuşak derileri su kaybına karşı dayanıklı değildir.

31. **Backgammon, a blend of skill and luck, is an ancient dice game played on a board by two people.**

- A) Beceri ve şans karışımı eski bir zar oyunu olan tavla, bir tahta üzerinde iki kişiyle oynanır.
- B) Bir tahta üzerinde iki kişiyle oynanan eski bir zar oyunu olan tavla beceri ve şans karışımı bir oyundur.
- C) Eski bir oyun olan tavla, bir tahta üzerinde iki kişiyle oynanır ve sadece şans değil beceri de gerektirir.
- D) Eski bir zar oyunu olan ve bir tahta üzerinde iki kişiyle oynanan tavla, beceri ile şansını birleştirir.
- E) Beceri ve şansın bir karışımı olan tavla, bir tahta üzerinde iki kişiyle oynanan eski bir zar oyunudur.

32. **Nearly all of the major construction work done on and in houses is performed by carpenters.**

- A) Marangozlar bir inşaatta daha çok evin dışındaki değil, içindeki işleri yaparlar.
- B) Marangozlar, evlerin üzerinde ve içindeki yapım çalışmalarının neredeyse tümünden sorumludurlar.
- C) Yapım çalışmalarının büyük bölümü evlerin üzerinde ve içinde yapılanlar olup bunların neredeyse tümünü marangozlar yapmaktadır.
- D) Evlerin üzerinde ve içinde yapılan önemli yapım çalışmalarının neredeyse tümü marangozlar tarafından yapılır.
- E) Üzerinde ve içinde yapılan önemli yapım çalışmalarıyla neredeyse evlerin tümünü marangozlar yapmaktadır.

33. The inventor and engineer who developed the first process for manufacturing steel inexpensively was Henry Bessemer.

- A) Mucit ve mühendis Henry Bessemer, çeliği ucuza mal etmede uygulanan ilk yöntemi bulmuştur.
- B) İlk kez çeliği ucuza mal etmeyi başaran kişi, mucit ve mühendis Henry Bessemer olmuştur.
- C) Çeliği ucuza mal etmenin ilk yöntemini bulan mucit ve mühendis, Henry Bessemer'dir.
- D) Mühendis Henry Bessemer, çeliği ucuza mal etmenin yöntemini icat etmiştir.
- E) Çeliği ucuza mal edecek yöntemi ilk bulan mucit, mühendis Henry Bessemer'dir.

34. Kid, which is an excellent material for suede, is one of the sturdiest but also the softest leathers.

- A) Süet için mükemmel malzemelerden biri olan oğlak derisi, çok yumuşak olmasına rağmen çok da dayanıklıdır.
- B) Süet için mükemmel bir malzeme olan oğlak derisi, en dayanıklı ama aynı zamanda en yumuşak derilerden biridir.
- C) En dayanıklı ama aynı zamanda en yumuşak derilerden biri olan oğlak derisi, süet için de en mükemmel malzemedir.
- D) Yumuşak bir deri olmasına rağmen çok da dayanıklı olan oğlak derisi, süet için mükemmel bir malzemedir.
- E) Oğlak derisi, süet için mükemmel bir malzemedir çünkü çok yumuşak ama aynı zamanda çok dayanıklı bir deridir.

35-40. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

35. Hava böyle devam ederse, stadyumdaki konsere beklediğimiz izleyicinin yarısı bile gelmez.

- A) If the weather continues like this, not even half the audience we expect will come to the concert in the stadium.
- B) Unless the weather improves, it's likely that only half of the audience we expect will come to the stadium concert.
- C) The concert in the stadium is likely to be attended by fewer people than we expect, as the weather is not very suitable.
- D) If less than half the audience we expect attends, it will be because of the continuing bad weather.
- E) Unless the weather improves before the concert in the stadium, not even half the audience expected will attend it.

36. Kompozisyon yazarken konudan uzaklaşmamaya özellikle dikkat etmelisiniz.

- A) When you write a composition, you must remember to keep to the main point.
- B) It is very important not to wander from the point when you write a composition.
- C) Special attention should be made not to stray from the point in written compositions.
- D) It is best to focus on one main point in written compositions.
- E) You must pay special attention not to wander from the point when you write a composition.

**37. Mahkumun kaçmasına kimlerin yardım ettiğini bulmak için polis geniş çaplı bir soruşturma başlattı.**

- A) The police have started a wide-scale investigation in order to find out who helped the convict escape.
- B) A wide-scale investigation has been launched in order to discover exactly who was responsible for the convict's escaping.
- C) The wide-scale investigation, which was launched by the police, helped to find those who helped the prisoner escape.
- D) The police carry out wide-scale investigations after a convict escapes to find out whether he has been assisted.
- E) The police carried out a wide-scale investigation in the hope of finding out who helped the convict escape.

**38. Şatoyu çevreleyen derin ve geniş hendek, savunma amacıyla hep su dolu tutulurdu.**

- A) The deep and wide ditch surrounding the castle was always kept filled with water for the purpose of defense.
- B) The ditch around the castle, which was deep and wide, was filled with water in order to protect the building from attack.
- C) One of the castle's defences was a deep, wide ditch filled with water encircling the fortress.
- D) When they wanted to defend the castle, the deep, wide ditch which encircled it was filled with water.
- E) The castle was strategically easy to defend, as it was surrounded by a deep, wide ditch filled with water.

**39. Küçük yaşlarda yaşanmış acı deneyimler kişinin ileriki yaşamını mutlaka bir şekilde etkiler.**

- A) If one has bitter experiences at early ages, his adult life will be affected by this to a certain extent.
- B) These bitter experiences at such an early age will certainly affect his later life in some way.
- C) The effects of bitter experiences at early ages will appear in one's adult life.
- D) Bitter experiences in early childhood can definitely affect a person until adulthood.
- E) Bitter experiences lived at early ages will definitely affect one's later life in some way.

**40. Şah Cihan tarafından karısı için yaptırılan Tac Mahal, tümüyle mermerden inşa edilmiştir.**

- A) The Taj Mahal, decorated extensively with marble, was built by Shah Jahan for his wife.
- B) The Taj Mahal, built entirely of marble, was the home of Shah Jahan and his wife.
- C) Shah Jahan built the Taj Mahal entirely out of marble to please his wife.
- D) The Taj Mahal, built by Shah Jahan for his wife, was constructed entirely of marble.
- E) Built for Shah Jahan and his wife, the Taj Mahal is a building constructed entirely of marble.



41-43. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

For centuries the sun's shadow remained the universal measure of time. This was a handy measure since a simple sundial could be made anywhere by anybody without special knowledge or equipment. But there was an obvious limitation. A sundial measures the sun's shadow: no sun, no shadow. A shadow clock was useful only in those parts of the world where there was lots of sunlight, and then it served only when the sun was actually shining. Even when the sun shone brightly, the movement of the sun's shadow was so slow that it would be little help in marking minutes, and useless for signalling seconds.

41. According to the passage, the sundial .....

- A) is more accurate than most modern clocks
- B) is in many ways an inadequate timepiece
- C) can only be constructed by an expert
- D) is a useful tool to tell you the time whenever you want
- E) can be used anywhere at almost any time

42. We understand from the passage that anyone using a sundial .....

- A) has to have special knowledge and equipment
- B) must have dealt with astronomy
- C) is unable to tell the time on a cloudy day
- D) is using the only universal measure of time
- E) is probably a professional astronomer

43. It is clear from the passage that the measurements of small units of time is .....

- A) possible only in parts of the world where there is lots of sunlight
- B) only necessary in timing races
- C) one of the advantages of using a sundial
- D) only possible at or around noon
- E) hardly possible with a sundial

44-46. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Walt Whitman's *Leaves of Grass* could stand as an autobiography, as a self-portrait, and as the life work of a man who first began to write in 1855. The book provoked a reaction of praise and criticism unequalled by any other American work of literature before. His friends agreed that he and the book were the same, and this was exactly the illusion the poet wished to create. But, of course, the two were separate. The Walt Whitman portrayed in *Leaves of Grass* was transcendental, as much myth as man. The mortal Walt was born to a family of English and Dutch extraction on 31 May, 1819, in West Hills, Long Island, N.Y.

44. We learn from the passage that Walt Whitman's *Leaves of Grass* .....

- A) was his first work written in 1855
- B) was written in both English and Dutch
- C) is a factual autobiography of the author
- D) was universally appreciated by both friends and enemies of the author
- E) was the most controversial work of American literature until then

45. We understand from the passage that Walt Whitman's intention in writing *Leaves of Grass* was .....

- A) to write a portrait of West Hills, Long Island
- B) to provoke as much praise as possible
- C) to confuse critics with its complexity
- D) to tell about his life exactly as it was
- E) to create a mythical self-portrait of a poet

46. It is implied in the passage that Whitman .....

- A) is considered to be the greatest American novelist
- B) did most of his writing on Long Island
- C) did not begin writing when he was very young
- D) lied about the origins of his parents in *Leaves of Grass*
- E) used to visit Holland very often

**47-49. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

Thomas Edison was probably the greatest inventor in history. He had only three months of formal schooling, but he changed the lives of millions with such inventions as the electric bulb. Edison, who patented more than 1,100 inventions in 60 years, defined genius as "1 percent inspiration and 99 percent perspiration." He demonstrated this belief by working for days at a time, stopping only briefly to sleep. Everything interested Edison. He came close to the invention of the radio, and predicted the use of atomic energy. Edison always tried to develop devices that would work under ordinary conditions, could not easily get out of order, and were easy to repair. He also improved the inventions of other people, which included the telephone, the typewriter and electric-powered trains.

**47. According to the passage, Edison believed that in making his inventions, .....**

- A) he was not as lucky as some other inventors of his time
- B) working hard played a much greater role than did inspiration
- C) he sometimes needed the assistance of another inventor
- D) he got a lot of inspiration from repairing broken appliances
- E) the inspiration came from the practical necessities of life

**48. The author tells us that, though Edison didn't invent the radio, .....**

- A) he nearly did—it was one of the things he was interested in
- B) he predicted that people would one day be using it
- C) he managed to improve it after it had been invented
- D) he found a job repairing them once they had been produced
- E) he had better luck with the invention of atomic energy

**49. We learn from the passage that, ironically, the genius Edison .....**

- A) patented inventions at the rate of 20 per year until his death
- B) had very little formal education during his lifetime
- C) is best-known for the invention of the radio
- D) is sometimes referred to as the greatest inventor in history
- E) affected the lives of millions very little with some of his inventions

**50-52. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

In 969, an Arab conqueror came into Egypt. It is said that he marked out the boundaries of a new city with poles. Each pole was joined by a rope on which bells were hung, and it was arranged that at the moment when the astrologers gave the signal that the lucky moment had arrived, the workmen would start digging. While the workmen were waiting for the signal, a large bird perched on one of the ropes and set the bells ringing. Straightaway every workman began to dig. At this moment the planet Mars, which the Arabs call Al-Kahir, was above the horizon, and although this was regarded as a bad omen, it was too late; the work had begun. The new city was called after the planet Mars, "Kahirah" — meaning "the victorious" — and out of this, we have derived the modern "Cairo".

**50. It can be inferred from the passage that .....**

- A) astrologers were responsible for the conquest of what is now Egypt
- B) before 969, another city stood on the site of what is today Cairo
- C) the man who planned the building of Cairo was quite superstitious
- D) luck played a large role in the conquest and development of Cairo
- E) the methods used in building Cairo were the most modern then available

**51. According to the plans for the building of Cairo as described in the passage, .....**

- A) the finished city was to have bells situated at various places on its border
- B) astrologers thought the city should be constructed under the protection of Mars
- C) only workers who were thought to be lucky were allowed to work on the project
- D) no work was to be done until a definite signal was given by a certain bird
- E) the workers were supposed to have waited until the right time to start working

**52. The story related in the passage .....**

- A) gives supernatural reasons for the unlucky history of Cairo
- B) shows how advanced Arabs were at construction in 969
- C) tells how the Arabs managed to conquer the modern Cairo
- D) explains the origin of the name of the Egyptian city of Cairo
- E) lets us know how the name "Kahirah" changed to "Cairo"

**53-55. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

The first person across the threshold on the first day of New Year is traditionally of great symbolic significance in many parts of England, as the person is thought to set the pattern for the year to come. If he is unlucky, poor or sick, he is bound to bring bad luck, poverty, sickness or all three to the house. In certain parts of the country, the very worst omen used to be the accidental arrival of any woman on the doorstep as the first visitor of the New Year though she was, and still is, acceptable in parts of Scotland and Wales. Normally, however, families choose a suitable man to be the first visitor. This could be a member, or a friend, of the family, who would go out before midnight and come in again immediately after.

**53. According to the passage, in English tradition, .....**

- A) certain symbols are used to protect visitors from unlucky influences
- B) it is not common to accept visitors on the first day of the year
- C) the first visitor of the year is considered an indicator of the coming year
- D) it is not at all lucky to invite groups of three people inside the house
- E) it is unlucky to give help to poor or ill people on the first day of the New Year

**54. The author tells us that in parts of England, .....**

- A) having a woman as the year's first visitor is a sign of bad luck to come
- B) it is considered bad luck to allow foreign women into one's house
- C) sick, poor and unlucky people are quite likely to visit at New Year's
- D) sensible people would never let a woman enter their private homes
- E) women are thought to be the cause of disease, poverty and misfortune

**55. Because of the superstitions mentioned in the passage, families .....**

- A) do not allow any member to stay out too long after midnight
- B) only allow men to enter their homes as visitors
- C) try to accept only the visitors dressed in formal clothing
- D) do not accept any visitors on the first day of the New Year at all
- E) arrange the first visitor of the year rather than leave it to chance

**56-60. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın olan seçeneği bulunuz.**

**56. Such a harsh winter as this has rarely been heard of before.**

- A) This is the worst winter that anyone has ever known.
- B) Only a few people predicted accurately that this would be a very bad winter.
- C) Seldom before has a winter been as bad as this year.
- D) Not very many people can remember how bad last winter actually was.
- E) In the past, people didn't have the opportunity to learn about weather forecasts in advance.

**57. Considering the amount of food we ate, the meal was surprisingly reasonable.**

- A) We could have eaten more, since the meal was so inexpensive.
- B) We must be reasonable and consider how much we are eating if we want to pay less.
- C) We did not consider the price when we decided to eat so much.
- D) We were surprisingly reasonable about not eating too much.
- E) Although we ate a large amount, we paid much less than we had expected for the meal.

**58. Our army had been defeated by the time the reinforcements arrived.**

- A) New soldiers arrived just in time to rescue our army from defeat.
- B) The additional troops arrived too late to save our army from being beaten.
- C) The fresh soldiers who arrived were too few to save our army from defeat.
- D) Nothing but the arrival of reinforcements could have saved our army from defeat.
- E) Our army fought against defeat until the reinforcements arrived.

59. You may not think much of Tom's paintings, but you have to admit that he's worked hard on them.

- A) It doesn't matter what your opinion of Tom's paintings is, as he's hardly worked on them anyway.
- B) Even if you don't like the paintings Tom created, you can't deny that he's put a lot of effort into them.
- C) It's obvious that Tom has hardly done any painting, which definitely affects the way we think about him.
- D) My feelings are not important, you know, but I do think Tom would paint better if he worked harder.
- E) I don't know if you actually like whatever it is that Tom has painted, but he really worked hard on it.

60. Like the others in the committee, I see no sense in adopting your proposal.

- A) I am not in favour of your proposition, although the other members of the committee seem to like it.
- B) The others in the committee may have liked your ideas, but to me, they are in very poor taste.
- C) All the committee members, including me, think that it is unreasonable to take up your suggestion.
- D) The committee members believe that the adoption of your proposal would certainly lead to disaster.
- E) I think that, if you had better sense, you would not propose such a thing to the committee.

61-65. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

61. In 2000, a team of roller-skating police officers were introduced to a park patrol in London. .... . When the scheme was launched, they proved themselves able to do this, but a major problem remained. Suspects simply got off of the paths and ran across the grass, where they couldn't be followed.

- A) The idea was that they would be able to catch people who were themselves on roller skates as well
- B) Police officers had to be talked into using them, as the idea was not initially very popular at all
- C) There are also some roller-blading police officers in Brighton
- D) Nonetheless, police officers in Britain are still, for the most part, not armed
- E) It was believed they would speed round in pursuit of people that they wanted to arrest on the paths

62. The Loeb Classical Library is a series of books of classical literature. In each book, the original Greek or Latin text is on each left-hand page, and a fairly literal translation on the opposite one. .... . They are, however, good for readers who want to try and read some of these works in their original languages.

- A) This series of books was praised highly by the renowned British novelist, Virginia Woolf
- B) Therefore, readers can follow the two languages line by line throughout the whole of the work
- C) Even so, translating poetry is a difficult and virtually impossible task for anyone to do well
- D) The books are not meant for serious classics students, as they have only minimal textual criticism
- E) That is why these classical languages are no longer as commonly taught as they once were

63. On 11 December 1572, the Spanish army put the Dutch city of Haarlem under siege. However, the existence of a great lake nearby made it difficult for the enemy to cut off the transportation of food into the city completely. .... . Now, the helpless people of Haarlem had no choice but to surrender to the invaders, which they did three-and-a-half months later.

- A) Few supplies did get into the city this way, but it was more than enough for its inhabitants to survive
- B) Furthermore, the Spanish advanced their forces towards the walls and destroyed two city gates
- C) The situation changed, though, when the Amsterdam army occupied it and completely isolated the city
- D) Much of the Netherlands, as is quite well known, is dotted with lakes, rivers, streams, and, of course, dykes
- E) The Spanish had tried to take control of this important lake, but their army was almost wiped out

64. Prices are increasing sharply for some basic foods. One reason for these price rises is the growth of the world's population: with so many mouths to feed, a great deal of pressure is put on the food supply. .... . As their inhabitants become wealthier, they eat considerably more. Thus prices would rise even if the global population remained stable.

- A) And, as we know, no one can survive well or for long without decent food
- B) In fact, it is estimated that the number of people in the world will have reached 9 billion by 2050
- C) When food becomes scarce, only people with greater amounts of money will be able to afford to eat
- D) Land which could be used for farming is now being used to grow crops for fuel
- E) But there is an even more significant factor, which is the economic growth in previously poor countries

65. Russian poets typically rely on a reader's knowing earlier poems in detail. .... . Poets count on their readers being familiar with this great heritage. They thus expect them to be able to detect even their slightest references to it.

- A) In fact, it is not uncommon for Russians to be able to give a quotation from a poet
- B) This is perhaps one reason why free verse has had such a small role in Russian poetry
- C) Therefore, poems are given a prominent place in school classes
- D) The poems of the past are seen as making up a common literary culture
- E) Their form and their content are both equally important

66-70: sorularda, verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

66. Last Saturday night, your friend's fiancé was going to take her out for dinner, but he did not show up or call to explain his absence. The next day, he called and explained that he had had to work late and had been very busy. A week has passed and she is still angry with him and refuses to meet him. Although you sympathized with her for the first few days, you feel she is now overreacting, so you say to her:

- A) He must have to work late tonight, too.
- B) It's good that you've made your point so well.
- C) It was definitely his fault that he didn't call you.
- D) You should carry on like this for a few more days.
- E) I reckon that you ought to forgive him now.

67. Your friend was quite ill, but wanted to enter the finals of the swimming competition. He came in second and is quite unhappy about it, as he respects nothing short of coming first. You know you cannot alter this characteristic of his, so, in order to cheer him up, you say:

- A) You must be aware that second place is better than third place.
- B) Don't be so unhappy that one other swimmer is much better than you.
- C) I'm certain you'd have beaten the winner if you'd been feeling okay.
- D) You ought not to have entered the race, as your cold got even worse.
- E) It's best to put this into perspective by remembering that it's not your first defeat.

68. You are on a four-hour flight on an airplane. The staff are bringing the food, but the person sitting next to you, who you do not know, is sleeping. Not wanting him to miss his chance to eat, you nudge him and politely say:

- A) Let's get to know each other over dinner sometime.
- B) I'll eat yours as well if you don't wake up.
- C) You must be feeling hungry after such a long day.
- D) If you keep on sleeping, it will be better for your waistline.
- E) I didn't want to disturb you, but it's the mealtime.

69. You're having a party in your flat at a reasonable hour when your good neighbour phones to complain about the level of noise. You don't want to upset him, so you say:

- A) If I'd known there would be so many complaints, I wouldn't have moved here.
- B) I didn't realize it was so loud. I'll try and calm things down a bit.
- C) Why don't you come round and join us? A good party might do you some good.
- D) Why should I turn the music down when your dog is always barking?
- E) You're absolutely right. It was a stupid idea to have a party so late at night.

70. You are in a shopping centre when a market researcher approaches you with a survey about soap. Although you are busy, you know that you sometimes get a free gift for helping with research. You say:

- A) Do you yourself use the brands you're trying to promote?
- B) I've washed my hair today, thank you.
- C) It doesn't matter what you say or give me. I'm not going to change the brand of soap I use.
- D) Have you got permission to be doing this research?
- E) I'll talk to you if it doesn't take long. I've got a lot of shopping to do, you see.

71-75. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

71. Alan:

- What does that road sign mean?

Sarah:

- Do you mean that sign with the kangaroo on it?

Alan:

- .....

Sarah:

- Oh. I didn't even see that one.

A) No—I thought that it was a different kind of animal.

B) Earlier on, I think I noticed a kangaroo in a nearby field.

C) Yes, and it was in the middle of a yellow diamond shape.

D) I was asking you about the one on the other side of the road.

E) There is a chance that a kangaroo has caused a traffic accident here.

72. Lucia:  
- I didn't know that you could speak Chinese.

Heidi:  
- That is because I can't.

Lucia:  
- .....

Heidi:  
- I have learned a few of *those* correctly, but I don't know how to pronounce them.

- A) In that case, you must know either Japanese or Korean.
- B) But you're writing characters from it into that textbook.
- C) Why don't you buy some books on it and study them then?
- D) Doesn't Chinese have different tones for the same syllable?
- E) Is there any other language that you want to learn?

73. Veronica:  
- What was your hotel in Seaview like?

Brian:  
- It provided us with awful food, there were cockroaches in the room, and the showers were cold.

Veronica:  
- .....

Brian:  
- No, I didn't, because, except for the hotel, everything was great.

- A) You must have had a terrible holiday, then.
- B) So, which hotel did you end up changing to in the end?
- C) Were you able to put up with all that?
- D) In that case, why didn't you come back earlier?
- E) So its manager must not have been very nice, either.

74. Eliza:  
- What do you know about Odd With?

Damien:  
- It sounds to me as if it might be an unusual kind of adjective and preposition combination.

Eliza:  
- .....

Damien:  
- I could never have guessed that.

- A) It is pointless to guess at what you don't know for sure.
- B) I thought you'd learned its meaning in a reference book.
- C) In fact, it was a politician who passed away recently.
- D) I'm not sure; let me just do a quick check on the Internet.
- E) Consequently, it was actually the name of a famous person.

75. LeBron:  
- I wasn't able to reserve a basketball court for next Wednesday.

Andrei:  
- Couldn't we play a game in the street outside your house?

LeBron:  
- .....

Andrei:  
- I hadn't thought of those problems.

- A) Do you really think the other team members would play there?
- B) In this difficult situation, that actually isn't a bad suggestion at all.
- C) I don't want to either delay the game or play it elsewhere.
- D) It is dirty, so it will need to be cleaned up a bit first.
- E) It has a slope on it, and what would we use for baskets?

76-80. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

76. (I) In many Germanic languages, the moon is male. (II) Furthermore, in the mythology connected to these languages, he is a lord of chaos. (III) In English, on the other hand, most of the imagery related to it in poetry seems to have been imported from the Mediterranean. (IV) That region had a long tradition of moon goddesses, such as Selene the queen-mother. (V) The Mediterranean region also had powerful sky gods like Zeus.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

77. (I) Animals with gills are able to take oxygen from water. (II) When a creature moves at a fast pace, it uses up more oxygen. (III) As pilot whales cannot breathe underwater, it was assumed that they swam at a slow pace when they dove to a deep level. (IV) But this view has been overturned by the findings of a recent study. (V) It showed that the whales could chase their prey with great rapidity far below the ocean's surface.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

78. (I) Christy O'Connor, Senior is an Irish golfer. (II) He was a gifted player who set a number of records in the game. (III) Yet there are some records that may never be broken. (IV) During his early career, he was known simply as Christy O'Connor, but his nephew of the same name also became a prominent golfer. (V) To avoid confusion, they have been differentiated by adding "Senior" and "Junior" to their names.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

79. (I) Maryse Condé is a Guadeloupean author. (II) She writes historical fiction. (III) That doesn't in any way mean that her work doesn't deal with contemporary issues, though. (IV) For instance, like the Pulitzer Prize-winning writer, Arthur Miller, she looks at the Salem Witch Trials of 1692-3 in one of her books. (V) Rather, she uses her settings in the past to examine problems that are still relevant to us today.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

80. (I) The cuisine of the Netherlands includes many delicious snack foods. (II) After the ingredients for the inside parts of *bitterballen* have been combined and cooked, the resulting mixture is put in the fridge. (III) This enables it to become firm. (IV) Once it is, it is taken out, and parts are broken off and rolled into balls. (V) These are then covered in a breadcrumb, milk, and egg mixture before being deep-fried.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V



## PRACTICE EXAM 35

1-8. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. When you lose your fear of the water and relax, it is easy to ..... on your back.

A) boil  
B) float  
C) scrub  
D) mean  
E) nail

2. With a population of 169,674, Tahiti is the largest ..... island of French Polynesia.

A) monumental  
B) considerable  
C) excessive  
D) inhabited  
E) estimable

3. Shakespeare was such a/an ..... talented writer that his influence on subsequent literature is virtually immeasurable.

A) remarkably  
B) indifferently  
C) potentially  
D) typically  
E) exhaustingly

4. Many scientists don't think that the ..... of Bigfoot—the large, hairy creature—is likely, and consider the stories told about it to be only folklore.

A) livelihood  
B) comprehension  
C) existence  
D) dimension  
E) resemblance

5. When I ..... my childhood, I remember being quite happy.

A) come across with  
B) look back on  
C) stay out of  
D) come down with  
E) look forward to

6. Mobile phones ..... peoples' lives since their prices ..... to come down in the late 1990s.

A) are dominating / have begun  
B) have been dominating / began  
C) were dominating / are beginning  
D) dominate / would have begun  
E) will be dominating / had begun

7. If the alarm centre didn't detect anything during the break-in, then Audrey ..... the alarm when she left.

A) shouldn't set  
B) can't be setting  
C) won't have set  
D) might not set  
E) must not have set

8. When the hot air balloon company ..... giving rides, people ..... the opportunity to see the Grand Canyon from the sky.

A) started / had  
B) had started / were having  
C) has started / had had  
D) starts / have had  
E) would start / have

9-15. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

9. With the ever increasing gap ..... the rich and the poor worldwide, there has been a dramatic rise ..... the number of immigrants seeking a better life in richer countries.

A) for / with  
B) between / in  
C) among / at  
D) from / for  
E) with / as

10. It is estimated that 15 million adults spread ..... 130 different countries now suffer ..... diabetes.

- A) into / to                      B) over / from  
C) across / of                  D) from / for  
E) to / in

11. The impact of human activities on the Yangtze River's ecology is ..... to kill its remaining plant and wildlife species within five years.

- A) worse than                  B) so bad  
C) the worst                    D) such bad  
E) bad enough

12. Having finished her presentation, the speaker asked ..... anyone had any questions.

- A) if                                B) that  
C) what                          D) why  
E) which

13. It was not ..... 1944 that the first effective sunscreen was invented.

- A) until                          B) when  
C) while                         D) since  
E) by the time

14. .... many times I read my essays before handing them in to the teacher, she always finds spelling mistakes in them.

- A) In case                      B) Much as  
C) However                    D) No matter  
E) More than

15. Some environmentally conscious film stars came to the Oscar ceremony in their hybrid cars ..... in limousines.

- A) rather than                  B) similar  
C) alike                         D) more  
E) whereas

16-20. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

It is (16) ..... easier to establish a research base in the Arctic regions than in Antarctica. In summer, locations close to the North Pole can be reached by ship and overland travel is possible. In Antarctica, (17) ....., the land is surrounded by ice-choked seas, and except for a few months in summer, the storms are just (18) ..... to allow a safe passage, so ships can reach it only during the summer. As a result, (19) ..... usually have to stay there from one summer through the (20) .....

16.

- A) most                            B) rather  
C) so                                D) quite  
E) more

17.

- A) although                      B) instead  
C) therefore                    D) however  
E) despite

18.

- A) strong enough              B) stronger  
C) too strong                    D) as strong  
E) the strongest

19.

- A) expeditions                  B) expansions  
C) speculations                 D) capabilities  
E) obstacles

20.

- A) later                            B) previous  
C) next                            D) former  
E) latter

21-28. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

21. ...., but because they get a tax break for doing so.

- A) Rich people often donate money to charities not out of generosity
- B) If I had as much money as you do, I would donate more to charity
- C) A "philanthropist" is a rich person who uses his or her money to support good causes
- D) They say that the only sure things in life are death and taxes
- E) I guess there are a lot of advantages to being wealthy

22. Over the centuries, many competing theories have tried to explain .....

- A) that managed to build the pyramids so that they were perfectly aligned
- B) so, even today, people are able to admire the pyramids' excellent workmanship
- C) how the pyramids' builders accomplished their astounding engineering feats
- D) where did the idea to construct pyramids come from in the first place
- E) the pyramids were built to such exacting specifications

23. .... after making a racist remark that was broadcast all over the world.

- A) A number of organizations are trying to fight racism in sport
- B) A famous British sportscaster was forced to resign
- C) Ron Atkinson is a famous British sportscaster
- D) Before becoming a sportscaster, Ron Atkinson was manager of Manchester United
- E) Everyone should think about the consequences of their remarks

24. What is called "India ink" in English .....

- A) as no one was actually certain for a long time about where it came from
- B) that makes clear and durable impressions from wood blocks
- C) not many people actually know anything about its content
- D) was actually invented in China in the 3rd century AD
- E) that it has been in continuous use for almost 2000 years

25. Despite having to live in a small flat, .....

- A) most of which is taken up with Terry's boxes of clothes
- B) Vasil finds the space to be very cramped and uncomfortable
- C) Philippe had never wanted to have a party anyway
- D) Hendrik is pleased that he has moved to Hong Kong
- E) it's not a good idea to remind David of his old villa

26. ...., until the invention of the railway.

- A) Russia was far behind the rest of Europe in its railroad mileage
- B) Steam had already been used for many mechanical purposes
- C) Travelling by land was generally more difficult than by sea
- D) It has taken weeks to travel from central Europe to Asia Minor
- E) Coal-powered trains were replaced with ones using diesel or electricity

27. .... that Oslo is the most expensive city in the world to live in.

- A) The Economist Intelligence Unit has recently discovered
- B) Renting property in the city costs a great deal of money
- C) Because of Norway's strong economic growth
- D) Even though the average wage in Norway is around \$52,000
- E) Prices seem to be on the rise in recent weeks

28. ...., because I was aware she had been seriously ill.

- A) I wasn't at all surprised that Effie collapsed
- B) Nurgül is wondering whether she should go to hospital
- C) It was the first time I'd seen someone die
- D) Rawiya's decided to take some time off work
- E) The operation on Saffron wasn't a success

29-34. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

29. About 23 percent of the Earth's surface is covered, permanently or temporarily, by snow, the largest part being in the polar regions.

- A) Kutup bölgeleri de dahil olmak üzere, yeryüzünde sürekli ya da geçici olarak karla kaplı bölgeler dünya yüzeyinin yüzde yirmi üçünü oluşturmaktadır.
- B) Dünya yüzeyinin yüzde yirmi üçünü kaplayan kar, kutup bölgelerinde sürekli, diğer yerlerde ise geçici olarak bulunmaktadır.
- C) Sürekli karla kaplı en büyük bölge olan kutup bölgeleri, dünya yüzeyinin yaklaşık yüzde yirmi üçünü oluşturur.
- D) Geçici olanlar dışında, yeryüzünde sürekli karla kaplı en büyük yerler kutup bölgeleridir, ki bunlar dünya yüzeyinin yüzde yirmi üçünü oluşturur.
- E) En büyük bölümü kutup bölgelerinde olmak üzere, dünya yüzeyinin yaklaşık yüzde yirmi üçü, sürekli ya da geçici olarak, karla kaplıdır.

30. As television coverage of the Olympics grew, so did public enthusiasm for gymnastics.

- A) Televizyon Olimpiyatları göstermeye başlayınca, halkın jimnastiğe olan ilgisi artmıştır.
- B) Halkın jimnastiğe olan ilgisi ancak televizyon Olimpiyatları göstermeye başladıktan sonra artmıştır.
- C) Olimpiyatların televizyonda gösterimi arttıkça, halkın jimnastiğe olan ilgisi de artmıştır.
- D) Olimpiyatlara katılım büyüyünce televizyon onları göstermeye başlamış, böylece halkın ilgisi daha da artmıştır.
- E) Olimpiyatlar televizyonda gösterilmeye başlayınca, halk jimnastiğe daha çok ilgi duydu.

31. Some materials ejected from volcanoes cool so quickly that they solidify even before they strike the ground.

- A) Volkanların püskürttüğü bazı maddeler çok çabuk soğur ve yere değer değmez katılırlar.
- B) Volkanlardan püsküren bazı maddeler çok çabuk soğuma özelliğine sahiptirler, ki bunlar daha yere değmeden katılmış olurlar.
- C) Bazen volkanlar maddeleri o kadar yükseğe püskürtürler ki, bunlar yere soğumuş ve katılmış olarak düşerler.
- D) Volkanlardan püsküren bazı maddeler o kadar çabuk soğuyorlar ki, daha yere değmeden katılıyorlar.
- E) Bazen volkanların püskürttüğü maddeler hemen katılır ve daha yere çarpmadan soğurlar.

32. The true mystery of the Artemis Temple in Ephesus lies in the architectural and artistic details, which will remain unknown forever.

- A) Tam bir gizem diye adlandırılan mimari yapısı ve sanatsal özellikleri belki de hiçbir zaman bilinmeyecek olan Artemis Tapınağı Efes'tedir.
- B) Mimari ve sanatsal detaylarının daha yıllarca saklı kalacağı düşünülen Efes'teki Artemis Tapınağı'nın gizemi çözülememiştir.
- C) Efes'teki Artemis Tapınağı'nın hiçbir zaman bilinmeyecek olan mimari ve sanatsal detayları, onu gerçek anlamda gizemli kılmaktadır.
- D) Efes'teki Artemis Tapınağı'nın gerçek gizemi, sonsuza dek bilinmeyecek olan mimari ve sanatsal detaylarda yatmaktadır.
- E) Bilinmezlerle dolu mimari ve sanatsal detayları, Efes'de bulunan Artemis Tapınağı'nı tam anlamıyla esrarengiz kılmaktadır.

33. While memorizing song lyrics is quite easy for most people, the same people may have difficulty remembering even a few verses of a poem.

- A) Bir şiirin birkaç satırını bile ezberlerken sıkıntı çeken bazı insanlar, pek çok şarkı sözünü kolayca ezberleyebilmektedir.
- B) Birçok kişi şarkı sözlerini kolayca ezberleyebilse de, aynı kişiler, bir şiirin birkaç satırını bile akıllarında tutamazlar.
- C) Şarkı sözü ezberlemek çoğu kişi için oldukça kolayken, aynı kişiler bir şiirin birkaç satırını bile hatırlamakta güçlük çekebilirler.
- D) Sayısız şarkı sözü çoğu kişi tarafından kolayca ezberlenebilir, ancak, aynı kişiler için, bir şiirin birkaç satırını hatırlamak o kadar kolay değildir.
- E) Çoğu kişi için, şarkı sözü ezberlemek, bir şiirin birkaç satırını hatırlamaktan çok daha kolaydır.

34. A study at Indiana University claims that video games which contain violent scenes may impair brain functions.

- A) Indiana Üniversitesi'ndeki bir araştırma, şiddet sahneleri içeren video oyunlarının beyin işlevlerini bozabileceğini ileri sürmektedir.
- B) Indiana Üniversitesi'nde yapılan bir araştırmaya göre, video oyunlarındaki şiddet sahneleri beyin işlevlerini bozmaktadır.
- C) Şiddet sahneleri içeren video oyunlarının beyin işlevlerini bozduğu Indiana Üniversitesi'nde yapılan bir araştırmayla kanıtlanmıştır.
- D) Indiana Üniversitesi, şiddet sahneleri içeren video oyunlarının beyin işlevleri üzerindeki etkisi konusunda bir araştırma yapmıştır.
- E) Indiana Üniversitesi tarafından yapılan bir araştırma, video oyunlarındaki şiddet sahnelerinin beyin işlevlerini bozduğunu kanıtlamaktadır.

35-40. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

35. Levi Hutchins, ilk mekanik çalar saati 1787'de, işe gitmek üzere kendisini uyan-dırması için icat etti, ancak bu saat sadece sabah 4'te çalabiliyordu.

- A) The alarm clock was the first mechanical device invented by Levi Hutchins in 1787, but only because he wanted to wake up for work, which started at 4 am.
- B) Levi Hutchins invented a mechanical clock in 1787 for the first time, but he only designed it to go off at 4 am, when he had to get up for work.
- C) It was in 1787 that the first mechanical clock was invented by Levi Hutchins, who needed it to wake him up at 4 am for work.
- D) Levi Hutchins devised the first mechanical alarm clock in 1787, which enabled him to get up at 4 am to go to work.
- E) Levi Hutchins invented the first mechanical alarm clock in 1787 so that it would wake him up to go to work, but this clock could only ring at 4 am.

36. Dudak okuma, yoğun konsantrasyon gerektirmekte, bu yüzden bir kerede uzun süre yapıldığında yorucu olmaktadır.

- A) Despite being exhausting over long periods, concentration is necessary when carrying out lip-reading.
- B) Lip-reading requires intense concentra-tion and is therefore tiring when carried out over long periods at a time.
- C) Lip-reading can be tiring if it is done with concentration over a long period of time.
- D) Lip-reading must be done with great effort, so it needs concentration, no matter how long it lasts.
- E) Full concentration is required while performing lip-reading, but it is quite exhausting to do all at one time.

37. Sihirbaz Houdini kaçış numaralarında o kadar ustaydı ki, hiç kimse onu kaçama-yacağı bir şekilde bağlamayı ya da zincirlemeyi asla başaramadı.

- A) The magician Houdini was an expert in escape tricks, so, no matter how he was tied or chained, he was never unable to get out.
- B) It was never possible for anyone to tie or chain the magician Houdini so as to stop him from escaping because of his incredible skill in escape tricks.
- C) The magician Houdini was able to escape from any place using his magical escape tricks, even if he was tied or chained.
- D) The magician Houdini was so competent in his escape tricks that no one ever managed to tie him or chain him in such a way that he could not escape.
- E) Thanks to his extraordinary skills in escape tricks, Houdini never failed to escape in any situation, however tightly he was tied or chained.

38. Gür yağmur ormanları ve geniş bataklık-lar, Yeni Gine'nin iç kısımlarını neredeyse erişilmez yapmaktadır.

- A) A large portion of New Guinea is made inaccessible by dense rain forests and huge swamps.
- B) A large portion of New Guinea's interior is inaccessible because of dense rain forests and huge swamps.
- C) There are dense rain forests and huge swamps in the interior parts of New Guinea, which makes access to them nearly impossible.
- D) Dense rain forests and huge swamps make the interior parts of New Guinea almost inaccessible.
- E) Access into the interior of New Guinea is nearly impossible as there are dense rain forests and huge swamps.

39. Asya'nın, ekvatorдан Kuzey Kutbu'na, Pasifik Okyanusu'ndan Akdeniz'e uzanan büyük alanı onu, çarpıcı tezatlar kıtası yapmaktadır.

- A) Asia's great expanse from the equator to the Arctic, and from the Pacific Ocean to the Mediterranean Sea makes it a continent of striking contrasts.
- B) Asia is a continent of sharp contrasts and covers a huge expanse, reaching from the equator to the Arctic, and from the Pacific Ocean to the Mediterranean Sea.
- C) The sharp contrasts in Asia are due to its size, stretching from the equator to the Arctic, and from the Pacific Ocean to the Mediterranean Sea.
- D) What makes Asia a continent of contrasts is its vast expanse, covering an area from the equator to the Arctic, and from the Pacific Ocean to the Mediterranean Sea.
- E) Many contrasting features of Asia result from its huge size, stretching from the equator to the Arctic, and from the Pacific Ocean to the Mediterranean Sea.

40. İsveç'te, endüstrinin dayandığı üç temel kaynak ormanlar, demir madeni ve hidroelektrik enerjidir.

- A) In Sweden, the most common basic resources which industry utilises are forests, iron ore and hydroelectric power.
- B) In Sweden, the three basic resources on which industry is based are forests, iron ore and hydroelectric power.
- C) In Sweden, most industry uses one of the three basic resources: forests, iron ore or hydroelectric power.
- D) Sweden has three basic resources which support industry: forests, iron ore and hydroelectric power.
- E) Many of Sweden's industries make use of three natural resources available in the country, which are forests, iron ore and hydroelectric power.

41-43. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

A bundle of rediscovered letters written by Winston Churchill and accidentally misfiled for decades in an American library show that he predicted the First World War two years before it actually broke out. The letters were written by Churchill to his cousin, the Duke of Marlborough, in 1912, when the future prime minister was the first lord of the Admiralty. The duke later donated his collection of Churchill's letters to the Library of Congress in Washington, but a librarian misfiled them. A spokesman for the library, James Billington, said that they had not been seen in decades, even by scholars. The historian Andrew Roberts hailed the find as "fascinating" and "wonderful".

41. One point emphasized in the passage is that .....

- A) Churchill foresaw the outbreak of World War I
- B) Winston Churchill was a fascinating and wonderful person
- C) American libraries often have collections of British historical records
- D) Churchill had a cousin who was a duke
- E) the Duke of Marlborough sold Churchill's letters to Washington

42. According to the passage, Churchill's letters to his cousin .....

- A) predicted that he would become prime minister
- B) also contained plenty of personal information
- C) have not yet been made available to scholars
- D) were donated to the Library of Congress
- E) were intentionally hidden by a librarian

43. We understand from the passage that no one has seen the letters in question for a long time because .....

- A) they contained official secrets
- B) the Duke of Marlborough had hidden them
- C) they were put in the wrong place
- D) they too accurately predicted World War I
- E) they had been hidden by James Billington

**44-46. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

When an obscure British poet, Edward FitzGerald, decided to publish a translation of seventy-five verses in 1859, there was indifference. The book was published in an edition of two hundred and fifty copies: the author offered some to his friends, and the rest were selling slowly at the bookshop of Bernard Quaritch. "Poor old Omar, he apparently was of interest to no one," FitzGerald wrote to his Persian teacher. After two years, the publisher decided to sell off the stock: from an initial price of five shillings, the now famous *Rubaiyat* went down to a penny, sixty times less. Even at this price, few were sold, until the moment when two literary critics discovered it. They read it and were amazed by it. They came back next day and bought up six copies to give out. Feeling that some interest was about to be aroused, the editor raised the price to two pence.

- 44. It is clear from the passage that Omar .....**
- A) was the name of FitzGerald's Persian teacher
  - B) was a poor person FitzGerald knew from Persia
  - C) was the person who asked FitzGerald to translate the verses
  - D) was the writer of the verses FitzGerald translated
  - E) was not an especially good poet
- 45. We learn from the passage that, initially, .....**
- A) a massive price reduction didn't affect the sales of the *Rubaiyat* much
  - B) the critics didn't expect the *Rubaiyat* to be any good
  - C) few people read Omar in Persian
  - D) Bernard Quaritch liked the *Rubaiyat* himself
  - E) FitzGerald found Persian to be very difficult
- 46. We understand from the passage that FitzGerald's translation of the *Rubaiyat* .....**
- A) wasn't actually a very good one
  - B) later attracted a greater number of readers
  - C) was done with the help of his Persian teacher
  - D) helped him sell his other poems
  - E) was adored by his friends

**47-49. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

Fatigue describes the condition of people when they feel unable to carry on with what they are doing. This feeling may come about when the body's energy has been used up; however, it does not have to. Fatigue may also come from pain, anxiety, fear, or boredom. In these cases, the body's energy level is usually normal. The once-held belief that work was the only cause of fatigue led to efforts to use the work output of factory workers as a direct measure of fatigue. These early studies failed to show a close connection between when an individual worker said he or she felt fatigued and the amount of work he or she had accomplished, though. It seems instead that the worker's feelings, rather than any lack of energy available within the body, result in a slowdown in work production.

- 47. According to the passage, factory workers .....**
- A) get more fatigued when they work alone
  - B) find their job boring on the whole
  - C) don't get fatigued only for the reasons once thought
  - D) never feel fatigued because of energy loss
  - E) pretend to be fatigued in order to do less work
- 48. The passage does not specifically mention fatigue as being caused by .....**
- A) worrying about something
  - B) standard factory work
  - C) part of the body hurting
  - D) complete lack of body energy
  - E) finding something tedious
- 49. It is clear from the passage that it is not necessary .....**
- A) to slow the amount of work being done when the body has no energy
  - B) for factory workers to work to the point of exhaustion
  - C) to conduct any further research on the causes of fatigue for factory workers
  - D) for a worker to carry on working when feeling fatigued
  - E) for the body to be exhausted in order for a person to feel fatigued



**50-52. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

There are two general types of science fiction, or sci-fi: hard and soft. Hard sci-fi is characterized by an interest in scientific detail or accuracy, focussing on the natural sciences and technological developments. Writers of hard sci-fi are particularly concerned with depicting, as realistically as possible, the potential effects of technology on human societies, and so they usually attempt to make their stories consistent with known science. Soft sci-fi, on the other hand, tends to focus on philosophy, psychology, politics, and sociology, accordingly de-emphasizing the scientific and technological details. For example, Frank Herbert uses his *Dune* saga to comment about the human condition and make parallels to current socio-political realities.

- 50. It is clear from the passage that hard sci-fi .....**
- A) emerged at a much later date than soft sci-fi did
  - B) is much less popular than soft sci-fi is
  - C) is obsessed with being scientifically accurate
  - D) has predicted many of the latest technological developments
  - E) tries to be in accordance with actual contemporary science
- 51. The passage makes it clear that soft sci-fi .....**
- A) is as concerned with technology as it is with socio-political realities
  - B) is entirely consistent with known science
  - C) puts less emphasis on accurate science than hard sci-fi
  - D) often makes brilliant comments on the human condition
  - E) was originally created by Frank Herbert
- 52. Frank Herbert's *Dune* saga is mentioned in the passage .....**
- A) as an illustration of the sort of matters soft sci-fi deals with
  - B) because of how well it comments upon the human condition
  - C) since it was such a successful series of novels
  - D) in order to demonstrate that soft sci-fi is more popular than hard sci-fi
  - E) due to the fact that its plot is only slightly related to socio-political realities

**53-55. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

It had all the makings of a fun day out, for academics at least. US government officials had summoned a handful of scientists from labs across the country to a confidential meeting in Arlington, Virginia. It was supposed to be a friendly gathering, a rare opportunity for experts working on obscure yet revolutionary new science to share their latest ideas. Well, so much for the plan. Not long into the meeting, one of the scientists – Rusi Taleyarkhan, of Purdue University in Indiana – showed a slide of his most recent results. Immediately, the meeting descended into chaos.

- 53. We understand from the passage that the scientists who came to the meeting .....**
- A) were US government officials
  - B) were having a day out in the open air
  - C) all knew each other
  - D) all worked in a place called Arlington, Virginia
  - E) were from all over the United States
- 54. What the scientists mentioned in the passage have in common was that .....**
- A) all of them admired the work of Rusi Taleyarkhan
  - B) their work was little-known but innovative
  - C) their work was famous but quite dull
  - D) they did not get on well with each other
  - E) they all worked for the US government
- 55. It is obvious from the passage that the meeting .....**
- A) was held at Purdue University in Indiana
  - B) ended up being fun for everyone there
  - C) did not go according to how it was planned
  - D) turned into what might be termed "a fun day out"
  - E) was specially held for the work of a scientist named Rusi Taleyarkhan

56-60. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın olan seçeneği bulunuz.

56. It seems to me that we've taken the wrong train.

- A) The train turned out to be not the one we were supposed to have taken.
- B) I have a feeling that this train is not the one we should be on.
- C) I wish we had been more careful and taken the right train from the station.
- D) I don't think it was a good idea to get on this train.
- E) There is no chance that we'll catch the train that we are supposed to.

57. Just about everybody who was asked had a different explanation for the strange smell in the park.

- A) A different reason was given as to the source of the unusual odour in the park by virtually all of those questioned.
- B) There was nobody who thought the park smelled the way it usually did.
- C) When discussing it, they all agreed that, without a doubt, the park did not smell as it had done before.
- D) Few people gave an opinion, but those who did said that they thought the park had an unfamiliar smell about it.
- E) Quite a few people told us that they thought the park smelt rather strangely to them.

58. *Desperate Housewives* is the last program on television I would want to watch.

- A) I would rather watch any other television program than *Desperate Housewives*.
- B) *Desperate Housewives* will be the last program we watch on TV tonight.
- C) There is no show on television like *Desperate Housewives*.
- D) No one can persuade me to watch *Desperate Housewives* when it's on.
- E) I would have liked to watch *Desperate Housewives* on TV last night, but I missed it.

59. They couldn't have fed so many people at the soup kitchen without the food donations from both individual citizens and local businesses.

- A) The soup kitchen managed to cook plenty of food without having any contributions from either local shops or residents.
- B) The soup kitchen could have served many more people if they had received some donations from a private business or some local individuals.
- C) The food donated by local businesses and residents was what allowed them to feed such a large number of people at the soup kitchen.
- D) Both the business community and local residents were willing to donate food to the soup kitchen they were organizing.
- E) The soup kitchen couldn't feed as many people as they had hoped to because they didn't receive enough support from businesses or local residents.

60. We've not yet decided whether to go to a restaurant in Taksim for our anniversary celebration or not.

- A) The restaurant in Taksim hasn't yet confirmed whether we can have our anniversary celebration there or not.
- B) We are not sure if we will be able to celebrate our anniversary in that restaurant in Taksim.
- C) Whether we should go to Taksim or not for our anniversary celebration is out of our control.
- D) We are almost certain that we will go to Taksim and celebrate our anniversary in a restaurant there.
- E) We are still discussing whether or not to celebrate our anniversary at a restaurant in Taksim.

**61-65. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.**

61. .... . In the more developed areas, however, more efficient large-scale operations are overtaking the smaller family farms. These large farms usually specialize in one crop or one type of crop and often are run by giant parent corporations. Such farms are part of the current trend toward more controlled and cost-effective agriculture, called agribusiness.

- A) Over thousands of years farmers gradually improved their working methods
- B) Today farming draws heavily upon science and technology to produce the food and fiber the world needs
- C) There is increasing mechanization at all levels, from the smallest to the largest farm operation
- D) Farm life in developed countries is changing rapidly with the help of technological advances
- E) Farming used to be primarily a family enterprise and to a large extent still is in most countries

62. The calcium stored in the bones and teeth is constantly being exchanged with the calcium in the blood. .... . Yet too much calcium can be a problem as well, and can lead to the calcification of joints and produce kidney stones—in 1952, one of these stones, weighing nearly seven kilos, was removed from an 80-year-old woman.

- A) A deficiency of calcium can lead to rickets, a disease primarily of childhood in which bones remain soft
- B) Because of this, pregnant women should have a balanced diet or their bones may suffer damage
- C) Copper has been known since prehistoric times and is just as important as calcium for human life
- D) Calcium is readily available in dairy products and in some vegetables, most notably, spinach
- E) The element was discovered by Sir Humphry Davy of England, the discoverer of boron, in 1808

63. Alcoholism is clearly an addiction. But there are less obvious addictions, too. Some of these affect much larger sections of the population. Take, for example, our attitude to work. .... . Instead, we seem to have created a culture where we live to work.

- A) Most people would rather not work if they were lucky enough not to have to
- B) People become addicted to cigarettes because they work much too hard
- C) We instinctively feel that work is an important part of our everyday lives
- D) Any balanced idea of good living would suggest we should work to live
- E) As employees, we generally watch the clock to see when we can go home

64. Early man must have been fairly isolated, and the amount of information passing from one group to another would have been sparse. .... . It was not until the invention of the radio in 1896 that communication on a wider scale became possible, and this was later enhanced by the arrival of the television in 1929. Nor should we forget the tremendous contribution made by the telephone, invented in 1876.

- A) There is still some controversy about exactly where the first permanent human settlements were located
- B) The amount of surviving literature is likened to future generations finding nothing but a few pages of a telephone directory
- C) Even with the development of printing and the production of books that followed, communication was limited to the educated minority
- D) A widely accepted theory holds that mankind originated in Africa
- E) People probably lived in caves for more than a million years

65. .... One of these is the yo-he-ho theory which holds that language was born from the grunts of physical exertion. Meanwhile, followers of the pooh-pooh tradition suggest that it had its origins in noises associated with fear, surprise and pain. Finally, the idea that primitive rhythmic chanting gave rise to language is proposed by the sing-song theory.

- A) Every day someone thinks up a new word, or someone uses an old word in a new way
- B) Dogs in Britain are said to speak with a bow-wow, so "bow-wow" has come to mean "dog" in Britain
- C) It is generally believed that human language came from the sounds people made during exertion
- D) We will probably never know how language began, but that doesn't stop people from having theories
- E) One of the biggest questions in linguistics is whether early people began writing or speaking first

66-70. sorularda, verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

66. You're walking home one evening and come across two people arguing on the street in front of your house. You must pass them to open the door to your building. You don't want to make them any angrier. Not wanting to get involved and needing to get into the building as quickly as possible, you politely ask:

- A) Do you mind if I just get past you to the front door of my building?
- B) Is there any chance that both of you could be at fault?
- C) Could you take that stupid argument somewhere else?
- D) How about lowering your voices so that the whole neighbourhood doesn't hear you?
- E) Do you two need someone to help you work out your differences?

67. You're working at the local newspaper and the radio is playing music too loudly for you to concentrate. It's 3.00 pm and you have a 4 o'clock deadline for your column. You've just written the same sentence four times and you want to scream. You think it's best not to blame anyone in particular for the music, but you want it turned off, so you very openly and directly make a suggestion, saying:

- A) You wouldn't mind changing the station to something more relaxing, would you?
- B) Doesn't this racket bother the rest of you, as it does me?
- C) We ought to turn the radio off so we can all concentrate better on our work.
- D) We should be more selective with our choice of music when we are so close to deadline.
- E) Could we please have a little less noise in the office for the next hour?

68. Your friend has just bought a new sweater that he really likes and asks for your opinion. However, you think it looks rather feminine and don't want him to be embarrassed when he wears it out. So, trying to soften your statement, you tell him the truth:

- A) No one can ever persuade me to wear something like that.
- B) Did you buy that in the women's department or what?
- C) Actually, it's possible that both men and women could wear it.
- D) I'm not so sure if that's the right sweater for a man.
- E) There's nothing wrong with it; it looks great on you.

69. You are standing on a bus and, when it stops, a lot of people want to get on it. The driver shouts at all of you to move to the back of the bus to make more room. You are happy to, but the person right next to you doesn't move, so you say to him:

- A) Let's give these people a chance to board the bus by making some space.
- B) Those other people can wait for a new bus if they want some space.
- C) Who does that driver think he is, shouting at us like that?
- D) Are you going to get off the bus soon and give us some more room?
- E) If these buses weren't so crowded, I wouldn't mind moving.

70. An important football match is going to be played on Saturday night and you want to go and watch it at the stadium. Unfortunately, you don't have enough money and you won't be paid until Monday. Trying to find a solution, you make a request to your boss:

- A) Are you thinking of watching the match in the stadium on Saturday night?
- B) I don't know why you always pay us after the weekend.
- C) I wish the match was on Monday night instead of on Saturday.
- D) Why don't you give me a raise so I still have money at the end of the month?
- E) Would it be possible for me to have an advance on my salary?

71-75. sorularda karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

71. Ted:

- I told my dad yesterday that I don't want to go into the family business.

William:

- .....

Ted:

- He is at the moment, but he'll get over it.

William:

- I hope so. I know he had his heart set on you following in his footsteps.

- A) Is he really upset about it?
- B) He must have gotten furious.
- C) He probably reacted to the news very badly.
- D) Did he get very angry?
- E) When did you decide that?

72. Carlos:

- .....

Marta:

- None that I know of. Why do you want to know?

Carlos:

- Oh, the Browns have invited us over for dinner and I told them I had to check with you first.

Marta:

- Tell them we'd love to come and ask if we should take anything.

- A) Is there any reason that Mrs Brown should be angry either with us or our children?
- B) Do we have any more of that wine that we bought when we went on holiday to Portugal?
- C) We haven't done anything to make any of our neighbours call the police, have we?
- D) If I went on my company's annual camping trip, would you be disturbed for any reason?
- E) Have we got any plans for the evening of Sunday the fifteenth, three weeks from now?

73. Brad:  
- What's this I hear about you not coming back to university in the autumn?

Lucy:  
- That's right. I feel that I'm too young to decide what I want to do with my life, and so I need more experience of reality.

Brad:  
- .....

Lucy:  
- Perhaps temporarily, but just to save money so that I can travel.

- A) I find university life quite real enough for me.
- B) Does that mean you are going to get a boring job somewhere?
- C) So will you be coming back to finish up your degree in a year or two?
- D) I wish I had the courage to do that. My dad would go crazy if I even suggested it.
- E) You've convinced me. I'm going to drop out, too.

75. Mildred:  
- Your garden looks gorgeous! You must spend a lot of time on it.

Gertrude:  
- .....

Mildred:  
- Oh, I wouldn't do that. I enjoy doing the work myself.

- A) No, I just pay a gardener to come in once a week.
- B) Actually, the weather has been so bad that I've hardly been able to work on it.
- C) Well, actually it takes up practically all my spare time.
- D) I don't enjoy it, but I can't bear to look at it when it's overgrown with weeds.
- E) It's what my husband and I have enjoyed doing together most since he retired.

74. Jeff:  
- Have you seen the film at the Odeon?

Peggy:  
- .....

Jeff:  
- All his films are like that, but some people think Tarentino is very deep and intellectual.

Peggy:  
- I think his films are rubbish. There is too much violence in the world already.

- A) Yes, it was awful. Nothing but violence from beginning to end.
- B) Yes, it was really good. I might go and see it again.
- C) Not yet. Would you like to go and see it together?
- D) Oh yes. I thought it was a very sensitive depiction of love. And I loved the subtle lighting.
- E) Which one? There are three separate cinemas there.

76-80. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

76. (I) Luciano Mares of New Mexico found a mouse in his home and wanted to get rid of it. (II) As he had some leaves burning outside, he threw it onto the bonfire. (III) The mouse then caught fire, but it ran back into the house. (IV) The flames from the mouse spread inside, and burned the entire house down. (V) New Mexico has recently experienced several large fires after unusually dry and windy conditions.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

**DISPATCHES**

77. (I) Kayseri is one of the most important carpet and kilim production centres in Anatolia. (II) Its Bünyan district is the most famous carpet production centre, while Yahyalı is the most famous kilim production centre. (III) The city is also famous for the nearby Karpuzbaşı Waterfall and Erciyes Mountain. (IV) The making and availability of these two kinds of items continues a centuries-old local tradition. (V) Either of them can be bought there for a rather reasonable price.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

78. (I) Cultural anthropology forms one of four commonly recognized fields of anthropology, the study of humanity. (II) Despite this, the other three fields are called linguistic anthropology, physical anthropology, and archaeology. (III) It is the branch that has developed and promoted "culture" as a meaningful term worthy of scientific study. (IV) It also investigates cultural differences among humans. (V) It rejects the old-fashioned idea that only "developed" societies are capable of having a culture.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

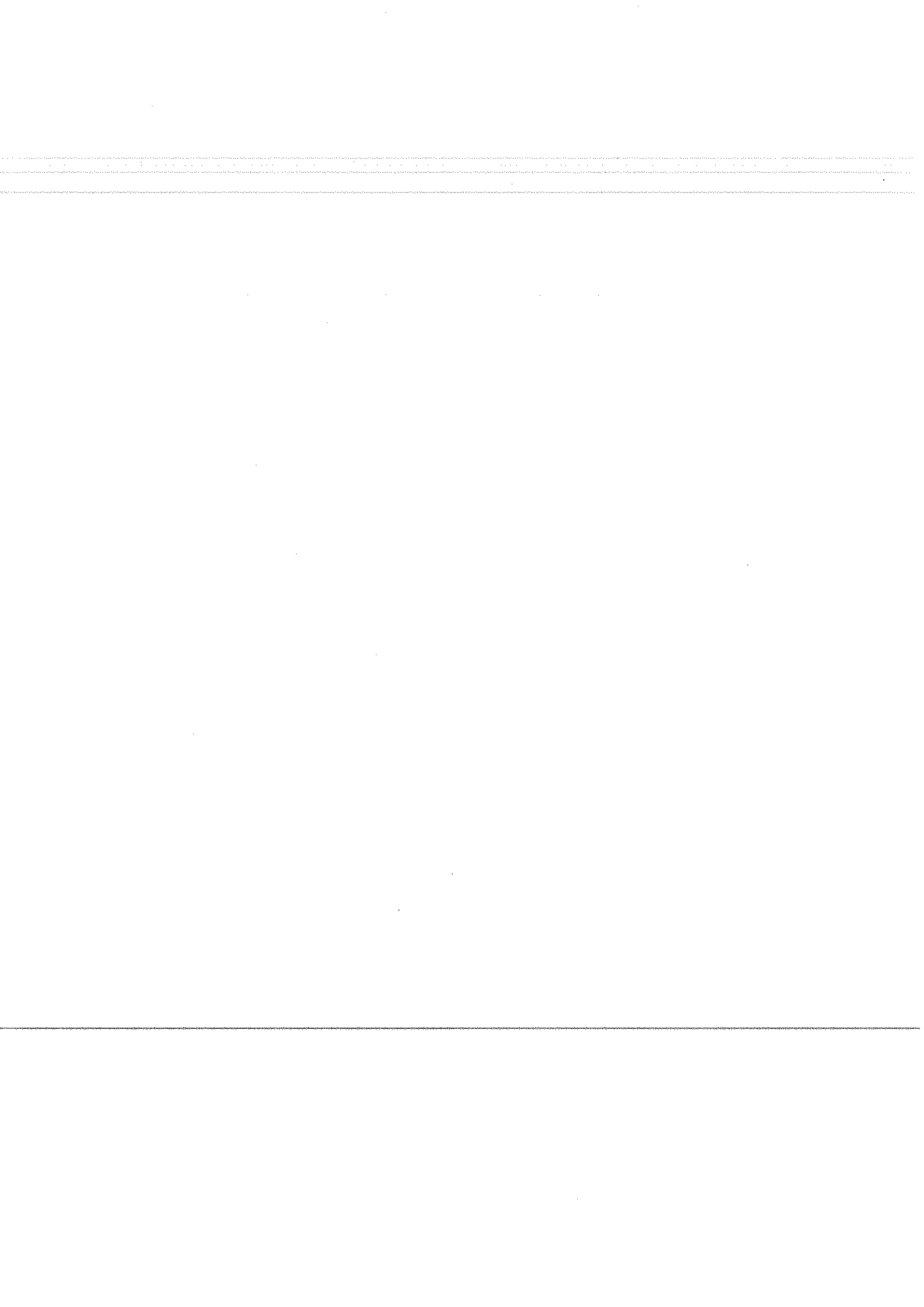
79. (I) The novelist Henry James eventually left the United States to become a citizen of a European country. (II) One of the most important themes of Henry James' novel *The Europeans* is the comparison between European and American women. (III) James stresses this through the great difference between the character Eugenia and the Wentworth ladies. (IV) The former is independent, modern, and proud. (V) Gertrude and Charlotte Wentworth, however, are less liberated, as they tend to follow their father's suggestions.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

80. (I) Irina Slutskaya started skating at the age of four, and since she was six, she has been coached by Zhanna Gromova. (II) Zhanna Gromova also coached Kristina Oblasova, another Russian figure skater, but this did not last as long. (III) In her career, Slutskaya has won a total of 40 gold medals, 21 silver medals, and 18 bronze medals. (IV) In 1996, Slutskaya became the first Russian woman to win the European title. (V) She won the title again in 1997.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

**GOOD LUCK**





# ELS / LYS - 2015

## İNGİLİZCE DENEME SINAVI (1)

1. Cevap kağıdınızda, sınav yabancı dilinizi (İNGİLİZCE) işaretlemeyi unutmayınız.
2. Bu testte 80 soru vardır. Cevaplama süreniz 120 dakikadır.

1-8. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. The animals in the Kruger National Park in South Africa live in the ....., where they roam freely away from human settlements.  
A) security B) shortage  
C) wilderness D) outlet  
E) accommodation
2. Because Joanne had only seen the thief for a second, she was unable to ..... him well to the police.  
A) grab B) deceive  
C) conceal D) follow  
E) describe
3. Although born in Russia, Vladimir Nabokov spoke English ....., and became one of the major English-language authors of the 20th century.  
A) fluently B) relatively  
C) formerly D) extremely  
E) virtually
4. Being an extremely ..... salesman, Mr. Smoothy convinced Darren to pay loads of money for just an ordinary electric shaver.  
A) self-conscious B) advisable  
C) dissatisfied D) persuasive  
E) anxious
5. If you don't deal with that ear infection, you might ..... bigger problems later.  
A) run out of  
B) come up against  
C) do away with  
D) look down on  
E) catch up on

6. Kenny ..... every mountain in his home state of Tennessee, but he ..... the entire Appalachian Trail yet.

- A) will be climbing / didn't hike  
B) will have climbed / won't be hiking  
C) had climbed / won't have hiked  
D) is climbing / hadn't hiked  
E) has climbed / hasn't hiked

7. Miranda ..... at the meeting that she ..... new responsibilities soon.

- A) was telling / has been given  
B) has told / is given  
C) has been told / had been given  
D) was told / would be given  
E) will be told / was given

8. We ..... a cancellation because of the heavy snow, but the plane ..... off according to schedule.

- A) had expected / takes  
B) were expecting / took  
C) have expected / was taking  
D) are expecting / had taken  
E) will expect / has taken

9-15. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

9. The taxi driver reminded me so much ..... my best friend from childhood that I was amazed ..... the similarities between them.

- A) from / with B) about / for  
C) to / on D) of / at  
E) for / by

10. Malaysia's favourite hot drink, *teh tarik*, is often compared ..... cappuccino and is made ..... tea and condensed milk.

- A) over / up                      B) with / by  
C) by / of                         D) of / from  
E) to / with

11. Scientists are interested in learning exactly ..... of Saturn's moon Titan is made of ice.

- A) how much                      B) whichever  
C) however                        D) everywhere  
E) how many

12. The underwater cone snail has venom that is powerful ..... to kill a human being in minutes.

- A) so                                 B) for  
C) such                              D) enough  
E) than

13. James Augustus St. John thought that the rock faces on the way to the Siwah oasis were ..... ruined fortresses.

- A) what                              B) like  
C) any                                D) as  
E) whether

14. .... I like the painting *Actaeon* by Titian, I wouldn't want a copy of it hanging on my bedroom wall.

- A) Though                         B) In spite of  
C) For fear that                 D) Seeing that  
E) Nevertheless

15. Thomas Carew greatly admired the poetry of John Donne, who wrote in a style similar to .....

- A) his own                         B) itself  
C) whatever                       D) how else  
E) themselves

16-20. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

The main site of Munich's Deutsches Museum is on a small island in the Isar river. The island had (16) ..... buildings (17) ..... a military barracks was built there in 1772. In 1903, the Munich city council gave the island to the Deutsches Museum, and Ludwig—the prince of Bavaria—agreed (18) ..... as its patron. Items from Munich, Germany, and abroad were put on display. (19) ....., the collections of the Bavarian Academy were housed at the Deutsches Museum, as they didn't have any (20) ..... space of their own.

16.

- A) each                              B) no  
C) none                              D) any  
E) neither

17.

- A) once                              B) during  
C) by the time                    D) just as  
E) until

18.

- A) to have acted                 B) acting  
C) to act                            D) to be acted  
E) being acted

19.

- A) Despite                         B) So that  
C) In addition                    D) Because of  
E) Unless

20.

- A) depiction                        B) cavity  
C) section                         D) exhibition  
E) rehearsal

21-28. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

21. .... if it is left untreated.

- A) The world is likely to face new health hazards
- B) Rabies is almost always fatal
- C) You should have taken your pills regularly
- D) The fire could have been much worse
- E) New medicines are always being created

22. Tourism dominates the economy of San Marino, .....

- A) that is one of the smallest places in the world
- B) though the country's full name is the Most Serene Republic of San Marino
- C) which plays host to millions of visitors every year
- D) when it joined the United Nations in 1992
- E) since Italy secured the country's independence by means of a treaty

23. Although the cities here are modernizing at a fast pace, .....

- A) girls are now educated just as much as boys
- B) such rapid change is also creating many problems
- C) the bureaucracy has functioned very efficiently
- D) development had been funded largely by taxes
- E) we recently bought a very nice apartment

24. When the British started to colonize Australia in 1788, .....

- A) many new towns and cities have been established
- B) Australian Aboriginal culture is highly complex
- C) the continent was attached to Antarctica in prehistoric times
- D) little was known about the land by the colonists
- E) and it is now a member of the Commonwealth of Nations

25. The only reason I really wanted to buy a house was .....

- A) as my cousin always lends me the money I need
- B) in that my financial situation is quite poor
- C) because that is why I refused to do so
- D) so that I could get away from my parents
- E) before I finally graduated from university

26. ...., for they'd all sold out several days before.

- A) The moment the gates of the concert hall were opened
- B) The David Copperfield show was outstanding
- C) We needn't really go out anywhere special for New Year's
- D) That was the worst film I'd seen in a long time
- E) We couldn't find any tickets for the concert

27. In my opinion, you'll have to find another solution to the problem, .....

- A) as this one doesn't seem to be working very well
- B) before it was too late to do anything
- C) than the one offered by the chairperson of the meeting
- D) and then, the new product would have sold better
- E) whereas they considered these ones quite dull

28. .... as important as the ones they made in the past.

- A) The *Harry Potter* series has been a favourite of readers for years
- B) Since I started living in this town, my life has become
- C) With adequate funding, physicists can continue to make discoveries
- D) Creativity in advertising is not an easy task
- E) You can be certain that I will respect your final decision

29-34. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

29. The water in the Dead Sea, situated between Israel and Jordan, is about nine times saltier than that of the ocean.

- A) Okyanuslara oranla dokuz kat daha tuzlu olduğu bilinen Ölü Deniz, İsrail ile Ürdün arasında yer alır.
- B) Okyanuslardan yaklaşık dokuz kat daha fazla tuz içeren Ölü Deniz, İsrail ve Ürdün arasında sınırdır.
- C) İsrail ve Ürdün arasındaki Ölü Deniz, normalden dokuz kat daha tuzlu su içerdiği için, okyanuslardan bile daha tuzludur.
- D) İsrail ve Ürdün arasında bulunan Ölü Deniz'in suyu, okyanus suyundan dokuz kat kadar daha tuzludur.
- E) Ölü Deniz İsrail ile Ürdün arasındadır ve suyundaki tuz oranı, okyanuslarda olduğundan tam dokuz kat daha fazladır.

30. The countryside in Mongolia sustains the last remaining Asian ecosystems not scarred by industrialization or intensive agriculture.

- A) Moğolistan'daki kırsal alan, Asya'da endüstrileşme ya da yoğun tarımdan zarar görmemiş son ekosistemleri ayakta tutmaktadır.
- B) Moğolistan'ın endüstrileşme ya da yoğun tarımdan etkilenmemiş olan kırsal alanı, Asya'nın henüz bozulmamış tek ekosistemini barındırır.
- C) Elde kalan son bozulmamış ekosistemleri barındıran Moğolistan'ın kırsal alanı, Asya'daki endüstrileşme ve yoğun tarımdan etkilenmemiştir.
- D) Asya'da endüstrileşme ve yoğun tarımdan uzak, elde kalan son ekosistemlerin görülebildiği yerler sadece Moğolistan'ın kırsal kesimleridir.
- E) Moğolistan kırsalında endüstrileşme ve tarımın yoğun olarak gerçekleşmemesi nedeniyle, burada bulunan ekosistemler Asya'nın bozulmadan kalan değerleridir.

31. A year on Mars is nearly twice as long as an Earth year, as the planet takes 687 days to go around the Sun.

- A) Güneş'in etrafını 687 günde dolaşan Mars, bir Dünya yılının iki katı uzunlukta bir yıla sahiptir.
- B) Mars'ın Güneş'in etrafında bir kez dönüşü 687 gün sürdüğü için, bir Dünya yılı bir Mars yılının neredeyse yarısı kadardır.
- C) Bir Dünya yılının bir Mars yılının neredeyse yarısı uzunlukta olmasının nedeni, bu gezegenin Güneş'in çevresini 687 günde dolaşmasıdır.
- D) Mars'ın Güneş'in çevresini dolaşması 687 gün sürdüğü için, bir Mars yılı bir Dünya yılının iki katı olarak kabul edilir.
- E) Bir Mars yılı, bir Dünya yılının neredeyse iki katı uzunluktadır, çünkü bu gezegenin Güneş'in çevresini dolaşması 687 gün sürer.

32. Having been on stage for more than forty years now, *The Fantasticks*, written by Tom Jones and Harvey Schmidt, has the title of the longest-running musical in the world.

- A) Dünyanın en uzun süre sahnelenen müzikali, Tom Jones ve Harvey Schmidt'in yazdığı ve kırk yıl süreyle aralıksız olarak oynanmış olan *Fantastikler*'dir.
- B) Dünyanın en uzun süre sahnelenmiş müzikali olma ünvanına sahip *Fantastikler*, kırk yıl önce Tom Jones ve Harvey Schmidt tarafından yazılmıştır.
- C) Yaklaşık kırk yıldan beri sahneye konulan, dünyanın en uzun süre sergilenmiş müzikali *Fantastikler*, Tom Jones ve Harvey Schmidt'in bir eseridir.
- D) Tom Jones ve Harvey Schmidt'in yazdığı *Fantastikler*, kırk yıldan beri sahnelenen ve böylece dünyanın en uzun soluklu oyunu olma ünvanını kazanan bir müzikaldir.
- E) Tom Jones ve Harvey Schmidt tarafından yazılan *Fantastikler*, kırk yıldan fazla bir süredir sahnelenmekte olduğu için, dünyanın en uzun süren müzikali ünvanına sahiptir.

33. A good biography gives us more than just a list of facts about a prominent personality, as we also learn about the emotions of this person in different circumstances.

- A) İyi bir biyografi bize önemli bir şahsiyetle ilgili sadece bir gerçekler dizini vermekle kalmaz, bu kişinin çeşitli durumlar karşısında duygularını da açıklar.
- B) İyi bir biyografi okuyunca, önemli bir şahsiyetle ilgili bir gerçekler dizininin yanı sıra, bu kişinin çeşitli durumlar karşısında duygularını da öğreniriz.
- C) Önemli bir şahsiyetle ilgili bir biyografi bize bir gerçekler dizini verirken, bu kişinin çeşitli durumlarda duygularını iyi bir şekilde öğrenmemizi de sağlar.
- D) İyi bir biyografi bize önemli bir şahsiyetle ilgili bir gerçekler dizininden daha fazlasını verir, çünkü bu kişinin çeşitli durumlarda duygularını da öğreniriz.
- E) Önemli bir şahsiyetle ilgili bize bir gerçekler dizininden daha fazlasını veren, bu kişinin çeşitli durumlarda duygularını da içeren iyi bir biyografidir.

34. Smuggling is a serious concern in the developing world, where authorities fail to find adequate funding to enforce controls.

- A) Kaçakçılık, mali kaynakların yetersizliği nedeniyle yeterince kontrollerin yapılamadığı gelişmekte olan ülkelerde ciddi boyutlara ulaşmıştır.
- B) Kaçakçılık, yetkililerin kontrolleri uygulamak için yeterli mali kaynak bulamadıkları gelişmekte olan ülkelerde ciddi bir sorundur.
- C) Kaçakçılığın gelişmekte olan ülkelerde büyük bir sorun olmasının nedeni, yetkililerin bu konuda yeterli mali kaynak bulamamalarıdır.
- D) Birtakım kontrolleri uygulamaya koymakta yetkililerin mali sorunlar yaşadığı gelişmekte olan ülkeler, kaçakçılık konusunda ciddi sorunlar yaşamaktadır.
- E) Yetkililerin gerekli kontrolleri yerine getirmekte yetersiz kaldığı gelişmekte olan ülkelerde, kaçakçılık mali kaynak bulabilmenin bir yolu haline gelmiştir.

35-37. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Yugoslav literature is written in the Serbo-Croatian, Slovenian, and Macedonian languages. The Serbian and Croatian literary languages are effectively the same. However, the Serbs use the Cyrillic alphabet while the Croats use the Roman. The Slovenian language also uses the Roman alphabet, but is thought to be closer to Slovak than to Serbo-Croatian. Although the Macedonian language uses the Cyrillic alphabet, it is more closely related to the Bulgarian language. In the Middle Ages, Turks, and later Austrians, helped to develop a rich, large body of orally transmitted folk poetry. In the 16th-century, in the trading city that is now Dubrovnik, a surprising growth of learning and literature reflected the Italian Renaissance. It spread by way of commercial contacts and Slavic youths who had been educated in Italy.

35. We can learn from the passage that, in literature, the Serbs and the Croats .....

- A) are more productive than the Macedonians or Slovenians
- B) have no difficulty in reading and understanding each other's work
- C) use a different language than the one they use in everyday life
- D) use basically the same language written in different alphabets
- E) are affected most by the traditions of other cultures

36. It is implied in the passage that, during the medieval period in the area, ... .

- A) the common people were mostly illiterate
- B) people enjoyed telling stories more than they did reading them
- C) the development of folk poetry was helped by foreign influence
- D) both Turks and Austrians imposed their own traditions on the local people
- E) there was a great deal of money spent on the arts

37. In the Renaissance, the literature and education of the city now known as Dubrovnik .....

- A) were harmed by the sea trade taking place at the time
- B) showed a strong influence from the changes occurring in Italy in that period
- C) were not very advanced due to the lack of schools in the city
- D) were nearly destroyed by the campaigns of the Italians
- E) were limited due to the number of young people going to Europe for education

**38-40. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

Emily Dickinson was born in Amherst, Massachusetts, in 1830. She attended Mount Holyoke Female Seminary in South Hadley, but returned home after only one year. Throughout her life, she seldom left her family home and visitors were scarce. The people with whom she did come in contact, however, had an enormous impact on her thoughts and poetry. Until the 1860s, Dickinson lived in almost total physical isolation from the outside world, but actively maintained many correspondences, and read widely. Dickinson's poetry reflects her loneliness, but her poems are also marked by the personal recollection of inspirational moments which are decidedly life-giving and suggest the possibility of happiness.

**38. It is suggested in the passage that Emily Dickinson .....**

- A) was uncomfortable with face-to-face relationships
- B) was not inspired to write poetry unless she was surrounded by friends
- C) never left her home until the 1860s
- D) enjoyed being around a lot of people
- E) received the best education possible at the time

**39. We understand from the passage that, although Emily Dickinson hardly ever went anywhere, .....**

- A) she felt very happy whenever she did
- B) she never actually felt lonely
- C) she used to enjoy being visited by many of her acquaintances
- D) she exchanged letters with a large number of people
- E) this fact is not reflected in her poetry

**40. The passage is mainly concerned with .....**

- A) the poetry of Emily Dickinson from a feminist perspective
- B) the people who influenced the poetry of Emily Dickinson
- C) the influence of Emily Dickinson's lifestyle on her poetry
- D) the influence of Amherst society on Emily Dickinson
- E) Emily Dickinson's friends and family

**41-43. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

I've never been able to see. I was born with Leber's disease, which means that my optic nerve didn't connect properly. It's hard for me to describe the experience of being blind to someone. I guess it would be like trying to describe to me what it's like to see. When I was about 6 or 7, my sisters were at the computer all day, obsessed with Nintendo's *Super Mario Brothers*. I wanted to play one day, just to try it out, so my sisters were telling me when to jump. Basically, I just timed the jumps to avoid the enemies and obstacles. I couldn't play that often because whenever my character would die, my sisters would take over and play for the rest of the day. Still, it only took me a few days before I learned the first level and could beat it.

**41. It is obvious from the passage that the author .....**

- A) is bitter about his blindness
- B) has been blind since birth
- C) has never managed to define blindness
- D) finds his life severely limited by his blindness
- E) is often teased by his sisters about his blindness

**42. We understand from the passage that the author .....**

- A) was never able to join in the activities of other children
- B) was unable to learn to play a computer game because of his blindness
- C) is anxious to learn what it is like to see
- D) learned how to play a computer game despite being blind
- E) had a big fight with his sisters when he was about 6 or 7 years old

**43. It is clear from the passage that the author's sisters .....**

- A) encouraged him in every way they could
- B) would not let him try to play their computer game
- C) were sometimes selfish with their computer games
- D) could not beat him at *Super Mario Brothers*
- E) were jealous of his ability to play *Super Mario Brothers*

44-46. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

David Helfgott is an Australian pianist who is as well known for having schizoaffective disorder as for his piano playing. At six, David became known as a genius for his piano playing. At ten, he won several local competitions. Shortly afterwards, the Australian musical community raised money to send him to the United States to study music. However, his father denied him permission, claiming David was not ready for independence. At 19, he won a scholarship to study at the Royal College of Music in London. During his time there, definite signs of mental illness arose. He returned to Australia in 1970 and, while there, married his first wife, Clara. After his marriage broke down, David was hospitalized in a psychiatric facility and was treated there for almost the whole of the next decade. David remarried in 1984 and continued a successful playing career throughout the 1980s and 1990s.

44. We learn from the passage that David Helfgott .....

- A) was not accepted as a genius until he had won a piano competition
- B) entered a few piano competitions even before the age of six
- C) was unable to complete his training at the Royal College of Music
- D) accepted assistance from the Australian musical community
- E) spent about ten years in a psychiatric hospital

45. According to the passage, David's father refused to allow him to study in America because he .....

- A) felt that David was not mature enough to take care of himself
- B) did not think that David's playing was good enough
- C) was too proud to accept money from anyone
- D) did not want his son to travel so far from home
- E) did not believe that it would be good for David's piano playing

46. It is clear from the passage that David .....

- A) acquired his mental illness from spending too much time playing the piano
- B) had a nervous breakdown during his marriage to Clara
- C) has never stopped playing the piano from the time he was a child
- D) went on playing the piano in the late 20th century
- E) returned to Australia from England in order to get married



47-49. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

In the early days of the 20th century, not a single human lived on Lethe. The Native Americans were long dead, having given in to smallpox, bullets, and other European-borne diseases. As for the English and the old French trappers, they didn't care at all about the dot of green on the horizon. Yes, families sometimes took boats over from Carrabelle for day-long picnics, and it wasn't unheard of for a fisherman to spend a week—two at the most—camping on the beach and fishing from the shore. But, by most people's standards, it was simply too remote to bother with. Getting to Carrabelle in those days was difficult enough, never mind having to then sail across a bay that was infamous for its sudden storms. So, despite Lethe's beauty, which was not in dispute, it remained uninhabited.

47. It is implied in the passage that, long before the 1900s, Lethe .....

- A) had a larger population than Carrabelle
- B) was not as difficult to get to
- C) was not thought to be worth seeing
- D) used to be inhabited by Native Americans
- E) was too harsh for people to live on

48. It is clear from the passage that Lethe .....

- A) is an island not very easy to get to
- B) can be seen clearly from Carrabelle
- C) was a good place for trappers to work
- D) is one day's journey from Carrabelle
- E) is a tiny island off the coast of Carrabelle

49. The passage tells us that, around the beginning of the 20th century, people .....

- A) had no idea of the existence of Lethe
- B) were widely engaged in fishing
- C) used to pay occasional visits to Lethe
- D) did not have any means to get to Lethe
- E) died of smallpox more than other diseases

50-55. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

50. Matruşka bebeklerinin en büyüğü, içine giderek küçülen 72 bebek alabilen bir metrelik bir matruşkadır.

- A) The highest number of smaller dolls that a *matryoshka* doll can fit inside it is 72, if the *matryoshka* is one metre in height.
- B) Some of the bigger *matryoshka* dolls are one metre in height and hold 72 increasingly smaller dolls inside.
- C) The biggest *matryoshka* doll is a one-metre one which fits 72 successively smaller dolls inside it.
- D) At one metre, *matryoshka* dolls are so big that they can fit 72 successively smaller dolls inside of them.
- E) *Matryoshka* dolls are known as the biggest of all dolls, being one metre high and capable of fitting 72 smaller dolls inside.

51. Kazuo Ishiguro'nun ödüllü romanı *Günden Kalanlar*'ın sonu, okuyucunun yorumuna bağlı olarak, ya olumlu ya da olumsuz şekilde algılanabilir.

- A) The reader can view Kazuo Ishiguro's award-winning novel *The Remains of the Day* in different ways, and its ending, especially, may be interpreted as either positive or negative.
- B) The ending of Kazuo Ishiguro's award-winning novel *The Remains of the Day* can be perceived as either positive or negative, depending on the interpretation of the reader.
- C) Kazuo Ishiguro's *The Remains of the Day*, whose ending differs according to whether the reader is a positive or negative person, has won an award.
- D) It is possible to perceive Kazuo Ishiguro's award-winning novel *The Remains of the Day* as having a positive ending, but many readers view it as being negative.
- E) *The Remains of the Day*, an award-winning novel by Kazuo Ishiguro, can affect the reader positively or negatively, depending on how he or she interprets the ending.

52. Yaşanmışlık duygusunu en çok harekete geçiren görme duygusu değil, koku alma duygusudur.

- A) Sight is a sense which has nothing to do with déjà vu, while smell has very much to do with it.
- B) Seeing something is not able to evoke déjà vu as well as smelling something is.
- C) It is not the sense of sight, but rather the sense of smell, that evokes déjà vu the most.
- D) The sense of smell, unlike the sense of sight, can be very effective in evoking déjà vu.
- E) Déjà vu is evoked much less often by the sense of sight than it is by the sense of smell.

53. Şempanzelerin neredeyse % 50'si sağ elini kullanır, oysa bu oran insanlar arasında % 90'ın üzerindedir.

- A) While the proportion of right-handers among chimpanzees is about 50%, this figure reaches almost 90% among humans.
- B) For humans, the proportion of right-handers is nearly 90%, but for chimpanzees this is only 50%.
- C) Although 50% of chimpanzees are considered right-handed, almost 90% of humans are.
- D) Almost 50% of chimpanzees are right-handed, whereas this proportion is over 90% among humans.
- E) Right-handed chimpanzees account for 50% of the total population, but the same figure for humans is closer to 90%.

54. Başkaları için de yazıp yönetmesine rağmen Larry Cohen en çok kendi düşük bütçeli ama yaratıcı korku ve gerilim filmleriyle tanınır.

- A) Larry Cohen writes and produces for others, but it is his own low-budget but inventive horror films and thrillers that have made him famous.
- B) Besides the films he writes and produces for others, Larry Cohen is also known for his own horror films and thrillers, which are low-budget but inventive.
- C) The horror films and thrillers of Larry Cohen, who also writes and produces for others, are all low-budget but very inventive.
- D) Although Larry Cohen writes and produces for others, he is best known for his own low-budget but inventive horror films and thrillers.
- E) In spite of being low-budget, Larry Cohen's horror films and thrillers are more inventive than the ones he writes and produces for others.

55. Fare beyninin detaylı bir genetik haritasını çıkaran bilim insanları, bunun, beyin nasıl çalıştığı ile ilgili yeni buluşlara esin kaynağı olacağını düşünmektedir.

- A) It is hoped that the genetic map of the mouse brain will help scientists to do research on how the brain works, as well as reaching further results.
- B) Scientists have completed a detailed genetic map of the mouse brain and gone on to find new things about how the brain works.
- C) A detailed genetic map of the mouse brain, as is thought by scientists, will lead the way to new findings about the functions of the brain.
- D) Scientists have explained that, in order to find new things on how the brain works, a detailed genetic map of the mouse is necessary.
- E) The scientists who have produced a detailed genetic map of the mouse brain think that this will inspire new findings on how the brain works.

56-60. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın olan seçeneği bulunuz.

56. There is no possibility that the building's alarm wasn't switched on when I left the building last night.

- A) The chance that the building's alarm wasn't working last night when I left the building is very low.
- B) Perhaps the alarm was operating when I stepped out of the building last night, but I'm not sure.
- C) It is out of the question that, at the time I left the building, its alarm was turned off.
- D) I know that I turned the alarm on before I left the building last night.
- E) It is impossible that the building's alarm was on last night while I was leaving the building.

57. The journey home didn't seem to us to take nearly as long as the journey out.

- A) The trip home seemed to be far longer than it had when we first left.
- B) Our return journey felt as if it passed much more quickly than the journey away from home.
- C) The return part of the trip apparently took slightly less time than the trip out had.
- D) We chose to return home by means of a considerably shorter route than the one we had left on.
- E) The journey away from home and the journey back took us roughly the same amount of time.

58. Seldom has the governor been so aggressively questioned by journalists.

- A) Some of the journalists were very aggressive when asking the governor their questions.
- B) The governor became unusually violent when he was interviewed by journalists.

- C) It's odd that the journalists are interviewing the governor so directly.
- D) Journalists have only asked such sharp questions to the governor a few times before.
- E) The most offensive questions the governor has ever had to answer were asked by journalists today.

59. On account of the extensive damage that had been caused in the fire, the building had to be demolished.

- A) Though the fire had caused it fairly little damage, the building had to be torn down anyway.
- B) The building was badly damaged in the fire, which left it in need of a great deal of repair.
- C) The fire was such a destructive one that it caused the building to collapse.
- D) When the fire was put out, it became obvious that the building was too badly damaged to be repaired.
- E) There was no choice but to pull down the building, because it had been very badly damaged in the fire.

60. Unlike their later descendants in Iran, the original Persians were a nomadic people.

- A) The Persians initially practised a nomadic culture in Iran, but their descendants disliked it.
- B) The Persians had to abandon their nomadic culture in Iran, where their descendants eventually settled.
- C) The people in Iran who are descended from the original Persians do not like the fact that their ancestors were nomads.
- D) The first Persian nomads migrated to a place where they decided to settle and which they named Iran.
- E) The earliest Persians were not a settled people, whereas their descendants in Iran were.

61-65. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

61. In 1824, the Salon de Paris exhibited some works of John Constable. The rural scenes influenced some of the younger artists of the time. .... . From this initial movement away from formalism and towards realism, the Barbizon school of painters emerged.

- A) In Britain, though, Constable struggled to sell his paintings
- B) J.M.W. Turner was another great British artist of the time
- C) One of the paintings on display was the still-famous *The Hay Wain*
- D) His paintings are now among the most popular and valuable in British art
- E) They were moved by them and began to draw inspiration directly from nature

62. The Nederlands Dans Theater (NDT) is a contemporary dance company set up in 1959. Rather than focus on ballet, it explores new forms of dance, using new ideas and experimentation. .... . The first of these, NDT I, is the primary group, while NDT II is a group under the age of 21. As for the third group, NDT III, it is composed of a small group of dancers aged 40 and older.

- A) There are actually three companies housed within the theater
- B) Its dancers all have solo qualities and are not divided into categories
- C) That is precisely why it broke away from the Dutch National Ballet
- D) It was founded by a team of three artists and choreographers
- E) Here, technique is used merely as a tool to strengthen the body

63. As a virus can only produce a copy of itself by infecting a host cell, it follows that it cannot reproduce on its own.

Because of this, there has been much debate as to whether viruses are actually living organisms. .... . Unlike them, however, a small minority insist that the opposite is true, even though this would mean that the definition of life must be changed.

- A) They are known to cause several serious human diseases
- B) All living organisms have complex organization and genetic information
- C) But the United States Code has no doubts about this matter
- D) Most experts in the field consider them to be non-living
- E) They lack a cell structure, which all other living organisms have

64. Émile Bernard was a Post-Impressionist painter who was important in the founding of a new style of painting called cloisonnism. .... . That honour goes, instead, to Paul Gauguin's *Yellow Christ*, painted in Brittany in 1889.

- A) But Bernard is less well-known than most of his contemporaries
- B) He joined a group of painters that included the great Odilon Redon
- C) He toured Brittany, where he was moved by the landscape and tradition
- D) Until he was thrown out, he had been educated at the École des Beaux-Arts
- E) The most famous cloisonnist work is not Bernard's, though

65. It is a commonly held belief that short men are more aggressive than taller ones. .... Its results, surprisingly or unsurprisingly, seem to indicate that the opposite is, in fact, the case.

- A) A scientific study was recently done to see if this is actually true
- B) This even gained some respectability thanks to Austrian psychologist Alfred Adler
- C) This rests on the idea that they feel the need to make up for their height
- D) The phenomenon has, somewhat wrongly, been called "the Napoleon complex"
- E) People who hold this view are more likely to see the results that they want

66-70. sorularda, verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

66. You've just walked out of the cinema and notice that your friend, who watched the film with you, is crying. You aren't even sad. In fact, you think she's being too sentimental. You want her to stop crying because others are watching and she's embarrassing you, so you turn to her and say in a direct manner:

- A) I think releasing emotions is a good thing.
- B) Pull yourself together; everybody's looking at us.
- C) Let's take a deep breath, relax, and let it all out.
- D) How about going for a herbal tea to calm down?
- E) Here, I've got some tissues you can use.

67. You're at an office party. Some time during the day today, someone left an expensive gift on your desk. You'd like to thank the person, but you have no idea who he or she is. You're sure that your colleague knows his or her identity. So, without being too direct, you ask your colleague:

- A) How on earth will I find a way to repay him or her?
- B) What can I do for you to make you tell me his or her name?
- C) Are you the mystery person who left this fabulous gift on my desk?
- D) Is your unknown admirer as generous as mine is?
- E) Did you notice anyone near my desk today while I was out?

68. You're on the train to Leeds and you can see the ticket collector coming towards you. You search for your ticket, but can't find it anywhere. You bought one the other day, but must have misplaced it. When the ticket collector reaches you, he asks for your ticket. Wanting to alert him to your problem, you politely request:

- A) What's the fine if I get caught without a ticket?
- B) You'd better just forget about me for now and move on.
- C) Have you checked everyone else in this compartment?
- D) Could you just give me a minute, as I seem to have lost my ticket?
- E) How annoying—I know I bought one the other day.

69. You've ordered a pizza for dinner. Because you're allergic to peppers, you were careful to explain to the restaurant that you didn't want any peppers on your pizza. When the delivery man arrives at your house, you check to make sure your order is correct. However, you see the pizza is covered in peppers. You turn to the delivery man and firmly say to him:

- A) What a shame; I'm allergic to peppers.
- B) It's not important; I'll just get violently ill.
- C) You'd better take that back; I'm not eating it.
- D) Don't worry; everyone makes mistakes.
- E) Would you like to have some of these peppers?

70. You're walking down the street on your way home when you see an elderly woman having difficulty carrying her grocery bags. You recognize her from your apartment building and would like to help her. You walk up to her and kindly offer:

- A) Let me carry those heavy bags for you.
- B) Shall I come round for a coffee when you get back?
- C) You aren't very strong, are you?
- D) Could you help me with the door when we get back?
- E) You should ring your son and ask for help.

71-75. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

71. Orhan:  
- Where did you get that mug with a picture of Nasreddin Hoca on it?

Julia:  
- I picked it up in Akşehir.

Orhan:  
- .....

Julia:  
- Yes—it's in the middle of a large graveyard.

- A) You don't believe he actually lived there, do you?
- B) Did you do much sightseeing there?
- C) Have you heard the story about him and a coffin?
- D) Isn't that the town where he's buried?
- E) Did you visit his tomb while you were there?

72. Martin:  
- When do you think you'll have finished printing my thesis?

John:  
- Maybe by tomorrow evening.

Martin:  
- .....

John:  
- I'll try to, but we're very busy at the moment.

- A) Can't you get it done any earlier?
- B) Have I already told you how many copies of it I need?
- C) Are you working tomorrow, too?
- D) Will you give me my money back if it's not finished by then?
- E) Do you know that other places do it faster?

73. Isaac:  
- Have you read any of the poems of Sigmund Bassoon?

Robert:  
- .....

Isaac:  
- He was one of the most famous poets of the First World War.

Robert:  
- No—I think you've confused his name with somebody else's.

- A) What did you say his name was?
- B) I know absolutely nothing about poetry.
- C) I don't think so—what was his most famous poem?
- D) I've never even heard of him.
- E) Do you mean Siegfried Sassoon?

74. Henry:  
- Are you expecting any visitors?

Bronwyn:  
- No, why?

Henry:  
- .....

Bronwyn:  
- That was probably the neighbours'.

- A) I thought I just heard your doorbell ring.
- B) There are two people standing outside your door.
- C) No reason, really—I was just curious.
- D) The couple from next door sometimes comes over.
- E) We should invite some people over, then.

75. Michelle:  
- Did you leave the tap on in the bathroom?

Sally:  
- Yes, I'm running a nice warm bath for myself.

Michelle:  
- .....

Sally:  
- Oh no! I didn't bother to check first!

- A) Don't you think it's probably full by now?
- B) Didn't you take a bath just this morning?
- C) When did we last clean the bathtub?
- D) Are you aware that the heater isn't turned on?
- E) Could you make sure that it hasn't overflowed?

76-80. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

76. (I) A former Canadian defence minister is concerned about global warming. (II) He is convinced that governments already have the technology to deal with the problem. (III) Some are optimistic about the situation, while others are pessimistic. (IV) He believes, however, that they are hiding it from the public. (V) He claims that the technology was attained from an alien spacecraft that had crashed on Earth.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

77. (I) The *lari* is the currency of Georgia. (II) It is divided into 100 *tetri*. (III) It was introduced in 1995 to replace the former monetary system, which had been badly affected by inflation. (IV) The change was a success, as prices have remained fairly stable ever since. (V) Nonetheless, the banknotes in use range from 1 to 500 *lari*.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

79. (I) The emperor Qin Shi Huang was buried near the ancient Chinese capital of Xi'an. (II) Alongside him were placed thousands of soldiers made of baked clay. (III) Qin Shi Huang was the man who first united the various Chinese kingdoms under a single rule. (IV) Pablo Wendel recently jumped into the pit where they are now displayed. (V) By remaining completely still there, he escaped detection for several minutes.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

78. (I) Mike Tyson is probably best-known for his boxing career. (II) Mumbai-based producer Firoz Nadiadwala wants to change that. (III) Now, though, he wants to earn a name acting in Bollywood movies. (IV) He has already been approached with an offer to be in one. (V) He has some experience in the Indian music video scene, which should help him.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

80. (I) Many of the ingredients in Spanish food were introduced to the country through war. (II) The Roman invasion, for instance, brought the olive. (III) When North African Muslims took over the peninsula, they brought citrus fruits, almonds, and spices. (IV) Battles occurred over the seas, where fishermen had long caught squid, fish, shrimp, and mussels. (V) The conquerors of the Americas returned to Spain with many new items of food, too.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

GOOD LUCK



# ELS / LYS - 2015

## İNGİLİZCE DENEME SINAVI (3)

1. Cevap kağıdınızda, sınav yabancı dilinizi (İNGİLİZCE) işaretlemeyi unutmayınız.
2. Bu testte 80 soru vardır. Cevaplama süreniz 120 dakikadır.

1-8. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. The reception on Irene's mobile phone was so bad that she could only ..... hear what Mel was saying.  
A) readily B) mutually  
C) persistently D) hopelessly  
E) vaguely
2. The colour of my jeans has started to ....., as I have washed them too many times.  
A) place B) arrive  
C) abandon D) fade  
E) collapse
3. *Ulysses* is one of the most important 20th-century books, as it has had an enormous ..... on modern literature.  
A) reminder B) impact  
C) degree D) prospect  
E) object
4. There are no forms of medication that can treat the disease Quentin has, as it is .....  
A) extinct B) affluent  
C) incurable D) uneventful  
E) transitory
5. Owing to the greasy marks on this table, I have been ..... eating anything in this restaurant.  
A) thrown up B) put off  
C) turned down D) done over  
E) fallen for

6. Monica ..... magic tricks for the audience when we ..... out onto the stage.

- A) has been performing / walked  
B) performed / will have walked  
C) will perform / will walk  
D) was performing / have walked  
E) will be performing / walk

7. Sharon made Juan ..... up the glass, even though it was one of his colleagues who ..... the jar.

- A) clean / had broken  
B) to be cleaned / has broken  
C) to clean / broke  
D) being cleaned / was breaking  
E) cleaning / would break

8. Once the match was over, Raymond wished that, during it, he ..... the ball more often to his teammates.

- A) was passing B) had passed  
C) has passed D) passed  
E) would pass

9-15. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

9. .... a new manager to take care ..... it, the old music shop is certain to close.

- A) For / with B) From / to  
C) Without / of D) Upon / for  
E) By / on

10. We were provided ..... the theatre ..... a free programme containing details about the play.

- A) on / by
- B) at / with
- C) in / of
- D) to / for
- E) with / to

11. It certainly seems as though ..... you exercise, ..... you feel.

- A) most / of
- B) much more / than
- C) as / as
- D) the more / the better
- E) less / than

12. The World Day Against Child Labour raises awareness of child labourers, ..... are poor and have no chance for a formal education.

- A) some of which
- B) some of whose
- C) all of which
- D) none of whom
- E) most of whom

13. As there is ..... oxygen in Mars' thin atmosphere, it wouldn't be possible at the moment for humans to live there.

- A) nearly all
- B) almost never
- C) very few
- D) hardly any
- E) the whole

14. .... where you live, there are things you can do to help your community.

- A) Much as
- B) No matter
- C) However
- D) Because
- E) Supposing that

15. The little puppy starts barking ..... someone goes by the garden gate.

- A) whatever
- B) whichever
- C) whoever
- D) whenever
- E) whomever

16-20. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

The island of Jersey is (16) ..... a proper part of Britain, ..... is it entirely independent from it. This is because it is ruled by the British queen, but it is not (17) ..... the control of the British parliament. It is thus able to make laws of (18) ..... . These include tax laws, and since taxes on the island are very low, Jersey attracts wealthy newcomers who want to hold onto (19) ..... of the money that they (20) ..... already ..... elsewhere as they can.

16.

- A) whether / or
- B) neither / nor
- C) not only / but
- D) either / or
- E) the more / the less

17.

- A) from
- B) by
- C) of
- D) down
- E) under

18.

- A) its own
- B) their
- C) itself
- D) themselves
- E) its

19.

- A) even more
- B) a lot of
- C) as much
- D) the most
- E) enough

20.

- A) are...earned
- B) had...earned
- C) will...earn
- D) have...earned
- E) were...earning

21-28. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

21. The moment Phoebe opened her eyes, she ..... that had fallen down the mountain in the avalanche.

- A) noticed something had happened to her
- B) will have tried hard to recall the unexpected reason
- C) could see that she had been covered by the snow
- D) has been unable to spot her climbing companion
- E) also suddenly remembered the horrible fact

22. Out of the many excuses for lateness that I have heard, ..... .

- A) gradually I'm getting angrier with your laziness
- B) they usually say that they are stuck in traffic
- C) I needed to postpone the start of the class by half an hour
- D) only three of them have earned any sympathy from me
- E) it was still impossible to have the exam on a different day

23. Ever since I read *The Namesake*, ..... .

- A) I am planning to buy other books by Jhumpa Lahiri
- B) I have been a keen reader of Jhumpa Lahiri
- C) which was originally a novella published in *The New Yorker*
- D) focusing on exile, identity, and disappointment
- E) so it is definitely worth reading

24. Having been selected for a specific mission, ..... .

- A) suspicions have arisen about the candidates
- B) the developments remain top secret
- C) no one knows when it will start
- D) each member of the crew undergoes intensive training
- E) it was planned very carefully

25. E.E. Cummings, who only rarely signed his name "e e cummings", ..... .

- A) following his novel *The Enormous Room*
- B) raised in a well-educated family
- C) he was writing poetry as early as age ten
- D) his poetry often deals with themes of love and nature
- E) generally omitted punctuation marks and capitalization from his poetry

26. ...., the reasons that drive them to commit crimes should be eliminated.

- A) There is strong evidence presented
- B) When it revealed the causes of youth crime
- C) Whether much youth crime has an economic motivation
- D) In order to lower the crime rate among juveniles
- E) The kids getting involved in criminal activity

27. Because your metabolism slows down as you lose weight, .....

- A) exercise is the obvious way to keep it down
- B) not only will you regain the lost weight very easily
- C) which breaks down food and nutrients to produce energy
- D) unless you burn energy during food digestion
- E) by slightly altering your diet and lifestyle habits

28. Once you have tried my aunt's beef stew, .....

- A) she had written the recipe for you
- B) you will never want to eat anyone else's
- C) I was glad you loved its taste
- D) it had been cooked for you
- E) which smells delicious

29-34. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

29. İlk insanlar tarafından keşfedilen tedavi edici birçok bitki bugün hâlâ kullanılmaktadır.

- A) Early people discovered the medicinal properties of many plants still used today.
- B) The medicinal properties of many plants still used today were known in ancient times.
- C) Many medicinal plants that were discovered by early people are still being used today.
- D) There are many plants used for medicinal purposes today, and they were known by early people.
- E) Early people discovered medicinal plants, many of which are still being used today.

30. Topraklarının çok azı tarıma elverişli olduğu için Alaska, yiyeceğinin çoğunu başka eyaletlerden ithal etmektedir.

- A) Most of what Alaska imports from other countries is food, as it hasn't got much land suitable for farming.
- B) In Alaska, most food is imported from other states because there is a lack of agricultural land.
- C) Very little of the land is suitable for farming in Alaska, which imports most of its food from other states.
- D) Having hardly any land suitable for agriculture, Alaska has to import all of its food from other states.
- E) Since very little of its land is suitable for farming Alaska imports most of its food from other states.

31. Yazı aracılığıyla iletişimin gelişmesi, uygarlığın ilerlemesinde temel bir adım olmuştur.

- A) The development of communication by means of writing became a basic step in the advance of civilization.
- B) Civilization took a major step with the development of communication by means of writing.
- C) That communication developed by means of writing is what formed the basis of advanced civilization.
- D) Being a means of communication, writing contributed to the development of civilization.
- E) One of the factors that influenced the development of civilization was the use of writing as a means of communication.

32. Kendilerini nehirler ya da okyanuslar kadar hızlı bir biçimde temizleyemeyen göller kirliliğe karşı savunmasızdır.

- A) That they can't clean themselves as rapidly as rivers or oceans makes lakes particularly vulnerable to pollution.
- B) Being defenceless against pollution, lakes are different from rivers or oceans, which can clean themselves more rapidly.
- C) Because they aren't able to clean themselves rapidly like rivers or oceans, lakes are especially vulnerable to pollution.
- D) Unlike rivers or oceans, which can clean themselves rapidly, lakes are defenceless against pollution.
- E) Lakes, which cannot clean themselves as rapidly as rivers or oceans, are defenceless against contamination.

33. Akira Kurosawa'nın Dostoyevski'nin *Budala* adlı romanından uyarladığı film, ticari kaygılarla kısaltıldığı için eleştirmenlerce beğenilmemiştir.

- A) Critics didn't praise Akira Kurosawa's film adapted from Dostoyevski's novel *The Idiot* because it was too short for commercial concerns.
- B) Having been shortened by Akira Kurosawa for commercial concerns, the film based on *The Idiot*, by Dostoyevski, did not receive much acclaim from critics.
- C) Akira Kurosawa failed to get praise from critics for his film based on *The Idiot*, by Dostoyevski, when he shortened it for commercial concerns.
- D) *The Idiot*, by Dostoyevski, inspired Akira Kurosawa to make a film, but it was not praised by critics, as it had been shortened for commercial concerns.
- E) The film that Akira Kurosawa adapted from Dostoyevski's novel *The Idiot* wasn't acclaimed by critics because it was shortened for commercial concerns.

34. Kenya'nın eski başkenti olan Mombasa dünyanın en eski limanlarından birine sahiptir.

- A) The former capital of Kenya was Mombasa, where one of the world's oldest harbours is located.
- B) Mombasa, the former capital of Kenya, has one of the oldest harbours in the world.
- C) Mombasa, which was the capital of Kenya a long time ago, is known to have the world's oldest harbour.
- D) The world's oldest harbour is in Mombasa, which used to be Kenya's capital city.
- E) Known to have the oldest harbour in the world, Mombasa was the former capital of Kenya.

35-40. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

35. When Sinclair Lewis won the Nobel Prize in Literature in 1930, he became the first American to receive the award.

- A) Sinclair Lewis 1930'da Nobel Edebiyat Ödülü'nü kazanınca bu ödülü alan ilk Amerikalı olmuştur.
- B) Amerikalı yazar Sinclair Lewis Nobel Edebiyat Ödülü'nü ilk kez 1930'da kazanmıştır.
- C) 1930'da Nobel Edebiyat Ödülü'nü kazanan Sinclair Lewis bu ödülü alan ilk Amerikalı'dır.
- D) Nobel Edebiyat Ödülü verilen ilk Amerikalı 1930'da bu ödülü alan Sinclair Lewis olmuştur.
- E) Nobel Edebiyat Ödülü'nü kazanan ilk Amerikalı olan Sinclair Lewis bu ödülünü 1930'da almıştır.

36. The reason why the people in Norway look to the sea for livelihood is the harsh climate and rugged terrain of the country.

- A) Sert iklim ve engebeli arazi nedeniyle Norveç halkı geçimini denizden sağlamak zorunda kalmıştır.
- B) İklimin sert ve arazinin engebeli olduğu Norveç'te insanlar geçimlerini denizden sağlamaktadır.
- C) Norveç'te insanların geçimlerini sağlamak için denize yönelmesinin nedeni ülkenin sert iklimi ve engebeli arazisidir.
- D) Norveç'te iklimin sert ve arazinin engebeli oluşu nedeniyle halk geçimini denizden sağlama yoluna gitmiştir.
- E) Norveç sert bir iklime ve engebeli araziye sahiptir, bu nedenle ülkede insanlar geçimlerini denizden sağlamaktadır.

37. Few inventions in recent times have influenced daily life as profoundly as the computer.

- A) Etkisi günlük yaşamın her alanında hissedilen bilgisayar son yılların en önemli buluşları arasındadır.
- B) Son zamanların en önemli buluşu, günlük yaşamı büyük ölçüde etkileyen bilgisayardır.
- C) Günlük yaşam üzerinde büyük etkisi olan bilgisayar son yılların en önemli buluşlarından biridir.
- D) Son zamanlarda çok az buluş günlük yaşamı bilgisayar kadar derinden etkilemiştir.
- E) Günlük yaşamı derinden etkileyen az sayıdaki buluş arasında son yıllarda önem kazanan bilgisayar da vardır.

38. Even though the sourish and strong aroma of its leaves is repulsive at first, coriander is an indispensable ingredient in many cuisines.

- A) Birçok ülke mutfağının vazgeçilmez malzemesi olan kişniş yapraklarının ekşimsi ve güçlü aroması nedeniyle ilk başta itici gelebilir.
- B) Yapraklarının ekşimsi ve güçlü aroması ilk başta itici olsa da, kişniş birçok ülke mutfağının vazgeçilmez bir malzemesidir.
- C) Ekşimsi ve güçlü tadı nedeniyle ilkin itici gelen kişniş yaprakları birçok ülke mutfağının temel besinlerinden biridir.
- D) Pek çok ülkede mutfakların vazgeçilmez malzemesi olan kişniş yapraklarının ekşimsi ve güçlü aroması nedeniyle bazılarında itici gelir.
- E) Ekşimsi ve güçlü bir tadı olan kişniş ilk anda itici gelse de, birçok ülke mutfağının vazgeçilmez malzemeleri arasındadır.

39. Idioms, most of which are based on a story or an event, are the most important elements that enable an opinion to be impressively expressed.

- A) Bir düşünceyi çarpıcı bir şekilde ifade edebilmek için genellikle bir öyküye ya da bir olaya dayanan deyimlerden yararlanılmaktadır.
- B) Çoğu bir öyküye ya da bir olaya dayanan deyimler bir düşüncenin çarpıcı bir biçimde ifade edilmesini sağlayan en önemli unsurlardır.
- C) Bir düşünceyi etkili bir biçimde ifade edebilmek için kullanılan önemli unsurlar arasında olan deyimlerin çoğu bir öyküye ya da olaya dayanmaktadır.
- D) Çoğunlukla bir olaydan ya da öyküden yola çıkan deyimleri kullanarak bir düşünceyi çarpıcı bir şekilde ifade etmek mümkündür.
- E) Bir dilin en önemli unsurları olan deyimlerin çoğu bir öyküye ya da bir olaya dayanır ve bir düşüncenin çarpıcı bir şekilde ifade edilmesini sağlar.

40. Due to its rich protein content, the soya bean is an important food source for both humans and livestock.

- A) İnsanlar için olduğu kadar besi hayvanları için de önemli bir besin kaynağı olan soya fasulyesi protein bakımından zengindir.
- B) Hem insanlar hem de besi hayvanları için kullanılan soya fasulyesini önemli kılan protein bakımından zengin oluşudur.
- C) Zengin protein içeriği soya fasulyesini gerek insanlar gerekse hayvanlar için önemli bir besin kaynağı yapmaktadır.
- D) Soya fasulyesi protein yönünden çok zengindir, bu nedenle insanlar ve besi hayvanları için önemli bir besin kaynağıdır.
- E) Zengin protein içeriği nedeniyle soya fasulyesi hem insanlar hem de besi hayvanları için önemli bir besin kaynağıdır.

41-43. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

In a study on pain, students were asked to put their fingers in a clamp which was tightened until the pain was unbearable. The students, whether male or female, allowed women to turn the clamp much further than men. Dr. David Williams, who led the research, said it implied that people, because of stereotypes, do not expect women to inflict as much pain as men. Separately, his findings also suggest women are actually no better at handling pain. Dr. Williams said people's sensitivity to pain is probably also connected to their surroundings. People appear to suffer more if there is a poster on the wall which can trigger negative feelings, such as a chart of wounds.

41. It is understood from the passage that .....

- A) the students were unwilling to take part in the research
- B) there is a belief that women will not cause as much pain as men
- C) medical areas no longer put up disturbing posters
- D) the clamp was turned further for male students than for female ones
- E) Dr. Williams was greatly surprised by the findings of the study

42. The main point of the passage is to suggest that people's feelings of pain depend on .....

- A) whether they are male or female
- B) not just physical factors
- C) what pictures they look at
- D) how tightly their fingers are clamped
- E) how many wounds they have

43. It is stated in the passage that, in the experiment, the clamp was used .....

- A) up to the point at which the students could not deal with the hurt caused by it
- B) by an equal number of male and female students
- C) initially by Dr. David Williams himself
- D) because it is a tool that is generally not connected with women
- E) only on students who were aware of the stereotypes concerning women

**44-46. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

Modern Japanese theatre began with adaptations of Western plays. It originated at the end of the 19th century, when the public was still too much under the influence of traditional Kabuki to appreciate plays without music or dance. Even in the 20th century, a distinguished dramatist such as Kishida Kunio rarely had the opportunity to see his works performed. The development of modern drama was no doubt hampered by the introduction, at about the same time, of motion pictures. The most successful playwrights of the 1920s and 1930s, such as Mayama Seika, wrote works that, although modern, exploited the special talents of Kabuki actors by using historical themes and by preserving the traditional stage language.

**44. It is strongly implied in the passage that Kabuki .....**

- A) does not contain either music or dance
- B) also appeared in early Japanese films
- C) went out of favour with the rise of the cinema
- D) had a revival in the 1920s and 1930s
- E) is not a dramatic form that only involves dialogue

**45. It is clear from the passage that Mayama Seika .....**

- A) wrote contemporary works which were spoken in a traditional way
- B) did not want to see Kabuki come to an end in Japan
- C) did not appreciate the work of Kishida Kunio
- D) was opposed to the appearance of cinema in Japan
- E) was more popular among Japanese audiences than any other playwright

**46. It is understood from the passage that the plays of Kishida Kunio were .....**

- A) inferior to Mayama Seika's
- B) of fairly poor quality
- C) not often staged
- D) adaptations of Western ones
- E) made into films

**47-49. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

Fire Station No. 23 is a former fire station in Los Angeles. When it opened, there was a controversy over the luxury materials that had been used in its construction. Critics claimed three station houses could have been built for what it cost. The station was closed in 1960 after 50 years of operation. Afterwards it deteriorated. By the mid-1970s, some people were proposing tearing it down. However, in 1979, plans were announced to restore it and turn it into a museum. Officials of the fire department couldn't raise sufficient funds for it, though, and critics questioned creating a museum in the place in which it was located. Since the 1980s, Fire Station No. 23 has become a popular filming location for movies.

**47. We can understand from the passage that Fire Station No. 23 .....**

- A) is being protected by movie companies
- B) is the same size as three normal station houses
- C) is still the most expensive fire station in Los Angeles
- D) was only intended to be in use for five decades
- E) was not looked after following its closure

**48. As is implied in the passage, the original critics of Fire Station No. 23 .....**

- A) opposed making the building into a museum
- B) felt the city needed two more fire stations
- C) campaigned for half a century to close the place
- D) were angered by the money that had been spent on it
- E) did not turn up to see the place being opened

**49. It can be understood from the passage that Fire Station No. 23 .....**

- A) currently has the status of a museum
- B) was demolished around the year 1975
- C) is in a part of Los Angeles that is impractical for a museum
- D) is one of the three fire stations put up in 1910
- E) has become a cinema that shows well-liked films



50-52. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

The painted animals in the Lascaux cave in France were made 17,000 years ago. The most commonly accepted theory for the cave's purpose is that it was a place in which Stone Age people worshiped. It was rediscovered in 1940. Following World War II, France's economy remained severely damaged, and, as the cave was on private land, its owners decided to open it to a very curious public. Because of such great interest, though, French authorities had to close the cave to most people 25 years ago in the interests of preserving its art. Now only a few scientific experts are allowed to work inside the cave, and just for a few days a month.

50. It is suggested in the passage that the owners of the land in which the Lascaux cave was located opened it .....

- A) to help themselves out of monetary difficulties
- B) for the benefit of the public
- C) to the public and became very wealthy
- D) in order that the public could worship in it
- E) because it had been damaged in the Second World War

51. We can understand from the passage that the Lascaux cave .....

- A) was formed 17,000 years ago
- B) has not changed in 17,000 years
- C) has been seen by few people
- D) no longer interests the public
- E) was at one time a religious site

52. We can conclude from the passage that the paintings in the Lascaux cave .....

- A) were not worth very much when they were found
- B) were being damaged by the presence of many people
- C) are images of people offering worship to animals
- D) are the oldest to have been found in France
- E) are only cared about by a small number of scientists

53-55. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

The British poet Thomas Gray was born into a prosperous but distressful home. He was sent to Eton school. There he formed a strong friendship with three other boys. The style of life Gray developed at Eton was to persist for the rest of his life. In 1734 he went to Cambridge University. He left in 1738 without a degree, and soon afterwards went with Horace Walpole on a tour of mainland Europe. At first all went well, but in 1741 they quarrelled and Gray returned to Britain. Because of Walpole, they were later reconciled in 1745. Gray had settled at Cambridge and had begun to write English poems. However, it was not until his "Elegy Written in a Country Churchyard," was published in 1751 that Gray was recognized.

53. We learn from the passage that when Thomas Gray was in mainland Europe, he .....

- A) missed being at Cambridge
- B) was difficult to get along with
- C) was not a university graduate
- D) led a prosperous life
- E) started to compose English poetry

54. It is clear from the passage that Horace Walpole .....

- A) admired "Elegy Written in a Country Churchyard"
- B) was one of Thomas Gray's friends at Eton
- C) made the effort to make up with Thomas Gray
- D) did not return to Britain until 1745
- E) was responsible for the argument with Thomas Gray

55. It can be concluded from the passage that Thomas Gray .....

- A) was closer to his parents than to Horace Walpole
- B) expected Horace Walpole to reconcile with him
- C) eventually became a professor at Cambridge University
- D) found little that interested him in mainland Europe
- E) was not well-known before "Elegy Written in a Country Churchyard"

56-60. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın olan seçeneği bulunuz.

56. **Contrary to all expectations, Santiago played well in the match against Ashington AFC.**

- A) In reaction to what was expected of him, Santiago gave a good performance in the match against Ashington AFC.
- B) It was incorrectly expected that nobody, including Santiago, would play excellently in the match against Ashington AFC.
- C) No one had thought the Santiago's performance in the match against Ashington AFC would be good, but it was.
- D) Everyone had wrongly believed that Santiago's playing in the match against Ashington AFC would be good.
- E) The general view before the match against Ashington AFC was that Santiago, who is a good player, wouldn't play.

57. **It is impossible for me to explain this mathematical method to you in an easier way.**

- A) The simplest thing that I can tell you about this mathematical method is that it can't possibly work.
- B) This mathematical method is so difficult that it is not possible for me to get it across to you.
- C) There is no simple way in which I can make this mathematical method clear.
- D) There is not a clearer way by which I can get you to understand my mathematical method.
- E) I've put across this mathematical method in the simplest manner that I'm able to.

58. **Lawrence has stopped eating fast food on the recommendation of his doctor.**

- A) Lawrence's doctor has suggested to him that he give up eating fast food.
- B) Lawrence no longer eats fast food because his doctor advised him not to.
- C) Lawrence doesn't now eat the fast food his doctor is not in favour of.
- D) Lawrence's doctor has ceased making suggestions to him about the eating of fast food.
- E) Lawrence gave up eating fast food the moment his doctor told him to.

59. **Emin's score on the test was low, but he mustn't get so upset about it, must he?**

- A) Emin probably doesn't feel too unhappy about his low test score, does he?
- B) Emin's score in the test wasn't low enough for him to be bothered by, was it?
- C) Emin is surely not this depressed because of his low score on the test, is he?
- D) Emin's level of sadness in response to his test score is an overreaction, isn't it?
- E) The low score that Emin took from the test has disturbed him quite a lot, don't you think?

60. **The archaeologists will never find out exactly who this tomb once contained.**

- A) The archaeologists are not really willing to discover the identity of the person that the tomb once held.
- B) The body that was at one time in this tomb will certainly never be discovered by the archaeologists.
- C) The archaeologists will never have any idea about who is buried in the tomb.
- D) The archaeologists will never be completely certain about whether the tomb ever had anyone inside of it.
- E) The precise identity of the missing body from the tomb will not ever be known by the archaeologists.

61-65. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

61. In 2004, Rolling Stone magazine declared the 1965 Bob Dylan song "Like a Rolling Stone" to be the greatest song of all time. .... He claimed to be puzzled by it, saying that he never paid attention to such polls, as they changed frequently.

- A) This is not surprising, as it had reached number 2 in the US charts in the year it was made
- B) Its creator was asked how he felt about this honour in a TV interview
- C) Moreover, at the time of its release, it became Dylan's best-selling single
- D) Nonetheless, not every reader of it agreed with the this opinion
- E) It was criticized by some of the singer's fans when it first came out, though

62. The Thai greeting called the *wai* consists of a slight bow, with the palms of the hands pressed together in a prayer-like fashion. .... The level of this that is to be displayed depends upon the status and age of the other person.

- A) The social rule as to who should make the *wai* first is determined by the person's social standing
- B) It can be made while sitting, standing, walking, or even lying in bed during an illness
- C) The higher the hands are raised and the lower the bow, the more respect the giver of the *wai* is showing
- D) Multiple versions of the greeting exist, and they are based on social class, gender, and age
- E) A *wai* is not only reserved for greetings and farewells, but for a manner of other reasons, too

63. A new rail service between Germany and China has been backed by the four other countries that it will pass through. These states plan to ease customs and border checks to minimize travel time. .... It takes twice as long to move goods between them by sea at present.

- A) It is expected that trains will be running this route by this time early next year
- B) Explorers have always had great difficulty travelling through this harsh land
- C) The four—Mongolia, Russia, Belarus, and Poland—should also benefit from the link before long
- D) The total length of the combined tracks will be approximately 8,000 kilometers
- E) The 20-day freight journeys are intended to boost trade ties between the economic giants

64. From 1792 to 1834, the exchange ratio between silver and gold in the US was 15:1, while ratios in Europe ranged from 15.5:1 to 16.06:1. In other words, more silver could be bought with gold in Europe than in the US. .... They could then use this to buy more gold with back in the US. The effect was that gold was withdrawn from domestic American circulation.

- A) So, silver coins were effectively less expensive for traders
- B) Until they became equal, this was a cause of instability in the money markets
- C) Merchants such as Thomas Gresham had foreseen such a problem
- D) This would have been a problem for bankers in the US if the continents weren't so far apart
- E) Thus, American owners of gold sold it in the European market for silver

65. *A Florentine Death* is a novel in the crime fiction genre. .... He is, after all, a former police inspector who is famous for having taken on the Mafia.

- A) Even so, its writer, Michele Giuttari, is of Italian origin
- B) The plot is not an unexpected one for a novel of this kind set in Italy
- C) The characterization in the novel has been seen as weak by some reviewers
- D) It can be assumed that the author is experienced enough to be able to write in this field
- E) As the name suggests, it is set in Florence, and in it a horrible series of crimes are solved

67. You desperately need to borrow a book from a friend for an essay. You know he will not want to lend it to you because the last time he lent you a book, you lost it. Thinking of a way to persuade him, you say:

- A) If I don't give this book back to you, I promise to buy you a new one.
- B) I think the book of yours that I lost was boring, so you shouldn't be upset about it.
- C) I would have looked for your other book if I could have been bothered.
- D) Would you mind if I copied the essay that you wrote using that book?
- E) As I need to get a copy of it, where did you buy that book from?

66-70. sorularda verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

66. You badly tore your favourite jacket on a nail. You do not want to throw it away, but you think you are going to have to. Nevertheless, you take it to a tailor and ask:

- A) What is wrong with this jacket that I love?
- B) Why couldn't you have fixed this for me?
- C) That nail was very sharp, wasn't it?
- D) Where is a good place for me to dump this jacket?
- E) Is there any chance that this can be mended?

68. You are in a shoe shop and there is a picture of some shoes that you love behind the counter. You point to them and ask the assistant whether they have them. He politely tells you that they do not at the moment. As you like this store and still have hopes of buying those shoes from it, you ask:

- A) Do you have a pair of shoes that look similar to them?
- B) Why on earth do you have their picture then?
- C) Will you be getting any more of them in the future?
- D) Don't you realize how much I like this store?
- E) Could you recommend somewhere that might have them?

69. It is December and you are planning to have a party with your friends.

However, none of you are free on the same day during this month. You understand their situations, but want everyone to be able to attend. You therefore say, as a solution:

- A) I was really looking forward to that party.
- B) You should be less selfish and come to the party.
- C) Which day can most of us have the party on?
- D) Why don't we put it off until next year?
- E) We haven't got together for the whole of this month.

70. Every time your neighbour comes over to visit, he bangs on your door very loudly. This annoys you very much. You want him to stop, but do not want to upset him, as you like him, so you carefully say:

- A) It's a good thing that you know how to get my attention.
- B) I'd appreciate it if you'd knock a little more quietly in the future.
- C) I could ring your doorbell if you think it is better.
- D) I can't continue living next door to such an aggressive person.
- E) We shouldn't let your inconsiderate behaviour stop us from being friends.

71-75. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

71. Hugh:

- You'll have to call a plumber for that leaking tap.

Trevor:

- There won't be one available at this time of night.

Hugh:

- .....

Trevor:

- Don't worry, I won't, because I'm going to turn off all the water to the flat.

- A) You can't just let the water run until the morning.
- B) If you don't at least try, you won't know for sure.
- C) It is therefore necessary that you fix it yourself.
- D) Then you shouldn't have caused the problem by breaking it.
- E) I'm concerned that it is going to get much worse.

72. Victor:

- I have read all of the 12 ever Sherlock Holmes stories.

Irene:

- I'm sure there are quite a few more than that.

Victor:

- .....

Irene:

- It isn't a complete collection.

- A) Well, I certainly wouldn't want to read any more of them.
- B) This book I bought only had a dozen in it, though.
- C) I'm planning to write a few new ones myself, you know.
- D) Now that you mention it, I'm sure that there are.
- E) You are wrong. That is the total number that was written.

73. Sidney:  
- Have you ever heard of Arcadian?

Philip:  
- Isn't that a dialect used by people who work in amusement parks?

Sidney:  
- .....

Philip:  
- At least I now know I'm right in having thought that it was a dialect.

- A) No, it is an adjective used to describe someone who comes from a place in Australia.
- B) I see that you have made your own etymology from the word "arcade".
- C) Actually, it was a form of Greek that was spoken in ancient times.
- D) You must be thinking of Acadian, which is a type of French spoken in Canada.
- E) In fact, I'm trying to tell you about a different language that interests me.

74. Sylvia:  
- The person who broke into the building must have had a key.

Claire:  
- How can you be so sure?

Sylvia:  
- .....

Claire:  
- So I guess we ought to fingerprint the employees to find who it is.

- A) None of your workers have keys to it.
- B) There is no sign of a forced entry.
- C) Because I was actually the one who did it.
- D) We caught the thief holding one.
- E) Look—the window has been broken.

75. Lloyd:  
- Are you able to swim well?

Harry:  
- I'm not able to swim at all.

Lloyd:  
- .....

Harry:  
- I wasn't aware that swimming would be a requirement for it.

- A) Why are you so afraid to go underwater in this submarine?
- B) Don't you feel you should really learn such a necessary skill?
- C) What are you going to do if you fall off of the boat into the water?
- D) Haven't you been working as a fisherman for a number of years?
- E) Why on earth are you applying for the lifeguard's position then?

76-80: sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

76. (I) Wales shares much of its cuisine with the rest of Britain. (II) Laverbread is made from Laver seaweed and eaten mainly in Wales. (III) Its taste is so good that it has been called "Welshman's caviar". (IV) Moreover, it has a high nutritional value. (V) The only downside is that this particular food item takes hours to prepare.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

77. (I) Djuro Siroglavic created a painting that was over 6 kilometers in length, 2 meters high, and used up 2.5 tons of paint. (II) Because of its size, it set a world record. (III) Some parts of it show the tops of waves. (IV) It was so big, though, that there was no place for it to be displayed in. (V) It has therefore been cut up and the parts have been sold off separately.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

78. (I) Julius Leopold Klein is most famous for being the author of the *History of Drama*. (II) His aim in writing it was to give an account of the theatre from its earliest times. (III) While writing, he was most looking forward to describing the Elizabethan era. (IV) The great playwright William Shakespeare lived at this time. (V) Unfortunately he died before he got to it, and his work remains unfinished.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

79. (I) An odometer is used to measure distance, and is found in all motor vehicles. (II) Therefore, it is illegal for them not to contain one. (III) In ancient China, a similar device was used on carriages. (IV) It was connected to the wheels by a series of gears, and beat a drum whenever the wheels had turned 100 times. (V) As they had a circumference of five meters, every half kilometer a noise would be heard.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

80. (I) Only one part of South America is not a part of the Union of South American Nations. (II) Strange as it may sound, this part of the continent actually belongs to the European Union. (III) The Union of South American Nations is modelled on the European Union. (IV) It is French Guiana, and is considered to be a part of France. (V) And, as the latter is a member of the European Union, so is the former.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

GOOD LUCK



# ELS / LYS - 2015

## İNGİLİZCE DENEME SINAVI (4)

1. Cevap kağıdınızda, sınav yabancı dilinizi (İNGİLİZCE) işaretlemeyi unutmayınız.
2. Bu testte 80 soru vardır. Cevaplama süreniz 120 dakikadır.

1-8. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. Though scientists are continuing the search for life on Mars, many are still ..... of its ever being found there.  
A) amused B) skeptical  
C) ridiculous D) offensive  
E) preferable
2. Doctors warn people that too much ..... to the sun causes premature aging of the skin.  
A) notice B) emotion  
C) suspense D) belief  
E) exposure
3. In Herman Melville's time, *Moby-Dick* was ..... read, but today it is quite a popular novel.  
A) fairly B) mainly  
C) closely D) widely  
E) rarely
4. Astana, the current capital of Kazakhstan, is ..... in the north of the country.  
A) removed B) distanced  
C) situated D) related  
E) uncovered
5. Our car ..... on the way to Izmir, so we had to have it towed to the nearest garage.  
A) broke down B) passed out  
C) turned in D) shut up  
E) set off

6. Hiram Bingham's most notable act was ..... Machu Picchu when he ..... in Peru.

- A) to find / had travelled  
B) to be found / was travelled  
C) finding / was travelling  
D) having been found / has travelled  
E) having found / had been travelled

7. Ephesus, a vast archaeological site near Izmir, ..... completely yet, but what is visible ..... some idea of the city's original splendour.

- A) doesn't excavate / is giving  
B) won't be excavated / had given  
C) won't have excavated / will give  
D) hasn't been excavated / gives  
E) wouldn't be excavated / has given

8. The travel agent told the customer that the tour she ..... was fully booked, and that she ..... another.

- A) has wanted / must be choosing  
B) had wanted / would have to choose  
C) would want / has chosen  
D) had been wanting / needs to choose  
E) wanted / may have chosen

9-15. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

9. Australians are concerned ..... a drought which is driving tens of thousands of snakes ..... urban areas.  
A) with / without B) about / into  
C) of / against D) for / throughout  
E) from / as

10. If you park your car there, it is ..... danger of being towed .....

- A) upon / out                      B) with / on  
C) for / along                      D) at / by  
E) in / away

11. John Dryden had ..... influence on 17th-century English literature that the period is sometimes called "the Age of Dryden".

- A) much of                              B) so  
C) any                                    D) such an  
E) more than

12. The statues at the library of Ephesus are not the originals, ..... replacements.

- A) but                                      B) despite  
C) since                                  D) due to  
E) unless

13. The ancient Persians liked to build their fortresses in places ..... two rivers met.

- A) at which                              B) when  
C) how                                    D) in what  
E) whose

14. The city inspector is aware that you have seven species of snake in your zoo, .....?

- A) have you                              B) haven't you  
C) aren't they                          D) isn't she  
E) doesn't he

15. .... this vase was dug up from, it certainly wasn't from within this archaeological site.

- A) Whenever                              B) However  
C) Whomever                              D) Wherever  
E) Whichever

16-20. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

Niah Caves is part of Niah National Park, located in Sarawak, Malaysia. The main cave (16) ..... several large, high-ceilinged chambers. It is not an extensive cave system (17) ..... the others in Sarawak, but it is an important prehistoric site (18) ..... human remains (19) ..... dating back to 40,000 years ago. This is (20) ..... recorded human settlement in East Malaysia.

16.

- A) digs                                      B) remains  
C) arises                                  D) situates  
E) contains

17.

- A) so as to                                  B) in addition to  
C) compared to                          D) owing to  
E) used to

18.

- A) what                                      B) where  
C) which                                    D) how  
E) when

19.

- A) have been found                      B) were finding  
C) have been finding                      D) had found  
E) will be found

20.

- A) as old as                                  B) older than  
C) too old                                    D) old enough  
E) the oldest

21-28. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

21. ...., we won't have any trouble catching the early train.

- A) Provided that the alarm clock goes off tomorrow morning
- B) As if Betty and Sue are ever on time
- C) If we forget to mark the date on our calendar
- D) Until I've safely packed both our bags
- E) In case something happens to the taxi on the way

22. The Collegiate Church of Saint Peter, ....., is the traditional place for the coronation of English monarchs.

- A) who had been seen in a vision by a fisherman on the River Thames
- B) which is commonly referred to as Westminster Abbey
- C) why it was chosen to be the burial site for English monarchs
- D) when King Harold was crowned there in 1066
- E) in that many believe he protects bakers and butchers

23. .... if he should close and lock the door behind him.

- A) The others all whispered quietly behind him
- B) Jerry very often promised his mother
- C) The last boy in line inquired of the teacher
- D) The new landlord told the tenants
- E) Virgil loudly announced to everyone around

24. We were sure that spring would begin soon, .....

- A) even though our umbrellas were all in quite bad shape
- B) in spite of all the warm weather we'd been having
- C) so we put our winter coats by the front door ready to be worn
- D) since all the flowers in our garden had started to come out
- E) because the flowers in the painting were so colourful

25. The electric fan in the living room is in the habit of shutting off .....

- A) since it was on the highest speed
- B) when it gets overheated
- C) yet Paula needs a new one
- D) which has been running smoothly
- E) before we exchanged it for a new one

26. Having paid \$20 million to fly into space as a tourist, .....

- A) the International Space Station has been inhabited ever since November 2000
- B) the Virgin Galactic company only charges 1% of that figure
- C) the spacecraft Soyuz TM-32 took Dennis Tito into orbit for over a week
- D) Enomoto Daisuke failed his medical test and wasn't allowed to go
- E) no Iranian had been off of our planet before Anousheh Ansari

27. ...., they must have had hundreds of people push their huge stone building blocks along the ground.

- A) It's not certain how the Easter Islanders moved such weight
- B) As the Incas never invented the wheel
- C) Obviously, the Aztecs lacked horses
- D) So large is the Great Pyramid of Giza
- E) Though the Babylonians made their temples from bricks

28. By the time I was able to watch the match on video, .....

- A) somebody had already told me the final score
- B) this week's game has just been played
- C) I expect that Valencia have beaten Inter Milan
- D) it had been recorded over a film I didn't like
- E) watching it on a large TV screen was really great

29-34. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

29. Few writers from the West Indies have gained a readership outside their region.

- A) Batı Hint adalarından bazı yazarların kendi bölgeleri dışında çok az okuyucu kitleleri vardır.
- B) Batı Hint adalarından çok az okuyucu kendi bölgesi dışındaki yazarların eserlerine ilgi gösterir.
- C) Batı Hint adaları dışından çok az yazar bu bölgede okuyucu kitlesi kazanabilmiştir.
- D) Batı Hint adalarından çok az yazar kendi bölgesi dışında bir okuyucu kitlesi edinebilmiştir.
- E) Batı Hint adalarındaki okuyucu kendi bölgesi dışından çok az yazarı benimsemiştir.

30. While astronomy did not progress in the West in medieval times, Hindu and Arabian astronomers kept the science alive during that period.

- A) Batı'da orta çağlara kadar astronomi alanında pek bir ilerleme gözlenmemiştir ama Hint ve Arap gökbilimciler bu bilimi canlandırmışlardır.
- B) Orta çağlarda astronomi Batı'da ilerlemezken, bu dönemde Hint ve Arap astronomlar bu bilimi canlı tutmuşlardır.
- C) Orta çağlarda Hint ve Arap gökbilimciler astronomiyi canlı tutmaya çalışırken, o dönemde bu bilim Batı'da neredeyse hiç ilerlememiştir.
- D) Batılı gökbilimcilerin hiçbir ilerleme kaydedemediği orta çağlarda astronomi, Hint ve Arap astronomların katkılarıyla gelişmiştir.
- E) Orta çağlarda astronomi biliminin ilerlemesi, Batılı değil, Hint ve Arap astronomlar sayesinde olmuştur.

31. Written literature in Africa first emerged in the 18th century, but most of the written works it has today have been produced in the 20th century.

- A) 18. yüzyıldan bu yana bir hayli gelişme gösteren Afrika yazılı edebiyatı, özellikle 20. yüzyılda üretilmiş pek çok esere sahiptir.
- B) Bugün sahip olduğu eserlerin çoğu 20. yüzyılda üretilmiş olan Afrika'da, ilk yazılı edebiyat örnekleri aslında 18. yüzyıla dayanmaktadır.
- C) İlk yazılı eserini 18. yüzyılda gören Afrika'da edebiyat, özellikle 20. yüzyılda çok üretken bir duruma gelmiştir.
- D) 18. yüzyıldan beri yazılı eserler veren ancak en üretken dönemini 20. yüzyılda yaşayan Afrika edebiyatı bugün pek çok yazılı esere sahiptir.
- E) Afrika'da yazılı edebiyat ilk kez 18. yüzyılda ortaya çıkmıştır ama bugün sahip olduğu yazılı eserlerin çoğu 20. yüzyılda üretilmiştir.

32. Despite his advancing age, instead of hiring someone to share the office work with, he tries to do everything himself.

- A) Bir hayli yaşlandığı halde, bürodaki işler için bir yardımcı tutmuyor ve her işi kendi çabalarıyla yapmaya çalışıyor.
- B) Yaşı çok ilerledi ama o hala bürodaki işler için yanına bir yardımcı almıyor ve bütün işleri kendisi yapıyor.
- C) İlerleyen yaşına rağmen, büro işlerini bölüşmek için bir yardımcı tutmak yerine, her şeyi kendisi yapmaya çalışıyor.
- D) Yaşı bir hayli ilerlediği için, bürodaki her şeyi kendisi yapacağına, yanına bir yardımcı alması gerekiyor.
- E) Bürodaki işleri bölüşmek için bir yardımcı tutmazsa, ilerleyen yaş yüzünden, işlerin tümünü yapmakta zorlanacak.

33. Many village roads in the region have been closed for two days due to the avalanche.

- A) Bölgedeki pek çok köy yolu, çığ yüzünden iki gündür kapalı.
- B) Çığ yüzünden, bölgedeki köylerin hiçbirine iki gün ulaşamadı.
- C) Bölgede çığ yüzünden kapanan köy yollarını açmak iki gün sürdü.
- D) Çığ, bölgedeki pek çok köy yolunu iki gün süreyle kapattı.
- E) Bölgeye iki gün önce düşen çığ yüzünden pek çok köy yolu kapandı.

34. Called the father of history, Herodotus was one of the most widely-travelled people of his time.

- A) Döneminin çok seyahat eden kişileri arasında Herodot, tarihin babası olarak isimlendirilmişti.
- B) Herodot, seyahatleri sırasında o kadar çok bilgi topladı ki bu ona "tarihin babası" ünvanını kazandırdı.
- C) Herodot, kendisine "tarihin babası" ünvanını kazandıran bilgisini büyük ölçüde yaptığı seyahatler sırasında edinmiştir.
- D) Tarihin babası olarak isimlendirilen Herodot, zamanının en çok seyahat eden insanlarından biriydi.
- E) Zamanının büyük bir bölümünü seyahat ederek geçirmiş olan Herodot, tarihin babası olarak kabul edilir.

35-40. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

35. 11 Mayıs 1997'de ölen İtalyan film yönetmeni Marco Ferreri, günümüz toplumunu ahlaki açıdan irdeleyen filmleriyle tanınırdı.

- A) Noted for his films that took a moral look at contemporary society, the Italian director Marco Ferreri died on May 11, 1997.
- B) The Italian director Marco Ferreri, who died on May 11, 1997, was noted for his films that reflected a moral view of contemporary society.
- C) Having died on May 11, 1997, the Italian director Marco Ferreri mainly dealt with the moral values of contemporary society in his films.
- D) The films of Italian director Marco Ferreri, who died on May 11, 1997, were noted for their moral view of contemporary society.
- E) The Italian director Marco Ferreri, who died on May 11, 1997, was noted for his films that took a moral look at contemporary society.

36. Bugün çok sevilen casus hikayeleri, aslında II. Dünya Savaşı sonrasına kadar okuyucunun pek ilgisini çekmemiştir.

- A) Though spy stories are much appreciated today, readers did not find them interesting at all until World War II.
- B) Readers' interest was not much attracted by spy stories until after World War II, although such stories are very much appreciated today.
- C) Many people appreciate spy stories today, but before World War II, readers were not much interested in them.
- D) While they did not actually catch readers' interest much before World War II, spy stories are very much appreciated today.
- E) Very much appreciated today, spy stories actually did not catch readers' interest much until after World War II.

37. 200'ün üzerinde haberleşme uydusunun kullanımında olduğu Alaska'da, 25 ve daha fazla kişiden oluşan her topluluk için uzun mesafe telefon servisi vardır.

- A) There are over 200 satellite communications sites in operation in Alaska, so every community of 25 people or more has long-distance telephone service.
- B) In Alaska, where over 200 satellite communications sites are in operation, long-distance telephone service is available to every community of 25 or more people.
- C) With its more than 200 satellite communications sites in operation, Alaska is able to provide long-distance telephone service to every community of 25 or more people.
- D) Every community of 25 or more people in Alaska can receive long-distance telephone service, by means of the more than 200 satellite communications sites in operation there.
- E) The more than 200 satellite communications sites in operation in Alaska make it possible for every community of 25 or more people to receive long-distance telephone service.

38. İtalyan şair Dante, Shakespeare ve Goethe ile birlikte, Batı edebiyatının üç büyük ustasından biri olarak kabul edilmektedir.

- A) The Italian poet Dante considered Shakespeare, Goethe and himself to be the three great masters of Western literature.
- B) The three great masters of Western literature were considered to be Dante, the Italian poet, Shakespeare and Goethe.
- C) The Italian poet Dante is considered, along with Shakespeare and Goethe, to be one of the three great masters of Western literature.
- D) The Italian poet considers the great masters of Western literature to be Dante, Shakespeare and Goethe.
- E) Of Dante, Shakespeare and Goethe, the Italian poet is considered to be the greatest of the masters of Western literature.

39. 1998'de, Hindistan hükümeti nükleer silah denemesi yapmaya karar verince en büyük tepki, Hindistan'ın ezeli rakibi Pakistan'dan geldi.

- A) Pakistan sharply criticised India for conducting nuclear weapons testing in 1998, which is not surprising as they are historic rivals.
- B) The sharpest criticism came from Pakistan, India's historic rival, when, in 1998, the Indian government decided to conduct nuclear weapons testing.
- C) In 1998, the Indian government decided to conduct nuclear weapons testing, for which it was heavily criticised by its historic rival Pakistan.
- D) Following their nuclear weapons testing in 1998, the Indian government was criticised by one of its greatest rivals, Pakistan.
- E) No country criticised India as much as its historic rival Pakistan over its decision to conduct nuclear weapons testing in 1998.

40. Özel diyetler ve daha bilimsel bakım sayesinde hayvanat bahçelerinde eskiden olduğundan çok daha fazla yavru doğmaktadır.

- A) A combination of special diets and scientific care has led to an increase in the number of baby animals born in zoos.
- B) The increase in births of animals in zoos recently is due mainly to special diets and more scientific care.
- C) Thanks to special diets and more scientific care, many more baby animals are being born in zoos than in the past.
- D) In the past, very few baby animals were born in zoos, but recently, this has improved due to scientific care and special diets.
- E) The baby animals born in zoos today are given special diets and scientific care, which results in more of them surviving than they did in the past.

41-43. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

In 1999, the Vietnamese town of Hoi An was finally made a UNESCO World Heritage site. One reason for this was that the town still showed the architectural remains of its mix of cultures from when it was a commercial port. Traders from China would sail to the town in the spring and stay there for four months. Eventually, some of the traders began to leave agents in the town. Europeans and Indians also came and settled in the town, and local sailors sailed as far as Indonesia and even Thailand. When, in the 19th century, the Thu Bon River became too shallow for navigation by trading vessels, the port of Danang took over Hoi An's position. Today, Hoi An often floods in October and November due to annual climatic changes.

41. It is understood from the passage that, in Hoi An, .....

- A) all residents got on well with each other
- B) there is still much international trade
- C) the climate is best in summertime
- D) there are various styles of building
- E) no boats remain on the Thu Bon River

42. We understand from the passage that Hoi An .....

- A) is located halfway between Indonesia and Thailand
- B) has not regained its status from Danang
- C) has now become a part of Danang
- D) became the first UNESCO site in Vietnam
- E) is a main destination for Indonesian and Thai sailors

43. We can conclude from the passage that, in Hoi An, .....

- A) the population has citizens of many different nations
- B) foreigners own most of the property
- C) there is a good deal of rain in October
- D) the Thu Bon River still plays a major role
- E) the Chinese were the largest community

**44-46. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

Maier could not stand being seen by Reveni as a poor and insistent beggar. And now he had come with a business proposition that would also benefit Reveni if he agreed to have a hand in it. In an effort to pull himself together, Maier settled back in his armchair, in direct imitation of Reveni. With a slight nod, he thanked Reveni's wife as she handed him another coffee. And the effort that he made was such that his feelings of being less than Reveni were washed away. He would now pretend that he had asked to meet for a very different reason. He remembered that, a few weeks before, a friend had asked whether he would accept a post as town councillor. Perhaps he could appear to ask Reveni for advice about this.

**44. As is understood from the passage, Reveni .....**

- A) is sitting in an armchair
- B) has never seen Maier before
- C) is close to his wife
- D) considers himself a businessman
- E) is one of the town councillors

**45. It is clear from the passage that Maier is visiting Reveni to .....**

- A) have a few cups of coffee with a friend
- B) show his appreciation for Reveni's wife
- C) see what Reveni thinks about him becoming a town councillor
- D) interest him in a joint business scheme
- E) find out how much money Reveni has

**46. In the course of the passage, Maier .....**

- A) asks Reveni for some advice
- B) reveals that he has a very low opinion of beggars
- C) drinks just one cup of coffee
- D) shows his desire to be a town councillor
- E) regains his self-esteem

**47-49. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

The market for industrial-grade diamonds operates much differently from its gem-grade counterpart. Industrial diamonds are valued mostly for their hardness and heat conductivity rather than their clarity or colour. This helps explain why 80% of mined diamonds—or about 20,000 kg annually—are unsuitable for use as gemstones. These dark and imperfectly formed diamonds, of varying levels of clarity, are known as "bort". In addition to mined diamonds, synthetic ones have many industrial applications as well. The dominant industrial-uses are in cutting, drilling, grinding, and polishing. Most of these uses don't require large diamonds; in fact, most gem-grade diamonds could be utilized in an industrial setting as well.

**47. The passage suggests that gem-grade diamonds .....**

- A) are valued for their colour and clarity
- B) account for most of the diamonds mined yearly
- C) conduct heat very well
- D) are 80% more valuable than industrial-grade ones
- E) can be crushed quite easily

**48. According to the passage, "bort" is .....**

- A) responsible for 20% of yearly diamond production
- B) another name for a large diamond mine
- C) a type of synthetic diamond
- D) the measurement for how clear a diamond is
- E) the word for any natural diamond that is not gem-grade

**49. It is clear from the passage that diamonds of gemstone quality .....**

- A) would also be useful in industry
- B) are a little cheaper than other kinds
- C) can only be cut by industrial diamonds
- D) have a greater hardness than synthetic ones
- E) are rarely perfectly formed



50-52. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Modern entertainment magic owes its origins to Jean Robert-Houdin, a French clockmaker, who opened a magic theatre in Paris in the 1840s. His specialty was constructing human-like machines. In London, Robert-Houdin's innovations were expanded upon by magician and inventor John Nevil Maskelyne and his partner. They exploited the potential of the stage for hidden mechanisms and assistants, thus managing to control the audience's perspective as well. Their innovations, in turn, were used by the greatest celebrity magician of all time: Harry Houdini. He took this stage name from Robert-Houdin, and developed a range of presentations, mostly based on escapology. Houdini was highly skilled in techniques like lock-picking and escaping straitjackets, but also used a whole range of conjuring techniques, such as fake equipment and secret audience members.

50. It is noted in the passage that Jean Robert-Houdin .....

- A) was a personal friend of Harry Houdini
- B) built machines that resembled people
- C) became a clockmaker when his magic theatre failed
- D) made clocks in human form
- E) travelled to London in the 1870s

51. As is clear from the passage, John Nevil Maskelyne and his partner .....

- A) taught Harry Houdini all he knew
- B) performed their show in both London and Paris
- C) did not show the audience everything that was going on on the stage
- D) had no actual skill but simply tricked the audience
- E) performed dangerous magic tricks

52. We learn from the passage that Harry Houdini .....

- A) invited people on stage to help him
- B) spent some time in prison
- C) did not have a very good relationship with audiences
- D) was not born with that name
- E) died while escaping a straitjacket

53-55. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Sergei Rachmaninoff was a Russian composer, pianist, and conductor, and one of the last great champions of the Romantic style of European classical music. He is regarded as one of the most influential pianists of the 20th century. Rachmaninoff had legendary technical facilities and rhythmic drive, and his impressive hands were able to cover the interval of a thirteenth on the keyboard, which is approximately 30 cm. This matched his height, which could have been anywhere between 191 and 198 cm. He also had the ability to play complex compositions upon first hearing them. Many recordings were made by the Victor Talking Machine Company recording label of Rachmaninoff performing his compositions, as well as works from the standard repertory.

54. It is implied in the passage that Rachmaninoff's hands .....

- A) helped his playing due to their size
- B) were big but with quite short fingers
- C) were better suited to instruments other than the piano
- D) were too large for a man of his height
- E) stopped growing when he was thirteen

53. We can understand from the passage that, in Rachmaninoff's time, .....

- A) the facilities in Russia were quite poor
- B) few people listened to European classical music
- C) pianists were usually very short
- D) Russia was not very well known for its music
- E) the Romantic style was dying out

55. According to the passage, Rachmaninoff recorded .....

- A) nearly 200 very difficult pieces
- B) so much because his memory was poor
- C) every song he had ever heard
- D) more than most other musicians of his time
- E) both his own music and that of others

**56-60. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın olan seçeneği bulunuz.**

**56. It's not always easy to find a place to park close to the city centre.**

- A) It is always difficult to discover a place in which to leave your vehicle when you are close to the city centre.
- B) Sometimes, when you're going to the city centre, it is best to park your vehicle before you get there.
- C) There are never problems finding parking spaces outside of the city centre.
- D) You may sometimes have problems locating a parking space which is not far from the centre of the city.
- E) The way into the city centre can often be difficult to find, so maybe you shouldn't plan to park there.

**57. Many people believe that there is a connection between earthquakes and solar eclipses.**

- A) Everyone agrees that solar eclipses have caused earthquakes in many cases.
- B) Earthquakes are set off by solar eclipses, and a large number of people are aware of this.
- C) That earthquakes and solar eclipses are linked is a widely held feeling.
- D) The majority of people feel earthquakes and solar eclipses are not independent of each other.
- E) People generally think that earthquakes happen at the same time as solar eclipses.

**58. Upon seeing the apartment for himself, Cem became interested in purchasing it.**

- A) The apartment interested Cem so much when he saw it that he bought it for himself.
- B) Cem started considering buying the apartment once he'd seen it.
- C) Cem was intending to buy the apartment for himself even before he had visited it.

D) Even after Cem had taken a look at the apartment, he was still interested in buying it.

E) Cem suddenly lost interest in buying the apartment as soon as he examined it for himself.

**59. My friend's cousin graduated from university two years ago and has been working in Korea since then.**

- A) My friend's cousin took two years to graduate before he went to Korea to work.
- B) My friend's cousin went to work in Korea two years after he'd graduated from university.
- C) Two years before my friend's cousin graduated from university, he had been working in Korea.
- D) My friend's cousin has been working in Korea from the time of his graduation two years ago.
- E) Two years after my friend's cousin left university, he decided to work in Korea.

**60. However worthless they may seem to most of us, antique hand-crafted buttons are avidly collected by enthusiasts.**

- A) In the opinion of many, collecting antique hand-crafted buttons is a complete waste of time.
- B) Most of us may not be aware of the value of hand-crafted buttons; however, enthusiasts spend a fortune on them.
- C) It's surprising how many people are enthusiastically taking up the hobby of hand-crafted antique button collecting.
- D) Collectors enthusiastically make antique hand-crafted button collections despite their apparent worthlessness to most of us.
- E) I think most people would agree that making a worthwhile collection of hand-crafted buttons takes enthusiasm.

61-65. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

61. A 78-million-year-old fossil of a marine creature has been unearthed in Malatya. The fossil represents an important scientific discovery. .... . That is, in fact, the reason why extremely old marine fossils are often found in the area.

- A) Many tourists have visited the area
- B) The fossil is a valuable find for paleontologists
- C) The excavation was conducted by three universities
- D) It went extinct 70 million years ago
- E) It confirms that the region was covered by the sea in the past

62. From Hiroshima, on 6 August, 1945, the world received the shocking discovery that man had opened the dark continent of the atom. Its mysteries would haunt the 20th century. Yet for 2000 years, the "atom" had been the most intimate of philosophers' concerns. The Greek word "atomos" meant the smallest unit of matter, supposed to be indestructible. .... .

- A) Molecules are larger units of matter made of combinations of atoms
- B) Now atom was a household word, a threat and a promise without precedent
- C) No one can actually see an atom because they are so small
- D) Unfortunately, the spread of nuclear arms did not end with the Cold War
- E) The Germans were also working on constructing an atomic bomb towards the end of World War II

63. Fortifications do not have to be pretty, but they often are. A few kilometres south of the Belgian border, the French town of Maubeuge is surrounded by a seven-pointed star. .... . Upon seeing this, one can't help but think that war is ugly, but some of its buildings can be beautiful.

- A) Medieval towns were almost always surrounded by walls
- B) Mountaintop fortifications often have a threatening, sinister appearance
- C) Five, six and eight-pointed stars are quite common, but not seven-pointed ones
- D) The moat seems more like a playground than a landscape built to keep out invaders
- E) The Sydney Opera House is known as one of the world's most impressive buildings

64. The curious, waddling walk of penguins has finally been explained by scientists. .... . The penguin is one of the most inefficient walkers in the animal kingdom, expending twice as much energy on walking as any other creature of the same weight. It used to be thought that the waddle was to blame, but now it seems that the waddling actually helps the creatures conserve energy.

- A) In the extreme cold in which they live, it helps them keep warm by giving them plenty of extra exercise
- B) Apparently it has the effect of disabling predators by sending them into a state of surprise
- C) It is actually part of a complex mating ritual
- D) They have decided that the comical shuffle is the most efficient way for the creatures to get around
- E) Nature seems to have given the penguin its elegant walk in compensation for not being able to fly

65. For most of Europe, the blast at Chernobyl was one of the most terrifying moments for industrial society and forever changed the world's attitude towards nuclear power. .... The disaster also undoubtedly hastened Ukraine's separation from Moscow and the break-up of the Soviet Union five years later.

- A) Turkey still has plans to build nuclear power plants
- B) Country after country banned the building of new nuclear plants
- C) Nuclear fusion is supposed to be much safer than nuclear fission
- D) In the last few years, India and Pakistan have entered the nuclear arms race
- E) Nuclear submarines can stay at sea for long periods because they do not need to refuel

66-70. sorularda, verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

66. You have not looked in your mailbox for a couple of weeks. When you finally do, you see that a letter for your neighbour has been put there. Because the letter is marked "urgent", you are concerned, and so immediately take it to your neighbour's door and say:

- A) Why didn't you open this urgent letter earlier?
- B) I wish your mail would stop coming to my mailbox.
- C) Have you found any letters of mine in your mailbox?
- D) I found this in my mailbox, but I hope you're not getting it too late.
- E) If only you weren't too lazy to check your mailbox regularly.

67. You are the first person onto an elevator, but then lots of people get on behind you and it becomes very crowded. As you cannot move very well, you politely say to a man near the door:

- A) Get out of the way before the door closes on you.
- B) Would you mind pressing the button for the sixth floor for me?
- C) Why don't you try losing weight?
- D) Why didn't you just wait for the next elevator?
- E) Thanks a lot for letting me squeeze in here.

68. Your friend is trying to sell her laptop, as she wants to buy a new and better one. She took it to a second-hand shop, but they only offered her very little money. Thinking of a way she can sell it for more money, you suggest:

- A) Unfortunately, I've already got a laptop, but thanks for the offer.
- B) What do you need a new laptop for anyway?
- C) Why don't you just update its memory instead?
- D) If you buy the new one in installments, you won't need to spend so much.
- E) You ought to try putting it up for auction on the Internet.

69. You are on a minibus and the driver has just dropped a coin under his seat. He reaches down to look for it, taking his eyes off of the road and not even stopping the minibus. Terrified by his behaviour, you ask him:

- A) Do you think it rolled towards the back?
- B) Are our lives less important than that coin?
- C) Why not open the door and see if it falls out?
- D) Does it still count as a fare if you lose a customer's coin?
- E) Can you believe how dangerous the roads are these days?

70. Your brother has enthusiastically offered to help you repair your car. However, the last time he helped you with it, he made the problem worse. You do not want his help, but you also do not want to hurt his feelings, and so you carefully say:

- A) Aren't you forgetting that you ruined my car the last time you helped?
- B) Sorry, but you just don't know anything about cars, as far as I can tell.
- C) I'd like to try it myself this time, though I really appreciate your offer.
- D) Your expertise will be a real help for me, so thanks a lot.
- E) Go and get your own car to try to fix, will you?

71-75. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

71. Maria:  
- I wasn't able to watch the DVD that you lent me.

Canan:  
- Why not?

Maria:  
- .....

Canan:  
- Oh yes, I forgot to tell you that there weren't any in English.

- A) I couldn't read the subtitles.
- B) It was set in Turkey.
- C) The actors were speaking a strange language.
- D) It was culturally too confusing.
- E) I didn't know which button to press to start it.

72. Caroline:  
- Could you turn the sound of the TV down?

Nigel:  
- If I do, I won't be able to hear the show.

Caroline:  
- .....

Nigel:  
- Good. Then I'll be able to feel relaxed at last.

- A) You have a point—I hadn't thought of that.
- B) Don't you know that my favourite show starts in an hour?
- C) I don't care; turn it down anyway.
- D) Well, turn it off this very moment, will you?
- E) I'm going into the other room then.

73. Carl:  
- Have you ever heard of the mythological Shirt of Nessus?

Joseph:  
- No, can you tell me about it?

Carl:  
- .....

Joseph:  
- Well, couldn't he have just taken it off instead?

- A) It has been compared to the Smallpox blankets which were given to the Native Americans.
- B) The character Deianira was fooled into giving it to her husband.
- C) Nessus had the shirt on when he was involved in a terrible accident.
- D) Mark Anthony mentioned it when he was in his greatest moment of despair.
- E) It is supposed to have burned Heracles so badly that he committed suicide.

74. Alfred:  
- Did you know that Batman has a young friend called Robin?

Jim:  
- .....

Alfred:  
- Who's that?

Jim:  
- He is called Bat-Mite, and he's rather unusual.

- A) In fact, he also has an even smaller supporter.
- B) Actually, he is not his only companion.
- C) He also has some kind of female colleague.
- D) I knew that he didn't do his crime-fighting alone.
- E) I think I read somewhere that he is also a father.

75. Lucia:  
- Come down and have some tea with us.

Klara:  
- .....

Lucia:  
- A fifteen-minute break won't make it any more, though.

Klara:  
- You have a point; okay then, I'm coming.

- A) I'll only be able to come for a few minutes.
- B) I don't think the kettle has boiled yet.
- C) I'm really getting bored of drinking tea with you.
- D) I'd love to, but I've got a lot of work to do.
- E) I've been told that if I leave my desk, I'll be fired.

76-80. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

76. (I) Hella S. Haasse is one of the most important modern Dutch writers. (II) The Dutch East Indies, where she was born, has been important to her work. (III) Nevertheless, it has been known as Indonesia ever since becoming independent in 1945. (IV) Her first novel was set there. (V) And over half a century later, she was still using it as the location for some of her fiction.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

77. (I) The *Ulysses* spacecraft is moving away from the Sun, on which it has provided scientists with unique data. (II) Included in this is information about its temperature. (III) This means that the craft is gradually getting colder, and its fuel will soon freeze. (IV) When this happens, it will no longer be able to move. (V) It will then become useless.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

78. (I) Eating fresh fruit is an important part of any well-balanced diet, but some fruits are more recommended than others. (II) One of these is the pomegranate. (III) It is true that this fruit's health benefits can be obtained, to some extent, from the juice alone. (IV) The pomegranate tree grows to between five and eight meters tall. (V) Nonetheless, eating them fresh is better, as it increases the body's fibre intake at a low-calorie level.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

79. (I) *jubilat* is a widely distributed poetry journal put out in the United States. (II) Some of the best work in contemporary American poetry has been published in it. (III) Filling up the rest of its space is the section containing interviews with living poets. (IV) It does not limit itself to just such new poems and poets, though. (V) It also contains a varied selection of reprints and rediscovered poems.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

80. (I) The actor John Hurt believes that the level of dishonesty in public life is behind the rise in popularity of films involving mathematics. (II) One example of this is the movie *21*. (III) Hurt himself stars in another film, *The Oxford Murders*, as a professor of the subject. (IV) This character investigates a series of murders that are connected by mathematical symbols. (V) Hurt's father was a mathematician and engineer, too.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V

**GOOD LUCK**



# ELS / LYS - 2015

## İNGİLİZCE DENEME SINAVI (5)

1. Cevap kağıdınızda, sınav yabancı dilinizi (İNGİLİZCE) işaretlemeyi unutmayınız.
2. Bu testte 80 soru vardır. Cevaplama süreniz 120 dakikadır.

1-8. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. As Tony had managed to save Maria from certain death in the shark's jaws, she felt extremely ..... to him.

A) grateful  
B) lovely  
C) notable  
D) envious  
E) passive

2. We advanced ..... all day long, about 60 miles every hour, so by nightfall we were in Albuquerque.

A) randomly  
B) actually  
C) broadly  
D) steadily  
E) obviously

3. In an attempt to ..... that events similar to those of 11 September 2001 are never repeated, the US government established the Department of Homeland Security.

A) agree  
B) ensure  
C) prevent  
D) consider  
E) predict

4. Perhaps Samuel Beckett's greatest ..... as a novelist was how he showed that total honesty about life's dark side can be made funny.

A) achievement  
B) resistance  
C) suspicion  
D) intention  
E) witness

5. Because Diomedes and Cressida no longer ..... each other at all, they manage to turn even the slightest problem into a big argument.

A) run out of  
B) drop out of  
C) get along with  
D) look down on  
E) catch up with

6. We ..... the match if only Gavin ..... in last night's game, instead of Harper.

A) would win/played  
B) could win/plays  
C) were winning/has played  
D) won/was playing  
E) would have won/had played

7. The earthquake in New Madrid on 16 December 1811 ..... the largest in US history, though this ..... because there was no Richter scale at the time.

A) might be/shouldn't be confirming  
B) can be/wouldn't have been confirmed  
C) may have been/cannot be confirmed  
D) must have been/might not confirm  
E) could be/may not have confirmed

8. I think Frankie is still far too young ..... on his own while his parents ..... out at nights.

A) being left/went  
B) to be left/go  
C) to leave/have gone  
D) to have left/are going  
E) leaving/will go

9-15. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

9. .... opposed ..... traditional Louisiana Cajun music, which resembles early country music, Zydeco shows more of a blues influence.

A) As/to  
B) For/from  
C) By/about  
D) At/with  
E) In/towards

10. Mrs. Dukladny insisted ..... dividing Willis' birthday cake up evenly ..... all the students.

- A) with/into
- B) about/from
- C) on/among
- D) to/between
- E) for/through

11. Neither sheep nor chickens could be found in the Americas ..... their first introduction by Europeans.

- A) while
- B) when
- C) as soon as
- D) until
- E) once

12. From the beginning of man's presence in ..... is now called Rajasthan, till around 1400 BC, the Bhil and Mina tribes roamed and ruled the land.

- A) that
- B) where
- C) which
- D) what
- E) whose

13. .... had Stefan stepped into his office ..... he realized that something was strangely different about it this morning.

- A) Whether/or
- B) Neither/nor
- C) Both/and
- D) Either/or
- E) Hardly/when

14. .... Frodo Baggins in J.R.R. Tolkien's *The Lord of the Rings* is quite a serious character, his friend Samwise Gamgee tends to be much more lighthearted.

- A) Due to
- B) Whereas
- C) Nonetheless
- D) In order for
- E) Consequently

15. It should come as ..... surprise that bullet-proof vests, fire escapes, windscreen wipers and laser printers were all invented by women.

- A) nothing
- B) no
- C) nobody
- D) none
- E) not

16-20. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

The term *nouveau roman* ("new novel") refers to a French literary movement, (16) ..... especially in the 1950s and 1960s, that questioned traditional modes of literary realism. It is seen by some critics as standing midway (17) ..... the modernist and postmodernist movements in literature. Associated with the works of (18) ..... authors ..... Michel Butor, Robert Pinget, and Alain Robbe-Grillet, the *nouveau roman* is characterized by a severe narrative tone that completely avoids standard literary devices (19) ..... favour ..... precise physical descriptions, indefinite points of view, and disorienting gaps in time and space, all of (20) ..... combine to give the reader a unique reading experience.

16.

- A) to flourish
- B) flourish
- C) to be flourished
- D) flourishing
- E) to have flourished

17.

- A) upon
- B) around
- C) with
- D) between
- E) among

18.

- A) such...as
- B) so many...that
- C) much...than
- D) different...from
- E) as many...as

19.

- A) through...on
- B) to...with
- C) in...of
- D) for...about
- E) from...at

20.

- A) that
- B) which
- C) them
- D) what
- E) their own

21-28. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

21. ...., bungee-jumping is really no more dangerous than any other sport.

- A) Only a handful of deaths are known to have occurred
- B) So long as you do it under experienced guidance
- C) Should you fail to take the necessary safety measures
- D) As falling from such a height can be quite frightening
- E) Because of its rising popularity in recent years

22. ...., even though I haven't quite managed to finish it yet.

- A) Proust's *Remembrance of Things Past* is a massive book
- B) So many books do I have to read for my project
- C) My reading of Tolstoy's *Anna Karenina* took over a month
- D) Tess is insisting that I give her her book back
- E) I much prefer short novels to long ones

23. Since there doesn't seem to be any salt and pepper on the table, .....

- A) we should try to eat a bit more slowly than we did last time
- B) it's no use blaming the manager for the waitress' mistake
- C) it's not likely we'll be able to afford such expensive food
- D) I tend to use much more pepper than I do salt
- E) let's ask our waitress if she'd mind bringing some over

24. .... after my son's gone off to university in the fall.

- A) It's a not-too-expensive little fine arts school
- B) He really wasn't very happy with most of his teachers
- C) I would probably have had enough time to help you out
- D) Now that he's starting to get much better grades
- E) I guess I'll finally be able to really enjoy retirement

25. ...., the environment might not now be in such bad shape.

- A) Unless everyone suddenly stops caring for nature
- B) Had the Industrial Revolution never occurred
- C) Not only do the polar ice caps seem to be melting
- D) If the Earth were ever again to be hit by a comet
- E) Because many thousands of species are now extinct

26. .... just why the Minoan civilization so suddenly collapsed.

- A) Though the palace at Knossos is of massive size
- B) It may have been the volcanic eruption at Thera
- C) Even today it is still by no means entirely clear
- D) There are a number of people who are convinced
- E) Linear A is a script that remains undeciphered

27. Should the government and the rebels fail to start negotiations soon, .....

- A) civil war is highly likely to be the result
- B) they ought to be able to reach a solid compromise
- C) both sides are hopeful that war can be prevented
- D) many people have long feared an outbreak of violence
- E) though the peacekeeping mission is pessimistic

28. The tourist information guide we read before coming here strongly advised .....

- A) travellers not to shake hands when meeting people
- B) belching after a meal was considered as a compliment
- C) that there was no real reason to avoid drinking tap water
- D) to be careful about eating food with one's left hand
- E) whether public services would be open on Saturdays

29-34. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

29. Satire is a form of literature that pokes fun at the follies or the viciousness of humans.

- A) Bir yazın türü olan taşlamada, insanların budalalıkları ya da kötü amaçlarıyla alay edilir.
- B) Taşlama, budalalık yapan ya da kötü emelleri olan insanların alay konusu edildiği bir edebi türdür.
- C) Taşlama, insanların budalalıkları ya da kötü emelleriyle alay eden bir yazın türüdür.
- D) Budala ya da kötü maksatlı insanlarla alay etmek için yazılan yazılara, edebi dilde taşlama denir.
- E) Bir edebi tür olarak taşlama, insanların budalalıklarıyla ve kötü emelleriyle alay eder.

30. Czechoslovakian distance runner Emil Zatopek set 18 world records over the course of his career in races ranging between 5,000 and 30,000 metres.

- A) Çekoslovak uzun mesafe koşucusu Emil Zatopek, 5 000 ve 30 000 metre yarışlarında kırdığı 18 dünya rekoruyla tanınır.
- B) Bir uzun mesafe koşucusu olan Çekoslovak Emil Zatopek'in, 5 000 ile 30 000 metre arasında değişen yarışlarda kırdığı 18 dünya rekoru vardır.
- C) Çekoslovak uzun mesafe koşucusu Emil Zatopek'in kariyeri boyunca kırdığı 18 dünya rekoru, mesafesi 5 000 ile 30 000 metre arasında değişen yarışlara aittir.
- D) Kariyeri süresince 5 000 ve 30 000 metre yarışlarında 18 dünya rekoru kırmış olan Emil Zatopek, Çek asıllı bir uzun mesafe koşucusudur.
- E) Çekoslovak uzun mesafe koşucusu Emil Zatopek kariyeri boyunca, 5 000 ile 30 000 metre arasında değişen yarışlarda 18 dünya rekoru kırmıştır.

31. A surgeon must diagnose a patient's condition accurately in order to decide whether an operation is really needed.

- A) Hastanın durumunu doğru teşhis eden bir cerrah, ameliyatın gerekli olup olmadığını kolaylıkla anlayabilir.
- B) Bir cerrah, ancak hastanın durumunu tam olarak teşhis ettikten sonra ameliyatın gerekli olup olmadığına karar verebilir.
- C) Ameliyatın gerçekten gerekli olup olmadığına karar vermek için bir cerrah, hastanın durumunu doğru teşhis etmelidir.
- D) Hastalığın teşhisinden sonra ameliyatın gerçekten gerekli olup olmadığına cerrah karar vermelidir.
- E) Bir cerrahın ameliyata karar verebilmesi için hastanın durumunu çok iyi bilmesi ve teşhisin doğru olması gerekir.

32. What determines the climate of West Indian islands is the warm water surrounding them, which never falls below 250 °C.

- A) Batı Hint adalarının iklimine ilişkin en belirgin özellik, çevrelerindeki suların hiçbir zaman 250 °C'in altına inmemesidir.
- B) Batı Hint adalarının iklimi, çevrelerindeki asla 250 °C'in altına düşmeyen ılık sularca belirlenir.
- C) Kendilerini çevreleyen suyun sıcaklığı asla 250 °C'in altına düşmediği için Batı Hint adaları, ılıman bir iklime sahiptir.
- D) Batı Hint adalarının iklimini belirleyen, çevrelerindeki hiçbir zaman 250 °C'in altına inmeyen ılık sulardır.
- E) Batı Hint adalarını çevreleyen ve bu adaların iklimini belirleyen sular, hiçbir zaman 250 °C'in altına düşmez.

33. The human skin is covered with a layer of dead cells that block harmful substances from getting into the body.

- A) İnsan derisini tümüyle kaplayıp zararlı maddelerin vücuda girmesini önleyen tabaka, ölü hücrelerden oluşur.
- B) İnsan derisini kaplayan ölü hücreler tabakası, zararlı maddelerin vücuda girmesini engeller.
- C) Zararlı maddelerin insan vücuduna girmesi, deriyi kaplayan ölü hücreler tabakası tarafından önlenir.
- D) Ölü hücrelerden oluşan bir tabaka insan derisini sarar ve zararlı maddelerin vücuda girmesini önler.
- E) İnsan derisi, zararlı maddelerin vücuda girmesini önleyen bir ölü hücreler tabakası ile kaplıdır.

34. In the 1600s an explosion of interest and ideas occurred in the field of biology as a result of the invention of the microscope.

- A) Biyoloji alanında görülen ilgi ve düşünce patlaması 1600'lerde, mikroskobun icadından sonra gerçekleşmiştir.
- B) 1600'lerde, mikroskobun icat edilmesi sonucu, biyoloji alanında ilgi ve düşünce patlaması oldu.
- C) 1600'lerde mikroskobun icat edilmesi, biyoloji alanında ilgi ve düşünce patlamasına yol açmıştır.
- D) Mikroskobun icadından sonra, 1600'lerde, biyoloji alanına ilgi artmış ve bir düşünce patlaması yaşanmıştır.
- E) Biyoloji alanına olan ilginin artması sonucu görülen düşünce patlaması, 1600'lerde, mikroskobun icadıyla gerçekleşti.

**35-40 sorularda verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.**

**35. 1980'lerde, okur-yazarlığın evrensel ancak değişken tanımlarına göre, dünyadaki her on yetişkinden yedisi okur-yazar olarak kabul ediliyordu.**

- A) By the 1980s, according to international but inconsistent definitions of literacy, seven out of ten adults in the world were considered literate.
- B) In the 1980s, according to international definitions of literacy, seven out of ten adults in the world were considered literate, but this figure was not consistent.
- C) By the 1980s, seven out of ten adults in the world were literate, but this figure was not consistent, considering international definitions of literacy.
- D) By the 1980s, there were internationally accepted definitions of literacy, and according to these, seven out of ten adults in the world were literate.
- E) In the 1980s, when international definitions of literacy were developed, seven out of ten adults in the world were regarded as literate.

**36. İskandinavya'dan gelip Fransa'nın kuzeybatısına yerleşen Normanlar, savaşta, denizcilikte ve gemi yapımında son derece hünerliydi.**

- A) The Normans, who were very successful in warfare, seamanship and shipbuilding, came from Scandinavia and settled in northwestern France.
- B) Migrating from Scandinavia, the Normans settled in northwestern France, where they showed great success in warfare, seamanship and shipbuilding.
- C) The Normans, who came from Scandinavia and settled in northwestern France, were highly skilled in warfare, seamanship and shipbuilding.
- D) Before settling in northwestern France, the Normans, who were skilful at warfare, seamanship and shipbuilding, had been living in Scandinavia.
- E) Having left Scandinavia, the Normans settled in northwestern France, and there they became skilled in warfare, seamanship and shipbuilding.

**37. Anıtkabir'in üzerinde bulunduğu tepe, Ankara'da merkezi bir konuma ve hiç kapanmayan bir kent manzarasına sahiptir.**

- A) The Anıtkabir is situated on a hill in a central area of Ankara, so it has an almost unobstructed view of the city.
- B) The Anıtkabir is located in a hilly part of Ankara from where you can get an unobstructed view of the city.
- C) For enjoying an unobstructed view of the city of Ankara, the Anıtkabir, which is situated on a hill, is a suitable location.
- D) Because the Anıtkabir is situated on a hill which is in a central location in Ankara, it is possible to get an unobstructed view of the city from there.
- E) The hill on which the Anıtkabir is situated has a central location in Ankara and an unobstructed view of the city.

**38. Üzerlerindeki çizgiler zebraaların ayrı ayrı algılanmasını güçleştirdiği için, yırtıcı hayvanlar, sürü içerisinde zebraaları tek tek ayırt etmekte güçlük çekerler.**

- A) As their stripes make it hard to perceive zebras separately, predators experience difficulty in distinguishing zebras individually in a herd.
- B) Without its stripes, which make it difficult to perceive it as an individual in a herd, the zebra would be an easier target for predators.
- C) Predators find it difficult to distinguish zebras individually in a herd because of their stripes, which make it hard to perceive them separately.
- D) If zebras didn't have stripes, which make it difficult to perceive them separately, it would be easier for predators to distinguish each individual zebra in a herd.
- E) The zebra's stripes make it hard for predators to perceive it separately, and so they find it hard to distinguish each individual zebra in a herd.

39. Orhan Veli, sıradan yaşantıları öyle derin bir yalınlıkla anlatmıştır ki, onun şiiri halk tarafından olduğu kadar akademisyenler tarafından da çok beğenilmektedir.

- A) Orhan Veli describes ordinary lives with such profound simplicity that his poetry is highly appreciated by the public as well as by academics.
- B) Because it describes ordinary lives with great simplicity, Orhan Veli's poetry is very popular not only with the public but with academics as well.
- C) Both the public and academics appreciate Orhan Veli's poetry, which tells of ordinary lives with such profound simplicity.
- D) It is the profound simplicity in his descriptions of ordinary lives that makes Orhan Veli's poetry popular with both the public and with academics.
- E) Orhan Veli, whose poetry is highly appreciated by the public as well as by academics, describes ordinary lives with great simplicity.

40. Kanuni Sultan Süleyman ve takip eden iki hükümdarın saltanatı sırasında yaşamış olan Mimar Sinan, İstanbul'u ölümsüz eserlerle donatmıştır.

- A) It was during the reigns of Süleyman the Magnificent and the two succeeding sultans that Mimar Sinan adorned Istanbul with his everlasting works.
- B) Mimar Sinan, who embellished Istanbul with immortal works, lived during the reigns of Süleyman the Magnificent and the two succeeding sultans.
- C) Mimar Sinan, who lived during the reigns of Süleyman the Magnificent and the two succeeding sultans, embellished Istanbul with immortal works.
- D) During the reigns of Süleyman the Magnificent and the two succeeding sultans, Mimar Sinan produced immortal works, which still embellish Istanbul.
- E) Mimar Sinan, who adorned Istanbul with his everlasting works, produced them during the reigns of Süleyman the Magnificent and the two succeeding sultans.

41-43. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

The demoiselle crane, known in Turkish as *telli turna*, has a special place in Anatolian culture. It has inspired many local folk songs, where it often symbolizes longing. The Anatolian people have also used it as a motif in traditional clothing and carpets. The species could once be found throughout Anatolia. Now, though, just eleven remain, struggling to survive in the Bulanık plain in Muş, because their natural habitats have been converted into agricultural areas. Many tourists come to Turkey to see these birds, and so a preservation project has been launched with the participation of local residents. A film, as well as brochures and posters promoting the last remaining cranes of the Bulanık plain, will be released with the aim of raising awareness of the bird's plight.

41. It is stated in the passage that the demoiselle crane .....

- A) can be seen in many traditional Turkish paintings
- B) inhabits most areas in Anatolia
- C) only lives in western Turkey
- D) is a species only found in Anatolia
- E) has a special meaning in Anatolian folk songs

42. We understand from the passage that so few demoiselle cranes live in Turkey now because .....

- A) they have been sold to tourists
- B) their natural habitats are being used for farming
- C) their feathers are used in clothing and carpets
- D) local residents do not like the birds
- E) they have migrated to Muş in large numbers

43. We can conclude from the passage that the ultimate aim of the project mentioned is to .....

- A) help raise the number of demoiselle cranes in Turkey
- B) provide income for the farmers of Anatolia
- C) turn Muş into an attractive tourist centre
- D) protect the traditional culture based on demoiselle cranes
- E) sell as many brochures and posters as possible

**44-46. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

Giuseppe Verdi's masterpiece *Nabucco* concerns the destruction of Jerusalem and the suffering of the Hebrew slaves during the reign of the ancient Babylonian king Nebuchadrezzar II. The best known part of the opera is the chorus of the Hebrew slaves, who sadly express their longing for their homeland along the river Euphrates. *Nabucco* was first shown in the famous opera house La Scala in Milan in 1842. There has long been a myth that the audience saw the Hebrew slaves' chorus as a symbol of the struggle of Italy, which at the time was trying to gain freedom from Austria. Though this myth has been disproven, the chorus is still considered an expression of patriotic feelings in Italy today.

- 44. It is clear from the passage that *Nabucco* .....**
- A) has a story that occurs in Milan in 1842
  - B) was written in Babylonia
  - C) is set in a time long before it was written
  - D) is about the life of Nebuchadrezzar II
  - E) has been translated into Italian
- 45. We can understand from the passage that *Nabucco's* Hebrew slaves .....**
- A) greatly admired the architecture of La Scala
  - B) had chosen to move to Babylonia
  - C) were responsible for the destruction of Jerusalem
  - D) used to live near the river Euphrates
  - E) later joined the Italian independence movement
- 46. It is obvious from the passage that the Hebrew slaves' chorus in *Nabucco* .....**
- A) was not originally thought to represent Italy's struggle
  - B) was especially popular with Babylonians
  - C) was the anthem of the struggle against Austria
  - D) inspired many other composers
  - E) is the most popular opera piece in Italy today

**47-49. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

There is a growing type of cruise called "ship literature". Sponsored by publishers, the cruises feature popular authors reading and speaking to book lovers. Such cruises do have swimming pools and other attractions, but most people spend most of their time listening to authors. For authors and publishers, it is an opportunity to promote their books. It is hard to measure the direct effect of the cruises, but publishers say participating authors do see an increase in sales. Books are sold on board, but the real profit comes from word-of-mouth after vacationers return home: they tell friends about the authors, or write their thoughts on book-oriented weblogs.

- 47. We learn from the passage that "ship literature" .....**
- A) cruises only accept frequent readers
  - B) is suitable for people of all ages
  - C) is basically a way to sell more books
  - D) has been popular for a long time now
  - E) cruises are expensive to go on
- 48. We understand from the passage that passengers on the cruises .....**
- A) prefer author's readings to more traditional attractions
  - B) do not have to pay to get on board
  - C) often ask about receiving free books
  - D) are all users of the Internet
  - E) spend the majority of their time in swimming pools
- 49. It is stated in the passage that some of those who have been on a "ship literature" cruise .....**
- A) become close friends with the authors themselves
  - B) share their thoughts with others through the Internet
  - C) want to have the experience again
  - D) use this experience as a step towards becoming a writer
  - E) tell their friends that they should experience it for themselves



50-52. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

The story of the discovery of Aphrodisias, near the village of Geyre in Aydın, is quite interesting. Turkish photographer Ara Güler, who went to Denizli in 1958, was returning to İzmir in the middle of the night when he lost his way. He decided to spend the night at the first village he came to, which was Geyre. He stepped into a coffeehouse. When he saw the statues embedded in the walls and the carved marble tables, he was impressed and asked where they had come from. He was told that the village was full of such things. At dawn, Güler went out to explore the area, and soon found himself wandering amazed through an ancient city. He took photos and sent them to scholars. Soon, little Geyre was flooded with archaeologists.

51. We learn from the passage that Ara Güler's plan in Geyre was to .....

- A) see its famous coffeehouse
- B) visit some of his relatives
- C) photograph Aphrodisias
- D) have a relaxing holiday
- E) stay there for the night

50. It is clear from the passage that Aphrodisias was .....

- A) the Greek name of the village of Geyre
- B) explored by archaeologists before 1958
- C) the setting in many literary works
- D) accidentally discovered by Ara Güler
- E) constructed in 1958 near Geyre

52. We understand from the passage that archaeologists .....

- A) were very interested in Aphrodisias
- B) have now excavated all of the city of Aphrodisias
- C) are still living and working in Geyre
- D) did not think Aphrodisias had been a very important city
- E) were Ara Güler's close friends

**53-55. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

Rabindranath Tagore was a Bengali poet, philosopher, and dramatist. He first gained international fame when he was awarded the Nobel Prize in Literature in 1913. He then became a major voice of India's spiritual heritage to the world, introducing the mystical beauty of Indian culture to the West for nearly the first time. Though he was successful in many literary genres—musical dramas, essays, travel diaries, and even two autobiographies—he was primarily a poet. He also composed many songs, two of which became the national anthems of India and Bangladesh. Tagore also left many paintings which can be found in major museums today. He was an early advocate of independence for India, and his influence on Mohandas Gandhi and the other founders of modern India was great.

**53. It is implied in the passage that Rabindranath Tagore .....**

- A) wrote mostly about the Bengali people
- B) was not well-known in the West before 1913
- C) became the most famous writer in the world
- D) was the first Bengali poet to win the Nobel Prize
- E) started writing poetry at a young age

**54. We understand from the passage that Rabindranath Tagore .....**

- A) actively helped India gain independence
- B) wrote many works in honour of Mohandas Gandhi
- C) considered himself a mystic and not a poet
- D) is the composer of India and Bangladesh's national anthems
- E) is still very popular in the West today

**55. We can conclude from the passage that Tagore's paintings .....**

- A) are primarily self-portraits
- B) depict the struggle for independence in India
- C) have been considered good paintings
- D) were dedicated to Mohandas Gandhi
- E) are mostly landscapes of India and Bangladesh

56-60. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın olan seçeneği bulunuz.

56. Not until after I'd given my report did I realize I hadn't mentioned all of the points I'd wanted to.

- A) I had carefully planned all the points I would be mentioning in my report, but in the end I forgot some of them.
- B) My report turned out not very well as I was unable to bring up all of the points I had been planning to.
- C) I was planning to mention more things in my report, but in the end there wasn't enough time to mention everything.
- D) In my report, I'd intended to bring up more points than I actually did, though I only noticed this after I'd finished.
- E) Once the report had finished, it was pointed out to me that I hadn't brought up all the topics that I should have.

57. The students don't seem to be entirely satisfied with their new teacher.

- A) There is, it seems, total dissatisfaction among the students concerning their new teacher.
- B) It appears that there are some things about their new teacher with which the students are not happy.
- C) Displeasure with their new teacher seems to be something about which all of the students can agree.
- D) Apparently, the new teacher has managed to disappoint quite a few of the students.
- E) The new teacher seems to be rather dissatisfied with some of his students.

58. This operatic performance requires all attendees to dress formally.

- A) Informal clothing is considered inappropriate at operatic performances.
- B) Attendees are often asked to dress smartly when attending the opera.
- C) No one ever wears anything but their most formal clothes to come to such an operatic performance.
- D) Some attendees will be asked to put on more formal clothes before entering the opera house.
- E) No one wearing casual clothing may attend this opera.

59. Had you spoken more carefully, you probably would not have been so insulting.

- A) However carefully you may have spoken, it would likely have been impossible not to be insulting.
- B) You probably ought to choose your words with great care so as to avoid being offensive.
- C) Such offense would likely not have been taken if you had been more careful about what you said.
- D) It would probably be found quite insulting were you not to speak with a great deal of care.
- E) You insulted nearly everyone, but that would not have happened if you had not been so careless about your words.

60. It's possible that the plane has been delayed because of the bad weather.

- A) It's usually as a result of bad weather that the plane gets delayed.
- B) The weather must have been very bad, or else their plane wouldn't have been delayed.
- C) It may be the bad weather that has caused the plane to be delayed.
- D) The obvious reason for the plane's being delayed for so long is the bad weather.
- E) It's certainly the bad weather which has resulted in the plane's being late.

61-65. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

61. Let's face it: we all hate bureaucracy, and – when confronted with its fabulous inefficiency – we tend to use words that are best not printed here. ....

Parkinson's Law states that "work expands so as to fill the time available for its completion". The Peter Principle, on the other hand, is more concerned with the bureaucrats themselves, declaring that employees in a bureaucracy advance to their highest level of competence, are then promoted to a level where they are incompetent, and then stay in that position.

- A) However, our common hatred of bureaucracy has also been enshrined in two social science theories
- B) I myself have recently had a less than positive encounter with bureaucratic inefficiency
- C) Critically and colloquially, bureaucracy is often referred to as "red tape"
- D) The word "bureaucracy" more or less literally means "government by filing cabinet"
- E) Max Weber, the founder of the science of sociology, advanced an influential analysis of bureaucracy

62. The two-dollar bill (\$2) is a denomination of currency in the United States – sort of. .... It is, in fact, because of this rarity that Americans remain remarkably superstitious about actually spending it when they do get it, thus further decreasing its circulation. Many Americans have never held or spent one, and there are true stories of shopkeepers refusing to accept the bill, believing that such an amount has never been printed by the government.

- A) Thomas Jefferson appears on the face of the bill, and the signing of the Declaration of Independence on the reverse
- B) It is believed by many to bring bad luck to the recipient
- C) The first two-dollar bill was produced in the year 1776
- D) It is by far the least seen of all the US banknotes
- E) Two dollars is the most common bet placed in horseracing in the US

63. Founded sometime prior to 500 BC, the city of Samarkand was for most of its early history a part of the Persian Empire. Lying as it did on the Silk Road between China and the Middle East, Samarkand prospered greatly. .... All this ended with the devastation wreaked on the city by Genghis Khan in 1220. Not until Timur rebuilt it as the capital of his empire in 1370 did Samarkand manage to recover.

- A) The great observatory at Samarkand allowed it to become the astronomical capital of the world in the 15th century
- B) According to legend, the Biblical prophet Daniel's tomb lies within the confines of the city
- C) At times, including under Arab rule from the 7th century AD, it was the greatest city of Central Asia
- D) Registan is the vast central area of the city and one of its most magnificent sights
- E) The city has often been used in Western literature as a symbol of romantic exoticism

64. Early in his career, the Caribbean buccaneer L'Ollonais' ship became shipwrecked off the coast of Campeche on the Yucatán peninsula. Spanish soldiers found the tired and wounded survivors after they had swum to shore. They then proceeded to kill them off, one by one. .... Following this, he fled in disguise to his home – the isle of Tortuga off Haiti's northern coast – and henceforth swore to give no mercy to any Spaniard he might capture.

- A) At that time, the Spanish controlled so much of the area that the Caribbean Sea was referred to as a "Spanish lake"
- B) L'Ollonais alone managed to escape by rubbing blood and sand on his body and lying motionless among the dead
- C) Eventually, nearly every Spaniard in the region would come to fear L'Ollonais' horribly cruel torture techniques
- D) The real name of L'Ollonais was Jean-David Nau, and his nickname referred to his origins in Ollone
- E) L'Ollonais himself was killed by the Indians of Darien in modern-day Colombia

65. On 18 July 1995 on the British Caribbean territory of Montserrat, the Soufriere Hills volcano began to erupt, pumping ash into the sky and throwing volcanic material down the mountainside. This prompted the evacuation of much of the island, including the capital and largest town, Plymouth. .... Even these however, were forced to relocate to the island's northern third, out of the volcano's danger zone.

- A) The chaos following the volcano's eruption effectively halted the island's move to become an independent country
- B) Plymouth was originally founded in the 17th century as a small trading centre on the island's southwestern coast
- C) Many of Montserrat's residents have Irish surnames due to Oliver Cromwell's once using the island to hold political prisoners
- D) From a 1994 population of 13,000 on the island, the population shot down to about 5,000 in 1995
- E) Currently, a contest is being held for the design of a distinctive national dress for Montserrat

66-70. sorularda, verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

66. One of your friends has recently had a baby. Her husband works every day, and your friend is herself about to start back working part-time, so for a few hours each day there will be no one to look after the baby. As you yourself have no job and a lot of spare time on your hands, you offer to help out by saying:

- A) She's got the most adorable little eyelashes, she does!
- B) That's a pretty tough situation the two of you are in.
- C) I'd be happy to watch the kid a couple of days a week.
- D) Why don't you guys hire yourself a babysitter?
- E) Only if I had more free time could I really help you out.

67. While you are waiting in line at the bank one day to pay a bill, the clock strikes 4:30 and the teller gets up to leave her desk. You have a number, and your number is showing on the teller's screen. Not wanting to have to wait until tomorrow to pay the bill – which would then be a day late – you get the departing teller's attention and plead with them not to go by saying:

- A) Oh, come on, all I've got to do is pay this one bill! It'll only take two minutes.
- B) If you go without serving me first, I will complain to your manager and you'll be fired.
- C) Well, I hope you have a pleasant evening then. So long!
- D) You bank tellers are just unbelievable! Your whole life's scheduled around a clock!
- E) I doubt there'll be a problem if I pay this late, so you may as well get going.

68. While you are studying hard for your final exams in the bedroom you share with your elder sister, she – who is studying Ottoman poetry – is really distracting you by reading poems aloud in an annoyingly melodramatic voice. You have asked her several times to stop, but she keeps insisting that she needs to read them aloud so as to really feel the deep emotions animating them. Finally, having had enough of this constant distraction, you tell her:

- A) You're still not putting enough emotion in your voice for such passionate poems.
- B) Which of the big three Divan poets do you prefer: Bâkî, Fuzûlî, or Nedîm?
- C) I really must say, poetry is more interesting than this nonsense that I've got to study.
- D) The problem with Ottoman poetry is that it just uses the same images over and over and over.
- E) Can't you at least go and read them in the kitchen or the bathroom or anywhere but here?

69. After a long, hard day of studying for final exams, you plop yourself down in front of the TV to relax by watching one of your favourite gossip shows. Just as you are getting relaxed, though, your little brother comes into the room, steals the remote control, and changes the channel to the football match. Extremely exasperated at his behaviour, and feeling that you have more right to watch what you would like than he does, you firmly say to him:

- A) So, who's playing who in the match tonight, then?
- B) At times, I think it'd have been better had you never been born.
- C) I'm really worried about these exams I've got coming up, you know.
- D) Hey! Give me back that remote right now, you little rascal!
- E) Your team's definitely going to lose, so I don't know why you even bother watching.

70. Just as you are about to run out to the store to pick up a bottle of milk, your roommate hands you a shopping list and asks if you can pick up the things on it as well. The list is approximately 30 items long. Though you are happy to get the things, you know that you cannot carry them all by yourself, and so you ask your roommate:

- A) Do you think I should pick up some green onions, too?
- B) Why don't you come along and lend me a hand?
- C) How about you go and get all this stuff by yourself?
- D) Is that all you want, then? No problem!
- E) You're probably the laziest person I've ever encountered.

71-75. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

71. Arzu:

- What do you think we should do about dinner tonight, then?

Stacey:

" .....

Arzu:

- Definitely. Why don't we just order something from outside?

Stacey:

- Sounds like a plan. What should we order, though?

- A) Would you rather have something heavy or something light?
- B) Do whatever you want, since I won't be eating tonight.
- C) Well, I'm far too tired to cook; how about you?
- D) I suppose we could order some takeaway or something.
- E) What about if I cooked us up a little *kapuska*?

72. Nora:

- Something seems to be wrong with Giorgio.

James:

" .....

Nora:

- Well, it looks to me as if he's got diarrhea or some such thing.

James:

- Do you think we ought to take him to the doctor?

- A) Nothing to worry about; it always looks like that.
- B) Have you ever wished we'd chosen a different name for him?
- C) Do you think that he might have diarrhea again?
- D) Then we must take him to the doctor immediately!
- E) What on earth do you mean? What's the matter?

73. Bill:

- .....

Ted:

- No way! Where did you hear that?

Bill:

- I can't remember, but apparently he was potbellied and had bulging eyes and a snub nose.

Ted:

- I guess it goes to show you that wisdom doesn't have to come wrapped in a beautiful package.

- A) In my opinion, people put far too much importance on physical attractiveness.
- B) Have you ever heard anything negative said about Mohandas Gandhi?
- C) Wouldn't you agree that intelligence is much more important than beauty in a person?
- D) Did you know the 5th-century Greek philosopher Socrates was quite an ugly man?
- E) A friend of mine just told me that Cleopatra wasn't as beautiful as some have claimed.

74. Rey:

- .....

Tony:

- No, maybe next week, though.

Rey:

- You've been saying "maybe next week" for the last four months.

Tony:

- Yeah, well, I haven't been able to get up the cash for it for the last four months, either.

- A) Haven't you got that office chair you had your eye on yet?
- B) That new printer model's pretty expensive, isn't it?
- C) Are you still thinking of asking Meena out on a date?
- D) It's been about four months since you got your car, hasn't it?
- E) When did you say Kristen was supposed to be arriving?

75. Aoife:

- .....

Declan:

- Really? What'll she do with her old one?

Aoife:

- Oh, come on! This is no time for jokes, it's a time for celebration!

Declan:

- You're right! Let's go and buy some clothes or something for the kid.

- A) Have you heard that Siobhan's had a new baby?
- B) Oona's new car has apparently already broken down.
- C) Is it really so difficult for Maeve to just sell that old stereo and get a new one?
- D) I wonder if Maire's new apartment is everything she'd hoped it would be.
- E) Deirdre asked you if you knew how much a new computer would cost.

76-80. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

76. (I) Al-Biruni – a Persian mathematician and astronomer born in Khwarazm in 973 AD – deserves to be better known in the West for his innovative contributions. (II) For example, five centuries before the Europeans were able to calculate the Earth's radius, al-Biruni had already done so. (III) Also, five hundred years before Copernicus, he discussed the idea that the Earth rotated about its own axis. (IV) In mathematics, he was deeply exploring irrational numbers when European mathematicians still had no real idea that such things existed. (V) An irrational number is a number, infinitely long and nonrepeating, that cannot be expressed as a fraction.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

77. (I) In 1939, James Joyce published *Finnegans Wake*, revolutionizing the 20th-century novel for the third consecutive time. (II) The book, on the face of it about a Dublin publican named Humphrey Chimpden Earwicker and his family, is in fact about nearly everything at once. (III) This baffling novel has been translated fully into French and, partially, into many other languages as well. (IV) What really makes it revolutionary, though, is the way Joyce manipulates the English language, mixing it smoothly with hundreds of other tongues to form a seamless whole. (V) Such linguistic games had already been played by Joyce as far back as 1916's *A Portrait of the Artist as a Young Man*, but never before had he taken them to such extremes.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

78. (I) Sly & the Family Stone's 1969 album *Stand!* revealed a somewhat unexpected political awareness on the part of songwriter Sylvester Stewart. (II) Stewart had adopted the stage name "Sly Stone" in 1966, and his brother and two sisters were also members of the band. (III) With the next album, however – 1971's *There's a Riot Goin' On* – things took a decidedly dark turn, and the album has since generally been seen in one of two ways. (IV) It is either Stewart's disgusted commentary on a corrupt American society, or a chronicle of his slow descent into drug addiction. (V) In reality, of course, it is both of these things at once, and much more as well.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

79. (I) The Guarani are a Native American people indigenous to Paraguay and some regions of Argentina, Brazil, and Bolivia. (II) First cultivated by the Guarani, *yerba mate* is a shrub in the holly family whose leaves are used as a tea. (III) Unlike other teas, it is traditionally sipped from a dried and carefully carved gourd through a filtering metal straw called *bombilla*. (IV) The drink has a pungent taste like a cross between green tea and coffee. (V) It has been shown to deliver the positive effects of caffeine (alertness, ability to focus, etc.), but with none of the negative side-effects such as anxiety and insomnia.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

80. (I) That the square root of 2 was an irrational number was known to the Pythagoreans of ancient Greece, and had been discovered by Hippasus of Metapontum. (II) However, because they believed in the perfection of numbers, they were unable to accept the existence of irrational numbers and didn't want them taught. (III) Therefore, they had Hippasus killed by drowning, and afterwards kept irrational numbers a secret among themselves. (IV) The Pythagoreans were a group of astronomers, mathematicians, musicians, and philosophers, with mystic notions of the universe. (V) They seem to have succeeded quite well, for it wasn't until the 18th century that such numbers were again "discovered" in the West.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

GOOD LUCK



# ELS / LYS - 2015

## İNGİLİZCE DENEME SINAVI (6)

1. Cevap kağıdınızda, sınav yabancı dilinizi (İNGİLİZCE) işaretlemeyi unutmayınız.
2. Bu testte 80 soru vardır. Cevaplama süreniz 120 dakikadır.

1-8. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. Heinrich Schliemann, the man who discovered Troy, could speak 13 languages ....., including Ottoman Turkish.  
A) seriously B) vocally  
C) deliberately D) briefly  
E) fluently
2. Studying for an exam can be very ....., so it is important to take regular breaks to keep the mind fresh.  
A) upset B) relevant  
C) numerous D) nervous  
E) tedious
3. After we have built a/an ..... onto our house, we hope to use the new space as a dining room.  
A) inflation B) extension  
C) situation D) circulation  
E) dimension
4. As the manager is too busy to go, Jacob will ..... our company at the regional trade fair.  
A) represent B) possess  
C) distribute D) labour  
E) invest
5. At the beginning of the 20th century, as Britain declined, it ..... the USA in the production of manufactured goods.  
A) worked out B) fell behind  
C) ran off D) pulled away  
E) gave up

6. We ..... at home for our holiday now if you ..... your brother all of our savings.

- A) would rather not stay / don't lend  
B) didn't stay / won't be lending  
C) wouldn't have to stay / hadn't lent  
D) won't stay / weren't lending  
E) aren't supposed to stay / didn't lend

7. Up to now, Cem and Eda ..... on well, but, after that argument, I'm not sure if they ..... to each other anymore.

- A) were getting / will have spoken  
B) have been getting / will be speaking  
C) had got / are speaking  
D) are getting / will speak  
E) get / are going to speak

8. D. H. Lawrence ..... in Italy between 1919 and 1922, but then he ..... for the United States.

- A) had been living / has left  
B) lived / had left  
C) had lived / has been leaving  
D) was living / left  
E) has lived / was leaving

9-15. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

9. In the United States, people can be punished ..... walking ..... the road in the wrong places.

- A) of / through B) to / along  
C) for / across D) from / over  
E) at / among

10. The only comment that Carl made ..... the subject was to say that he was opposed ..... nuclear power.

- A) in / of                      B) at / with  
C) over / by                    D) for / from  
E) on / to

11. According to a UN study, the population of the Philippines is ..... literate than that of Greece.

- A) how                              B) so  
C) the most                        D) more  
E) too

12. It is unknown exactly ..... the first inhabitants of Easter Island arrived there.

- A) who                              B) where  
C) when                             D) whom  
E) that

13. .... the weather is like, there are people who choose to live in the high Himalayas.

- A) However                        B) Whenever  
C) Whichever                      D) Whatever  
E) Whoever

14. Working ..... a teacher made Amanda overly stressed, because the kids in her class were so badly behaved.

- A) though                         B) as  
C) many                            D) such  
E) like

15. Although they come from different countries, Helen and Mert have ..... in common, so there are ..... things they can do together.

- A) a lot / plenty of  
B) plenty / a little  
C) a great deal / too much  
D) some / most of  
E) a number of / much

16-20. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

Europe's regional seas will deteriorate even further (16) ..... action against this (17) ..... immediately. Scientists have studied the continent's four regional seas: the northeast Atlantic Ocean and the Mediterranean, Black, and Baltic seas. In (18) ..... one, they found serious damage related to the pace of coastal development, transport, and food production. Also, (19) ..... of these problems they looked at, they found it to be connected to another one. Their report's findings were published to (20) ..... with World Ocean Day.

16.

- A) in case                              B) for fear that  
C) on account of                      D) despite  
E) unless

17.

- A) is taken                              B) would be taken  
C) has taken                            D) will have taken  
E) was taken

18.

- A) more                                B) each  
C) any                                    D) all  
E) either

19.

- A) any longer                         B) some more  
C) whichever                         D) whenever  
E) what else

20.

- A) inspect                              B) uncover  
C) obtain                                D) coincide  
E) expose

21-28. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

21. You are going to get sunburned .....

- A) unless the lifeguard manages to save your life
- B) as the pain can be difficult to bear
- C) if you sleep on the beach in the middle of the day
- D) though there are few clouds today
- E) because you ought to stay inside till it gets better

22. Researchers in a British university have been studying an ancient coin to find out .....

- A) as it has something written on it
- B) whether Cleopatra was actually beautiful or not
- C) as if it were made of real silver
- D) which was minted in the time of the Roman Republic
- E) how much was it worth in its time

23. This book has not created wide enough interest .....

- A) as much as an earlier edition had
- B) that the booksellers are having problems selling it
- C) than the last one written by this author
- D) to be worth translating into any other languages
- E) whenever it finally gets published

24. ...., the kimono business has collapsed in Japan.

- A) When the 21st century began
- B) As if the film *Memoirs of a Geisha* popularized the kimono
- C) So unpopular did traditional Japanese clothing become
- D) As a result of globalization and rapidly changing cultural tastes
- E) While we were looking through the shop

25. .... how nobody had heard the window break.

- A) Inspector Volpe was unable to work out
- B) That the glass was quite thin is the reason
- C) The downstairs party had been so noisy
- D) It was because the house was empty at the time
- E) The principal of the school was unaware

26. .... to become an actress.

- A) Beyoncé Knowles has had such a great success in her music career
- B) The director Pedro Almodóvar inspired Penélope Cruz
- C) Ever since her childhood, Drew Barrymore has got used
- D) Salma Hayek starred in soap operas in her native Mexico
- E) Even when Evan Rachel Wood was just a little girl, she thought of

27. The group will be ready to put on a performance .....

- A) if only they had more confidence in their abilities
- B) until you manage to book us a concert hall
- C) whether they can actually play their instruments
- D) once they have done one or two more rehearsals
- E) otherwise they stand no chance of a record deal

28. When Alexandr Pushkin was living in exile in the south of Russia, .....

- A) he has had some problems with governor of the region
- B) he had offended the Tsarist government with his political poems
- C) he was later sent to Mikhaylovskoye in the north
- D) he was being shot at in a duel in the city of Odessa
- E) he wrote his poems on the Caucasus and the Crimea

29-34. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

29. The Mississippi River, with an outlet to the Gulf of Mexico, and other navigable waterways provide low-cost transportation in Arkansas.

- A) Meksika Körfezi'ne bir çıkışı olan Mississippi Nehri ve taşımacılığa uygun diğer su yolları, Arkansas'ta ulaşım maliyetini düşürmektedir.
- B) Meksika Körfezi'ne bir çıkışla Mississippi Nehri ve diğer ulaşım elverişli su yolları, Arkansas'ta düşük maliyetli taşımacılık sağlamaktadır.
- C) Mississippi Nehri'nin Meksika körfezine olan çıkışı ve ulaşım elverişli diğer su yolları sayesinde, Arkansas, düşük maliyetli bir ulaşım aracına sahiptir.
- D) Ulaşım elverişli diğer su yollarıyla Meksika Körfezi'ne çıkışlı Mississippi Nehri, Arkansas'ta düşük maliyetli taşımacılığı mümkün kılmaktadır.
- E) Meksika Körfezi'ne çıkışıyla Mississippi Nehri ve ulaşım uygun diğer su yollarıyla, Arkansas'ta taşımacılık çok düşük maliyetlidir.

30. Joe Frazier won the world heavyweight champion title from Muhammad Ali in 1971, in one of boxing history's most famous fights, and held onto it for two years.

- A) Joe Frazier ve Muhammed Ali, 1971'de boks tarihinin en ünlü dövüşünde karşılaşmış ve dünya ağırsiklet şampiyonu, iki yıl boyunca, Joe Frazier olmuştur.
- B) 1971'de, boks tarihinin en ünlü dövüşlerinden birinde Muhammed Ali'yi yenen Joe Frazier, iki yıl dünya ağırsiklet şampiyonu unvanının sahibi olmuştur.
- C) Joe Frazier, dünya ağırsiklet şampiyonu unvanını 1971'de, boks tarihinin en ünlü dövüşlerinden birinde Muhammed Ali'den almış ve iki yıl elinde tutmuştur.
- D) Dünya ağırsiklet şampiyonu unvanını iki yıl elinde tutan Joe Frazier, 1971 yılında Muhammed Ali ile yaptığı dövüşten galip ayrılmıştır.
- E) Boks tarihinin en ünlü karşılaşması, 1971'de Muhammed Ali ile Joe Frazier arasında geçmiş ve Frazier iki yıl elinde tuttuğu dünya ağırsiklet şampiyonu unvanını bu maçta almıştır.

31. The topics of Sir Walter Scott's novels reflect the underlying debates concerning the nature of society.

- A) Sir Walter Scott, romanlarında toplumun doğasıyla ilgili temel tartışma konularını işlemiştir.
- B) Sir Walter Scott'un romanları, toplumun doğasıyla ilgili temel tartışmaları yansıtan konuları işler.
- C) Toplumun doğasıyla ilgili temel tartışmalar, Sir Walter Scott'un romanlarında yansıtılmıştır.
- D) Sir Walter Scott, romanlarında toplumun doğasına zarar veren tartışmaları ele almıştır.
- E) Sir Walter Scott'un romanlarının konuları, toplumun doğasıyla ilgili temel tartışmaları yansıtır.

32. In *As You Like It*, a comedy by Shakespeare, the daughter of a deposed duke is disguised as a young man named Ganymede.

- A) Shakespeare, *As You Like It* adlı komedide, görevinden alınmış olan bir dükün kızının, Ganymede adında genç bir adam kılığına girmesini anlatır.
- B) Shakespeare'in bir komedisi olan *As You Like It*'de, görevinden alınmış bir dükün kızı, Ganymede adında genç bir adam kılığına girer.
- C) Shakespeare'in yazdığı *As You Like It* adlı komedide Ganymede adında genç bir adam kılığına giren kişi, görevinden alınmış bir dükün kızıdır.
- D) Görevinden alınmış bir dükün kızının, Ganymede adında genç bir adam kılığına girmesini anlatan *As You Like It*, Shakespeare'in bir komedisidir.
- E) Ganymede, Shakespeare'in *As You Like It* adlı komedisinde, görevinden alınmış bir dükün genç bir adam kılığına girmiş kızıdır.

33. The climate in polar regions varies depending on the latitude, proximity to the sea and elevation.

- A) Kutup bölgelerinde iklim, enleme, denize yakınlığa ve yüksekliğe bağlı olarak değişir.
- B) Kutup bölgelerinde iklim değişiklikleri, enlem ve yükseklik farkından, ve denize olan uzaklıktan kaynaklanır.
- C) Enleme, denize yakınlığa ve yüksekliğe bağlı olarak kutup bölgeleri iklimsel değişiklikler yaşar.
- D) Enlem, denize yakınlık ve yükseklik, kutup bölgelerinde iklim çeşitliliğine yol açar.
- E) Kutup bölgelerinin iklim bakımından farklılık göstermesi, enlem, denize yakınlık ve yükseklik ile ilgilidir.

34. One of the leading existentialist philosophers of his time, Martin Heidegger directed severe criticism towards the technological society.

- A) Teknoloji toplumunu ağır bir şekilde eleştiren Martin Heidegger, zamanının önde gelen varoluşçu filozoflarından biridir.
- B) Zamanımızın önemli varoluşçu filozoflarından biri olmasına rağmen, Martin Heidegger yaşadığı teknolojik çağı şiddetle eleştirmiştir.
- C) Zamanının önde gelen varoluşçu filozoflarından biri olan Martin Heidegger, teknoloji toplumuna ağır eleştiriler yöneltmiştir.
- D) Teknoloji uygarlığına en ağır eleştirileri yönelten Martin Heidegger, çağının önemli varoluşçu filozoflarının lideridir.
- E) Teknoloji toplumunu eleştirilerinin hedefi yapan Martin Heidegger, çağımızın önde gelen varoluşçu filozofudur.

35-37. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Traditional Chinese medicine is a range of traditional medical practices developed over several thousand years. These practices include herbal medicine, acupuncture, and massage. It is a form of Oriental medicine, which includes other traditional East Asian medical systems. In traditional Chinese medicine, processes of the human body are seen as interrelated and interacting with both one another and the environment. Therefore, practitioners look for signs of disharmony in a person's internal and external environment in order to be able to understand, treat, and prevent illness and disease, an aim which it shares with Western medicine. The theory of traditional Chinese medicine is based on many philosophical systems, among which are the ideas of Yin and Yang and the Five Elements. Diagnosis and treatment are done in accord with these ideas.

35. It is pointed out in the passage that traditional Chinese medicine .....

- A) uses herbal medicine for internal but not external disease
- B) has little in common with other Oriental medicines
- C) is only practised in China
- D) uses acupuncture and massage for very different illnesses
- E) has several different practices making it up

36. According to the passage, the goal of traditional Chinese medicine is .....

- A) the same as that of Western medicine
- B) to spread the idea of Yin and Yang around the world
- C) mostly derived from the Five Elements
- D) to save the environment so that people can be healthy
- E) not the same as it was long ago

37. We understand from the passage that practitioners of traditional Chinese medicine .....

- A) need not believe in Yin and Yang or the Five Element
- B) must study philosophy at university
- C) cannot treat people unless their own bodies are in balance
- D) often practise Western medicine as well
- E) base their work on a number of different philosophies

**38-40. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

It was night when Kate reached London, but her uncle was waiting for her at the station. They were soon in a cab rattling through the brightly lit streets. To Kate's unaccustomed eyes, it was like fairyland, and she thought she had been very fortunate to get a place in one of these great shops. But she soon found there were streets in London almost as dimly lit as in her village, and shops much less great than the first ones she had seen. At last, the cab stopped, and Kate saw that the shop, with its loaves of bread, was hardly some fancy place, but in fact quite old-fashioned. There were many people about, and everyone seemed in such a hurry that Kate decided that there must be a fire somewhere, or that there had been an accident nearby.

**38. It is understood from the passage that Kate .....**

- A) is going to have just bread for dinner
- B) is going to try to find a job soon
- C) gets annoyed by the city's bright lights
- D) has never been to London before
- E) finds London little different to her village

**39. It can be concluded from the passage that Kate .....**

- A) has a serious problem with her eyes
- B) is from a family of London cab drivers
- C) strongly believes in fairies
- D) is wrong about why people are rushing
- E) has a job in one of the great shops

**40. We can infer from the passage that Kate's .....**

- A) uncle doesn't like her much
- B) planning to leave London soon
- C) never seen a shop before
- D) very afraid of fire
- E) new job is in a baker's

**41-43. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

Many types of fish undertake migrations on a regular basis, on time scales ranging from daily to annual, and with distances ranging from a few metres to thousands of kilometres. Their purpose usually relates to either feeding or breeding; in some cases, however, the reason for migration is still unknown. Salmon are a type of migratory fish that lives largely in the sea, but travels to fresh water to reproduce. The eggs hatch in small freshwater streams, and the young then migrate down to the sea, where they live for several years. Later, they return to the same streams where they were born. The method they use to navigate back with such accuracy has not been entirely established, though a keen sense of smell is certainly involved. Soon after leaving their eggs, the salmon die.

**41. It is clear from the passage that many types of fish migrate .....**

- A) at an extremely high speed
- B) back to the place where they were born
- C) for no special purpose in particular
- D) only within fresh and not salt water
- E) according to a predictable schedule

**42. We can understand from the passage that salmon .....**

- A) grow to enormous sizes in the sea
- B) rely on eggs as their main food source
- C) do not live to see their young
- D) spend more of their lives in fresh than in salt water
- E) sometimes leave their eggs in the sea

**43. According to the passage, salmon are thought to .....**

- A) have a very good ability to smell
- B) sometimes return to the wrong place
- C) migrate thousands of kilometres each year
- D) only swim a few kilometres per hour
- E) die in large numbers soon after they are born

44-46. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

If you read the back of *The Time Traveler's Wife* by Audrey Niffenegger, you may wonder whether it's science fiction or romance. In fact, it's neither. It's certainly not a standard time travel fantasy with machines and scientists breaking through the space-time continuum. In fact, the main character, Henry De Tamble, travels through time involuntarily. When he does, he wakes up in another place and time, naked, sick, and extremely hungry. The novel asks philosophical questions about meaning and purpose, and is built around the connections and longings of love. Niffenegger describes her imaginary world so realistically that you might start wondering if some people are actually cursed with involuntary time travel. And, if you're like me, you'll wish Henry and Clare were your friends.

44. We can understand that the author of the passage .....

- A) has interviewed the writer Audrey Niffenegger
- B) feels *The Time Traveler's Wife* is well-written and worth reading
- C) thinks of *The Time Traveler's Wife* as a science fiction romance
- D) believes *The Time Traveler's Wife* is closer to science fiction than romance
- E) wishes he or she were able to travel through time

45. It is implied in the passage that Henry De Tamble .....

- A) creates his own time travel machine in *The Time Traveler's Wife*
- B) is a scientist who tries to break through the space-time continuum
- C) falls in love with someone on each of his trips
- D) is being forced to travel through time against his will
- E) is actually fond of being able to travel through time

46. We can infer from the passage that *The Time Traveler's Wife* .....

- A) treats time travel differently than most science fiction does
- B) is the first book written by Audrey Niffenegger
- C) was written by a person cursed with involuntary time travel
- D) is usually considered to be a realist novel
- E) can be difficult to understand if you know little about science



47-49. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Science fiction, or sci-fi, has had a mixed record in predicting the future. For example, "portable communications devices" used to appear everywhere in sci-fi, and indeed, today many people have mobile phones. Certain forms of transport foreseen by sci-fi novelists have also come to pass: H. G. Wells described both fighter planes and bombers four years before the first airplane took off. Interstellar travel, one of sci-fi's most common devices, has not yet happened, though; it is not really a problem of technology, but one of physics. Robots are a reality, but—unlike in most sci-fi—they are rarely human-shaped.

47. We learn from the passage that H. G. Wells predicted .....

- A) that most people would have mobile phones
- B) wars that would occur in space
- C) military aircraft before they existed
- D) robots that looked like humans
- E) that his work would become the best-known science fiction

48. The author of the passage implies that, at the moment, .....

- A) mobile phones are the most advanced kind of technology
- B) robots have no real uses
- C) no sci-fi author is better than H.G. Wells
- D) there is no interstellar travel
- E) fighter planes look just the way H.G. Wells described them

49. It is clear from the passage that robots .....

- A) usually look like humans in science fiction
- B) are capable of using mobile phones
- C) present problems in physics but not technology
- D) will be essential to interstellar travel
- E) are sometimes used to pilot fighter planes and bombers

50-55. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

50. 2002'de kurulan Küreselleşme Enstitüsü, bugün dünyadaki değişimin yönünü anlamaya ve değerlendirmeye çalışmaktadır.

- A) Current directions of global change are looked at and evaluated by the Globalism Institute, founded in 2002.
- B) What the Globalism Institute, founded in 2002, seeks to do is to understand and evaluate the current directions of global change.
- C) The Globalism Institute, founded in 2002, seeks to understand and evaluate current directions of global change.
- D) It is the current directions of global change that the Globalism Institute, founded in 2002, seeks to understand and evaluate.
- E) The Globalism Institute, which tries to understand and evaluate current directions of global change, was founded in 2002.

51. Primitivizm, uygarlıkları, insanları sınırlamak, güçsüzlere baskı yapmak ve çevreye zarar vermekle suçlayan modern bir felsefedir.

- A) Civilizations are accused by the modern philosophy of primitivism of restricting humans, oppressing the weak, and harming the environment.
- B) According to the modern philosophy of primitivism, civilizations are guilty of restricting humans, oppressing the weak, and damaging the environment.
- C) Restricting humans, oppressing the weak, and damaging the environment is what the modern philosophy of primitivism accuses civilizations of doing.
- D) In the view of the modern philosophy of primitivism, civilizations must be accused of restricting humans, oppressing the weak, and harming the environment.
- E) Primitivism is a modern philosophy which accuses civilizations of restricting humans, oppressing the weak, and damaging the environment.

52. Geçimlik tarımda çiftçiler, sadece kendi ihtiyaçları kadar bitki yetiştirir ve hayvan beslerler.

- A) It is only in subsistence farming that farmers need to raise exactly enough plants and tend exactly enough animals for themselves.
- B) Subsistence farmers need to raise enough plants and tend enough animals in order to survive.
- C) Subsistence farming means that more farmers, owing to their different needs, are raising plants than tending animals.
- D) By raising just enough plants and tending just enough animals for their own needs, subsistence farmers manage to survive.
- E) In subsistence farming, farmers raise just enough plants and tend just enough animals for their own needs.

53. "Dikika bebeği" adlı fosilin kafatasının insandan çok bir şempanzeye benzemesine karşın bacak ve ayak kemikleri çocuğun dik yürüyebildiğini göstermektedir.

- A) Although the skull of the fossil called the "Dikika baby" resembles a chimpanzee's rather than a human's, its leg and foot bones indicate that the child was able to walk upright.
- B) The fossil called the "Dikika baby" closely resembles a chimpanzee, but its leg and foot bones show that the child may have walked upright.
- C) The skull of the fossil called the "Dikika baby" is more like a human's than a chimpanzee's, and the leg and foot bones also indicate that the child could walk upright.
- D) The leg and foot bones of the fossil called the "Dikika baby" indicate that the child might have walked upright, but its skull resembles a chimpanzee's.
- E) Considering the fossil's leg and foot bones, the child called the "Dikika baby" must have walked upright, but its skull looks like a chimpanzee's.

54. Araştırmalar fillerin, benzer koşullar altında insanların gösterdiği gibi kimyasal ve beyinsel tepkiler sergileyebildiğini kanıtlamaktadır.

- A) Research has proven that elephants have chemical and brain responses to humans under certain conditions.
- B) Research proves that elephants are able to display chemical and brain reactions like those of humans under similar conditions.
- C) Research may soon prove that elephants have chemical and brain responses like those of humans under certain conditions.
- D) According to research, there is a strong resemblance between the chemical and brain reactions of elephants and those of humans under similar conditions.
- E) According to research, elephants may display chemical and brain reactions like those of humans in similar conditions.

55. Eski Maya uygarlığında hünerli sanatçılar kralın zaferlerini ve diğer başarılarını kutlayan monolitler yapardı.

- A) In the ancient Mayan civilization, the ruler used to have skillful artists make stone stelae to celebrate his victories and other accomplishments.
- B) In the ancient Mayan civilization, the stone stelae which skillful artists made were celebrations of the ruler's victories and other achievements.
- C) In the ancient Mayan civilization, skillful artists used to make stone stelae that celebrated the ruler's victories and other accomplishments.
- D) In the ancient Mayan civilization, the stone stelae that were used to celebrate the ruler's victories and achievements were the work of skillful artists.
- E) In the ancient Mayan civilization, the stone stelae that skillful artists used to make were celebrations of the ruler's victories and other achievements.

**56-60. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın olan seçeneği bulunuz.**

**56. Nigel didn't notice anything unusual during the performance by the band.**

- A) The show put on by the band was an ordinary one, so Nigel didn't pay any attention to it.
- B) Everything about the band's playing was odd, but Nigel wasn't aware of it.
- C) When the band was performing, the odd thing that occurred wasn't seen by Nigel.
- D) While the band was playing, nothing out of the ordinary attracted Nigel's attention.
- E) Had something odd occurred as the band was performing, Nigel would have spotted it.

**57. The US is considering banning salmon fishing in the Pacific Ocean in order to stop the species from being made extinct there.**

- A) If the US does not prohibit salmon fishing in the Pacific Ocean, as it is thinking of doing, there may be no salmon left in that ocean in the future.
- B) The only way to prevent salmon from being wiped out in the Pacific Ocean is for the US to restrict the amount of fishing in it.
- C) Salmon will not die out in the Pacific Ocean, as salmon fishing will be made illegal in it due to a considerate US act.
- D) Salmon are in danger of becoming extinct, and will do so if the US doesn't forbid the fishing of them in the Pacific Ocean.
- E) For fear that salmon fishing will be brought to an end with a ban on it in the Pacific Ocean, the US is thinking about cancelling its ban.

**58. Hardly any of the audience at the back of the hall was able to make out what the speaker was saying.**

- A) Everyone in the hall that was listening to the speaker's address could hear it, except for those at the back.

- B) There were a few listeners at the back of the hall, but they couldn't hear the speaker's speech.
- C) Nearly all of the audience at the far end of the hall were bored by the speech by the speaker.
- D) There were only a few people in the hall, and they were not only at the back, but they also didn't listen to the speaker's speech.
- E) The words of the speech made by the speaker reached almost none of the listeners at the back of the hall.

**59. Should my cousin visit my son's new house, he'll find a warm welcome there.**

- A) The house that my son has moved into recently will be visited by my cousin, who should be welcome there.
- B) My cousin ought to drop in on my son at his new house, as he'll be warmly greeted there.
- C) My cousin may be stopping off at the house my son has just moved into, and they'll be happy to see each other.
- D) My son shows hospitality to his visitors in his new house, so my cousin had better go there.
- E) My son will be very pleased to see my cousin if the latter calls on him at his new house.

**60. The aircraft whose inventor was a telecom worker in China has been shown on online news sites.**

- A) The Chinese telecom worker that created an aircraft by himself has displayed it on news sites on the Internet.
- B) The Chinese telecom worker who built his own aircraft has appeared frequently on Internet news sites.
- C) On news sites on the Internet, an aircraft which was created by a telecom worker in China can be seen.
- D) Chinese news sites on the Internet have displayed the aircraft that was put together by a telecom worker.
- E) The creation of a telecom worker, the aircraft being displayed on Internet news sites is in China.

61-65. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

61. A new system that has the potential to power, heat, and cool homes is being developed at Newcastle University in Britain. .... . The waste heat from this process is then used to provide heating and hot water and is also converted to cool a fridge. In this way it is considerably more efficient than standard generators.

- A) Its inventors are confident that eventually it will be used by very many people
- B) The concept underneath it is to conserve the maximum amount of power
- C) It works by burning vegetable oil to power a machine that provides electricity
- D) The scientists are working on a way to reduce the CO<sub>2</sub> emissions produced domestically
- E) Unfortunately for everyone, heating with natural gas has become much more expensive in recent months

62. As an accomplished fiction writer who learned English as an adult, the Bosnian-American Aleksandar Hemon has some similarities to Joseph Conrad. .... . Otherwise, he wouldn't have made a reference to the famous author in his book *The Question of Bruno*.

- A) It is highly likely that he is aware of this fact himself
- B) This writer didn't grow up as a native English speaker, either
- C) Both of these authors were born in Eastern Europe
- D) These ought not to be taken too far, though
- E) For instance, Hemon has seen some distressing events in his life

63. After winning the 1840 US presidential election, William Henry Harrison came to Washington, DC, to take office on 4 March 1841, an extremely cold, windy, and rainy day. Facing the weather without a coat, Harrison gave the longest acceptance speech in American history, at nearly two hours. .... . Doctors tried everything to cure him, but the treatments only made things worse. A month later, on 4 April 1841, Harrison passed away, the first American president to do so while in office.

- A) An American president's acceptance speech is usually called an "inaugural speech"
- B) The speech, however, had been edited to be shorter by Harrison's friend Daniel Webster
- C) 68 years old at the time of election, Harrison was the oldest president to be elected so far
- D) He subsequently caught a cold, which developed into pneumonia and pleurisy
- E) The man who was elected as vice president was John Tyler, a Virginia politician

64. A tree fungus known as "chestnut blight" originally evolved in East Asia together with the Chinese chestnut tree, which is thus immune to the disease. .... . This was proven in 1904, when the fungus was accidentally introduced to the Bronx Zoo in New York City, together with some small, ornamental Chinese chestnut trees. The airborne disease then spread 50 miles every year, and in a few decades had managed to kill all of the billions of chestnuts in North America.

- A) The nuts of chestnut trees are most commonly eaten roasted or candied
- B) Horse chestnut trees, despite their similar name, are not actually related to the chestnut
- C) The American chestnut tree, however, is highly vulnerable to the blight
- D) Chestnut wood is similar to oak in that it is very decorative and durable
- E) The bark of the chestnut tree was once useful in the preparation of leather goods

65. Saturn's moon Phoebe is almost certainly an ancient object similar to those that served as the building blocks of planets in our solar system: ..... . Phoebe itself, 220 kilometres in diameter, is a mixture of ice, rock, and carbon compounds. It is thought that similar materials were present during the formation of the nine planets in our solar system. On Phoebe, moreover, it appears that there may be water-bearing minerals, carbon dioxide, clays, and even primitive organic chemicals.

- A) there are at least eighteen satellites of Saturn, in addition to its famous rings
- B) Saturn is by no means the only planet that is encircled by rings
- C) the largest of Saturn's many satellites is Titan, which is 5,150 kilometres in diameter
- D) the two Voyager space probes of 1980 and 1981 both took highly detailed pictures of Saturn and its moons
- E) scientists believe Phoebe-like bodies were plentiful in the outer Solar System about 4.6 billion years ago

66-70. sorularda, verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

66. It is morning and you are on the commuter train to work. You have finished reading your newspaper and are getting off at the next stop. You decide to offer your paper to the man sitting opposite you, so you say:

- A) I'll trade you this paper for yours.
- B) I'm done with this, if you'd like it.
- C) I was going to ask you where you work.
- D) How depressing the news is today!
- E) See you, and have a nice day.

67. You are at your friend's house and she offers you a cup of tea. Unfortunately, you have already had too much tea today, so you politely refuse by saying:

- A) It seems as if you drink too much tea.
- B) Why on earth would I want more tea?
- C) Only if you've got the caffeine-free kind.
- D) Thanks a lot, but I'd really rather not.
- E) I'm going now, so see you tomorrow.

68. You are buying some meat at the butcher's. You notice that, after he has weighed and priced it, he cuts a large piece off of the top before wrapping it. As nicely as you can, you accuse him of dishonesty by saying:

- A) I think loyal customers should pay lower prices.
- B) What a horrible thing to do—you're no better than a thief.
- C) Your prices have gone up a bit lately, I see.
- D) I believe you're trying to cheat me, and I don't appreciate it.
- E) I wonder which farm this meat came from.

69. You are out to lunch with a friend. He has ordered onion rings, which you have never had before. As you would like to taste them, when they arrive at the table, you ask your friend:

- A) You wouldn't mind if I tried one of those, would you?
- B) Those aren't very good for your heart, are they?
- C) Do you know where and when onion rings were first made?
- D) Can you briefly describe how to cook those?
- E) Have you got any idea what's taking this waiter so long?

70. You are rushing to catch the last ferry. You turn a corner and see a group of three people walking very slowly side by side, closing off your path. For a moment, you walk behind them, but they show no sign of opening the way. Finally, frustrated and angry, you demand them to move by saying:

- A) Excuse me, but are you trying to catch the last ferry, too?
- B) It is better to go slow and enjoy the walk, isn't it?
- C) Can you tell me where the dock is?
- D) By any chance, would you be able to tell me the time?
- E) Stop blocking my way and let me by, will you?

71-75. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

71. Ivan:  
- Didn't Anton Chekhov write the short story "Lady with Laptop"?

Sonya:

- .....

Ivan:

- Why do you think that?

Sonya:

- Because laptops hadn't been invented when he was alive.

- A) I know he wrote something called "Lady with Lapdog".
- B) Unfortunately, I'm not familiar with that work of his.
- C) I'm sure you have made some kind of mistake with that title.
- D) I think he died at the beginning of the 20th century, though.
- E) Of course—and a really dull story it is, too.

72. Jane:

- That woman is criticizing that man's cooking very nastily on this TV show.

Dave:

- But don't you do the same about mine?

Jane:

- .....

Dave:

- Perhaps that woman feels the same way about what that man has prepared.

- A) That's because the meals you make are awful.
- B) No, I never do.
- C) I think I'm going to change to a different channel.
- D) But I don't like cooking shows.
- E) I don't ever recall having done so, to be honest.

73. Sister:  
- What's the best form of transportation for me to reach your home from the airport with?

Brother:  
- .....

Sister:  
- A low price matters far more than speed or comfort.

Brother:  
- In that case, you ought to take a bus.

- A) I'll pick you up in my expensive luxury car.
- B) You can't have much money on you.
- C) It's actually close enough to walk.
- D) It depends on what is important to you.
- E) There's no need to hurry to see me.

74. Simon:  
- Who won the Forward Poetry Prize for best collection of poetry this year?

Tony:  
- A poet called Sean O'Brien.

Simon:  
- .....

Tony:  
- Yes, and not only once.

- A) This isn't the only prize he's won, is it?
- B) Do you like the poetry that he writes?
- C) Hasn't he been awarded it before?
- D) Did he write *The Drowned Book*?
- E) Wasn't that set up to encourage the contemporary poet?

75. Paige:  
- Does that doorbell annoy you as much as it annoys me?

Gustav:  
- Probably, as I really hate it.

Paige:  
- .....

Gustav:  
- Because I despise doing jobs around the flat even more.

- A) Is that the most annoying item in this home?
- B) How come you've never changed it, then?
- C) In that case, why did you choose that sound?
- D) It's your cleaner who just rung it, isn't it?
- E) Shouldn't you work on getting yourself used to it?

76-80. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

76. (I) It is not easy to come up with a list of good things about jellyfish. (II) Swimmers hate them because their sting can ruin a day at the beach. (III) Fishermen hate them because they clog their nets. (IV) In Indonesian, they are called *ubur-ubur*, and in Malay, *ampai-ampai*. (V) And seaside strollers hate them because their bodies float around and spoil the view of the water.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

77. (I) One day, Olympic gold medal athlete Roman Sebrle was training in Potchefstroom in South Africa. (II) And then something terrible happened. (III) He got married to Eva Kasalová, a former Czech athlete. (IV) A javelin thrown by a South African female javelin thrower pierced the edge of his right shoulder. (V) Luckily, the injury was not serious, but, if the javelin had gone just 20cm to Sebrle's left, he would have been killed.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

79. (I) Imagine you are riding a bicycle and you throw a ball straight up in the air. (II) Where would the ball fall? (III) And wouldn't it be difficult to balance at the same time? (IV) About 30% of people answer, "Behind me," which fits with common sense—the ball goes up; you keep pedalling; the ball falls behind you. (V) But this answer ignores Galileo's laws of motion, which state that—since the ball has the same forward motion as you do—it will drop back into your hand.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

78. (I) People have often asked the question, "What is the hardest language to learn?" (II) I say it's Arabic, but my brother insists that it's got to be Cantonese Chinese. (III) The answer is that there is no answer. (IV) No language is, in itself, more difficult than any other language. (V) Instead, a language's easiness or difficulty depends on how similar it is to languages that the learner already knows.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

80. (I) It is commonly told that the people of the great pre-Columbian Mayan civilization disappeared. (II) However, there are approximately 6 million Maya living in southern Mexico and northern Central America who would disagree with this. (III) These people are the direct descendants of the Mayans who inhabited the great cities of the Yucatán peninsula. (IV) The most famed of the ancient Mayan cities are Chichén Itzá, Tikal, Palenque, and Copán. (V) Some of them are fully integrated into modern life, while others continue a more traditional lifestyle.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

GOOD LUCK



# ANSWER KEY

## ELS 2014 / 2015 PRACTICE EXAM 21

1. C	2. D	3. A	4. C	5. A	6. E	7. B	8. E	9. C	10. D
11. A	12. D	13. C	14. B	15. C	16. B	17. E	18. A	19. C	20. D
21. C	22. A	23. B	24. E	25. E	26. B	27. E	28. B	29. D	30. D
31. B	32. A	33. D	34. E	35. C	36. C	37. A	38. D	39. B	40. E
41. E	42. B	43. D	44. C	45. D	46. A	47. D	48. E	49. C	50. C
51. E	52. C	53. C	54. B	55. B	56. E	57. A	58. B	59. B	60. D
61. A	62. C	63. D	64. D	65. A	66. B	67. B	68. C	69. D	70. E
71. A	72. D	73. C	74. A	75. B	76. A	77. B	78. E	79. D	80. C

## ELS 2014 / 2015 PRACTICE EXAM 22

1. A	2. D	3. E	4. D	5. A	6. B	7. E	8. C	9. E	10. D
11. E	12. A	13. D	14. C	15. E	16. B	17. D	18. E	19. C	20. A
21. D	22. B	23. C	24. C	25. A	26. D	27. B	28. E	29. C	30. B
31. D	32. C	33. B	34. E	35. A	36. C	37. E	38. D	39. A	40. B
41. A	42. A	43. B	44. A	45. C	46. C	47. E	48. B	49. E	50. D
51. A	52. B	53. A	54. C	55. E	56. B	57. D	58. B	59. B	60. C
61. A	62. D	63. D	64. C	65. B	66. E	67. D	68. B	69. B	70. D
71. B	72. E	73. A	74. C	75. A	76. B	77. A	78. C	79. B	80. C

## ELS 2014 / 2015 PRACTICE EXAM 23

1. B	2. E	3. C	4. A	5. E	6. C	7. B	8. E	9. D	10. A
11. D	12. D	13. E	14. C	15. B	16. A	17. D	18. B	19. E	20. C
21. A	22. A	23. B	24. C	25. B	26. C	27. A	28. D	29. E	30. C
31. D	32. C	33. E	34. C	35. B	36. D	37. B	38. E	39. A	40. C
41. C	42. B	43. B	44. A	45. D	46. C	47. D	48. B	49. A	50. D
51. B	52. C	53. B	54. C	55. D	56. B	57. B	58. E	59. C	60. C
61. A	62. E	63. B	64. E	65. C	66. B	67. B	68. D	69. B	70. D
71. A	72. E	73. D	74. A	75. E	76. C	77. B	78. E	79. A	80. B

## ELS 2014 / 2015 PRACTICE EXAM 24

1. B	2. C	3. E	4. C	5. B	6. A	7. E	8. C	9. D	10. A
11. B	12. A	13. D	14. E	15. D	16. A	17. B	18. C	19. E	20. A
21. C	22. D	23. B	24. E	25. A	26. C	27. E	28. A	29. C	30. C
31. B	32. C	33. D	34. A	35. D	36. C	37. A	38. E	39. D	40. D
41. B	42. C	43. C	44. D	45. E	46. B	47. E	48. A	49. C	50. C
51. A	52. C	53. B	54. E	55. C	56. B	57. C	58. E	59. E	60. A
61. B	62. D	63. B	64. A	65. C	66. D	67. C	68. B	69. C	70. E
71. A	72. E	73. D	74. B	75. B	76. E	77. A	78. C	79. E	80. C

**ELS 2014 / 2015****PRACTICE EXAM 25**

1. E	2. D	3. C	4. A	5. A	6. D	7. A	8. B	9. E	10. A
11. E	12. A	13. C	14. D	15. C	16. B	17. C	18. E	19. D	20. E
21. E	22. A	23. C	24. E	25. C	26. E	27. B	28. D	29. C	30. D
31. E	32. B	33. D	34. B	35. A	36. B	37. A	38. D	39. D	40. E
41. C	42. A	43. B	44. C	45. D	46. A	47. B	48. E	49. D	50. B
51. D	52. A	53. C	54. D	55. E	56. E	57. C	58. D	59. B	60. A
61. B	62. C	63. D	64. E	65. C	66. D	67. A	68. B	69. C	70. D
71. E	72. D	73. B	74. C	75. A	76. A	77. E	78. C	79. B	80. D

**ELS 2014 / 2015****PRACTICE EXAM 26**

1. D	2. B	3. E	4. C	5. B	6. C	7. B	8. A	9. D	10. B
11. E	12. A	13. E	14. D	15. B	16. D	17. C	18. D	19. A	20. B
21. D	22. B	23. C	24. D	25. A	26. B	27. C	28. D	29. B	30. E
31. A	32. B	33. A	34. E	35. D	36. A	37. D	38. C	39. E	40. A
41. D	42. C	43. B	44. C	45. C	46. D	47. B	48. C	49. A	50. E
51. C	52. C	53. E	54. B	55. A	56. A	57. B	58. B	59. E	60. C
61. A	62. B	63. E	64. D	65. D	66. E	67. B	68. D	69. C	70. E
71. C	72. A	73. D	74. C	75. A	76. B	77. E	78. C	79. A	80. E

**ELS 2014 / 2015****PRACTICE EXAM 27**

1. C	2. A	3. B	4. D	5. C	6. A	7. C	8. B	9. E	10. D
11. A	12. C	13. A	14. E	15. B	16. B	17. D	18. C	19. A	20. A
21. D	22. C	23. A	24. B	25. A	26. E	27. E	28. D	29. D	30. A
31. D	32. E	33. C	34. A	35. D	36. C	37. E	38. B	39. C	40. B
41. E	42. D	43. A	44. B	45. D	46. C	47. A	48. B	49. E	50. A
51. D	52. A	53. A	54. E	55. D	56. A	57. E	58. B	59. C	60. B
61. E	62. B	63. D	64. E	65. E	66. A	67. B	68. D	69. C	70. D
71. A	72. D	73. B	74. C	75. E	76. D	77. E	78. C	79. C	80. B

**ELS 2014 / 2015****PRACTICE EXAM 28**

1. C	2. D	3. B	4. A	5. B	6. B	7. E	8. D	9. A	10. C
11. E	12. A	13. D	14. B	15. B	16. D	17. B	18. C	19. E	20. E
21. C	22. B	23. E	24. A	25. D	26. A	27. A	28. D	29. E	30. C
31. B	32. D	33. E	34. D	35. C	36. A	37. C	38. D	39. A	40. B
41. D	42. C	43. D	44. B	45. C	46. A	47. B	48. A	49. A	50. B
51. C	52. E	53. C	54. E	55. D	56. E	57. A	58. B	59. E	60. D
61. D	62. B	63. A	64. B	65. E	66. E	67. C	68. B	69. D	70. D
71. E	72. C	73. E	74. D	75. E	76. A	77. D	78. C	79. C	80. B

**ELS 2014 / 2015****PRACTICE EXAM 29**

1. C	2. D	3. C	4. A	5. E	6. C	7. A	8. A	9. D	10. B
11. C	12. B	13. E	14. D	15. A	16. B	17. C	18. C	19. E	20. B
21. D	22. E	23. B	24. C	25. D	26. E	27. D	28. C	29. B	30. A
31. C	32. E	33. A	34. C	35. B	36. A	37. E	38. D	39. E	40. A
41. C	42. A	43. D	44. B	45. B	46. A	47. B	48. C	49. E	50. E
51. A	52. D	53. D	54. E	55. D	56. E	57. A	58. B	59. A	60. C
61. C	62. D	63. A	64. E	65. B	66. A	67. B	68. E	69. C	70. B
71. D	72. A	73. B	74. E	75. E	76. B	77. D	78. C	79. D	80. E

**ELS 2014 / 2015****PRACTICE EXAM 30**

1. E	2. A	3. A	4. E	5. D	6. B	7. C	8. E	9. E	10. A
11. B	12. A	13. C	14. C	15. D	16. A	17. E	18. C	19. A	20. B
21. C	22. A	23. D	24. C	25. B	26. D	27. A	28. C	29. B	30. B
31. A	32. E	33. C	34. D	35. C	36. D	37. E	38. A	39. D	40. E
41. C	42. A	43. D	44. E	45. C	46. D	47. E	48. D	49. B	50. A
51. A	52. B	53. B	54. D	55. A	56. A	57. C	58. D	59. E	60. A
61. B	62. C	63. D	64. D	65. B	66. C	67. E	68. A	69. B	70. E
71. D	72. E	73. C	74. D	75. B	76. A	77. C	78. B	79. E	80. D

**ELS 2014 / 2015****PRACTICE EXAM 31**

1. E	2. C	3. B	4. D	5. A	6. C	7. E	8. A	9. B	10. D
11. C	12. A	13. C	14. D	15. D	16. B	17. D	18. A	19. C	20. D
21. A	22. C	23. A	24. E	25. C	26. E	27. A	28. D	29. C	30. B
31. A	32. E	33. D	34. C	35. A	36. E	37. C	38. B	39. E	40. A
41. B	42. A	43. E	44. D	45. A	46. D	47. D	48. A	49. D	50. C
51. D	52. E	53. C	54. D	55. B	56. D	57. E	58. A	59. B	60. C
61. B	62. D	63. C	64. A	65. B	66. D	67. E	68. C	69. D	70. A
71. D	72. A	73. E	74. C	75. A	76. C	77. B	78. C	79. D	80. C

**ELS 2014 / 2015****PRACTICE EXAM 32**

1. B	2. A	3. E	4. E	5. D	6. A	7. C	8. E	9. B	10. D
11. D	12. B	13. A	14. E	15. D	16. D	17. B	18. E	19. A	20. E
21. B	22. A	23. E	24. C	25. D	26. B	27. D	28. A	29. D	30. C
31. B	32. A	33. A	34. E	35. A	36. C	37. E	38. C	39. D	40. B
41. D	42. E	43. A	44. D	45. B	46. B	47. D	48. C	49. E	50. A
51. E	52. D	53. A	54. E	55. B	56. D	57. D	58. A	59. C	60. E
61. D	62. E	63. D	64. C	65. E	66. D	67. B	68. C	69. E	70. D
71. A	72. C	73. B	74. E	75. C	76. D	77. A	78. C	79. E	80. B

**ELS 2014 / 2015****PRACTICE EXAM 33**

1. E	2. E	3. C	4. D	5. C	6. A	7. E	8. D	9. C	10. A
11. A	12. D	13. C	14. E	15. A	16. C	17. D	18. B	19. C	20. A
21. B	22. A	23. B	24. C	25. D	26. E	27. D	28. B	29. C	30. A
31. B	32. E	33. A	34. E	35. D	36. B	37. C	38. A	39. A	40. B
41. C	42. E	43. A	44. D	45. C	46. E	47. B	48. A	49. B	50. D
51. B	52. A	53. A	54. D	55. C	56. A	57. E	58. C	59. C	60. D
61. A	62. A	63. D	64. C	65. E	66. C	67. C	68. A	69. A	70. D
71. E	72. B	73. A	74. D	75. B	76. C	77. D	78. B	79. D	80. A

**ELS 2014 / 2015****PRACTICE EXAM 34**

1. A	2. D	3. B	4. C	5. A	6. D	7. D	8. A	9. C	10. B
11. C	12. E	13. E	14. B	15. B	16. C	17. C	18. A	19. E	20. B
21. C	22. A	23. C	24. B	25. C	26. D	27. A	28. C	29. A	30. C
31. E	32. D	33. C	34. B	35. A	36. E	37. A	38. A	39. E	40. D
41. B	42. C	43. E	44. E	45. D	46. C	47. B	48. A	49. B	50. C
51. E	52. D	53. C	54. A	55. E	56. C	57. E	58. B	59. B	60. C
61. E	62. D	63. C	64. E	65. D	66. E	67. C	68. E	69. B	70. E
71. D	72. B	73. A	74. C	75. E	76. E	77. A	78. C	79. D	80. A

**ELS 2014 / 2015****PRACTICE EXAM 35**

1. B	2. D	3. A	4. C	5. B	6. B	7. E	8. A	9. B	10. B
11. E	12. A	13. A	14. C	15. A	16. B	17. D	18. C	19. A	20. C
21. A	22. C	23. B	24. D	25. D	26. C	27. A	28. A	29. E	30. C
31. D	32. D	33. C	34. A	35. E	36. B	37. D	38. D	39. A	40. B
41. A	42. D	43. C	44. D	45. A	46. B	47. C	48. B	49. E	50. E
51. C	52. A	53. E	54. B	55. C	56. B	57. A	58. A	59. C	60. E
61. E	62. A	63. D	64. C	65. D	66. A	67. C	68. D	69. A	70. E
71. A	72. E	73. B	74. A	75. A	76. E	77. C	78. B	79. A	80. B

ELS 2014/2015

İNGİLİZCE DENEME SINAVI 6

ANSWER KEY

1. E	2. E	3. B	4. A	5. B	6. C	7. B	8. D	9. C	10. E
11. D	12. C	13. D	14. B	15. A	16. E	17. A	18. B	19. C	20. D
21. C	22. B	23. D	24. D	25. A	26. B	27. D	28. E	29. B	30. C
31. E	32. B	33. A	34. C	35. E	36. A	37. E	38. D	39. D	40. E
41. E	42. C	43. A	44. B	45. D	46. A	47. C	48. D	49. A	50. C
51. E	52. E	53. A	54. B	55. C	56. D	57. A	58. E	59. E	60. C
61. C	62. A	63. D	64. C	65. E	66. B	67. D	68. D	69. A	70. E
71. C	72. A	73. D	74. C	75. B	76. D	77. C	78. B	79. C	80. D

**ELS 2014-2015 İNGİLİZCE DENEME SINAVI 5 ANSWER KEY**

1. A	2. D	3. B	4. A	5. C	6. E	7. C	8. B	9. A	10. C
11. D	12. D	13. E	14. B	15. B	16. D	17. D	18. A	19. C	20. B
21. B	22. D	23. E	24. E	25. B	26. C	27. A	28. A	29. C	30. E
31. C	32. D	33. E	34. B	35. A	36. C	37. E	38. A	39. A	40. C
41. E	42. B	43. A	44. C	45. D	46. A	47. C	48. A	49. B	50. D
51. E	52. A	53. B	54. D	55. C	56. D	57. B	58. E	59. C	60. C
61. A	62. D	63. C	64. B	65. D	66. C	67. A	68. E	69. D	70. B
71. C	72. E	73. D	74. A	75. A	76. E	77. C	78. B	79. A	80. D

**ELS 2014-2015 İNGİLİZCE DENEME SINAVI 4 ANSWER KEY**

1. B	2. E	3. E	4. C	5. A	6. C	7. D	8. B	9. B	10. E
11. D	12. A	13. A	14. D	15. D	16. E	17. C	18. B	19. A	20. E
21. A	22. B	23. C	24. D	25. B	26. D	27. B	28. A	29. D	30. B
31. E	32. C	33. A	34. D	35. E	36. E	37. B	38. C	39. B	40. C
41. D	42. B	43. C	44. A	45. D	46. E	47. A	48. E	49. A	50. B
51. C	52. D	53. E	54. A	55. E	56. D	57. C	58. B	59. D	60. D
61. E	62. B	63. D	64. D	65. B	66. D	67. B	68. E	69. B	70. C
71. A	72. E	73. E	74. A	75. D	76. C	77. B	78. D	79. C	80. E

KEY ANSWER 3 İYANIN SINAVI 3 İNGİLİZCE DENEME SINAVI 1 ELS 2014-2015

C 80.	B 66.	D 87.	C 77.	V 96.	E 57.	B 47.	C 37.	B 27.	V 17.
B 70.	D 69.	C 68.	V 79.	E 99.	D 59.	E 49.	E 39.	C 29.	B 19.
E 09.	D 65.	B 85.	E 75.	C 95.	E 55.	C 45.	C 35.	B 25.	E 15.
V 50.	C 67.	D 87.	E 77.	C 97.	V 57.	E 47.	V 37.	B 27.	B 17.
E 40.	B 69.	B 88.	D 78.	C 98.	V 58.	B 48.	E 38.	E 28.	V 18.
E 30.	C 62.	B 82.	V 72.	D 92.	E 52.	D 42.	B 32.	D 22.	C 12.
D 20.	C 61.	V 81.	E 71.	B 91.	D 51.	B 41.	D 31.	E 21.	D 11.
B 01.	C 6.	B 8.	V 7.	E 9.	B 5.	C 4.	B 3.	D 2.	E 1.

ELS 2014-2015

İNGİLİZCE DENEME SINAVI 1

ANSWER KEY

1. C	2. E	3. A	4. D	5. B	6. E	7. D	8. B	9. D	10. E
11. A	12. D	13. B	14. A	15. A	16. B	17. E	18. C	19. C	20. D
21. B	22. C	23. B	24. D	25. D	26. E	27. A	28. C	29. D	30. A
31. E	32. E	33. D	34. B	35. D	36. C	37. B	38. A	39. D	40. C
41. B	42. D	43. C	44. E	45. A	46. D	47. D	48. A	49. C	50. C
51. B	52. C	53. D	54. D	55. E	56. C	57. B	58. D	59. E	60. E
61. E	62. A	63. D	64. E	65. A	66. B	67. E	68. D	69. C	70. A
71. E	72. A	73. D	74. A	75. D	76. C	77. E	78. B	79. C	80. D

